





CITY OF POMONA, CALIFORNIA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Prepared By:

Finance Department

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ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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ANDREW MOWBRAY Finance Director / City Treasurer

December 14, 2022





Honorable Mayor and City Council and Residents of the City of Pomona, Pomona, California

The audited Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the City of Pomona, California (City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 is hereby submitted.

An independent certified public accounting firm audits the basic financial statements. The purpose of the audit is to ensure that the basic financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position and the results of operations of the City. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. Lance Soll & Lunghard, LLP has issued an unmodified opinion of the City of Pomona's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. This means that the statements have been prepared using guidelines designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City as measured by the financial activity of its various funds. The independent auditor's report is located on page 1 of the Financial Section. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

In addition to the comprehensive audit, the City is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1996 as amended and Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (the "Uniform Guidance"). Information related to this single audit, including a schedule of federal financial assistance, findings and recommendations and auditor's report on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations, is provided in a separate single audit report.

REPORTING ENTITY

The primary unit of the government is the City, and includes component units all of which are described below:

The Primary Government

The City was founded on January 6, 1888 and became a charter city in 1911. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of municipal government.

This report includes all funds of the City of Pomona, California, and each of its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. The City provides full services to its residents including public safety, land use planning and zoning, housing and economic development, building and safety regulation and inspection, water, sewer and refuse services, maintenance of parks, streets and related infrastructure, recreational activities and library services.

The accompanying Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes the activities of the City, the primary government, and its component units, which are the Pomona Public Financing Authority, the City of Pomona Housing Authority, and the Canon Water Company. Financial information for the City and these component units are accounted for in the accompanying financial statements in accordance with principles defining the reporting entity adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The City Council serves as the governing board of the Housing Authority. The City Manager, City Attorney, Finance Director/City Treasurer, Accounting Manager, and the Deputy City Manager serve as the governing board for the Pomona Public Financing Authority. The Water Resources Director, Water Resource Operations Manager, Water Treatment/Water Quality Supervisor, Senior Accountant, and Senior Management Analyst for the City serve as the governing board of the Canon Water Company. All of these component units are presented on a blended basis.

The former Redevelopment Agency, now Successor Agency, is a separate legal entity, which was formed to hold the assets of the former Redevelopment Agency pursuant to City Council action taken on January 9, 2012 with members of the City Council, sitting as the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency. The activity of the Successor Agency is overseen by an Oversight Board which is comprised of individuals appointed by various government agencies including the City of Pomona.

The Pomona Public Financing Authority (the Authority) is a joint exercise of powers agreement organized under Section 6500 of the California Government Code on October 27, 1988 between the City, the Redevelopment Agency, and the Redevelopment Agency of the City of West Covina. The purpose of the Authority is to act as a vehicle for various financing activities of the City and the Agency. The funds of the Authority have been included in the governmental activities in the financial statements. Separate audited statements are also issued for the Authority.

The Housing Authority of the City of Pomona (the Housing Authority) was organized pursuant to the State of California Health and Safety Code, Section 34242. The Housing Authority exists pursuant to adopted resolution No. 93-114 adopted June 7, 1993. Its purpose is to prepare and carry out plans to ensure sanitary and safe housing exists in the City of Pomona and that such housing is available to persons of low income at affordable rental rates. The City provides management assistance to the Housing Authority, and the members of the City Council also act as the governing body of the Housing Authority. The Housing Authority's financial data and transactions are blended with the major governmental funds. Separate audited statements are also issued for the Housing Authority.

THE CITY OF POMONA

The City is located at the southeast end of Los Angeles County and borders San Bernardino County's western boundary and is just five miles north of Orange County. The City has a population of 149,766 and covers an area of approximately 23 square miles. The City is a charter city and is governed by a mayor and six council members. Council members are elected by district with the mayor elected from the City at large. Each member of the Council is elected to a term of four years.

LOCAL ECONOMY

The City of Pomona continues to enjoy a broadly based diverse economy, albeit one with an emphasis upon government, healthcare, and other service-oriented industries. Among Pomona's large employers are Pomona Valley Hospital, Pomona Unified School District (PUSD), California State Polytechnic University, the City of Pomona itself, and Casa Colina Rehabilitation Center. As a regional healthcare hub, Pomona boasts a premier facility in the Pomona Valley Hospital Medical Center and the non-profit Casa Colina Centers for Rehabilitation.

Per 2022 estimates published by the Labor Market Information Division of the California Employment Development Department (the most recent such data available), the City's civilian labor force presently stands at approximately 64,900 workers with 61,900 employed. This results in an unemployment rate of 4.6%

Retail Sales and Use Tax remains an extremely significant source of revenue for the City. After the Pandemic, sales tax remained strong. The City of Pomona remains central to the region's building and construction industry, while other business-to-business sales represent a notable share of local sales tax receipts.

Property values increased from the prior years keeping the property tax base strong as well through the Pandemic. Current taxable assessed valuation for the City of Pomona including redevelopment areas is \$13,551,740,833 according to the Office of the Los Angeles County Auditor-Controller. Based on the City assessed valuation, overall property tax receipts (secured, unsecured, transfer tax, etc.) were 30.88% of the 2021-22 General Fund revenues, while sales tax and related line items were 30.28% of that same total.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

Pomona's vigilant ongoing review and control over expenditure growth has been, and will continue as, a critical factor in maintaining and improving the City's overall financial health. To ensure its fiscal health, on May 2, 2011, the City Council adopted resolution number 2011-49 approving the City's Fiscal Sustainability Policy. This policy established guidelines for the City's overall fiscal planning and management and is intended to foster and support continued financial strength and stability of the City. The policy is quite comprehensive and covers areas of Budget, Economic Development, Risk Management, Accounting-Auditing-Financial Reporting, Cash Management and Investments, and Debt Management. The policy also required a separate Fund Balance Policy to ensure fiscal health of the City. Part of the Fund Balance Policy adopted by the City Council on June 20, 2011, requires the General Fund to have a 'Committed Fund Balance' of 17% of operating expenditures by June 30, 2020. The policy provides a scale for reaching the 17% starting with 8% as of June 2012 and ending with the 17% in 2020. Based on 2021-22 General Fund expenditure and fund balance numbers, the General Fund has already exceeded the final goal of 17%. The City is currently working on a new expansive fund balance policy and will bring it to council for approval. The City realized the importance of long term financial planning especially with increased pension costs so the City along with Urban Futures Inc. created a 10 year sustainability plan. The 10 year sustainability plan was a great tool to help plan for the future and be proactive instead of reactive. The City passed the Transaction Use Tax measure which significantly aided the City pre and post COVID-19 pandemic.

To address long term concern of the City's growing Pension Liability, the City issued a Pension Obligation bond (Series BJ) in August of 2020. The bond was issued to pay down the City's Pension Liability. The proceeds of the bond were sent directly to PERS for investment. The first year the Pension Obligation bond and the Net Pension Liability were presented in the government wide statement of Net Position. In the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, the deferred outflow or contribution to PERS reduced the Net Pension Liability and actually created a Net Pension Asset. As of June 30, 2022, the decision to issue a Pension Obligation Bond proved to be prudent decision. Going forward the investment market's volatility could prove to be an issue with the valuation of the Pension Liability or Asset.

OUTLOOK FOR THE FUTURE

As everyone is aware, the world was struck with a Global pandemic from COVID-19 towards the second half of fiscal year 2020-21. The City proved to be able to weather the storm of the Pandemic through FY 2021-22. Looking towards FY 2022-23 and beyond, Finance Department Staff will continue to apprise the Mayor and City Council of any significant financial impacts. Many factors such as high inflation passed along in the cost of goods and services, unstable fuel prices, supply chain and raw material interruptions, and increased interest rates have contributed to forecasting obstacles as well as a threat to economic changes that are predicted to occur. The threat of a recession is constantly looming and the need for sufficient reserves is more critical than ever. Opinions from various City Consultants all agree across the board that a recession is insight, but the magnitude and timeline is unknown.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Single Audit. As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the City is also responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management and the staff of the City. The City is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformance with Single Audit Act of 1996 as amended and Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (the "Uniform Guidance"). The results of the City's single audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 are published under separate cover.

Budgetary Controls. The City follows procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the fiscal statements. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for all governmental funds, except that encumbrances are shown in the year incurred for budgetary purposes. On or before the last day in January of each year, all operational units submit requests for appropriations to the City Manager for budget preparation purposes. The City Council holds public hearings, and a final budget must be adopted no later than June 30. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The City's department directors, with approval of the Finance Director and City Manager, may make transfers of appropriations within a department and between departments with a fund. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the fund level. The City Council make several supplemental budgetary appropriations throughout the year. The supplementary budgetary appropriations made in the various governmental funds are not detailed in the required supplementary information. Under encumbrance accounting, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for expenditures are reported to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriations. Encumbrance accounting is employed as an extension of formal budgetary accounting. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end regardless of encumbrances.

OTHER INFORMATION

Risk Management. The City maintains a self-insurance program to provide for the general liability, workers compensation and unemployment benefits claims.

Independent Audit. The accounting firm, Lance Soll & Lunghard LLP was selected to perform the annual independent audit. The annual audit is designed to meet the requirements of generally accepted auditing standards in the United States, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the Federal Single Audit Act of 1996 as amended and Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (the "Uniform Guidance"). The auditors' report on the basic financial statements is included in the financial section of this report. The auditors' report related specifically to the single audit is included in a separate Single Audit Report.

Certificate of Achievement. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Pomona for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The City of Pomona has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last twenty-nine consecutive years (1993-2021). The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. The ACFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles in the United States and applicable legal requirements.

The Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA for consideration.

Additional Information. For additional information, please refer to the Management's Discussion and Analysis in the Introductory Section of this report. This discussion and analysis of the City's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Acknowledgments. The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire Finance Department staff. Special recognition is given to all the Accounting division staff and the City's audit firm for their services in the coordination and assistance in the preparation of this year's report.

In closing, without the leadership and support of the City Council, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Respectfully submitted,

2 M

Andrew Mowbray Finance Director/City Treasurer

Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Pomona California

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

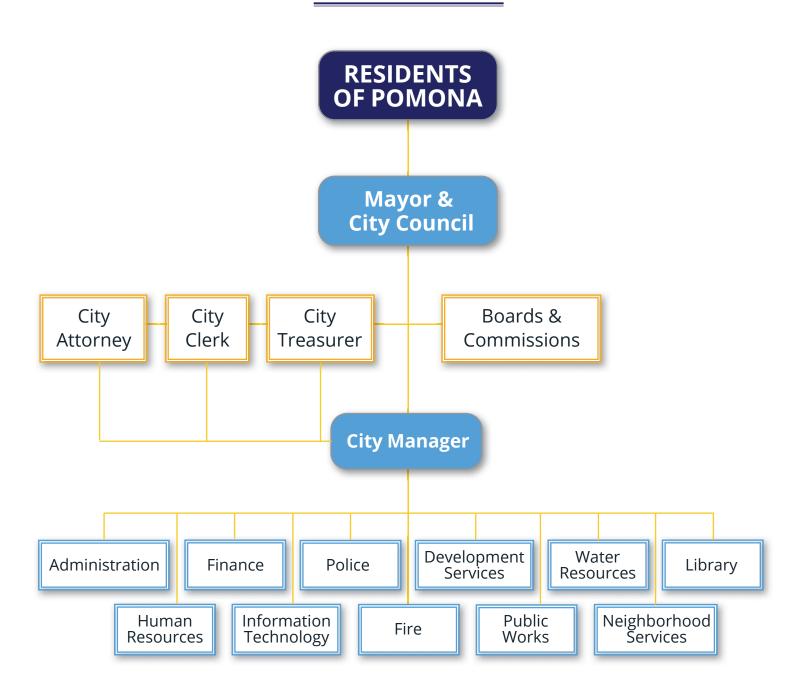
Christophen P. Monill

Executive Director/CEO

CITY OF POMONA



CITY OF POMONA ORGANIZATIONAL CHART





CITY OF POMONA

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR 2021-2022

CITY COUNCIL

MAYOR TIM SANDOVAL

JOHN NOLTE DISTRICT 1 - COUNCIL MEMBER

VICTOR PRECIADO DISTRICT 2 - COUNCIL MEMBER

NORA GARCIA DISTRICT 3 - COUNCIL MEMBER

ELIZABETH ONTIVEROS-COLE DISTRICT 4 - COUNCIL MEMBER

STEVE LUSTRO DISTRICT 5 - COUNCIL MEMBER

ROBERT S. TORRES DISTRICT 6 - COUNCIL MEMBER

COUNCIL APPOINTED CITY OFFICIALS

JAMES MAKSHANOFF CITY MANAGER

SONIA CARVALHO (BEST, BEST, & KRIEGER) CITY ATTORNEY

ROSALIA BUTLER CITY CLERK















CITY OF POMONA

EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT TEAM

- ANITA GUTIERREZ ANDREW MOWBRAY JESSE J. VELA RENE ANDERSON BENITA DEFRANK SAM WONG MIKE ELLIS RENE GUERRERO CHRIS DIGGS MARK GLUBA KIRK PELSER
- DEVELOPMENT SERVICES
 FINANCE / CITY TREASURER
 FIRE (COUNTY)
 HUMAN RESOURCES
 NEIGHBORHOOD SERVICES
 INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY
 POLICE
 PUBLIC WORKS
 WATER RESOURCES
 DEPUTY CITY MANAGER
 DEPUTY CITY MANAGER





MISSION STATEMENT

The City of Pomona improves the quality of life for our diverse community.



VISION STATEMENT

Pomona will be recognized as a vibrant, safe, and beautiful community that is a fun and exciting destination and the home of arts and artists, students and scholars, business and industry.



MOTTO

Pomona - Vibrant - Safe - Beautiful



CORE VALUES

The City of Pomona values...

- Cultural Diversity
- *Fiscal Responsibility*
- *Focusing on the Future*
- Excellent Customer Service
- ♦ Leadership
- ♦ Quality of Life
- Clear & Open Communication

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Pomona, California

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Pomona, California, (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Pomona, California, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.





To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Pomona, California

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if, there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Reporting Responsibilities

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedules for the general fund, housing authority special revenue fund, miscellaneous grants special revenue fund, and America rescue plan special revenue fund, the schedules of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, the schedules of plan contributions, the schedule of changes in total other postemployment benefits and related ratios as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Pomona, California

methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section and statistical section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 14, 2022 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Lance, Soll & Lunghard, LLP

Brea, California December 14, 2022

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THE CITY OF POMONA

Finance Department



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the City of Pomona's financial performance provides an introduction and overview to the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This narrative discussion and analysis focuses on the fiscal year 2021-22 activities, resulting changes and current known facts; therefore, the information presented here should be considered in conjunction with additional information furnished in the transmittal letter and the accompanying basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of
 resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$164.8 million. The Net Position is composed of \$225.3 million
 Investment in Capital Assets, \$154.3 million Restricted and \$(316.5) million Unrestricted. The negative
 unrestricted Net Position is mainly due to Series BJ Pension Obligation Bond and GASB 75 which required
 the City to report the total unfunded pension and Other Post Employment Benefit liabilities in the amount
 of \$325 million combined.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$136.4 million.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, committed fund balance for fiscal sustainability in the General Fund was \$21.1 million, which is 17% of FY 2021-22 total general fund expenditures, including transfers out. The City was able to substantially increase fund balance in the General Fund resulting in \$28.6 million in excess of the Fiscal Sustainability requirement.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis portion of the annual financial report is intended to serve as an introduction to, and provide the reader with a fundamental understanding of, the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the City of Pomona. The ACFR is divided into four main sections. First is the Introductory Section which provides the letter of transmittal, an organizational chart, and a list of City officials. The Introductory Section is followed by the Financial Section, which contains the independent auditor's report, the management's discussion and analysis, and finally the basic financial statements. These statements contain the "core" financial information for the City of Pomona. The basic financial statements include the government-wide financial statements, followed by the fund financial statements, and finally, the notes to the financial statements. The Financial Section is followed by the Supplemental Data portion of the report, which provides individual fund and combining information that rolls up into the amounts shown in the basic financial statements. The final portion of the ACFR is the Statistical Section. This section presents selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the City of Pomona's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business. Information contained within the government-wide statements includes the entire City government (except fiduciary funds) and the City's component units. These statements use the accrual basis of accounting with the measurement focus on that of economic resources. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term, are included. All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or disbursed, are reported. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

CITY OF POMONA

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued Year Ended June 30, 2022

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the City of Pomona's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as "net position". Increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator as to whether the financial condition of the City of Pomona is improving or deteriorating over time.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event causing the change occurs, regardless of when cash is actually received or disbursed. This means that revenues and expenses in this statement are recorded when earned or a liability is incurred. Thus, items such as the value of earned but unused vacation leave will be recorded as an expense of the current period, even though the actual use of the vacation time may not be until subsequent periods.

Both of the government-wide statements distinguish between functions of the City of Pomona that are principally supported by taxes or intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City of Pomona include general government, public safety, urban development and public works, neighborhood services and library, and interest on long term debt. The business-type activities of the City of Pomona include water, sewer, refuse, Pomona Choice Energy Authority and Canon Water Company operations.

Fund financial statements. A "fund" is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Pomona, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds, not the City as a whole. All of the funds of the City of Pomona can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds include activities of the City that are not proprietary or fiduciary. These funds are used to account for, essentially, the same functions reported as "governmental activities" in the government-wide financial statements. Unlike the government-wide financial statements, however, governmental fund financial statements use the modified accrual basis of accounting and focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as the balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Only assets expected to be used and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter are reported on the Balance Sheet. No capital assets are included. Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year, and expenditures for goods and services that have actually been received during the year, are included within the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds in the fund financial statements with similar information presented for "governmental activities" in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison.

The City of Pomona maintains 25 individual governmental funds. Individual fund information is presented for the "major" funds in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance. The major funds presented include the General Fund, the Housing Authority Fund, the Miscellaneous Grants Fund, the American Rescue Plan Fund, the Capital Outlay Capital Projects Fund, the General Government Debt Service Fund, and the Public Financing Authority Debt Service Fund. Information for the remaining governmental funds is combined into a single "other governmental funds" column on the face of the financial statements. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of "combining statements" presented in the Supplemental Data portion of the report. *Proprietary funds* are used to report two types of funds: enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds report the same functions presented as "business-type" activities in the government-wide financial statements. These include activities that the City operates similar to a private business. The City of Pomona uses enterprise funds to account for the operations of the City, Pomona Choice Energy Authority and

Canon Water Company all of which are considered "major" funds. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City of Pomona uses internal service funds to account for its self-insurance activities, equipment maintenance activities, information technology activities, and printing/mail service activities. Because these four services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, the activity has been included within "governmental activities" in the government-wide financial statements. All internal service funds are combined into a single aggregated column presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements presented in the Supplemental Data portion of the report. Proprietary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows. All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short and long-term are included within these statements. All revenues earned and expenses incurred during the year are also included, regardless of when cash is actually received or paid.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the funds are custodial in nature, and therefore, these resources are not available to fund the City of Pomona programs. The City implemented GASB 84 during the previous fiscal year. GASB 84 redefined what a Fiduciary activity is and how it should be reported. The implementation resulted in several activities no longer meeting the new criteria and had to be moved to the City's General Fund.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the information contained in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds and internal service funds are presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position. As mentioned earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Total net position has increased when compared to the prior year mainly due to a slight decrease in long term debt and an increase in Investment in Capital Assets. Below is a summary schedule showing the components that make up the City's net position (in millions) at June 30, 2022 and 2021.

			ernmental Business-Type ctivities Activities Tot		5.		otal					
		2022	2	2021	:	2022	2	2021		2022	2	021
Current and other assets	\$	315.9	\$	173.8	\$	115.4	\$	94.9	\$	431.3	\$ 2	268.7
Capital assets		294.7		291.3		158.4		155.8		453.1	4	447.1
Total assets	\$	610.6	\$	465.1	\$	273.8	\$	250.7	\$	884.4	\$ 7	715.8
Deferred outflows of resources												
Deferred charge	\$	0.3	\$	0.3	\$	0.4	\$	0.5	\$	0.7	\$	0.8
Deferred pension related items		8.3		211.3		0.7		23.1		9.0	2	234.4
Deferred OPEB related items		9.4		11.4		2.3		2.9		11.7		14.3
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	18.0	\$	223.0	\$	3.4	\$	26.5	\$	21.4	\$ 2	249.5
Current and other liabilities	\$	69.0	\$	39.8	\$	14.8	\$	11.2	\$	83.8	\$	51.0
Long-term liabilities outstanding		419.2		608.4		148.0		173.8		567.2		782.2
Total liabilities	\$	488.2	\$	648.2	\$	162.8	\$	185.0	\$	651.0	\$ 8	333.2
Deferred inflows of resources												
Deferred charge on refunding	\$	0.3	\$	0.3	\$	2.8	\$	2.9	\$	3.1	\$	3.2
Deferred inflows related to leases		0.6		-		-		-		0.6		-
Deferred pension related items Deferred OPEB related items		73.2 3.2		0.7 1.2		9.1 0.8		0.2 0.3		82.3 4.0		0.9
		77.3	¢	2.2	\$	12.7	¢	3.4			\$	1.5
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	11.3	\$	2.2	\$	12.7	\$	3.4	\$	90.0	\$	5.6
Net Position:												
Net Investment in capital assets	\$	225.3	\$	254.4	\$	58.9	\$	54.5	\$	284.2	\$ 3	308.9
Restricted		154.3		78.6		-		-		154.3		78.6
Unrestricted		(316.5)	(294.6)		42.8		34.3		(273.7)	(2	260.3)
Total net position	\$	63.1	\$	38.4	\$	101.7	\$	88.8	\$	164.8	\$	127.2

For the City of Pomona, total assets and deferred outflow of resources exceeded total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$164.8 million at June 30, 2022. \$284.2 million is reported as *Net investment in capital assets*. This amount represents those capital assets (land, buildings, improvements, equipment, and work in progress), some of which have been acquired over time and financed by the issuance of long-term debt. The City of Pomona uses these capital assets to provide services to the citizens of the City, and the assets are therefore not available for meeting current financial obligations. Although net investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay the debt must come from other operating sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to make debt service payments.

An additional portion of net position, in the amount of \$154.3 million, reported as *restricted* net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how it may be used. Restrictions include assets that are legally set aside for future capital development, capital projects, housing-related activities, debt service reserves, and other legally restricted amounts. The remaining balance is *unrestricted* net position of \$(273.7 million). It is not uncommon in government entities to see an unrestricted net position deficit. The main reasons why this could occur is due to the issuance of several bonds including Series BJ Pension Obligation Bond in the amount of \$219 million and the net OPEB liability in the amount of \$106.2 million.

The City issued a Pension Obligation bond (Series BJ) in August of 2021. The bond was issued to pay down the City's Pension Liability. The proceeds of the bond were sent directly to PERS for investment. For June 30, 2022, the issuance and sending of bond proceeds to PERS resulted in an actuarial valuation of a Net Pension Asset. The results can vary based on the annual investment results. 2022 has been a historically low return for investments which has the ability to turn the City's asset into a liability for the next actuarial valuation.

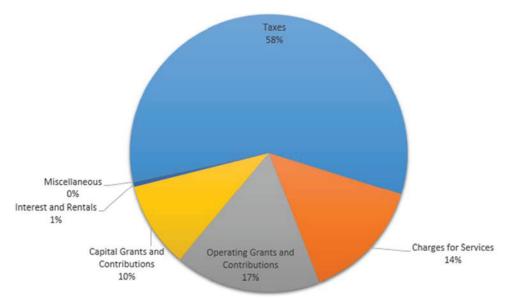
Changes in net position. The statement of net position provides a snapshot at a given point in time of the assets and liabilities of the City. The other citywide statement provided is the *Statement of Activities*. This statement provides the reader with information regarding the revenues, expenses, and changes in net position over the fiscal year. Generally, all changes to the City's net position from one fiscal year to the next flow through the statement of activities. The City's programs for governmental activities include legislative and support services, Police, Fire, Public Works, Development Services, Community Services, and Library. The programs for the business-type activities include water utilities, sewer, residential refuse operations, Pomona Choice Energy Authority and Canon Water Company. The following is a summary schedule showing the components that make up the City's changes in net position (in millions) for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		otal
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 28.6	\$ 23.6			\$ 28.6	\$ 23.6
Water	-	-	\$ 41.4	\$ 37.7	41.4	37.7
Sewer	-	-	7.2	6.5	7.2	6.5
Refuse	-	-	11.5	11.1	11.5	11.1
Pomona Choice Energy Authority	-	-	34.8	10.6	34.8	10.6
Operating contributions and grants	34.1	33.9	0.9	-	35.0	33.9
Capital contributions and grants	20.1	14.9	-	-	20.1	14.9
General Revenues:						
Taxes:						
Property taxes	44.8	44.1	-	-	44.8	44.1
Sales taxes	42.2	34.3	-	-	42.2	34.3
Transient occupancy taxes	2.6	2.2	-	-	2.6	2.2
Franchises taxes	5.6	5.1	-	-	5.6	5.1
Utility users taxes	18.4	16.5	-	-	18.4	16.5
Other taxes	2.9	2.2	-	-	2.9	2.2
Use of money and properties	1.3	3.2	(0.9)	-	0.4	3.2
Miscellaneous	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.5
Total revenues	\$ 200.7	\$180.3	\$ 95.0	\$ 66.1	\$295.7	\$246.4

	Governmental Activities			ss-Type vities	Total		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Expenses:			·				
General government	\$ 4.4	\$ 12.1	\$-	\$-	\$ 4.4	\$ 12.1	
Public safety	91.1	105.6	-	-	91.1	105.6	
Developmentservices	61.9	61.5	-	-	61.9	61.5	
Neighborhood services	5.7	6.6	-	-	5.7	6.6	
Interest on long-term debt	12.6	6.3	-	-	12.6	6.3	
Water	-	-	33.1	33.8	33.1	33.8	
Sewer	-	-	3.6	4.1	3.6	4.1	
Refuse	-	-	9.9	11.2	9.9	11.2	
Pomona Choice Energy Authority	-	-	35.8	10.0	35.8	10.0	
Canon Water Company	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total expenses	\$ 175.7	\$ 192.1	\$ 82.4	\$ 59.1	\$258.1	\$251.2	
Increase(decrease) in net position before transfers	\$ 25.0	\$ (11.8)	\$ 12.6	\$ 7.0	\$ 37.6	\$ (4.8)	
Transfers	(0.3)	3.1	0.3	(3.1)	-	-	
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$ 24.7	\$ (8.7)	\$ 12.9	\$ 3.9	\$ 37.6	\$ (4.8)	
Beginning Net Position as restated	38.4	47.1	88.8	84.9	127.2	132.0	
Ending Net Position	\$ 63.1	\$ 38.4	\$101.7	\$ 88.8	\$164.8	\$127.2	

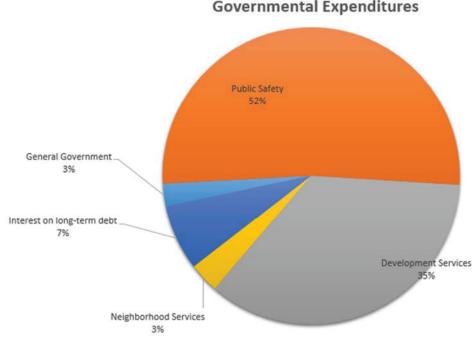
Governmental Activities - The City's program revenues totaled \$82.8 million. The City paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of governmental activities with \$117.9 million in taxes (some of which is restricted for certain programs). The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$175.7 million. However, as shown above in the changes in net position, the amount taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities was \$116.5 million since some of the cost was paid by Charge for Services revenue \$(28.6 million), or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with operating contributions and grants \$(34.1 million), and capital contributions and grants \$(20.1 million). The City had a \$24.7 million increase in net position from governmental activities (see Financial Analysis of the City's Funds – General Fund for explanation) in 2021-22.





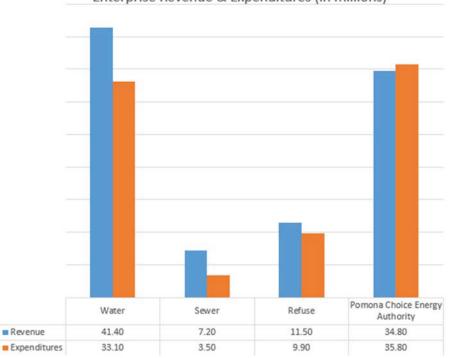
CITY OF POMONA

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued Year Ended June 30, 2022



Governmental Expenditures

Business Type Activities - The cost of all business-type activities in 2021-22 was \$82.4 million and the amount of resources received was \$95.0 million. Total business-type activities resources available at the fiscal year end is \$101.7 million. This is calculated by taking beginning Net Position of \$88.8 million adding revenues of \$95.0 million, subtracting expenditures of \$82.4 million and 0.3 million in transfers. This equates to an increased net Position by \$12.9 million.



Enterprise Revenue & Expenditures (in millions)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

The City uses governmental fund accounting to ensure compliance with budgetary allocations and to maintain control over resources that are legally, or otherwise, restricted for specific purposes. Following is a discussion of the individual "major" funds as shown on the Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds in the basic financial statements.

General Fund - The General Fund is used to account for the general operations of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is always reported as a "major fund". The General Fund reported \$136.2 million in revenues and \$117.4 million in expenditures resulting in revenues over expenditures in the amount of \$18.8 million before accounting for net other financing uses of \$(5.4) million, resulting in the General Fund fund balance to increase by \$13.4 million for the fiscal year. Total fund balance at June 30, 2022 is \$49.7 million, composed of \$60.2 million in assets combined with \$8.7 million in liabilities and \$1.8 million in deferred inflows and resources. Total fund balance includes less than \$0.1 million in nonspendable and zero restricted fund balance. Committed fund balance totals \$21.1 million for fiscal sustainability. The City has a fiscal sustainability policy that was adopted by resolution 2011-49 for the purpose of guiding the City's financial planning to meet financial obligations while providing high guality services. The policy states that 17% of the general fund operating expenditures including transfers out is to be committed for fiscal sustainability. The committed portion of fund balance can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council, and remains in-place unless removed in the same manner. The remaining portion of fund balance of \$28.6 million is considered unassigned and above the fiscal sustainability policy. General fund revenues increased \$14.8 million in the fiscal year when compared to the prior year. The largest portion of the unanticipated increase was sales tax. Sales tax increased \$7.6 million when compared to FY 2020-21. FY 2021-22 brought a new Cannabis Business Tax which amounted to \$2.1 million in new revenue to the City. The City authorized a limited amount of legal marijuana dispensaries in City limits which resulted in increased permit fees, increased sales tax and the new Cannabis Business Tax. Utility Users Tax increase \$1.8 million across the board. Plan check fees increased \$1.0 million from the PY due to increased building throughout the City.

Housing Authority Fund – The Housing Authority Fund accounts for grant revenues for housing assistance program payments and acquisition, rehabilitation, and administration of properties used to provide affordable rental housing. The Housing Authority fund has historically been a "major" fund based on criterion set forth by GASB 34. For the fiscal year the Housing Authority reported \$21.7 million in revenues and \$21.1 million in expenditures and transfers, resulting in a net change in fund balance in the amount of \$0.6 million. The Housing Authority fund is made up of \$24.4 million in assets, combined with \$0.7 million in liabilities and \$1.9 million in deferred inflows and resources resulting in \$21.8 million in fund balance. The \$21.8 million in fund balance is restricted for Development Services. Housing Authority fund sold a property which resulted in a large gain on the sale of the asset.

Miscellaneous Grants Fund – The Miscellaneous Grants fund accounts for the revenues received and expenditures made for federal, state and or county approved programs and projects. The Miscellaneous Grants fund has historically been a "major" fund based on criterion set forth by GASB 34. For the fiscal year, the Miscellaneous Grants fund reported \$10.7 million in revenues and \$10.6 million in expenditures resulting in revenues over expenditures of \$0.1 million. After a total other financing sources of \$0.1, the resulting net change in fund balance totals \$0.2 million. Most grants are on the reimbursement type basis therefore the revenue should equal the expenditures or close to. The fund is made up of \$26.0 million in assets combined with \$1.9 million in liabilities and \$2.9 million in deferred inflows and resources resulting in \$21.2 million in fund balance. The entire fund balance is restricted for specific grant purposes.

American Rescue Plan Fund – The American Rescue Plan fund was created to account for the City's award of the Federal Bill passed by Congress called American Rescue Plan Act of 2021. The City was awarded \$45 million and received half of the award in FY 2020-21 and the remaining half in FY 2021-22. A spending plan was created and approved by City Council. The City has until 2024 to obligate the money and spend by 2026. Until the money is spent it will remain a liability on the balance sheet and recognized as revenue when spent. FY 2021-22 had expenditures totaling \$2.3 million for various ARP activities. There is a corresponding revenue of the same amount. The asset balance is \$43.0 million while being offset by a liability of the same amount.

CITY OF POMONA

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued Year Ended June 30, 2022

Capital Project Fund – The Capital Project fund accounts for the various capital projects throughout the City. The Capital Project is a "major" fund based on criterion set forth by GASB 34. For the fiscal year, the Capital Project fund reported \$6.5 million in revenues and \$14.7 million in expenditures. See the Capital Asset section for more detailed information on the expenditures. Many of the projects are funded by other funding sources so a large transfer in helps make the fund balanced. After total other financing sources of \$11.8 million, the resulting net change in fund balance totals \$3.6 million. The fund is made up of \$10.1 million in assets combined with \$2.6 million in liabilities and \$0.3 million in deferred inflows and resources resulting in \$7.2 million in fund balance. The entire fund balance is restricted for specific capital projects.

General Government Debt Service Fund – The General Government Debt Service fund accounts for the various debts that are exclusively in the City's name. For the fiscal year, the General Government Debt Service fund reported \$0.3 million in revenues and \$11.6 million in expenditures. The expenditures are mainly principal and interest debt service payments. Other funds transfer in monies to help pay for the debt in the amount of \$12.9 million. After total other financing sources of \$12.9 million, the resulting net change in fund balance totals \$1.6 million. The liability is an advance from the Public Financing Authority for Series BC & BG.

Public Financing Authority Debt Service Fund – The Public Financing Authority (PFA) Debt Service fund accounts for the various City debts that are issued for the City in the name of the PFA. For the fiscal year, the PFA Debt Service fund reported \$0.2 million in revenues and \$3.0 in expenditures. The expenditures are all principal and interest debt service payments. The resulting net change in fund balance totals \$(2.8) million. The asset is an advance to the General Government Debt Service fund for Series BC & BG.

Non-Major Funds - The Non-Major Governmental Funds show a net increase of \$3.5 million in fund balance.

The following funds were reported as "major" funds on the Statement of Net Position for Proprietary Funds in the basic financial statements:

Water Fund – The Water Fund is used to account for all activities associated with the distribution and transmission of potable water as well as reclaimed water to users. The Water Fund reported \$41.5 million in operating revenues and operating expenses of \$31.4 million resulting in operating income of \$10.1 million. After consideration of non-operating revenues, expenses and transfers the total change in net position is \$9.9 million with total revenues in excess of expenses. The Water Fund is made up of \$62.1 million in current assets, \$143.7 in non-current assets, \$2.2 million in deferred outflows of resources, \$11.7 million in current liabilities, \$109.4 million in non-current liabilities and \$10.3 million in deferred inflow of resources resulting in net position of \$76.6 million.

Sewer Fund – The Sewer Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's sewer network. The Sewer Fund reported \$7.2 million in operating revenues and operating expenses of \$2.6 million resulting in operating income of \$4.6 million. After consideration of non-operating revenues, non-operating expenses, and transfers, the total change in net position is \$1.4 million with total revenues in excess of expenses. The Sewer Fund is made up of \$16.2 million in current assets, \$31.5 million in non-current assets, \$0.6 million in deferred outflows of resources, \$0.8 million in current liabilities, \$25.9 in non-current liabilities and \$0.7 million in deferred inflow of resources resulting in net position of \$20.9 million.

Refuse Fund – The Refuse Fund is used to account for all activities associated with residential refuse collection, and curbside collection of recycling materials. The Refuse Fund reported \$11.6 million in operating revenues and operating expenses of \$10.6 million resulting in an operating income of \$1.0 million. After consideration of non-operating revenues, non-operating expenses and transfers the total change in net position is an increase of \$0.7 million with total revenues in excess of expenses. The Refuse Fund is made up of \$9.7 million in current assets, \$2.5 in non-current assets, \$0.6 million in deferred outflows of resources, \$1.0 million in current liabilities, \$8.3 in non-current liabilities and \$1.6 million in deferred inflow of resources resulting in net position of \$1.9 million.

Pomona Choice Energy Authority Fund – The Pomona Choice Energy Authority was established in FY 2019-20 to offer the Citizens of Pomona an alternative source of energy to their homes. The Water fund loaned Pomona Choice Energy Authority (PCEA) startup costs in order to establish operations. FY 2020-21 was the first full year of activity for the PCEA. FY 2021-22 has proven thus far to be a more challenging year for PCEA and required a

loan from the Water fund to help pay for basic operating costs. PCEA recorded \$34.8 million in revenues and \$35.7 in expenditures resulting in an operating loss of \$0.9 million. The loss resulted in PCEA with a negative fund balance amount of \$0.4 million. PCEA is made up of \$12.7 million in assets, \$13.1 million in liabilities resulting in the negative fund balance of \$0.4 million.

Canon Water Company – The Canon Water Company Fund is used to account for the activities of the Canon Water Company. The Canon Water Company was elected as a major fund by the City. The fund reported minimal activity in FY 2021-22 due to it being in the process of dissolution. The Canon Water Company Fund is made up of \$0.4 million in assets and less than \$12 thousand in liabilities resulting in net position of \$0.4 million. Canon Water Company is in the process of being dissolved and the assets will be transferred over to the Water Fund when complete.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The originally adopted General Fund budget contained \$121.1 million in appropriations to fund operations and services. This amount increased to \$128.2 million by the end of the fiscal year through City Council approved budget amendments. This was an increase in the amount of \$7.1 million. The increase was a planned response to increased revenues. The City experienced costs savings throughout the departments:

	C	TTY OF POMO	NA		
	Reven	ue / Expenditur	e Report		
	2021-2022	2021-2022	%	2021-2022	%
	Original	Amended	Amended/	Actuals	Actuals/
	Budget	Budget	Original	To Date	Budget
Total Revenue	121,081,897	129,127,391	107%	139,489,551	108%
Total Expenditures	121,075,368	128,168,775	106%	126,131,205	98%
Net	6,529	958,616		13,358,346	

General Fund revenues were over budget approximately \$10.3 million. General Fund expenditures as a whole were under budget at the completion of the fiscal year by approximately \$2 million. The above chart includes transfers in and transfers out.

As adopted, the City's FY 2021-22 General Fund Revenue Budget reflected \$121.1 million in anticipated revenues. With approved budget adjustments the total was amended to \$129.1 million. As of June 30, 2022, \$139.5 million has been received. The total revenue came in over budget due to conservative revenue projections from the City's revenue consultants. Revenue sources anticipated to be received far exceeded the anticipated amounts. See the Financial Analysis of City Funds portion for further explanation.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At the end of the fiscal year, the City and its component units (Pomona Public Financing Authority and Pomona Housing Authority) had total long-term debt outstanding of \$408.6 million.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt may be found in Note 11 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

CASH MANAGEMENT

To obtain flexibility in cash management, the City employs a pooled cash system (Reference Note 3 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements). Under the pooled cash concept, the City invests the cash of all funds with maturities planned to coincide with cash needs. Idle cash is invested in certain eligible securities as constrained by law and further limited by the City's Investment Policy. The goals of the City's Investment Policy are safety, liquidity and yield.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The capital assets of the City are those assets, which are used in the performance of the City's functions including infrastructure assets. At June 30, 2022, net capital assets of the governmental activities totaled \$294.5 million and the net capital assets of the business-type activities totaled \$158.4 million. Depreciation on capital assets is recognized in the government-wide financial statements.

For Government Activities, the City had a total of 47 projects which varied in the amount of activity in FY 2021-22. The largest increase in Capital Assets was in the Construction in Progress class. A total of \$14.6 million was added to Construction in Progress in FY 2021-22. The major projects were:

- Project #67918 Major Street Rehab 2015 Metro Call (\$8 million)
- Project #68562 Street Preservation Local FY 20-21 (\$0.6 million)
- Project #67855 ADA Path of Travel Citywide (CDBG) (FY 17-18 to FY 19-20) (\$0.5 million)

For Enterprise Activities, the largest increase in Capital Assets was in the Construction in Progress class. There was \$6.9 million added to Construction in Progress. The main project was:

• Project #93135 – Water Resources Admin & Op Facility (\$6.5 million)

Additional information on the City of Pomona's capital assets may be found in Note 9 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

Pomona's vigilant ongoing review and control over expenditure growth has been, and will continue as, a critical factor in maintaining and improving the City's overall financial health. To ensure its fiscal health, on May 2, 2011, the City Council adopted resolution number 2011-49 approving the City's Fiscal Sustainability Policy. This policy established guidelines for the City's overall fiscal planning and management and is intended to foster and support continued financial strength and stability of the City. The policy is quite comprehensive and covers areas of Budget, Economic Development, Risk Management, Accounting-Auditing-Financial Reporting, Cash Management and Investments, and Debt Management. The policy also required a separate Fund Balance Policy to ensure fiscal health of the City. Part of the Fund Balance Policy adopted by the City Council on June 20, 2011, requires the General Fund to have a 'Committed Fund Balance' of 17% of operating expenditures by June 30, 2020. The policy provides a scale for reaching the 17% starting with 8% as of June 2012 and ending with the 17% in 2020. Based on 2021-22 General Fund expenditure and fund balance numbers, the General Fund has already exceeded the final goal of 17%. The City is currently working on a new expansive fund balance policy and will bring it to council for approval. The City passed the Transaction Use Tax measure which significantly aided the City pre and post COVID-19 pandemic.

To address long term concern of the City's growing Pension Liability, The City issued a Pension Obligation bond (Series BJ) in August of 2021. The bond was issued to pay down the City's Pension Liability. The proceeds of the bond were sent directly to PERS for investment. The first year the Pension Obligation bond and the Net Pension Liability were presented in the government wide statement of Net Position. In the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, the deferred outflow or contribution to PERS reduced the Net Pension Liability and actually created a Net Pension Asset. As of June 30, 2022, the decision to issue a Pension Obligation Bond proved to be prudent decision. Going forward the investment market's volatility could prove to be an issue with the valuation of the Pension Liability or Asset.

As everyone is aware, the world was struck with a Global pandemic from COVID-19 towards the second half of fiscal year 2020-21. The City proved to be able to weather the storm of the Pandemic through FY 2021-22. Looking towards FY 2022-23 and beyond, Finance Department Staff will continue to apprise the Mayor and City Council of any significant financial impacts. Many factors such as high inflation passed along in the cost of goods and services, unstable fuel prices, supply chain and raw material interruptions, and increased interest rates have contributed to forecasting obstacles as well as a threat to economic changes that are predicted to occur. The threat of a recession is constantly looming and the need for sufficient reserves is more critical than ever. Opinions

from various City Consultants all agree across the board that a recession is insight, but the magnitude and timeline is unknown.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide Pomona residents, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. Questions about this report, separate reports of the City's component units, or any additional financial information, should be directed to the City of Pomona Finance Department at 505 S. Garey Avenue (P.O. Box 660), Pomona, California, 91769.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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GOVERNMENT WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	Primary Government		t	
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	
Assets: Cash and investments	\$ 154,090,808	\$ 68,959,969	\$ 223,050,777	
Receivables (net):	φ 104,000,000	φ 00,000,000	φ 220,000,777	
Accounts	6,420,843	20,918,415	27,339,258	
Notes and loans	36,150,995	-	36,150,995	
Interest Internal balances	365,226 (2,358,391)	225,280 2,358,391	590,506	
Prepaid costs	856,859	73,754	930,613	
Deposits	-	147,000	147,000	
Due from other governments	17,394,042	-	17,394,042	
Inventories	479,615	627,330	1,106,945	
Land held for resale Restricted assets:	4,359,738	-	4,359,738	
Cash and investments	1,285,428	2,622,338	3,907,766	
Cash with fiscal agent	2,352,119	7,543,450	9,895,569	
Lease Receivables	647,444	-	647,444	
Other investments	-	9,000 11,928,070	9,000	
Net pension asset Capital assets not being depreciated	93,868,855 140,356,391	26,022,446	105,796,925 166,378,837	
Capital assets, net of depreciation/amortization	154,343,804	132,378,322	286,722,126	
Total Assets	610,613,776	273,813,765	884,427,541	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:				
Deferred charges on refunding	305,597	398,915	704,512	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	8,289,306	701,234	8,990,540	
Deferred outflows of resources related to				
other postemployment benefits	9,436,828	2,262,043	11,698,871	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	18,031,731	3,362,192	21,393,923	
Liabilities: Accounts payable	6,966,395	8,911,850	15,878,245	
Accrued liabilities	737,123	299,341	1,036,464	
Accrued interest	512,696	592,886	1,105,582	
Unearned revenue	53,726,667	260,954	53,987,621	
Retentions payable	604,663	-	604,663	
Deposits payable Payroll payable	4,805,459 1,794,263	4,367,028 297,710	9,172,487 2,091,973	
Noncurrent liabilities:	1,794,203	297,710	2,091,973	
Due within one year				
Lease liabiltiy, due within one year	53,596	-	53,596	
Long-term debt, due within one year	9,924,963	3,281,561	13,206,524	
Compensated absences, due within one year Claims and judgements, due within one year	5,960,129 14,592,000	1,161,074	7,121,203 14,592,000	
Due in more than one year	14,002,000	-	14,002,000	
Lease liability, due in more than one year	98,795	-	98,795	
Long-term debt, due in more than one year	274,402,199	122,475,322	396,877,521	
Compensated absences, due in more than one year	3,248,487	596,232	3,844,719	
Claims and judgements, due in more than one year Total other postemployment benefits liability	24,670,949 85,653,700	- 20,531,503	24,670,949 106,185,203	
Net pension liability	494,984		494,984	
Total Liabilities	488,246,966	162,775,461	651,022,427	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Deferred charges on refunding	333,324	2,813,730	3,147,054	
Deferred inflows of resources related to leases	637,280	-	637,280	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	73,190,977	9,095,544	82,286,521	
Deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits	3,148,688	754 753	3,903,441	
		754,753		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	77,310,269	12,664,027	89,974,296	
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets	225,279,591	58,873,617	284,153,208	
Restricted for:				
Community development projects	78,915,647	-	78,915,647	
Capital projects Debt service	7,171,608 68,220,071	-	7,171,608	
Unrestricted	(316,498,645)	42,862,852	68,220,071 (273,635,793)	
Total Net Position	\$ 63,088,272	\$ 101,736,469	\$ 164,824,741	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

					Program Revenues				
	Expenses		(Charges for Services			Capital Contributio and Grant		
Functions/Programs									
Primary Government:									
Governmental Activities:									
General government	\$	4,356,429	\$	12,960,044	\$	291,002	\$	-	
Public safety		91,066,227		2,702,698		1,128,488		-	
Development services and public works		61,937,835		12,393,964		32,689,544		20,129,121	
Neighborhood services and library		5,713,662		507,528		-		-	
Interest on long-term debt		12,583,888		-		-		-	
Total Governmental Activities		175,658,041		28,564,234		34,109,034		20,129,121	
Business-Type Activities:									
Water		33,122,484		41,466,399		725,769		-	
Sewer		3,548,204		7,220,461		118,007		-	
Refuse		9,905,436		11,552,713		29,768		-	
Canon Water Company - February 28, 2022		15,334		-		-		-	
Pomona Choice Energy Authority		35,805,533		34,839,553		-		-	
Total Business-Type Activities		82,396,991		95,079,126		873,544		-	
Total Primary Government	\$	258,055,032	\$	123,643,360	\$	34,982,578	\$	20,129,121	

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purpose Transient occupancy taxes Sales taxes Franchise taxes Utility users tax Other taxes Motor vehicle in lieu - unrestricted Use of money and properties Other Gain on sale of capital asset

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position at Beginning of Year

Net Position at End of Year

	Net (Expenses)		ues and Change ary Government	5 111 140	et POSITION		
G	Governmental Activities		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				Total
\$	8,894,617 (87,235,041) 3,274,794 (5,206,134) (12,583,888)	\$	- - - -	\$	8,894,617 (87,235,041) 3,274,794 (5,206,134) (12,583,888)		
	(92,855,652)				(92,855,652)		
	- - - -		9,069,684 3,790,264 1,677,045 (15,334) (965,980)		9,069,684 3,790,264 1,677,045 (15,334) (965,980)		
	-		13,555,679		13,555,679		
	(92,855,652)		13,555,679		(79,299,973)		
	44,838,946 2,593,896 42,229,675 5,632,845 18,407,292 2,893,439 174,812 1,043,118 119,013 - (349,459)		- - - (1,083,110) 66,107 18,605 349,459		44,838,946 2,593,896 42,229,675 5,632,845 18,407,292 2,893,439 174,812 (39,992) 185,120 18,605		
	447 602 677		(648.020)		446 024 629		
	117,583,577 24,727,925		(648,939) 12,906,740		116,934,638 37,634,665		
	38,360,347		88,829,729		127,190,076		
\$	63,088,272	\$	101,736,469	\$	164,824,741		

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

				Special Revenue Funds					Capital Projects Funds	
		General		Housing Authority	Mi	scellaneous Grants		American escue Plan		apital Outlay bital Projects Fund
Assets:			_				_			/
Cash and investments	\$	39,942,013	\$	4,183,416	\$	2,229,199	\$	43,067,519	\$	8,789,132
Receivables (net):		E 000 0EC		04.446		115 005				1 100
Accounts Notes and loans		5,892,956		24,446		115,965		-		1,198
Interest		160,508		13,831,093 10,023		20,767,203 4,011		-		593
Prepaid items		118,624		25,351		4,011		-		595
Due from other governments		10,816,546		990,658		2,879,705		_		734,806
Due from other funds		2,546,814		-		2,010,100		-		
Advances to other funds		2,040,014		_		_		-		_
Lease receivables		647,444		-		-		-		-
Land held for resale		-		4,359,738		-		-		-
Restricted assets:				.,,						
Cash and investments		101,402		-		-		-		14,453
Cash with fiscal agent		-		973,935		-		-		577,819
Total Assets	\$	60,226,307	\$	24,398,660	\$	25,996,083	\$	43,067,519	\$	10,118,001
Liabilities, Deferred inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances:						<u> </u>				
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	2,508,900	\$	262,656	\$	982,045	\$	-	\$	1,934,535
Payroll payable		1,490,668		49,291		58,704		-		20,215
Accrued liabilities		-		248,526		-		-		-
Deposits payable		4,458,082		34,938		-		-		68,814
Retention payables		-		-		-		-		604,663
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		-
Advances from other funds		304,435		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenues		-		48,045		852,004		43,067,519		-
Total Liabilities		8,762,085		643,456		1,892,753		43,067,519		2,628,227
Deferred inflows of resources:										
Unavailable revenues Leases		1,129,110 637,280		1,954,081 -		2,965,890 -		-		318,166 -
Total Deferred inflows of Resources		1,766,390		1,954,081		2,965,890		-		318,166
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable:										
Prepaid costs		118,624		25,351		-		-		-
Restricted										
Development services and public works		-		21,775,772		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		-		-
Neighborhood service		-		-		21,137,440		-		-
Assessment district improvement		-		-		-		-		-
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		7,171,608
Debt service Parks and recreation		-		-		-		-		-
Committed		-		-		-		-		-
Fiscal sustainability		21,142,339								
Unassigned (deficit)		28,436,869		-		-		-		
Total Fund Balances		49,697,832		21,801,123		21,137,440		-		7,171,608
Total Liabilities, deferred inflows of										
resources, and Fund Balances	\$	60,226,307	\$	24,398,660	\$	25,996,083	\$	43,067,519	\$	10,118,001

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Debt Ser	vice Funds		
	General Government	Public Financing Authority	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets: Cash and investments	\$ -	\$ 102,571	\$ 43,725,252	\$ 142,039,102
Receivables (net): Accounts Notes and loans	φ - - -	-	386,278 1,552,699	6,420,843 36,150,995
Interest Prepaid items Due from other governments Due from other funds	712,884	323	120,396 - 1,972,327	295,854 856,859 17,394,042 2,546,814
Advances to other funds Lease receivables Land held for resale	-	66,950,000 - -	304,435	67,254,435 647,444 4,359,738
Restricted assets: Cash and investments Cash with fiscal agent	800,365	1,169,573	-	1,285,428 2,352,119
Total Assets	\$ 1,513,249	\$ 68,222,467	\$ 48,061,387	\$ 281,603,673
Liabilities, Deferred inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances:				
Liabilities: Accounts payable Payroll payable Accrued liabilities	\$ 7,690 - 488,597	\$ 2,396	\$	\$ 6,405,772 1,726,868 737,123
Deposits payable Retention payables Due to other funds	- 1,578,255	- -	243,625 - 514,497	4,805,459 604,663 2,092,752
Advances from other funds Unearned revenues	66,950,000		9,759,099	67,254,435 53,726,667
Total Liabilities	69,024,542	2,396	11,332,761	137,353,739
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenues Leases			866,019	7,233,266 637,280
Total Deferred inflows of Resources			866,019	7,870,546
Fund Balances: Nonspendable:	740.004			050.050
Prepaid costs Restricted	712,884	-	-	856,859
Development services and public works Public safety Neighborhood service	-	-	33,071,326 2,190,762 -	54,847,098 2,190,762 21,137,440
Assessment district improvement Capital projects Debt service	-	- - 68,220,071	524,107 - -	524,107 7,171,608 68,220,071
Parks and recreation Committed Fiscal sustainability	-	-	216,240	216,240 21,142,339
Unassigned (deficit)	(68,224,177)		(139,828)	(39,927,136)
Total Fund Balances	(67,511,293)	68,220,071	35,862,607	136,379,388
Total Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 1,513,249	\$ 68,222,467	\$ 48,061,387	\$ 281,603,673

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Fund balances of governmental funds		\$ 136,379,388
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets net of depreciation have not been included as financial resources in governmental fund activity.		294,450,482
Net pension liability (asset) and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, are not reported as governmental funds' liabilities. They are reported in the Statement of Net Position. Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Net pension asset Net pension liability Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	\$ 8,103,677 90,711,288 (494,984) (70,783,228)	27,536,753
Net other postemployment benefits liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, are not reported as government funds' liabilities. They are reported in the Statement of Net Position.		
Deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits Net other postemployment benefits liability Deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits	8,918,164 (80,946,025) (2,975,631)	(75,003,492)
Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, are not reported as government funds' liabilities. They are reported in the Statement of Net Position. Lease liability Financed purchases Notes payable Revenue bonds Pension obligation refunding bonds Accreted interest related to the pension obligation refunding bonds Collateralized borrowing Deferred losses on refunding Deferred gains on refunding Compensated absences	(152,391) (1,046,097) (1,904,951) (68,527,713) (198,142,441) (6,116,427) (2,965,309) (333,324) 305,597 (9,000,487)	(287,883,543)
Accrued interest payable for the current portion of interest due on Bonds has not been reported in the governmental funds.		(512,696)
Revenues reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds and recognized in the statement of activities. These are included in the intergovernmental revenues in the governmental fund activity.		7,233,368
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment management and self-insurance, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds must be added to the statement of net position.		(39,111,988)
Net Position of governmental activities		\$ 63,088,272

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		S	pecial Revenue Fu	nds	Capital Projects Funds
	General	Housing Authority	Miscellaneous Grants	American Rescue Plan	Capital Outlay Capital Projects Fund
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 119,961,900	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Special assessments		-	-	-	
Licenses, permits and fees	9,441,593	-	-	-	220,804
Intergovernmental	620,658	20,918,746	9,107,867	2,298,894	3,308,639
Charges for services	2,873,972	1,099	275,299	-	783,578
Use of money and properties	(557,019)	785,713	935,224	-	1,558
Fines and forfeitures	2,283,651	-	-	-	-
Contributions from Successor Agency	-	-	-	-	295,941
Miscellaneous	1,636,312	1,900	368,193		1,908,129
Total Revenues	136,261,067	21,707,458	10,686,583	2,298,894	6,518,649
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	5,821,962	-	-	-	-
Public safety	92,604,367	-	570,219	6,750	-
Development services	13,900,224	21,095,025	8,898,658	-	-
Neighborhood services and library	4,314,437	-	906,465	-	-
Capital outlay	576,698	-	178,616	-	14,713,268
Debt service:	,		*		, ,
Principal retirement	174,358	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	36,710				
Total Expenditures	117,428,756	21,095,025	10,553,958	6,750	14,713,268
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	18,832,311	612,433	132,625	2,292,144	(8,194,619)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in	1,444,374	71,500	126,936	-	12,598,067
Transfers out	(6,937,945)	(755,988)	-	(2,292,144)	(819,017)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	19,604	3,271,237			3,724
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(5,473,967)	2,586,749	126,936	(2,292,144)	11,782,774
Net Change in Fund Balances	13,358,344	3,199,182	259,561		3,588,155
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	36,339,488	18,601,941	20,877,879	_	3,583,453
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 49,697,832	\$ 21,801,123	\$ 21,137,440	ې د	\$ 7,171,608

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Debt Serv			
	General Government	Public Financing Authority	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues: Taxes Special assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,227,898 1,254,821	\$ 121,189,798 1,254,821
Licenses, permits and fees Intergovernmental Charges for services	- 291,002 -	- -	704,446 23,147,463 253,035	10,366,843 59,693,269 4,186,983
Use of money and properties Fines and forfeitures Contributions from Successor Agency	641 - -	126,402 - -	(194,885) - -	1,097,634 2,283,651 295,941
Miscellaneous			54,131	3,968,665
Total Revenues	291,643	126,402	26,446,909	204,337,605
Expenditures: Current:				
General government Public safety	-	-	622,802 744,122	6,444,764 93,925,458
Development services	-	-	11,600,923	55,494,830
Neighborhood services and library Capital outlay Debt service:	-	-	159,254	5,220,902 15,627,836
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	891,727 10,759,397	2,895,000 117,462	85,035 214	4,046,120 10,913,783
Total Expenditures	11,651,124	3,012,462	13,212,350	191,673,693
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(11,359,481)	(2,886,060)	13,234,559	12,663,912
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out Proceeds from sale of capital assets	12,961,567 - -	2,250	303,320 (9,986,973) 	27,508,014 (20,792,067) 3,294,565
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	12,961,567	2,250	(9,683,653)	10,010,512
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,602,086	(2,883,810)	3,550,906	22,674,424
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	(69,113,379)	71,103,881	32,311,701	113,704,964
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ (67,511,293)	\$ 68,220,071	\$ 35,862,607	\$ 136,379,388

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded	510
of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives	,510
depreciation in the current period.\$ 15,623,822Capital outlay\$ 15,623,822Depreciation(9,248,499)Amortination(5,4400)	,510
Amortization(54,460)Loss on disposal of capital assets(3,215,353)3,105	
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.4,046,226Principal repayments4,046,226Accreted interest of pension obligation refunding bonds(1,937,319)Amortization of bond premium and deferred charges345,844	
Notes issued (1,539,211) 915	,540
Accrued interest for long-term liabilities. This is the net change in accrued interest for the current period. 9	,659
Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (795	,091)
Other postemployment benefits expense adjustment, which is the net change in net other postemployment benefits liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources. (3,275	,564)
Pension obligation expenses are expenditures in the governmental funds,but reduce the Net Pension Liability in the statement of net position.13,610	,399
Revenues reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds and recognized in the statement of activities. These are included in the intergovernmental revenues in the governmental fund activity. (2,008	,453)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment management and self-insurance, to individual funds. The net revenues (expenses) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities(9,508	,499 <u>)</u>
Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 24,727	,925

PROPRIETARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

		Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
	Water	Sewer	Refuse	Canon Water Company - February 28, 2022		
Assets: Current:						
Cash and investments	\$ 48,024,752	\$ 12,457,703	\$ 7,240,524	\$ 265,983		
Receivables (net):	7 440 470	1 210 514	2 454 024	100 440		
Accounts Interest	7,418,478 155,679	1,312,514 46,637	2,454,931 19,192	128,442		
Prepaid items	9,000	-	-	2,079		
Deposits Inventories	- 627,330	-	-	-		
Restricted:	021,000	-	-	-		
Cash and investments	-	751,386	-	-		
Cash with fiscal agent	5,868,879	1,674,571				
Total Current Assets	62,104,118	16,242,811	9,714,647	396,504		
Noncurrent:						
Advances to other funds	7,457,542	-	-	-		
Net pension liability Other investments	9,091,375 9,000	878,910	1,957,785	-		
Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation	127,162,070	- 30,666,061	- 543,051	- 29,586		
				20 500		
Total Noncurrent Assets	143,719,987	31,544,971	2,500,836	29,586		
Total Assets	205,824,105	47,787,782	12,215,483	426,090		
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		000.045				
Deferred charges on refunding Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	- 534,469	398,915 51,670	- 115,095	-		
Deferred outflows of resources related to	004,400	51,070	110,000			
other postemployment benefits	1,642,832	165,045	454,166			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,177,301	615,630	569,261			
Liabilities:						
Current: Accounts payable	2,839,401	37,550	401,335	10,834		
Accrued liabilities	296,856	1,685	-	800		
Accrued interest	523,063	69,823	-	-		
Unearned revenues Deposits payable	4,367,028	9,051	251,903	-		
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-		
Payroll payable Advances from other funds	221,248	23,097	53,365	-		
Compensated absences, due within one year	- 934,860	- 63,477	- 162,737	-		
Claims and judgements, due within one year	-	-	-	-		
Long-term debt, due in one year	2,488,851	652,837	139,873			
Total Current Liabilities	11,671,307	857,520	1,009,213	11,634		
Noncurrent:						
Compensated absences, due in more than one year Claims and judgements, due in more than one year	480,066	32,597	83,569	-		
Long-term debt, due in more than one year	93,975,852	24,402,703	4,096,767	-		
Total other postemployment benefit liability	14,911,217	1,498,032	4,122,254			
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	109,367,135	25,933,332	8,302,590			
Total Liabilities	121,038,442	26,790,852	9,311,803	11,634		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Deferred charges on refunding	2,813,730	-	-	-		
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to	6,932,471	670,198	1,492,875	-		
other postemployment benefits	548,147	55,069	151,537			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	10,294,348	725,267	1,644,412			
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets	48,925,601	9,375,380	543,050	29,586		
Unrestricted	27,743,015	11,511,913	1,285,479	384,870		
Total Net Position	\$ 76,668,616	\$ 20,887,293	\$ 1,828,529	\$ 414,456		

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

JUNE 30, 2022	-		tivities - Enterprise nds	Governmental Activities-
		Pomona Choice Energy Authority	Totals	Internal Service Funds
Assets:	_			
Current: Cash and investments Receivables (net):	5	\$ 971,007	\$ 68,959,969	\$ 12,051,706
Accounts		9,604,050	20,918,415	-
Interest		3,772	225,280	69,372
Prepaid items		62,675	73,754	-
Deposits Inventories		147,000	147,000 627,330	- 479,615
Restricted: Cash and investments Cash with fiscal agent		1,870,952 -	2,622,338 7,543,450	-
Total Current Assets	-	12,659,456	101,117,536	12,600,693
Noncurrent:				
Advances to other funds		-	7,457,542	-
Net pension liability Other investments		-	11,928,070 9,000	3,157,567
Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation		-	9,000 158,400,768	- 249,713
Total Noncurrent Assets	-		177,795,380	3,407,280
Total Assets		12,659,456	278,912,916	16,007,973
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	_			
Deferred charges on refunding		-	398,915	-
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred outflows of resources related to		-	701,234	185,629
other postemployment benefits	-		2,262,043	518,664
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	-	3,362,192	704,293
L iabilities: Current:				
Accounts payable		5,622,730	8,911,850	560,623
Accrued liabilities		-	299,341	-
Accrued interest		-	592,886	-
Unearned revenues		-	260,954	-
Deposits payable		-	4,367,028	
Due to other funds		-	-	454,062
Payroll payable		-	297,710	67,395
Advances from other funds Compensated absences, due within one year		7,457,542	7,457,542 1,161,074	208,129
Claims and judgements, due within one year Long-term debt, due in one year		-	3,281,561	14,592,000 185,913
Total Current Liabilities	-	13,080,272	26,629,946	16,068,122
Noncurrent:	_	, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		
Compensated absences, due in more than one year		-	596,232	-
Claims and judgements, due in more than one year		-	-	24,670,949
Long-term debt, due in more than one year Total other postemployment benefit liability	-	-	122,475,322 20,531,503	5,438,311 4,707,675
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	_	-	143,603,057	34,816,935
Total Liabilities	-	13,080,272	170,233,003	50,885,057
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			0.010.700	
Deferred charges on refunding Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		-	2,813,730 9,095,544	- 2,407,749
Deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits		-	754,753	173,057
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-	12,664,027	2,580,806
Net Position:			50.070.047	040 740
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	_	(420,816)	58,873,617 40,504,461	249,713 (37,003,310)
Total Net Position	<u>_</u>	\$ (420,816)	\$ 99,378,078	\$ (36,753,597)
	Reconciliation of Net Position to the Statement of Ne	et Position		
	Net Position per Statement of Net Position - Proprietary	y Funds	\$ 99,378,078	
	Prior years' accumulated adjustment to reflect the cons internal service funds activities related to the enterprise		558,950	
	Current years' adjustments to reflect the consolidation of service activities related to enterprise funds	of internal	1,799,441	
	Net Position per Statement of Net Position		\$ 101,736,469	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds									
		Water		Sewer		Refuse		Canon Water pany - February 28, 2022		
Operating Revenues: Charges for services	\$	41,466,399	\$	7,220,461	\$	11,552,713	\$	-		
Miscellaneous	÷	-	<u> </u>	900	÷	65,207	÷	-		
Total Operating Revenues		41,466,399		7,221,361		11,617,920		-		
Operating Expenses:										
Personnel services		8,973,719		688,020		1,435,384		-		
Operations		17,576,071		1,099,094		8,485,901		9,486		
Claims expense		3,360		10,040 677,171		4,296 518,359		- 5,848		
Depreciation expense Insurance		3,525,708 1,297,018		98,549		124,327		5,040		
Total Operating Expenses		31,375,876		2,572,874		10,568,267		15,334		
Operating Income (Loss)		10,090,523		4,648,487		1,049,653		(15,334)		
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Intergovernmental Investment income Interest expense Gain on disposal of non-capital assets Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		725,769 (791,197) (2,966,072) 115 18,490		118,007 (211,018) (894,020) - -		29,768 (92,352) 1,544 - -		- 5 - -		
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(3,012,895)		(987,031)		(61,040)		5		
Income (Loss) Before Transfers		7,077,628		3,661,456		988,613		(15,329)		
Transfers in Transfers out		3,535,805 (705,044)		27,200 (2,237,113)		99,500 (370,889)		-		
Changes in Net Position		9,908,389		1,451,543		717,224		(15,329)		
Net Position:										
Beginning of Year		66,760,227		19,435,750		1,111,305		429,785		
End of Fiscal Year	\$	76,668,616	\$	20,887,293	\$	1,828,529	\$	414,456		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
On and in a Revenue of			nona Choice rgy Authority		Totals	overnmental Activities - ernal Service Funds
Operating Revenues: Charges for services Miscellaneous		\$	34,839,553	\$	95,079,126 66,107	\$ 56,468,315 1,080,238
Total Operating Revenues			34,839,553		95,145,233	 57,548,553
Operating Expenses: Personnel services Operations Claims expense Depreciation expense Insurance			27 35,778,309 - -		11,097,150 62,948,861 17,696 4,727,086 1,519,894	 40,253,587 3,441,231 14,402,840 40,031
Total Operating Expenses			35,778,336		80,310,687	 58,137,689
Operating Income (Loss)			(938,783)		14,834,546	 (589,136)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Intergovernmental Investment income Interest expense Gain on disposal of non-capital assets Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets			11,452 (27,197)		873,544 (1,083,110) (3,885,745) 115 18,490	 (60,565) 2,049 - 4,000
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			(15,745)		(4,076,706)	 (54,516)
Income (Loss) Before Transfers			(954,528)		10,757,840	(643,652)
Transfers in Transfers out			-		3,662,505 (3,313,046)	 584,161 (7,649,567)
Changes in Net Position			(954,528)		11,107,299	(7,709,058)
Net Position:						
Beginning of Year			533,712		88,270,779	 (29,044,539)
End of Fiscal Year		\$	(420,816)	\$	99,378,078	\$ (36,753,597)
	Reconciliation of Changes in Net Position to the	Statem	ent of Activities:			
	Changes in Net Position, per the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds			\$	11,107,299	
	Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of current to internal service funds activities related to enterp				1,799,441	
	Changes in Net Position of Business-Type Activ	ities pe	Statement of A	с\$	12,906,740	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			Busin	ess-Type Activi	ties - E	nterprise Funds		
Cook Elowe from Operating Activities:		Water		Sewer		Refuse	Co	non Water ompany - ary 28, 2022
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from customers and users Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services Cash paid for general and administrative expenses	\$	40,841,376 (18,392,208) (10,770,678)	\$	7,141,656 (1,177,225) (937,649)	\$	11,535,051 (8,681,375) (2,156,637)	\$	(7,186)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		11,678,490		5,026,782		697,039		(7,186)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:								
Cash transfers in Cash transfers out Repayment made to other funds		3,535,805 (705,044)		27,200 (2,237,113)		99,500 (370,889)		-
Advance from other funds		-		-		-		-
Advance to other funds Grant subsidy		(6,721,706) 725,769		- 118,007		- 29,768		-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities		(3,165,176)		(2,091,906)		(241,621)		
Cash Flows from Capital								
and Related Financing Activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(7,147,205)		(57,070)		(14,964)		-
Principal paid on capital debt		(1,925,000)		(590,000)		(14,904)		-
Interest paid on capital debt Proceeds from sales of non-capital assets		(3,204,176) 115		(823,946)		(33,319)		-
Proceeds from sales of capital assets		18,490		-				
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(12,257,776)		(1,471,016)		(48,283)		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest received (loss)		(839,706)		(233,506)		(99,131)		5
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		(839,706)		(233,506)		(99,131)		5
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(4,584,168)		1,230,354		308,004		(7,181)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		58,477,799		13,653,306		6,932,521		273,164
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	53,893,631	\$	14,883,660	\$	7,240,525	\$	265,983
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss)	\$	10.090.523	\$	4,648,487	\$	1,049,653	\$	(15,334)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	ψ	10,030,525	Ψ	4,040,407	Ψ	1,049,000	Ψ	(10,004)
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:								
Depreciation (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		3,525,708 (625,023)		677,171 (88,756)		518,359 (334,772)		5,848
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expense		-		-		-		-
(Increase) decrease in inventories (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows		(148,692)		-		-		-
of resources related to pensions		16,679,182		1,678,302		4,059,215		-
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits		432,520		57,434		174,838		-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		168,304		28,773		(66,851)		1,500
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		296,856		1,685		-		800
Increase (decrease) in payroll payable Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue		(51,628)		(2,053) 9,051		(8,406) 251,903		-
Increase (decrease) in deposits payable		167,773		-		-		-
Increase (decrease) in claims and judgments Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		- 58,443		- 16,761		- 21,856		-
Increase (decrease) in net other postemployment benefit liability		(802,423)		(186,479)		(640,287)		-
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows		(25,209,618)		(2,498,793)		(5,866,459)		-
of resources related to pensions		6,767,769		653,645		1,452,935		-
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits		328,796		31,554		85,055		
Total Adjustments		1,587,967		378,295		(352,614)		8,148
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	11,678,490	\$	5,026,782	\$	697,039	\$	(7,186)
Non-Cash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: Amortization of bond premium/(discount) Amortization of deferred charges on refunding	\$ \$	(116,735) (113,305)	\$ \$	3,848 67,359	\$ \$	(1,545)	\$ \$	-

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activit	Governmental	
	Pomona Choice Energy Authority	Totals	Activities- Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from customers and users Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services Cash paid for general and administrative expenses	\$ 28,835,377 (33,004,123) (27)	\$ 88,353,460 (61,262,117) (13,864,991)	\$
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(4,168,773)	13,226,352	6,983,466
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities: Cash transfers in Cash transfers out Repayment made to other funds Advance from other funds Advance to other funds Grant subsidy	(183,484) 6,721,706	3,662,505 (3,313,046) (183,484) 6,721,706 (6,721,706) 873,544	584,161 (7,649,567) 398,478 - - -
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities	6,538,222	1,039,519	(6,666,928)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt Proceeds from sales of non-capital assets Proceeds from sales of capital assets	(27,197) 	(7,219,239) (2,515,000) (4,088,638) 115 18,490	(66,911) - - 4,000
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(27,197)	(13,804,272)	(62,911)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest received (loss)	7,680	(1,164,658)	(83,644)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	7,680	(1,164,658)	(83,644)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,349,932	(703,059)	169,983
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	492,027	79,828,817	11,881,723
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 2,841,959	\$ 79,125,758	\$ 12,051,706
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss)	\$ (938,783)	\$ 14,834,546	\$ (589,136)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in prepaid expense (Increase) decrease in inventories (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources related to pensions (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows	(6,004,176) (62,675) -	4,727,086 (7,052,727) (62,675) (148,692) 22,416,699	40,031 6,728 1,438 (106,323) 5,959,644
of resources related to other postemployment benefits Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in payroll payable Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue Increase (decrease) in deposits payable Increase (decrease) in claims and judgments Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	- 2,836,861 - - - - - -	664,792 2,968,587 299,341 (62,087) 260,954 167,773 - 97,060	146,106 174,376 (20,473) 8,156,781 (6)
Increase (decrease) in net other postemployment benefit liability Increase (decrease) in net pension liability Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows	-	(1,629,189) (33,574,870) 8,874,349	(325,664) (8,911,780) 2,348,950
of resources related to other postemployment benefits		445,405	102,794
Total Adjustments Net Cash Provided (Used) by	(3,229,990)	(1,608,194)	7,572,602
Operating Activities	\$ (4,168,773)	<u>\$ 13,226,352</u>	\$ 6,983,466
Non-Cash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: Amortization of bond premium/(discount) Amortization of deferred charges on refunding	\$ - \$ -	\$ (114,432) \$ (45,946)	\$- \$-

FIDUCIARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Custodial Fund	Private- Purpose Trust Fund Successor Agency of the Former RDA	
	Assessment Districts		
Assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ 63,143	\$ 9,959,163	
Receivables:			
Notes and loans	-	1,660,600	
Accrued interest	-	16,126	
Deposits	284	600	
Due from other governments	64,655	-	
Land held for resale	-	788,130	
Restricted assets:		440.045	
Cash and investments	-	110,615	
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	-	20,134,320	
Capital assets:		405 400	
Capital assets, not being depreciated	-	125,423	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		40,401	
Total Assets	128,082	32,835,378	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Deferred charge on refunding		454,924	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		454,924	
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	128,124	7,142	
Payroll payable	-	7,696	
Accrued interest	-	1,712,886	
Deposits payable	-	169,040	
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year			
Long-term debt	-	7,900,000	
Compensated absences	-	92,000	
Due in more than one year			
Long-term debt	-	159,053,205	
Compensated absences		782	
Total Liabilities	128,124	168,942,751	
Net Position:			
Restricted for organizations and other governments	(42)	(135,652,449)	
Total Net Position	\$ (42)	\$ (135,652,449)	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Asse	odial Fund essment stricts	Private- Purpose Trust Fund Successor Agency of the Former RDA	
Additions: Collection of special taxes Interest Contributions from City Gain on Ioan forgiveness	\$	836,841 (326) - -	\$ 12,545,857 111,750 10,782 (5,952)	
Total Additions		836,515	12,662,437	
Deductions: Refunds of contributions Administrative expenses Contractual services Interest expense Depreciation expense Payments to city		836,841 - - - - -	- 352,949 386,765 4,036,859 1,263 299,972	
Total Deductions		836,841	5,077,808	
Changes in Net Position		(326)	7,584,629	
Net Position: Beginning of fiscal year		284	(143,237,078)	
Net Position - End of the Year	\$	(42)	\$ (135,652,449)	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the City of Pomona, California (the "City"), have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (the "GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

a. Financial Reporting Entity

The City was incorporated in 1888 and became a "Charter Law" City in 1911 under the laws of the State of California. The City operates under the Council – Manager form of governments. The City principally provides general administrative services, public safety services, library, recreational services, street, highway and bridge repairs and maintenance, and water and sanitation services.

As required by U.S. GAAP, these basic financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The following blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations and data from these units are combined with the data of the City. They are reported as blended for the following reasons: (1) the governing board is substantively the same as the primary government, and there is a financial benefit or burden relationship between the primary government and the component unit; (2) the component unit provides services entirely, or almost entirely, to the primary government even though it does not provide services directly to it; and (3) the component unit's total debt outstanding, including leases, is expected to be repaid entirely or almost entirely with the resources of the primary government.

Management determined that the following component units should be blended based on the criteria above. These component units are included in the primary government because of the fiscal dependence and financial benefit/burden relationship. Each of the blended component units in the accompanying basic financial statements of the City are described below:

City of Pomona Housing Authority

The City of Pomona Housing Authority (the "Housing Authority") was organized in 1993 under the California Health and Safety Code. The objective of the Housing Authority is to aid low-income families in obtaining decent, safe, and sanitary housing through Federal assistance programs and low/moderate income housing programs. The Housing Authority was included within the scope of the reporting entity of the City because its governing body is composed in its entirety of City staff and the City has operational responsibility for the Housing Authority. The Housing Authority is blended in as a special revenue fund based on the criteria discussed above as follows: (1) the governing board is substantively the same as the primary government, and there is a financial benefit or burden relationship between the primary government and the component unit; (2) the component unit provides services entirely, or almost entirely, to the primary government or otherwise exclusively, or almost exclusively, benefits the primary government even though it does not provide

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

services directly to it; and (3) the component unit's total debt outstanding, including leases, is expected to be repaid entirely or almost entirely with the resources of the primary government.

City of Pomona Public Financing Authority

The City of Pomona Public Financing Authority (the "Authority") is a joint exercise of powers authority created by a joint powers agreement between the City, the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of Pomona (the "Agency") and the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of West Covina, dated October 27, 1988. The purpose of the Authority is to provide, through the issuance of debt, financing necessary for the construction of public improvements. The Authority is not subject to federal or state income taxes. The Authority was included within the scope of the reporting entity of the City because its governing body is composed in its entirety of City staff and the City has operational responsibility for the Authority. The Authority is blended in as a debt service fund based on the criteria discussed above as follows: (1) the governing board is substantively the same as the primary government, and there is a financial benefit or burden relationship between the primary government and the component unit; (2) the component unit provides services entirely, or almost entirely, to the primary government or otherwise exclusively, or almost exclusively, benefits the primary government even though it does not provide services directly to it; and (3) the component unit's total debt outstanding, including leases, is expected to be repaid entirely or almost entirely with the resources of the primary government.

Canon Water Company

The Canon Water Company of Pomona (the "Company") was incorporated on August 6, 1897. The Company owns and maintains a pipeline which transports water to the City. The Company was included within the scope of reporting entity of the City because it provides service almost entirely to the City and its governing body is composed of City staff. The Company is blended in as an enterprise fund since the governing boards for these entities were composed of either City Council members or City employees. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the City's operations and so data from these units are reported with the interfund data of the primary government based on the criteria discussed above.

All component units had a fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, except for Canon Water Company, which had a fiscal year ended February 28, 2022.

The component units listed above issue separate financial statements which can be obtained at City Hall and online at www.pomonaca.gov.

b. Financial Statements Presentation, Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate account entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose of which they are to be spent and means by which spending activities are controlled.

Government – Wide Financial Statements

The City's government-wide financial statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These statements present summaries of governmental and business-type activities for the City accompanied by a total column. Fiduciary activities of the City are not included in these statements.

These basic financial statements are presented on an "*economic resources*" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Economic resources measurement focus considers all of the assets available for the purpose of providing goods and services and reports all inflows, outflows, and balances affecting or reflecting an entity's net position. Accordingly, all of the City's assets and liabilities, including capital assets, as well as infrastructure assets and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned, and expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Certain types of transactions are reported as program revenues for the City in three categories:

- Charges for services
- Operating grants and contributions
- Capital grants and contributions

Certain eliminations have been made in regard to interfund activities. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column, if any. In the Statement of Activities, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated; however, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated. The following interfund activities have been eliminated:

- Due to and from other funds
- Advances to and from other funds
- Transfers in and out

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and nonmajor governmental funds aggregated. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in fund balance as presented in these statements to the net position presented in the government – wide financial statements. The City has presented all major funds that met the applicable criteria.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or *"current financial resources"* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the balance sheets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period.

Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both "measurable" and "available." Revenues are considered to be available when it is collectible within the current period as soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if it is collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period except for grant revenue where the government considers revenue to be available if collected within 120 days of the end of current fiscal year. The primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the City, are real and personal property tax, other local taxes, franchise fees, forfeitures and penalties, rents and concessions, interest revenue, and state and federal grants. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred.

Unavailable revenue arises when potential revenues do not meet the "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenue arises when the government receives resources before it has legal claim to it, as when grant monies are received prior to incurring qualifying expenditures or when prepaid charges are received for services. In subsequent periods when both revenue recognition criteria are met or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the unavailable revenue and unearned revenue are removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

The reconciliations of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government – Wide Financial Statements are provided to explain the differences.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund** accounts for grant revenues received for the acquisition, rehabilitation and administration of properties used to provide affordable rental housing and the low and moderate income housing functions of the former Redevelopment Agency.

The **Miscellaneous Grants Special Revenue Fund** accounts for revenues received and expenditures made for Federal and/or State approved programs/projects.

The **American Rescue Plan Fund** accounts for the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 revenues received and related expenditures.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The **Capital Outlay Capital Projects Fund** accounts for accumulation of the cost of capital projects.

The **General Government Debt Service Fund** accounts for the payment of interest and principal on debt incurred by the City.

The **Public Financing Authority Debt Service Fund** accounts for the payment of interest and principal on the local agency revenue bonds and other debt of the Authority.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Proprietary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for all proprietary funds.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents increase (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as nonoperating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as nonoperating expenses.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The **Water Enterprise Fund** accounts for activities associated with the distribution and transmission of potable water to users and recycled water.

The **Sewer Enterprise Fund** accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's sewer network.

The **Refuse Enterprise Fund** accounts for activities associated with residential refuse collection, curbside collection of recycling materials, and various related programs.

The **Canon Water Company Enterprise Fund** accounts for the activities of the Canon Water Company.

The **Pomona Choice Energy Authority** accounts for the activities aimed to reduce energy usage.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The **Internal Service Funds** account for the maintenance and repair of City vehicles and equipment, risk management (general liability workers' compensation and unemployment), information technology and printing/mailing service provided to other departments or agencies of the City.

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Fiduciary fund financial statements include a Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. The City's fiduciary funds consist of one private purpose trust fund and custodial funds. Fiduciary fund types are accounted for using the *"economic resources"* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period which the revenue is earned, which expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

The City uses its private-purpose trust fund to account for the assets and liabilities of the former Redevelopment Agency and the receipt of funds to make installment payments of enforceable obligations until the obligations of the former Redevelopment Agency are paid in full and assets have been liquidated.

The Custodial Funds account for assets held by the City for other governments. These funds include receipts and disbursements of funds for the debt service activity of the 1911 Act assessment districts.

c. Cash, Cash Equivalent, and Investments

The City pools its available cash for investment purposes. The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash and cash equivalents are combined with investments and displayed as cash and investments.

Highly liquid market investments with maturities of one year or less at time of purchase are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value.

Certain disclosure requirements, if applicable, are provided for deposit and investment risk in the following areas:

- Interest Rate Risk
- Credit Risk
- Overall
- Custodial Credit Risk
- Concentration of Credit Risk
- Foreign Currency Risk

The City operated an internal cash management pool where the proprietary funds do not own specific identifiable securities in the City's pool. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary funds report the investments at the amortized cost and considered as cash equivalents.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

d. Cash and Investment with Fiscal Agents and Restricted Cash and Investments

Cash and investments with fiscal agents and restricted cash and investments are restricted due to limitations on their use by bond covenants or donor limitations. Fiscal agents acting on behalf of the City hold investment funds arising from the proceeds of long-term debt issuance. The funds may be used for specific purposes of for the payment of certain bonds and have been invested only as permitted by specific State statues, applicable City ordinance, resolution, or bond indentures.

e. Fair Value Measurement

U.S. GAAP defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and establishes disclosures about fair value measurement. Investments, unless otherwise specified, recorded at fair value in the financial statements, are categorized based upon the level of judgement associated with the inputs used to measure their fair value.

The three levels of the fair value measurement hierarchy are described below:

- Level 1 Inputs are unadjusted, quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Inputs, other than quoted prices included in Level 1, that are observable for the assets of liabilities through corroboration with market data at the measurement date.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that reflect management's best estimate of what market participants would use in pricing the assets or liabilities at the measurement date.

f. Interfund Transactions

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e., current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental – wide financial statements as "internal balances."

g. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories within the various fund types consist of materials and supplies which are valued at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. Purchase of supplies have been reported based on consumption method to recognize inventory-related expenditures.

Certain payments to vendors reflect cost applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government – wide and fund financial statements, such as prepaid bond insurance.

CITY OF POMONA

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

h. Land Held for Resale

Land purchased for resale is reported at lower of acquisition costs or net realized value.

i. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, autos, and trucks, right-touse assets and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, traffic signals, and similar items), are reported in applicable governmental or business-type activities in the Government – Wide Financial Statements. City policy has set the capitalization threshold for reporting capital assets at \$5,000 and capital projects at \$250,000.

Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost was not available. Donated assets are valued at acquisition value on the date donated.

Depreciation is reported on a straight-line basis over estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Assets	Years
Building and building improvements	10-50
Improvements other than buildings	10-75
Machinery and equipment	5-100
Furniture and fixtures	5-10
Autos and trucks	5-10
Right-to-use assets	5-15
Infrastructure	25-75

For infrastructure systems, the City elected to use the basic approach for infrastructure reporting. The City defines infrastructure as the basic physical assets that allow the City to function. The assets include streets, bridges, sidewalks, drainage systems, and lighting systems, etc. Each major infrastructure system can be divided into subsystems. For example, the street system can be subdivided into pavement, curb and gutters, sidewalks, medians, streetlights, and landscaping and land. These subsystems were not delineated in the basic financial statements. The appropriate operating department maintains information regarding the subsystems.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

j. Long – Term Debt

In the government – wide financial statements and propriety fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are expensed when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds types recognize bonds premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

k. Compensated Absences

In governmental funds, compensated absences are recorded as expenditures in the years paid, as it is the City's policy to liquidate any unpaid compensated absences at June 30 from future resources, rather than currently available financial resources. In proprietary funds, compensated absences are expensed to the various funds in the period they are earned, and such fund's share of the unpaid liability is recorded as long-term liability of the fund. Vested or accumulated compensated absences in proprietary funds are recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees. The compensated absences liability will be liquidated through the General Fund for governmental activities and through the proprietary funds for the business-type activities.

I. Claims Payable

The City records a liability to reflect an actuarial estimate of ultimate uninsured losses for both general liability claims (including property damage claims) and workers' compensation claims. The estimated liability for workers' compensation claims and general liability claims includes "incurred but not reported" (IBNR) claims. There is no fixed payment schedule to pay these liabilities.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

m. Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then. The City reports deferred charges on refunding in the government – wide and proprietary fund financial statements. Deferred loss on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of life of the refunded or refunding debt. The City also reports pensions and other post-employment benefits related deferred outflows of resources in the government – wide and proprietary fund financial statements. Deferred inflows related to leases relates to the amount of the lease receivable plus any lease payments related to future periods, less any lease incentives paid to, or on behalf of, the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net assets or fund balance that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The governmental funds report unavailable revenue for revenues not available for current spending. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period when the amounts become available. In addition, the City reports deferred charges on refunding in the government – wide and proprietary fund financial statements. Deferred gains on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The City also reports pensions related deferred inflows of resources in the government – wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

n. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plans and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The following timeframes are used for pension reporting:

CalPERS	
Valuation Date	June 30, 2020
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021
Measurement Period	July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021
Collateral Benefits Plan	
Collateral Benefits Plan Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
	June 30, 2021 June 30, 2022
Valuation Date	

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and inflows of sources related to pensions and are to be recognized in future pension expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized over five years. All other amounts are amortized straight-line over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period.

o. Other Post – Employment Benefits ("OPEB")

For the purpose of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's OPEB Plan and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, the OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

The following timeframes are reported OPEB reporting:

Valuation Date	December 31, 2020
Measurement Date	December 31, 2021
Measurement Period	January 1, 2021 to December 31, 2021

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The gains and losses are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average expected remaining service lives of all members.

p. Net Position

In the government – wide financial statements, net position is classified in the following:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources that is attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets, net of unspent debt proceeds.

<u>Restricted</u> – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws of regulations of other governments.

<u>Unrestricted</u> – This amount is all net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position."

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

When expenses are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the City's policy is to apply restricted net position first, then unrestricted net position as they are needed.

q. Fund Position

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following fund balance classification:

Nonspendable – This includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> – This includes amounts that are constrained on the use of resources by either (a) external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws of regulations of other governments or (b) by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – This includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest authority. The City Council, as a City's highest level of decision-making authority, may commit fund balance for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by resolution. These committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use through the same type of formal action taken to establish the commitment. City Council action to commit fund balance needs to occur within the fiscal reporting period; however, the amount can be determined subsequently.

<u>Assigned</u> – This includes amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The City Council adopted Resolution No. 2011-63A and gave the Finance Director authority to assign amounts for specific purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> – This is the residual amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. Only the General Fund can report positive unassigned fund balance. All other funds' fund balances have been restricted, committed, or assigned for the purpose of those particular funds.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the City's policy is to apply restricted fund balance first. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, the City uses the unrestricted resources in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

r. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

s. Property Taxes

Property taxes attach a legally enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on July 1 and are payable in two installments on December 10 and April 10. The County of Los Angeles (the "County") bills and collects the property taxes and remits it to the City in installments during the year. The City's property tax revenues are recognized when an enforceable legal lien is attached to the property. The County is permitted by State Law (Proposition 13) to levy taxes at 1% of full market value (at time of purchase) and can increase the property tax base not more than 2% per year. The City receives a share of this basic levy proportionate to the amount received prior to the passage of Proposition 13 in 1978.

t. Implementation of New Accounting Standards

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the City implemented the following new accounting standard issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB):

GASB Statement No. 87 Leases enhances usefulness and comparability of financial statements among governments by requiring lessees and lessors to report leases using a single model. This statement requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that were previously classified as operating leases and recognizes inflows or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the lease contracts. Under GASB Statement No. 87, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources.

	Impact to Beginning Net				
	Position for Fiscal Year				
	Ending June 30, 2022				
Right to Use Leased Assets	\$	204,076			
Leases Payable		(204,076)			
Lease Receivable		938,581			
Deferred Inflow Amounts From Leases		(938,581)			
	\$	-			

Note 2: Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

a. Deficit Fund Balance or Net Positions

At June 30, 2022, the following funds had the deficit fund balance/net position:

Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Measure W	\$	(139,828)
Internal Service Funds		
Self Insurance	((29,995,055)
Equipment Maintenance		(3,894,362)
Information Technology		(2,346,787)
Printing/Mail Services		(59,530)
Payroll		(457,863)
Fiduciary Funds		
Assessment Districts		(42)
Successor Agency of the Former RDA	(1	35,652,448)

The Self-Insurance Fund deficit is due to increasing claims. The Payroll Fund deficit is due to payroll withholdings. The City will eliminate the internal service deficit with future charges to user departments. The Successor Agency of Former RDA will be recovered by future Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund revenue approved in the Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule The Measure W deficit will be eliminated by future revenues.

Note 3: Cash and Investments

The City maintains a cash and investment pool, which includes cash balances and authorized investments of all funds. This pooled cash is invested by the City Treasurer to enhance earnings. The pooled interest earned is allocated to the funds based on average quarter-end cash balances of various funds. The following is a summary of cash and investments at June 30, 2022:

	Governmental	Business-Type	Fiduciary	
	Activities	Activities	Funds	Total
Cash and Investments	\$ 154,090,808	\$ 68,959,969	\$ 10,022,306	\$ 233,073,083
Restricted Cash and Investments	3,637,547	10,165,788	20,244,935	34,048,270
Total	\$ 157,728,355	\$ 79,125,757	\$ 30,267,241	\$ 267,121,353

Cash and Investments is comprised of the following at June 30, 2022:

Petty cash and change funds	\$ 10,051
Demand deposits	10,546,733
Restricted cash held by City	1,885,405
Cash held in trust	136,514
Total Cash	12,578,703
Investments	223,761,375
Investments with fiscal agent	30,781,275
Total Investments	254,542,650
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 267,121,353

Note 3: Cash and Investments (Continued)

a. Demand Deposits

The carrying amounts of the City's cash deposits were \$12,578,703 at June 30, 2022. Bank balances at June 30, 2022, were \$14,520,272 which were fully insured or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions in the City's name as discussed below. The \$1,941,569 difference represents outstanding checks, deposits in transits, and other reconciling items.

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the City's cash deposits by pledging securities as collateral. This Code states that collateral pledged in this manner shall have the effect of perfecting a security interest in such collateral superior to those of a general creditor. Thus, collateral for cash deposits is considered to be held in the City's name. The market value of pledged securities must equal at least 110% of the City's cash deposits. California law also allows institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the City's total cash deposits. The City may waive collateral requirements for cash deposits, which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"). The City has waived the collateralization requirements.

The City follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds, except for funds required to be held by fiscal agents under provisions of bond indentures. Interest income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated to the various funds based on the quarter-end cash and investment balances. Interest income from cash and investments with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related fund.

b. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code Section 53601 (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

Note 3: Cash and Investments (Continued)

		iviaximum	iviaximum
	Maximum	Percentage	Investmentin
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Allowed	One Issuer
City of Pomona bonds	5 years	No Limit	N/A
U.S. Treasury obligations	5 years	No Limit	N/A
U.S. Agency or U.S. government- sponsored			
enterprise obligations	5 years	No Limit	N/A
California and local agency obligations	5 years	No Limit	N/A
Other State and local agency obligations	5 years	15%	N/A
Medium-term notes	5 years	30%	surplus funds
Bankers' acceptance	180 days	40%	5%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable certificates of deposit	5 years	15%	3%*
Time deposits	5 years	10%	\$250,000
Savings accounts	5 years	10%	N/A
Money market mutual funds	N/A	15%	N/A
Repurchase agreements	92 days	20%	N/A
Local Agency Investment Fund ("LAIF")	N/A	No Limit	\$50,000,000
Supranational	5 years	30%	N/A

Maximum

Maximum

*Certificate of deposit guaranteed by FDIC is limited to \$250,000 per issuer.

c. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreement

Investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's Investment policy. Investments authorized for funds held by bond trustee include, Federal securities, Federal Agency securities, U.S. Government Sponsored Enterprise securities, money market funds, certificate of deposit collateralized by Federal or Federal Agency securities or fully Insured by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, investment agreements, commercial papers, bonds or notes issued by any state or municipality, federal funds or bankers acceptances with maximum term of one year, repurchase agreements, pre-refunded municipal bonds rated "Aaa", Local Agency Investment Fund of the State of California, and any other investments permitted in writing by the Insurer. There were no limitations on the maximum maturity of an investment, except noted otherwise.

Note 3: Cash and Investments (Continued)

d. Fair Value Measurement Disclosure

The City categorizes its fair value measurement within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the relative inputs used to measure the fair value of the investments. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

Level 1: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets in active markets that the City has the ability to access.

Level 2: Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- Quoted prices for similar assets in active markets;
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets in inactive markets;
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset;
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement. Unobservable inputs reflect the City's own assumptions about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset (including assumptions about risk). Unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include the City's own data.

	Measurement Input							
Investment Type	Ac f	oted Prices in ctive Markets for Identical sets (Level 1)	es in kets Significant Other cal Observable			ncategorized		Total
Investments								
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	69,741,998	\$	69,741,998
U.S. Treasury Obligations		17,885,808		95,746,163		-		113,631,971
U.S. Agency Securities		-		14,740,467		-		14,740,467
Money Market Mutual Funds		400,285		-		133,312		533,597
Supranational		-		1,148,425		-		1,148,425
Corporate		1,401,238		22,563,679		-		23,964,917
Investments with Fiscal Agent:								
Money Market Mutual Funds		29,810,974		-		-		29,810,974
U.S. Treasury Obligations		-		5,070		-		5,070
Insurance contract		-		-		965,231		965,231
Total	\$	49,498,305	\$	134,203,804	\$	70,840,541	\$	254,542,650

Note 3: Cash and Investments (Continued)

e. Risk Disclosures

Interest Rate Risk

As means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy (Policy) limits investments to a maximum maturity of five years. The weighted average days to maturity of the total portfolio shall not exceed the City's anticipated liquidity needs for the next six (6) months. The City is in compliance with this provision of the Policy.

At June 30, 2022, the City had the following investment maturities:

	1 Year or Less	1 to 3 Years	3 to 5 Years	Over 5 Years	Total
Investments:					
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 69,741,998	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 69,741,998
U.S. Treasury obligations	40,112,086	31,135,160	42,384,725	-	113,631,971
U.S. Agency securities	5,203,385	4,038,888	5,498,194	-	14,740,467
Municipal Bond	-	-	-	-	-
Negotiable certificates of deposit	-	-	-	-	-
Money Market Mutual Funds	533,597	-	-	-	533,597
Commercial Paper	-	-	-	-	-
Corporate notes	8,459,616	6,566,387	8,938,914	-	23,964,917
Supranational	-	1,148,425	-	-	1,148,425
Investments with Fiscal Agent:					
Money Market Mutual Funds	29,810,974	-	-	-	29,810,974
U.S. Treasury obligations	5,070	-	-	-	5,070
Insurance contract	965,231	-	-	-	965,231
Total	\$ 154,831,957	\$ 42,888,860	\$ 56,821,833	\$-	\$ 254,542,650

Note 3: Cash and Investments (Continued)

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligations to the holder of the investment. The City's investment policy provides that this risk be mitigated by investing in investment grade securities and by diversifying the investment portfolio. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. At June 30, 2022, the City's investments are rated as following:

	Fair Value at June 30, 2021	Minimum Legal Rating	AAA AA A		А	Not Rated	
Investments:							
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 69,741,998	N/R	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 69,741,998	
U.S. Treasury obligations	113,631,971	N/R	113,631,971	-	-	-	
U.S. Agencies securities	14,740,467	А	14,740,467	-	-	-	
Municipal Bond	-	А	-	-	-	-	
Corporate notes	23,964,917	А	-	-	23,964,917	-	
Negotiable certificates of deposit	-	N/R	-			-	
Money Market Mutual Funds	533,597	AAA	533,597	-	-	-	
Commercial Paper	-	А	-	-	-	-	
Supranational	1,148,425	N/R	1,148,425	-	-	-	
Investments with Fiscal Agent:						-	
Money Market Mutual Funds	29,810,974	N/R	29,810,974	-	-	-	
U.S. Treasury obligations	5,070	N/R	5,070	-	-	-	
Insurance contract	965,231	N/R	-	-	-	965,231	
Total	\$ 254,542,650		\$ 159,870,504	\$-	\$ 23,964,917	\$ 70,707,229	

N/R- Not required in California

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City and California Government Code contains limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. The City is exposed to credit risk if it has invested more than 5% of its investments in any one issuer. Investments guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds and external investment pools are excluded from this requirement.

Custodial Credit Risk

For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a deposit financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposit or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the values of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy contains requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other that the provision for deposits stated in the California Government Code. Bank balances of \$136,514 was held in collateralized accounts. Of the City's investments held by trustees and fiscal agents, \$30,781,275 of securities was held by the counterparty's trust department, the trustee for the bonds, not in the name of the City as of June 30, 2022.

Note 3: Cash and Investments (Continued)

f. Investment in Local Agency Investment Funds

The City is a participant in LAIF which is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The City's investments with LAIF at June 30, 2022, include a portion of the pool funds invested in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities:

<u>Structured Notes</u> are debt securities (other than asset-backed securities) whose cash flow characteristics (coupon rate, redemption amount, or stated maturity) depend upon one or more indices and/or that have embedded forwards or options.

<u>Asset-Backed Securities</u> are generally mortgage-backed securities that entitle their purchasers to receive a share of the cash flows from a pool of assets such as principal and interest repayments from a pool of mortgages (for example, Collateralized Mortgage Obligations) or credit card receivables.

As of June 30, 2022, the City had \$69,741,998 invested in LAIF, which had invested 0.016% of the pool investment funds in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities. LAIF is overseen by the Local Agency Investment Advisory Board, which consists of five members, in accordance with State statue. LAIF determines fair value on its investment portfolio based on market quotations for those securities where market quotations are readily available and based on amortized cost or best estimate for those securities where market value is not readily available. The City valued its investments in LAIF at amortized cost.

Note 4: Loans Receivable

At June 30, 2022, the City's net loans receivable consisted of the following:

	Balance at June 30, 2021 A			Additions Deletions			Balance at June 30, 2022	
Section 108 Loans	\$	130.000	\$ -		\$ (10,000)		\$	120,000
Deferred Home Improvement Loans	Ŷ	6,854,223	Ŷ	50,412	Ŧ	(,	Ŷ	6,904,635
Prototype Pomona Apartment Loans		1,402,850		28,422		-		1,431,272
Rental Rehabilitation Loans		533,400		7.042		-		540,442
CHDO Loan (Shield of Faith)		1,677,966		-		-		1,677,966
HOPE III Loans		425,243		269,587		(250,000)		444,830
Shield of Faith		4,709,983		70,280		(250,000)		4,530,263
Manufactured Housing Rehabilitation Loans		1,770,074		-		(87,705)		1,682,369
Owner Occupied Loans		2,113,628		83,718		(44,487)		2,152,859
Mortgage Assistance Programs Loans		7,622,550		226,491		(306,650)		7,542,391
Neighborhood In Progress Loans		2,374,874		609,497		(1,005,971)		1,978,400
Neighborhood Stabilization Program		231,716		-		(24,200)		207,516
Holt Avenue Housing Partners LP Loans		2,020,142		19,000		-		2,039,142
Telacu Housing Pomona		1,053,939		36,765		-		1,090,704
Tri-City Mental Health Center HOPE III Loan		58,873		-		(29,436)		29,437
West Mission Housing Partners		-		3,778,769		-		3,778,769
Total	\$	32,979,461	\$	5,179,983	\$	(2,008,449)	\$	36,150,995

Note 4: Loans Receivable (Continued)

a. Section 108 Loans

The City used the Section 108 loan fund and entered into loan agreement with local businesses for projects that benefit low- and moderate-income persons. The principal balance outstanding at June 30, 2022 was \$120,000.

b. Deferred Home Improvement Loans

The Housing Improvement loans funds for Health & Safety Repairs and Exterior Home Improvements. During the term of the loan, a portion of the loan shall be forgiven each full year provided that the owner is in good standing and complies with all of the covenants, conditions, and restrictions. The principal balance outstanding at June 30, 2022 was \$6,904,635.

c. Prototype Pomona Apartment Loans

The former Redevelopment Agency entered into promissory note agreement with Prototypes Pomona Apartments, L.P. in the amount of \$947,417 on May 4, 2005 for purpose of construction and development of a 32-unit multi-family, very low-income affordable housing project. The loan bears simple interest of three percent (3%) per annum. In the event the project is sold or refinanced prior to the 30-year covenant period, the net proceeds of the sale or refinancing will be used to pay the accrued interest computed at a rate of six percent (6%) per annum from the date of default and the outstanding balance of the loan. Total outstanding principal and accrued interest at June 30, 2022 was \$1,431,272.

d. Rental Rehabilitation Loan

The City used HOME fund and entered into sixteen various loan agreements for rental unit rehabilitation. Total principal borrowed from the City was in the amount of \$313,000. The loan bears simple interest at 2.25% annum. Total outstanding principal and accrued interest at June 30, 2022 was \$540,442.

e. Community Housing Development Organization ("CHDO") Loan (Shield of Faith)

The City used HOME funds and entered into loan agreement with Shield of Faith Economic Development Corporation in July 2009 for a development project where Shield of Faith purchased properties and developed them from Low- and Moderate-income persons and families. The term of the loan is 15 years and bears zero interest. The principal balance outstanding at June 30, 2022 was in the amount of \$1,677,966 and will be forgiven upon the fulfillment of the terms of the agreement upon maturity date.

Note 4: Loans Receivable (Continued)

f. HOPE III Loans

The former Redevelopment Agency entered into two types of loans agreements through the HOPE III Program under which the former Agency provided subsidy to assist persons and families of low income to purchase residential property as the principal resident at all times throughout the term of the agreement. The 20-year loans entered into during the year ended June 30, 1995 bears compound interests at 5% per annum and began to be reduced by 1/13 of the outstanding balance on August 1, 2002 annually. The loans entered into during the year ended June 30, 2008 bears interest at 2% annum and is due upon sale of the property. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2022 was in the amount of \$444,830.

g. Shield of Faith

The loan between the City and Shield of Faith Economic Development Corporation was for a development project where Shield of Faith purchased properties and developed them for Low- and Moderate-income persons and families. The principal balance of the loan amounts to \$4,530,263 with simple annual 3% interest rate. The loan matures 55 years from the Certificate of Occupancy date maturing on August 28, 2063.

h. Manufactured Housing Rehabilitation Loans

The City used CalHOME funds to provide funding for manufactured housing rehabilitation loans. The loan matures between 15 to 20 years and bears zero interest. One Tenth (1/10) of the loan balance is forgiven each year starting from year 11. The unpaid balances are due upon refinancing or transfer of the titles. At June 30, 2022, total outstanding balance was in the amount of \$1,682,369.

i. Owner Occupied Loans

The City used CalHOME funds to provide two types of owner-occupied loans.

The home improvement loan bears simple interest at 1% annum and mature in 15 years or at 2% and mature in 30 years, the unpaid principal and interest are due upon (a) transfer of title, (b) refinancing of any debt secured by a lien on the property and (c) failure to occupy the property as principal residence.

The second loan program is the first-time home buyer program. The first-time home buyer can borrow up to \$60,000. The loan bears zero interest and matures in 30 years or upon sale, foreclosure, transfer of title and refinance of the property with cash out.

Total outstanding principal and accrued interest at June 30, 2022 was in the amount of \$2,152,859.

Note 4: Loans Receivable (Continued)

j. Mortgage Assistance Program ("MAP") Loans

The City used HOME funds to provide mortgage assistance program loans up to \$100,000 to borrower. The MAP loan bears zero interest and matures in 45 years. The former Agency also provided first time home buyer program. The former Agency's program is a second silent mortgage loan program designed to assist qualified low-income individuals with the purchase of their first home. Program assistance is limited to \$500,000 (inclusive of applicable program fees) or the lesser amount (with zero percent interest) necessary to provide the "gap" assistance required to meet the Program's front-end ratio requirements of 25% to 35%, whichever is lower. At June 30, 2022, total outstanding balance, net allowance, was in the amount of \$7,542,391.

k. Neighborhood In Progress ("NIP") Home Improvement Loans

The Substantial Rehabilitation Loan Program is a deferred loan up to \$60,000 and bears a 2% to 4% interest rate depending on funding and income. Repayment of the loans is due at the time of title change, resale, refinance with cash out, or non-compliance with that program requirements. (Depending on funding source, some loans must be repaid at the end of thirty (30) years from the date of execution of the loan documents). These loans are not a conventional equity loan or equity line of credit. Funding must be used to correct code violations or deferred maintenance which may cause code violations in the near future. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2022 is \$1,978,400.

I. Neighborhood Stabilization Program

The City through use of the Neighborhood Stabilization Program funding provided loans to qualified low- and moderate- income individuals on purchase of foreclosed homes. The loan bears zero interest and matures in 45 years. At June 30, 2022, the total outstanding balance was in the amount of \$207,516.

m. Holt Avenue Housing Partners LP Loans

The loan between the City of Pomona and Holt Avenue Housing Partners LP was to acquire property and construct a residential housing project consisting of 62 residential units that qualify for low-income persons and families. The principal amount of the loan was \$1,900,000 was simple interest at the rate of 1% per annum. All principal and interest shall be due in full on the date that is fifty years from the date of recordation of the certificate of completion. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2022 was \$2,039,142.

n. Telacu Housing Pomona Loans

The City through use of HOME fund entered into a loan agreement with Telacu Housing-Pomona II, Inc. in April 2008 and provided \$612,755 for construction and development of a 70-unit multiple family apartment project comprising of 69 one bed bedroom units for very low and low income seniors and one two-bedroom manager unit. The loan bears simple interest at the rate of 6% annum. All principal and interest shall be due in full on the date that is twenty years from the date the project is first occupied. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2022 was \$1,090,704.

Note 4: Loans Receivable (Continued)

o. Tri-City Mental Health Center Hope Loan

The loan between the City of Pomona and Tri-City Mental Health Center was to be used for rehabilitation of affordable rental housing, which may include properties with one or more housing units, transitional housing, group home or single room occupancies for Park Avenue Permanent Supportive Housing Project. The loan carries zero percent interest. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2022 was \$29,437.

p. West Mission Housing Partners

The loans between the City and West Mission Housing Partners were for a development project for the purchase and rehabilitation of a 57 unit affordable housing building to benefit Low and Moderate income persons and families. The principal balance of the loan is comprised of two separate loans. \$3,400,000 accounts for the purchase of the property and \$250,000 accounts for the permit fees required to purchase and develop the property with a total principal balance of \$3,650,000. Both loans have a simple annual 3% interest rate and mature 55 years from the date the Construction Financing converts to a permanent loan. The outstanding balance of principal and interest at June 30, 2022 was \$3,778,769.

Note 5: Interfund Transactions

a. Government - Wide Financial Statements

Internal Balances – At June 30, 2022, the City had the following internal receivable and payable to consolidate the Internal Service Funds' activities related to the Enterprise Funds.

	Internal Receivable
Internal Payable	Business-Type Activities
Governmental Activities	\$ 2,358,391

<u>Transfers</u> – For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City had the following transfers. The purpose of the transfers was for debt service payments and to reimburse a construction project.

	Transfers Out	_
Transfers In	Governmental Activities	_
Business-Type Activities	\$ 349,459	-

b. Fund Financial Statements

<u>Due To/Due From</u> – At June 30, 2022, the City had the following short-term interfund receivables and payables to cover negative cash at the end of the fiscal year.

	Due to Other Funds							
		Governmer	ntal Fi	unds	Pr	oprietary Funds		
		eneral Debt		onmajor /ernmental	Inter	nal Service		
Due from Other Funds Governmental Fund:	56	ervice Fund		Fund		Funds		
General Fund	\$	1,578,255	\$	514,497	\$	454,062		

Note 5: Interfund Transactions (Continued)

<u>Advances To/Advances From</u> – At June 30, 2022, the City had the following long-term Interfund advances:

	A			
	Governm	ental Funds	Proprietary Fund	
Advances to	General Fund	General Debt Service Fund	Pomona Choice Energy Authority	Total
Governmental Fund:				
Public Financing Authority				
Debt Service Fund	\$-	\$ 66,950,000	\$-	\$ 66,950,000
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	304,435	-	-	304,435
Proprietary Fund:				
Water Enterprise Fund	-	-	7,457,542	7,457,542
Total	\$ 304,435	\$ 66,950,000	\$ 7,457,542	\$ 74,711,977

Advances in the amount of \$66,950,000 from the Public Financing Authority Debt Service Fund to General Debt Service Fund are loan proceeds advanced (2017 Taxable Lease Revenue Bonds, Series BC, and BG).

Advance between the Nonmajor Government Funds and the General Fund was a loan from Vehicle Parking District Special Revenue Fund made on December 3, 2001. The Vehicle Parking District provided a \$600,000 loan to the City to be used by the General Fund as a loan to the former Redevelopment Agency for the acquisition of the Fox Theater at zero interest. The principal is due when rent income is generated or when the property is sold. There is no fixed payment schedule. At June 30, 2022, the outstanding balance of the advances was in the amount of \$304,435.

Advance in the amount of \$7,457,542 from the Water Enterprise Fund to the Pomona Choice Energy Authority are to support the energy program.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Note 5: Interfund Transactions (Continued)

Transfers – For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City had the following transfers:

				Transfer In			
				Governmental Funds	S		
Transfers Out	General Fund	Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund	Miscellaneous Grant Special Revenue Fund	Capital Outlay Capital Projects Fund	General Governmental Debt Service Fund	PFA	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Governmental Funds:			·				-
General Fund	\$-	\$-	\$ 93,486	\$ 1,927,048	\$ 4,295,000	\$-	\$ 131,750
Housing Authority							
Special Revenue Fund	-	-	-	755,988	-	-	-
Capital Outlay							
Capital Project Fund	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ARPA Special Revenue Fur	1,444,374	71,500	33,450	5,000	-	2,250	171,570
Nonmajor Governmental	-	-	-	9,433,800	-	-	-
Proprietary Funds:				105.014	600.000		
Water Enterprise Fund	-	-	-	105,044 298	600,000 417,000	-	-
Sewer Enterprise Fund Refuse Enterprise Fund	-	-	-	370,889	417,000	-	-
Internal Enterprise Fund				570,005	7,649,567		
Total	\$ 1,444,374	\$ 71,500	\$ 126,936	\$ 12,598,067	\$ 12,961,567	\$ 2,250	\$ 303,320
		Proprie	etary Funds				
-				Internal Service			
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Refuse Fund	Funds	Total		
Governmental Funds:							
General Fund	\$ -	\$ -	s -	\$ 490.661	\$ 6.937.945		

Governmental Funds:					
General Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 490,661	\$ 6,937,945
Housing Authority					
Special Revenue Fund	-	-	-	-	755,988
Capital Outlay					
Capital Project Fund	819,017	-	-	-	819,017
ARPA Special Revenue Fur	343,800	27,200	99,500	93,500	2,292,144
Nonmajor Governmental	553,173	-	-	-	9,986,973
Proprietary Funds:					
Water Enterprise Fund	-	-	-	-	705,044
Sewer Enterprise Fund	1,819,815	-	-	-	2,237,113
Refuse Enterprise Fund	-	-	-	-	370,889
Internal Enterprise Fund	-	-	-	-	7,649,567
Total	\$ 3,535,805	\$ 27,200	\$ 99,500	\$ 584,161	\$ 31,754,680

The transfer of \$4,295,000 between the General Fund and the General Debt Service Fund was for Series AR, BC, and BG debt service payments.

Transfers in the amount of \$12,598,067 to Capital Outlay Capital Projects Fund were to provide funding for capital projects.

Water and Sewer Enterprise Funds transferred \$600,000 and \$417,000, respectively, to General Debt Service Fund to provide funding related to repayment of Series BC.

The transfer of \$7,649,567 between the Internal Enterprise Fund and the General Debt Service Fund was for Series BJ debt service payments.

The remaining transfers are for the purpose of providing financial resources to cover expenditures.

Note 6: Due from Other Governments

At June 30, 2022, the City's due from other governments consisted of the following:

		Governmental Activities										
			ŀ	Housing								
			A	Authority	Mi	scellaneous	Cap	ital Outlay		Nonmajor		
			:	Special	Gr	ant Special	Cap	ital project	G	overnmental		
	G	eneral Fund	Rev	enue Fund	Re	venue Fund		Fund		Funds		Total
Federal government	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,879,705	\$	734,806	\$	1,090,514	\$	4,705,025
State of California		-		-		-		-		881,813		881,813
County of Los Angeles		10,816,546		990,658		-		-		-		11,807,204
Total	\$	10,816,546	\$	990,658	\$	2,879,705	\$	734,806	\$	1,972,327	\$	17,394,042

Note 7: Leases

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 87 in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. This statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. For additional information, refer to the disclosures below.

a. Leases Receivable and Deferred Inflows of Resources

On July 1, 2021, the City entered into a 58-month lease as Lessor for the use of J. C. Park. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$190,371. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$154,560. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$3,116. The lease has an interest rate of 1.0586%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$151,498, and City of Pomona recognized lease revenue of \$38,873 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 2 extension option(s), each for 60 months.

On July 1, 2021, the City entered into a 33-month lease as Lessor for the use of Ted Greene Park. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$134,876. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$89,206. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$3,842. The lease has an interest rate of 0.7268%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$86,753 and City of Pomona recognized lease revenue of \$48,122 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 3 extension option(s), each for 60 months.

Note 7: Leases

On July 1, 2021, the City entered into a 17-month lease as Lessor for the use of Philadelphia Park. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$61,371. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$20,757. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$3,330. The lease has an interest rate of 0.3871%. The The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$19,527, and City of Pomona recognized lease revenue of \$41,844 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 3 extension option(s), each for 60 months.

On July 1, 2021, the City entered into a 17-month lease as Lessor for the use of Ralph Welch Park. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$61,371. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$20,757. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$3,330. The lease has an interest rate of 0.3871%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$19,527, and City of Pomona recognized lease revenue of \$41,844 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 3 extension option(s), each for 60 months.

On July 1, 2021, the City entered into a 57-month lease as Lessor for the use of Site No #IE05427A. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$187,420. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$151,487. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$3,116. The lease has an interest rate of 1.0586%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$148,329, and City of Pomona recognized lease revenue of \$39,091 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 2 extension option(s), each for 60 months.

On July 1, 2021, the City entered into a 7-month lease as Lessor for the use of Phillips Ranch Relo. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$18,103. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$0. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$2,589. The lease has an interest rate of 0.3160%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$0.00, and City of Pomona recognized lease revenue of \$18,103 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 5 extension option(s), each for 60 months.

On July 1, 2021, the City entered into a 52-month lease as Lessor for the use of 25 1/2 Canyon Rim Road. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$173,258. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$136,480. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$3,116. The lease has an interest rate of 0.8927%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$133,806, and City of Pomona recognized lease revenue of \$39,451 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 2 extension option(s), each for 60 months.

Note 7: Leases (Continued)

On July 1, 2021, the City entered into a 28-month lease as Lessor for the use of Site No #CA-7137-E. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$41,196. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$24,533. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$1,377. The lease has an interest rate of 0.5135%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$23,871, and City of Pomona recognized lease revenue of \$17,325 during the fiscal year.

On July 1, 2021, the City entered into a 71-month lease as Lessor for the use of Site No #IE04871A. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$47,849. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$39,067. The lessee is required to make annual fixed payments of \$9,348. The lease has an interest rate of 1.2170%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$39,837, and City of Pomona recognized lease revenue of \$8,012 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 3 extension option(s), each for 60 months.

On July 1, 2021, the City entered into a 51-month lease as Lessor for the use of 1400 East Mission Boulevard. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$13,726.10. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$10,598. The lessee is required to make monthly variable principal and interest payments of \$269 based on a CPI index of 0.00%. The lease has an interest rate of 0.8927%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$10,515, and City of Pomona recognized lease revenue of \$3,211 during the fiscal year.

On July 1, 2021, the City entered into a 20-month lease as Lessor for the use of Site No #IE24046B. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$9,041. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$0. The lessee is required to make annual fixed payments of \$9,076. The lease has an interest rate of 0.5135%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$3,616, and City of Pomona recognized lease revenue of \$5,424 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 3 extension option(s), each for 60 months.

	Governmental Activities								
		Principal							
Fiscal Year	F	ayments		Payments	Tota	l Payments			
2023	\$	231,389	\$	5,125	\$	236,514			
2024		178,648		3,360		182,008			
2025		135,168		1,871		137,039			
2026		102,239		540		102,779			

Total Leases Receivable at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Note 7: Leases (Continued)

b. Lease Payable and Right to Use Lease Assets

On July 1, 2021, the City entered into a 44-month lease as Lessee for the use of Site No #4052928. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$204,076. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease liability is \$152,391. City of Pomona is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$4,396. The lease has an interest rate of 0.8927%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2022 of \$204,076 with accumulated amortization of \$54,460 is included with Land on the Lease Class activities table found below.

Right-to-use leased assets include the following at June 30, 2022:

			Amount of		
		Le	ased Capital	Ac	cumulated
Lease Type	Major Class of Underlying Asset		Assets	An	nortization
Land Lease	Right-to-Use Lease - Land	\$	204,076	\$	54,460
	Total	\$	204,076	\$	54,460

Future principal and interest requirements to maturity for each lease liability are as follows:

	Governmental Activities								
	F	Principal							
Fiscal Year	P	ayments		Payments	Tota	al Payments			
2023	\$	53,596	\$	1,143	\$	54,739			
2024		55,725		656		56,381			
2025		43,070		160		43,230			
Total	\$	152,391	\$	1,959	\$	154,350			

Note 8: Land Held for Resale

At June 30, 2022, land held for resale in the amount of \$4,359,738 is reported at the acquisition cost in the Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund.

Note 9: Capital Assets

a. Government – Wide Financial Statements

At June 30, 2022, the City's capital assets consisted of the following:

Nondepreciable assets: \$ 81,087,590 \$ 9,089,782 \$ 90,177,33 Construction in Progress 59,268,801 16,932,664 76,201,44 Total nondepreciable assets 140,356,391 26,022,446 166,378,83	37 37 34 92 93
Construction in Progress 59,268,801 16,932,664 76,201,4	37 37 34 92 93
5	37 34 92 93
Total nondepreciable assets 140,356,391 26,022,446 166,378,83	34 92 93
	92 93
Depreciable assets:	92 93
Building and building improvements 16,139,151 3,482,783 19,621,9	93
Improvements other than buildings 69,007,233 849,759 69,856,9	
Machinery and Equipment 22,298,940 231,431,253 253,730,1	21
Furniture and fixtures 1,171,616 5,105 1,176,72	
Autos and trucks 12,737,044 6,893,839 19,630,8	33
Equipment under leases 3,363,689 4,257,381 7,621,0	70
Right-to-use - Land 204,076 - 204,07	76
Infrastructure 387,564,012 - 387,564,0	12
Total capital assets, at cost 512,485,761 246,920,120 759,405,86	31
Less accumulated depreciation:	
Building and building improvements (13,575,107) (3,359,531) (16,934,6	38)
Improvements other than buildings (35,117,755) (284,520) (35,402,2)	75)
Machinery and equipment (19,324,630) (102,006,031) (121,330,6	31)
Furniture and fixtures (1,029,298) (5,105) (1,034,4)3)
Autos and trucks (10,044,928) (5,054,969) (15,099,8	9 7)
Equipment under capitalized leases (1,720,251) (3,831,642) (5,551,8) 3)
Right-to-use - Land (54,460) - (54,4	30)
Infrastructure (277,275,528) - (277,275,5	28)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization (358,141,957) (114,541,798) (472,683,74	55)
Total depreciable assets, net 154,343,804 132,378,322 286,722,12	26
Total capital assets, net \$ 294,700,195 \$ 158,400,768 \$ 453,100,9	33

Note 9: Capital Assets (Continued)

b. Governmental Activities

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2022
Nondepreciable assets:	July 1, 2021	Additions	Deletions	Tansiers	Julie 30, 2022
Land	\$ 80,887,590	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 200,000	\$ 81,087,590
Construction in Progress	73,937,100	14,583,602	(1,644,500)	(27,607,401)	59,268,801
Total nondepreciable assets	154,824,690	14,583,602	(1,644,500)	(27,407,401)	140,356,391
Depreciable assets:					
Building and building improvements	15,081,452	-	-	1,057,699	16,139,151
Improvements other than buildings	65,560,366	-	-	3,446,867	69,007,233
Machinery and Equipment	21,887,459	374,995	(184,730)	221,216	22,298,940
Furniture and fixtures	1,149,397	22,219	-	-	1,171,616
Autos and trucks	12,763,719	709,918	(736,593)	-	12,737,044
Equipment under leases	3,656,570	-	(292,881)	-	3,363,689
Right-to-Use - Land	-	204,076	-	-	204,076
Infrastructure	388,508,753	-	(23,626,360)	22,681,619	387,564,012
Total capital assets, at cost	508,607,716	1,311,208	(24,840,564)	27,407,401	512,485,761
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization:					
Building and building improvements	(13,390,847)	(184,260)	-	-	(13,575,107)
Improvements other than buildings	(33,651,625)	(1,466,130)	-	-	(35,117,755)
Machinery and equipment	(18,928,501)	(580,859)	184,730	-	(19,324,630)
Furniture and fixtures	(993,856)	(35,442)	-	-	(1,029,298)
Autos and trucks	(10,109,547)	(665,423)	730,042	-	(10,044,928)
Equipment under leases	(1,680,089)	(306,981)	266,819	-	(1,720,251)
Right-to-Use - Land	-	(54,460)			(54,460)
Infrastructure	(293,314,213)	(6,049,435)	22,088,120	-	(277,275,528)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(372,068,678)	(9,342,990)	23,269,711		(358,141,957)
Total depreciable assets, net	136,539,038	(8,031,782)	(1,570,853)	27,407,401	154,343,804
Total capital assets, net	\$ 291,363,728	\$ 6,551,820	\$(3,215,353)	\$ -	\$ 294,700,195

Depreciation and amortization expense for capital assets of the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2022, is as follows:

General government	\$ 510,495
Public safety	1,264,371
Development services	6,516,252
Neighborhood services	1,011,841
Internal service funds	40,031
Total	\$ 9,342,990

Note 9: Capital Assets (Continued)

c. Business-Type Activities

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2022
Nondepreciable assets:	July 1, 2021	Additions	Deletions	1141151615	Julie 30, 2022
Land	\$ 9,089,782	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ 9,089,782
Construction in Progress	12,929,518	φ - 6,963,629	φ -	φ - (2,960,483)	16,932,664
Total nondepreciable assets	22,019,300	6,963,629		(2,960,483)	26,022,446
Total nondepi eclable assets	22,013,300	0,303,023		(2,300,403)	20,022,440
Depreciable assets:					
Building and building improvements	3,482,783	-	-	-	3,482,783
Improvements other than buildings	871,529	-	-	(21,770)	849,759
Machinery and Equipment	228,193,390	255,610	-	2,982,253	231,431,253
Furniture and fixtures	5,105	-	-	-	5,105
Autos and trucks	7,064,002	-	(170,163)	-	6,893,839
Equipment under leases	4,257,381	-	-	-	4,257,381
Total capital assets, at cost	243,874,190	255,610	(170,163)	2,960,483	246,920,120
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization:					
Building and building improvements	(3,349,882)	(9,649)	-	-	(3,359,531)
Improvements other than buildings	(251,285)	(33,235)	-	-	(284,520)
Machinery and equipment	(98,289,841)	(3,716,190)	-	-	(102,006,031)
Furniture and fixtures	(5,105)	-	-	-	(5,105)
Autos and trucks	(4,682,858)	(542,274)	170,163	-	(5,054,969)
Equipment under leases	(3,405,904)	(425,738)	-	-	(3,831,642)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(109,984,875)	(4,727,086)	170,163	-	(114,541,798)
Total depreciable assets, net	133,889,315	(4,471,476)		2,960,483	132,378,322
Total capital assets, net	\$155,908,615	\$ 2,492,153	\$-	\$ -	\$ 158,400,768

Depreciation and amoritization expense for capital assets of the business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2022, is as follows:

Water	\$ 3,525,708
Sewer	677,171
Refuse	518,359
Canon Water Company	5,848
Total	\$ 4,727,086

Note 10: Other Investments

Other Investments in Water Enterprise fund represent one-quarter of share of the San Antonio Water Company for a cost of \$9,000.

Note 11: Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes of long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2022	Due Within One Year	Due in more than One Year
Governmental Activities:						
Pollution remediation obligations	\$ 51,786	\$-	\$ (51,786)	\$-	\$-	\$-
Financed purchases	1,220,449	-	(174,352)	1,046,097	174,350	871,747
Collateralized borrowing	3,022,746	-	(57,437)	2,965,309	59,712	2,905,597
Notes Payable	450,888	1,539,211	(85,148)	1,904,951	283,135	1,621,816
Revenue Bonds	72,128,082	-	(3,600,369)	68,527,713	2,220,000	66,307,713
Pension obligation refunding bonds	204,139,568	-	(372,903)	203,766,665	7,187,766	196,578,899
Accreted interest	4,179,108	1,937,319	-	6,116,427	-	6,116,427
Total governmental activities	\$ 285,192,627	\$ 3,476,530	\$ (4,341,995)	\$ 284,327,162	\$ 9,924,963	\$ 274,402,199
	Balance			Balance	Due Within	Due in more
	July 1, 2021	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2022	One Year	than One Year
Business-Type Activities:	. , .					
Revenue Bonds	\$ 107,277,527	\$ -	\$ (2,621,742)	\$ 104,655,785	\$ 2,565,000	\$ 102,090,785
Pension Obligation bonds	21,108,787	<u> </u>	(7,689)	21,101,098	716,561	20,384,537
Total business-type activities	\$ 128,386,314	\$ -	\$ (2,629,431)	\$ 125,756,883	\$ 3,281,561	\$ 122,475,322

Pollution Remediation Obligations

The City acquired properties which were determined to have soil and groundwater contamination. The City is responsible for the investigation, characterization and remediation of the soil and groundwater from the contamination. The City's remediation costs were initially estimated at \$1,781,262. During the current fiscal year, the City had no clean-up cost. The remaining outstanding cost to complete the clean-up is estimated at \$0 at June 30, 2022.

Financed Purchases

At June 30, 2022, obligations under the lease consisted of the following:

		Balance							Balance	Du	ue Within
	Ju	ıly 1, 2021	Ac	lditions		D	eletions	Ju	ne 30, 2022	C	ne Year
BBVA	\$	1,220,449	\$		-	\$	(174,352)	\$	1,046,097	\$	174,350

The City has entered into numerous equipment lease-purchase agreements with a leasing company whereby the lessor acquired certain equipment and leased it to the City with an option to purchase. The related assets have been capitalized as capital assets.

The total leased assets by major asset class consisted of the following at June 30, 2022:

Equipment under capitalized leases, at cost	\$ 7,621,070
Accumulated depreciation	(5,551,893)
Equipment under capitalized leases, net	\$ 2,069,177

The depreciation expense for equipment under capitalized leases was \$732,719 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Note 11: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

The rates of interest on the lease purchase agreements range from 2.19% to 3.30% per annum. Future minimum lease payments under the lease at June 30, 2022 is as follows: Year Ending June 30,

J ,	
2023	\$ 205,628
2024	200,189
2025	194,749
2026	189,309
2027	183,869
2028	181,430
Subtotal	1,155,174
Less amount representing interest	(109,077)
Present value of future minimum lease payments	\$ 1,046,097

Collateralized Borrowing

During 2019, the City entered into a 31-year lease agreement with Crown Castle on five cell tower sites and received a one-time payment of \$3,131,140 in exchange for future rent revenues totaling \$5,394,000. The rate of this agreement is 3.89% per annum.

The annual debt service requirement for the collateralized borrowing at June 30, 2022, is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Pi	rincipal	 Interest	 Total
2023	\$	59,712	\$ 114,288	\$ 174,000
2024		62,076	111,924	174,000
2025		64,534	109,466	174,000
2026		67,090	106,910	174,000
2027		69,747	104,253	174,000
2028-2032		392,415	477,585	870,000
2033-2037		476,514	393,486	870,000
2038-2042		578,636	291,364	870,000
2042-2047		702,644	167,356	870,000
2048-2050		491,941	 30,058	 521,999
Total	\$ 2	,965,309	\$ 1,906,690	\$ 4,871,999

Notes Payable

At June 30, 2022, notes payable consisted of the following:

	Balance									e Within
	Jul	July 1, 2021		Additions		eletions	June 30, 2022		0	ne Year
HUD Section 108 Loan	\$	60,000	\$	-	\$	(20,000)	\$	40,000	\$	20,000
SoCalREN Revolving Loan Fund		-		1,539,211		-		1,539,211		197,987
Southern California Edison										
On Bill Financing		390,888		-		(65,148)		325,740		65,148
	\$	450,888	\$	1,539,211	\$	(85, 148)	\$	1,904,951	\$	283,135

Note 11: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

HUD Section 108 Loan

The City has three notes guaranteed by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD") under Section 108 of the Community Development Act and are payable from future Community Development Block Grant ("CDBG") entitlements. The notes were made to Casa Herrera (\$2,375,000) on February 1, 1998; Village Car Wash (\$100,000) on September 17, 2012; and Freddie's Auto Repair (\$100,000) on August 20, 2012. On June 30, 2010, the balance of the original loan for Casa Herrera was defeased to refinance the loan at a lower interest rate. The new interest rate for Casa Herrera ranges from 4.96% to 5.77%, with new loan terms beginning on February 1, 2011 and maturing August 1, 2016. The interest rate for both Village Car Wash and Freddie's Auto Repair is variable and equal to 20 basis points (0.2%) above the applicable London Interbank Offered Rates ("LIBOR"), at 2.5%, with loan terms beginning on July 1, 2013 and maturing on August 1, 2023. Casa Herrera is responsible for the principal payment on its note and the City is responsible for the interest payment. Village Car Wash and Freddie's Auto Repair are responsible for principal and interest payments on its notes. All notes are guaranteed by CDGB funds; thus, in the event of default, the City's CDBG entitlement funds may be used to cover any outstanding debt.

The annual debt service requirement at June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Inte	erest	Total		
2023	\$ 20,000		\$	-	\$	20,000	
2024		20,000		-		20,000	
Total	\$	40,000	\$	-	\$	40,000	

Southern California Edison On Bill Financing

On September 26, 2017, the City entered into the on-bill financing agreement with Southern California Edison for the Energy Solution Incentive Applicable. The agreement provides zero-interest financing for the installation of certain energy efficient streetlights up to \$623,628.

The annual debt service requirement at June 30, 2022 as follow:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Principal Interest		Total
2023	\$	\$ 65,148		-	\$ 65,148
2024		65,148		-	65,148
2025		65,148		-	65,148
2026		65,148		-	65,148
2027		65,148		-	65,148
Total	\$	325,740	\$	-	\$ 325,740

Note 11: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

SoCalREN Revolving Loan Fund

On August 12, 2021, the City entered into a loan agreement for the purpose of providing financing to fund mechanical and lighting upgrades at the City's Palomares Park, Community Center and Public Library. The agreement provides zero-interest financing up to \$1,539,211.

The annual debt service requirement at June 30, 2022 as follow:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Principal Interest			Total
2023	\$	197,987	\$	-	\$	197,987
2024		197,987		-		197,987
2025		197,987		-		197,987
2026		197,987		-		197,987
2027		747,263		-		747,263
Total	\$	1,539,211	\$	-	\$	1,539,211

Revenue Bonds – Governmental Activities

At June 30, 2022, revenue bonds consisted of the following:

	Balance July 1, 2021		Additions	Deletions		Balance June 30, 2022		Due Within One Year	
2005 Subordinate Revenue Bonds Series AL 2005 Reassessment and Refunding	\$	645,000	\$ -	\$	(645,000)	\$	-	\$	-
Bonds, Series AM		592,000	-		(592,000)		-		-
2016 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds Series BC		22,170,000	-		(1,195,000)		20,975,000		1,230,000
Unamortized Bond Premium		1,691,082	-		(113,369)		1,577,713		-
2017 Taxable Lease Revenue									
Refunding Bonds, Series BG		47,030,000	 -		(1,055,000)		45,975,000		990,000
Total	\$	72,128,082	\$ -	\$	(3,600,369)	\$	68,527,713	\$	2,220,000
Unomortized Deferred Less			 Palanaa					_	lanco

Unamortized Deferred Loss on Refunding	Balance				I	Balance
2017 Taxable Lease Revenue	July 1, 2021	Addi	tions	Deletions	Jun	ie 30, 2022
Refunding Bonds, Series BG	\$ (329,109)	\$	-	\$ 23,512	\$	(305,597)
Unamortized Deferred Gain on Refunding						
2016 Lease Revenue Refunding Bond, Series BC	\$ 357,275	\$	-	\$ (23,951)	\$	333,324

2005 Subordinate Revenue Bonds, Series AL- Original Issuance \$11,370,000

On February 1, 2005, the Public Financing Authority issued \$11,370,000 in 2005 Subordinate Revenue Bonds, Series AL to purchase the 2005 Reassessment and Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series AM, to finance certain capital improvements in the City and to fund a reserve account for the Bonds. Interest on the bonds in payable semiannually on each September 2 and March 2, commencing September 2, 2005. The rate of interest ranges from 2.50% to 5.10% per annum. Principal on the subordinate revenue bonds is payable in annual installments ranging from \$275,000 to \$955,000. During 2008, the bonds in the amount of \$1,975,000 were called.

Note 11: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

The remaining balance of these bonds were paid during fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

<u>2005 Reassessment and Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series AM – Original Issuance</u> <u>\$9,524,000</u>

On February 1, 2005, the City issued \$9,524,000 in 2005 Reassessment and Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series AM, to provide funds to refund the refunding Improvement Bonds, Assessment District No. 294. Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on each September 2 and March 2. The rate of interest is 7.22% per annum. During 2008, the bonds in the amount of \$1,920,000 were called.

The remaining balance of these bonds were paid during fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

2016 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series BC-Original Issuance \$26,645,000

On August 17, 2016, the Authority issued \$26,645,000 in 2016 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series BC, to (a) current refund the City's 2013 Certificates of Participation, Series AG and the Authority's 2005 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series AN, (b) purchase a reserve policy, and (c) pay for the cost of issuance.

The current refunding resulted in a difference between the acquisition price (Series BC) and the net carrying amount of the relinquished bonds (Series AG and AN) in the amount of \$437,040. This amount is reported as deferred gain on refunding. This deferred amount is amortized through June 1, 2034, the maturity date of the refunded debt (Series AG). The refunding also resulted in the net present value savings in the amount of \$6,224,352 and savings in debt service payment in the amount of \$9,737,668.

Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on each December 1 and June 1 and the final principal matures on June 1, 2036. The rates of interest range from 2% to 4% per annum. Principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$1,085,000 to \$1,810,000. The bonds are secured by certain revenues consisting of certain Lease Payments with respect to the leased property by the City.

The annual debt service requirement for the 2016 Lease Revenue Refunding bonds, Series BC outstanding at June 30, 2022, is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total		
2023	\$ 1,230,000	\$ 741,113	\$ 1,971,113		
2024	1,265,000	704,213	1,969,213		
2025	1,320,000	653,613	1,973,613		
2026	1,370,000	600,813	1,970,813		
2027	1,425,000	546,013	1,971,013		
2028-2032	7,965,000	1,895,219	9,860,219		
2033-2037	6,400,000	535,800	6,935,800		
Total	\$ 20,975,000	\$ 5,676,784	\$ 26,651,784		

Note 11: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

2017 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series BG-Original Issuance \$50,475,000

On June 30, 2017, the Authority issued \$50,475,000 in 2017 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series BG, (a) to current refund the Authority's 2006 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series AU and Series AV, and a portion of the City's 2006 Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series AR and (b) to pay for the premium of municipal bond insurance policy and municipal bond debt service reserve insurance policy, and (c) to pay for the cost of issuance.

The current refunding resulted in a difference between the acquisition price (Series BG) and the net carrying amount of the relinquished bonds (Series AR, AU, and AV) in the amount of \$423,223. The amount is reported as deferred loss on refunding. The deferred amount is amortized through July 1, 2035, the maturity date of the refund debt. The refunding also resulted in net present value saving in the amount of \$7,400,589 and saving in debt service payments in the amount of \$990,384

Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on each October 1 and April 1 and the final principal matures on April 1, 2045. The rates of interest range from 1.844% to 4.092% per annum. Principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$480,000 to \$3,470,000. The bonds are secured by certain revenues consisting of certain lease payments with respect to the leased property by the City.

The annual debt service requirement for 2017 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series BG outstanding at June 30, 2022, is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal			Interest	Total		
2023	\$	990,000	_	\$ 1,817,728	\$ 2,807,728		
2024		940,000		1,789,701	2,729,701		
2025		875,000		1,761,680	2,636,680		
2026		810,000		1,734,503	2,544,503		
2027		735,000		1,708,534	2,443,534		
2028-2032		5,765,000		8,138,619	13,903,619		
2033-2037	1	1,645,000		6,403,446	18,048,446		
2038-2042	1	4,215,000		3,837,682	18,052,682		
2043-2045	1	0,000,000		829,448	10,829,448		
Total	\$ 4	5,975,000	_	\$ 28,021,341	\$ 73,996,341		

Note 11: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Revenue Bonds – Business-Type Activities

2040 Develope Defending Develo	J	Balance uly 1, 2021	A	dditions		Deletions	Ju	Balance ine 30, 2022	-	ue Within One Year
2016 Revenue Refunding Bonds,	¢	0.405.000	¢		¢		¢	0 405 000	¢	
(Sewer Project), Series BB	\$	8,425,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,425,000	\$	-
Unamortized Bond Discount		(16,630)		-		777		(15,853)		-
2016 Taxable Revenue Refunding										
Bonds (Sewer Project), Series BD		2,830,000		-		(365,000)		2,465,000		370,000
Unamortized Bond Discount		(28,667)		-		3,687		(24,980)		-
2017 Refunding Revenue Bonds										
(Water Facilities), Series BE		32,355,000		-		-		32,355,000		-
Unamortized Bond Premium		2,872,824		-		(111,206)		2,761,618		-
2017 Taxable Refunding Revenue										
Bonds (Water Facilities), Series BF		48,100,000		-		(1,925,000)		46,175,000		1,970,000
2018 Taxable Refunding Revenue						. ,				
(Sewer Project), Series BH		12,740,000		-		(225,000)		12,515,000		235,000
Total	\$	107,277,527	\$	-	\$	(2,621,742)	\$	104,655,785	\$	2,575,000
Unamortized Deferred Loss on Refunding:										
2016 Revenue Refunding Bonds,	•	(0.47,000)	^		•	05 040	•	(044.047)		
(Sewer Project), Series BB 2016 Taxable Revenue Refunding	\$	(347,230)	\$	-	\$	35,613	\$	(311,617)		
Bonds (Sewer Project), Series BD		(119,044)		_		31,746		(87,298)		
Total	\$	(466,274)	\$	<u> </u>	\$	67,359	\$	(398,915)		
- Clair	<u> </u>	(400,274)	ф —		-	07,000	<u> </u>	(000,010)		
Unamortized Deferred Gain on Refunding:										
2017 Refunding Revenue Bonds										
(Water Facilities), Series BE	\$	1,205,672	\$	-	\$	(46,671)	\$	1,159,001		
2017 Taxable Refunding Revenue Bonds										
(Water Facilities), Series BF		1,721,363		-		(66,634)		1,654,729		
Total	\$	2,927,035	\$	-	\$	(113,305)	\$	2,813,730		

<u>2016 Revenue Refunding Bonds (Sewer Projects), Series BB – Original Issuance</u> <u>\$8,425,000</u>

On October 12, 2016, the Authority issued \$8,425,000 in 2016 Revenue Refunding Bonds Sewer Projects, Series BB, (a) to current refund the Authority's 2002 Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series AF and (b) to fund the initial reserve, and (c) to pay for the cost of issuance.

The current refunding resulted in a difference between the acquisition price (Series BB) and the net carrying amount of the relinquished bonds (Series AF) in the amount of \$437,832. This amount is reported as deferred loss on refunding. The deferred amount is amortized through December 1, 2035, the maturity date of the refunded debt. The refunding of Series AF with Series BB/BD also resulted in net present value savings in the amount of \$1,896,844 and saving in debt service payments in the amount of \$3,022,853.

Note 11: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on each December 1 and June 1 and the final principal matures on December 1, 2042. The rates of interest range from 3.25% to 4.00% per annum. Principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$360,000 to \$710,000. The bonds are secured by an installment Sale Agreement, dated as of November 1, 2016 between the City and the Authority. The Installment Payments are a special limited obligation of the City, payable from and secured by a pledge of and first lien on all Net Revenues, subject to the parity lien securing the Authority's 2007 Installment Sale Agreement, in the Sewer Enterprise Fund held by the City in trust under the Installment Sale Agreement.

The annual debt service requirement for the 2016 Revenue Refunding Bonds (Sewer Projects), Series BB outstanding at June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ -	\$ 292,019	\$ 292,019
2024	-	292,019	292,019
2025	-	292,019	292,019
2026	-	292,019	292,019
2027	-	292,019	292,019
2028-2032	1,775,000	1,326,193	3,101,193
2033-2037	2,735,000	888,886	3,623,886
2038-2042	3,205,000	397,323	3,602,323
2043	710,000	11,981	721,981
Total	\$ 8,425,000	\$ 4,084,478	\$ 12,509,478

2016 Taxable Revenue Refunding Bonds (Sewer Projects), Series BD – Original Issuance \$4,185,000

On October 12, 2016, the Authority issued \$4,185,000 in 2016 Taxable Revenue Refunding Bonds (Sewer Projects), Series BD (a) to current refund the Authority's 2002 Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series AF and (b) to fund the initial reserve, and (c) to pay for the cost of issuance.

The current refunding resulted in a difference between the acquisition price (Series BD) and the net carrying amount of the relinquished bonds (Series AF) in the amount of \$173,992. This amount is reported as deferred loss on refunding. The deferred amount is amortized through December 1, 2028, the maturity date of the refunding debt. See disclosure of Series BB for net present value savings and saving in debt service payments.

Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on each December 1 and June 1 and the final principal matures on December 1, 2028. The rates of interest range from 1.125% to 3.000% per annum. Principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$80,000 to \$425,000. The bonds are secured by an Installment Sale Agreement, dated as of November 1, 2016 between the City and the Authority. The Installment Payments are a special limited obligation of the City, payable from and secured by a pledge of and first lien on all Net Revenues, subject to the parity lien securing the Authority's 2007 Installment Sale Agreement, in the Sewer Enterprise Fund held by the City in trust under the Installment Sale Agreement.

Note 11: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

The annual debt service requirement for the 2016 Taxable Revenue Refunding Bonds (Sewer Projects), Series BD outstanding at June 30, 2022, is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Total
2023	\$	370,000		\$	61,069	\$	431,069		
2024		380,000			52,156		432,156		
2025	390,000		390,000 42,288		42,288		432,288		
2026		405,000			31,600		436,600		
2027		415,000			20,325		435,325		
2028		505,000			9,709		514,709		
Total	\$	2,465,000		\$	217,147	\$	2,682,147		

2017 Refunding Revenue Bonds (Water Facilities Project), Series BE – Original Issuance \$32,355,000

On April 20, 2017, the City issued \$32,355,000 in 2017 Refunding Revenue Bonds (Water Facilities Project), Series BE, (a) to current refund the Authority's 2007 Revenue Bonds, Series AY and (b) to pay for the cost of issuance.

The current refunding resulted in a difference between the acquisition price (Series BE) and the net carrying amount of the relinquished bonds (Series AY) in the amount of \$1,400,135. This amount is reported as deferred gain on refunding. The deferred amount is amortized through May 1, 2047, the maturity date of the refunded and refunding debt. The refunding also resulted in net present value savings in the amount of \$5,804,889 and savings in debt service payments in the amount of \$10,341,640.

Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on each November 1 and May 1 and the final principal matures on May 1, 2047. The rates of interest range from 4.000% to 5.000% per annum. Principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$745,000 to \$2,485,000. The bonds are limited obligations of the City payable solely from net revenues, which consist of revenues of the city's water system remaining after payment of operation and maintenance costs of the City's water system, and from amounts on deposit in certain funds and accounts created under the bond indenture, including the rate stabilization fund.

The annual debt service requirement for the 2017 Taxable Refunding Revenue Bonds (Water Facility Project), Series BE outstanding at June 30, 2022, is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ -	\$ 1,452,150	\$ 1,452,150
2024	-	1,452,150	1,452,150
2025	-	1,452,150	1,452,150
2026	-	1,452,150	1,452,150
2027	-	1,452,150	1,452,150
2028-2032	4,500,000	6,967,500	11,467,500
2033-2037	7,475,000	5,561,150	13,036,150
2038-2042	9,085,000	3,942,550	13,027,550
2043-2047	11,295,000	1,749,250	13,044,250
Total	\$ 32,355,000	\$ 25,481,200	\$ 57,836,200

Note 11: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

<u>2017 Taxable Refunding Revenue Bonds (Water Facilities Project), Series BF –</u> Original Issuance \$55,555,000

On April 20, 2017, the City issued \$55,555,000 in 2017 Taxable Refunding Revenue Bonds (Water Facilities Project), Series BF, (a) to current refund the Authority's 2007 Revenue Bonds, Series AY and 2007 Taxable Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series AZ and (b) to pay for the cost of issuance.

The current refunding resulted in a difference between the acquisition price (Series BF) and the net carrying amount of the relinquished bonds (series AY and AZ) in the amount of \$1,991,001. This amount is reported as deferred gain on refunding. The deferred amount is amortized through May 1, 2047, the maturity date of the refunded and refunding debt. The refunding also resulted in a net present value savings in the amount of \$9,412,637 and savings in debt service payments in the amount of \$26,091,863.

Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on each November 1 and May 1 and the final principal matures on May 1, 2047. The rates of interest range from 1.530% to 4.050% per annum. Principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$1,510,000 to \$2,420,000. The bonds are limited obligations of the City payable solely from net revenues, which consist of revenues from the City's water system remaining after payment of operation and maintenance costs of the City's water system, and from amounts on deposit in certain funds and accounts created under the bond indenture, including the rate stabilization fund.

The annual debt service requirement for the 2017 Taxable Refunding Revenue Bonds (Water Facility Project), Series BF outstanding at June 30, 2022, is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 1,970,000	\$ 1,703,379	\$ 3,673,379
2024	2,025,000	1,649,953	3,674,953
2025	2,080,000	1,591,998	3,671,998
2026	2,145,000	1,529,598	3,674,598
2027	2,210,000	1,463,102	3,673,102
2028-2032	7,815,000	6,345,952	14,160,952
2033-2037	7,570,000	5,019,180	12,589,180
2038-2042	9,180,000	3,408,683	12,588,683
2043-2047	11,180,000	1,394,820	12,574,820
Total	\$ 46,175,000	\$ 24,106,665	\$ 70,281,665

Note 11: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

2018 Taxable Refunding Revenue Bonds (Sewer Project), Series BH – Original Issuance \$13,390,000

On February 14, 2018, the City issued \$13,390,000 in 2018 Refunding Revenue Bonds (Sewer Project), Series BH, (a) to current refund the Authority's 2007 Revenue Bonds (Sewer Project) Series BA and (b) to pay for the cost of issuance.

The current refunding resulted in the economic gain in the amount of \$1,807,498 and the debt service payment saving in the amount of \$3,155,990. The current refunding resulted in no deferred gains or losses as the bond proceeds net of the issuance discount was sufficient to cover repayment of 2007 Revenue Bonds (Sewer Project), Series BA, the interest due, and the issuance cost of the 2018 Taxable Refunding Revenue Bonds (Sewer Project), Series BH.

Interests on the bonds is payable semiannually on each December 1 and June 1 and the final principal matures on December 1, 2046. The rates of interest range from 3.80% to 4.50% per annum.

The annual debt service requirement for the 2017 Taxable Refunding Revenue Bonds (Sewer Project), Series BH outstanding at June 30, 2022, is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Principal Interest			Total
2023	\$	235,000	\$	491,013	\$	726,013
2024		240,000		483,793		723,793
2025		250,000		476,058		726,058
2026		250,000		467,883		717,883
2027		260,000		459,245		719,245
2028-2032	1	,470,000		2,141,045		3,611,045
2033-2037	1	,775,000		1,825,100		3,600,100
2038-2042	2	2,180,000		1,430,070		3,610,070
2043-2047	5	5,855,000		681,113		6,536,113
Total	\$ 12,515,000		\$	8,455,320	\$ 2	20,970,320

Note 11: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Dension Obligation Bonds

contributions to CalPERS.

Pension Obligation	Bor	nas							
		Balance					Balance	D	ue Within
	Ju	uly 1, 2021	/	Additions	Deletions	Ju	ne 30, 2022	(One Year
Governmental Activities									
2006 Pension Obligation Bonds,									
Series AR	\$	3,208,299	\$	-	\$ (299,726)	\$	2,908,573	\$	319,328
Accreted Interest		4,179,108		1,937,319	-		6,116,427		-
2020 Pension Obligation Bonds,									
Series BJ		198,985,613		-	-		198,985,613		6,868,438
Bond Premium		1,945,656		-	(73,177)		1,872,479		-
Business-Type Activities									
2020 Pension Obligation Bonds,									
Series BJ		20,904,387		-	-		20,904,387		721,562
Bond Premium		204,400			(7,689)		196,711		
Total	\$	229,447,463	\$	1,937,319	\$ (380,592)	\$	230,984,190	\$	7,909,328

2006 Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series AR- Original Issuance \$42,280,684

The City is a member of the California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS"), a public employees' defined benefits retirement program. In 2004, the City issued \$32,300,000 and \$5,700,000 in Pension Obligation Bonds, in order to fund the City's unamortized, unfunded actuarial accrued liability and to fund the current year General Fund

On February 1, 2006, the City issued \$42,280,684 in 2006 Pension Obligations Refunding Bonds, Series AR to refund the City's outstanding Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 004 AJ and its Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2004 AK, to capitalize certain interest on the Bonds and to pay the costs of issuing the Bonds. The refunding achieved net present value savings of \$868,932, or 2.3% of refunded par and changed the debt structure from variable rate to fixed rate.

The Bonds were issued as current interest bonds in the principal amount of \$36,205,000 and as capital appreciations bonds in the original issue amount of \$6,075,684.

Interest on the current interest bonds is payable semi-annually on each January 1 and July 1. The rates of interest vary and range from 5.492% to 5.832% per annum. Principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$71,302 to \$5,140,000. The current interest bonds were current refunded by the 2017 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series BG during the year ended June 30, 2017.

The capital appreciation bonds bear interest ranges from 5.24% to 5.68% and are payable only at maturity. The accreted value of each capital appreciation bond is equal to its accreted value upon the maturity thereof, being comprised of its initial purchase price and the accreted interest between the delivery date and its respective maturity date. The obligation of the City to make payments with respect to the Bonds is an absolute and unconditional obligation of the City imposed upon the City by the Retirement Law and is not limited to any special source of funds. The City's obligation for the Bonds is any money available in the City's General Fund. The Bonds are not secured or limited as to payment

Note 11: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

by any special source of funds of the City. The current interest bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity. The capital appreciation bonds are not subject to redemption prior to maturity.

July 1, 2017, principal and interest payments for the capital appreciation bonds were redeemed through the issuance of 2017 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series BG. The proceeds were deposited to the trust account on June 29, 2017.

The annual debt service requirement outstanding at June 30, 2022, is as follows:

Year Ending					Accreted		
June 30,	F	Principal Interest		 Interest	Total		
2023	\$	319,328		\$ 123,736	\$ -	\$	443,064
2024		332,130		176,634	-		508,764
2025		346,154		229,532	-		575,686
2026		359,352		298,392	-		657,744
2027		371,682		370,006	-		741,688
2028-2029		1,179,927	_	1,074,047	 6,116,427		8,370,401
Total	\$	2,908,573		\$ 2,272,347	\$ 6,116,427	\$	11,297,347

2020 Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds, Series BJ - Original Issuance \$219,890,000

On August 13, 2020, the City issued \$219,890,000 in 2020 Taxable Pension Obligations Bonds, Series BJ to pay all or a portion of the City's currently unamortized, unfunded accrued actuarial liability to the California Public Employees Retirement system with respect to the City's defined benefit retirement plans for City employees and to pay costs of issuance of the bonds. The bonds liability has be allocated between the City's governmental activities (0.743%) and City's business-type activities (0.257%).

Interest on the bonds ranging from 2.474% to 4.000% are payable semiannually on February 1 and August 1 of each year, commence in February 2021 through the maturity on August 2046. Principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$7,590,000 to \$11,650,000 on August 1.

The bonds are not secured by any property other than the funds that the City has actually deposited with the Trustee. If the City is in bankruptcy, it may not be obligated to make further deposits with the trustee, it may not be obligated to make any further allocations to the bonds and it may not be obligated to turn over to the trustee any moneys that have been allocated to the Bonds in the City treasury. As a result, the bonds would be treated as unsecured obligations of the City in an bankruptcy case.

Note 11: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

The annual debt service requirement for 2020 Taxable Pension Obligations Bonds, Series BJ outstanding at June 30, 2022, is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 7,590,000	\$ 7,497,768	\$ 15,087,768
2024	7,900,000	7,187,968	15,087,968
2025	8,220,000	6,865,567	15,085,567
2026	8,555,000	6,530,068	15,085,068
2027	8,840,000	6,249,617	15,089,617
2028-2032	48,080,000	27,363,848	75,443,848
2033-2037	56,395,000	19,044,665	75,439,665
2038-2042	55,455,000	8,439,896	63,894,896
2043-2047	18,855,000	912,883	19,767,883
Total	\$ 219,890,000	\$ 90,092,280	\$ 309,982,280

Pledged Revenue

The City has pledged certain revenue to the repayment of its Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund bonds through final maturity on May 1, 2047, or earlier. These bonds were issued to refinance Series AF, AY, AZ and BA. All net available revenues are irrevocably pledged by the City to the repayment of the bond's debt services. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the Water and Sewer Enterprise Funds have net available revenues of \$27,258,135 and total debt service paid was \$8,771,178. The sewer and Water Revenue Bonds require net revenue of 100% and 120% of debt service, respectively. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require roughly 45% of future net revenue. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid at June 30, 2022, on the Bonds is as follows:

Debt Issue	Remaining Balance
2016 Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series BB	\$ 12,509,478
2016 Taxable Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series BD	2,682,147
2017 Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series BE	57,836,200
2017 Taxable Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series BF	70,281,665
2018 Revenue Bonds (Sewer Project), Series BH	20,970,320
Total	\$ 164,279,810
Revenue	2021-2022
Net available revenues, excluding debt service	\$ 27,258,135

Note 11: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Outstanding Principal on Capital-Related Debt

The City has acquired capital assets through the issuance of bonds and lease obligations. The following is the outstanding balance at June 30, 2022, of capital assets and related debt:

	Dutstanding pital Related Debt, net
Governmental Activities	
2016 Refunding Revenue Bond, Series BC 2017 Taxable Lease Revenue Refunding	\$ 22,552,713
Bonds, Series BG (24.4%)	45,669,403
Financed Purchase and lease obligation	1,198,488
Total	\$ 69,420,604
Business-Type Activities Water Enterprise Fund:	
2017 Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series BE	\$ 36,275,619
2017 Taxable Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series BF	47,829,729
Subtotal	 84,105,348
Sewer Enterprise Fund:	
2016 Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series BB	8,097,530
2016 Taxable Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series BD	2,352,722
2018 Taxable Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series BH	 12,515,000
Subtotal	 22,965,252
Total	\$ 107,070,600

Note 12: Compensated Absences

The City's policies relating to compensated absences are described in Note 1. The liability will be paid in future years by the General Fund. In the business-type activities, the liability for vested and unpaid compensated absences (accrued, vacation, sick pay, executive leave, and comp time) is reported in the fund as the benefits are earned and vest. For the business-type activities, the liabilities will be liquidated in future years from the respective enterprise funds.

	Balance			Balance	Due Within
	July 1, 2021	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2022	One Year
Governmental Activities	\$ 8,413,531	\$ 5,751,021	\$ (4,955,936)	\$ 9,208,616	\$ 5,960,129
Business-Type Activities	1,660,246	1,149,655	(1,052,593)	1,757,308	1,161,074
	\$ 10,073,777	\$ 6,900,676	\$ (6,008,529)	\$ 10,965,924	\$ 7,121,203

Note 13: Non-City Obligations

The following bond issues are not reflected as City long-term debt because these debts are solely payable from and secured by specific revenue sources described in the official statements of the respective issues. Neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the City, the Successor Agency, the State of California, or any political subdivision thereof, is pledged for payment of these bonds. Accordingly, since this debt does not constitute an obligation of the City, it is not reflected as long-term debt in the accompanying basic financial statements. The City is acting only as an agent.

Mortgage Revenue Bonds

Single family and multifamily housing revenue bonds were issued to provide construction and permanents financing to developers of multifamily residential projects located in the City to be partially occupied by persons of low and moderate income. These bonds are secured by first trust deeds and private mortgage insurance. The bonds, together with interest thereon, are payable solely from home mortgage and developer loans secured by first deeds of trust, irrevocable letters of credit and irrevocable surety bonds. The mortgage revenue bonds outstanding at June 30, 2022, is as follows:

	Ba	lance as of
Mortgage Revenue Bonds	Ju	ne 30, 2022
Single Family Mortgage Refunding Bonds 90A	\$	4,685,000
Single Family Mortgage Refunding Bonds 90B		2,865,000
Total	\$	7,550,000

Note 14: Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Deferred Outflows of Resources: Pension contributions made after measurement date: Miscellaneous \$ 1,933,690 \$ 667,126 \$ 2,600,816 Safety 4,512,251 - 4,512,251 Difference between expected and actual experience: 98,932 34,108 133,040 Safety 1,662,256 - 1,662,256 Collateral Plan 57,098 - 57,098 Net difference in projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments: 25,079 - 25,079 Collateral Plan \$ 8,289,306 \$ 701,234 \$ 8,990,540 Net Pension Liabilities: \$ 494,984 \$ - \$ 494,984 Collateral Plan \$ 494,984 \$ - \$ 494,984 Total net pension liabilities: \$ 494,984 \$ - \$ 494,984 Miscellaneous \$ (34,575,128) \$ (11,928,070) \$ (46,503,198) Safety (59,293,727) - (59,293,727) Total net pension liabilities/(asset): \$ (93,868,855) \$ (11,928,070) \$ (46,60,312) Miscellaneous \$ (26,364,665) \$ (9,095,544)		Governmental Activities		Βι	isiness-Type Activities	Total		
Miscellaneous \$ 1,933,690 \$ 667,126 \$ 2,600,816 Safety 4,512,251 - 4,512,251 Difference between expected and actual experience: 98,932 34,108 133,040 Safety 1,662,256 - 1,662,256 Collateral Plan 57,098 - 57,098 Net difference in projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments: 25,079 - 25,079 Collateral Plan 25,079 - 25,079 Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 8,289,306 \$ 701,234 \$ 8,990,400 Net Pension Liabilities: \$ 494,984 \$ - \$ 494,984 \$ 494,984 Total net pension liabilities: \$ 494,984 \$ - \$ 494,984 \$ - \$ 494,984 Net Pension Liability/(Assets): \$ (34,575,128) \$ (11,928,070) \$ (46,503,198) \$ (59,293,727) - 5 (105,796,925) Deferred Inflows of Resources: \$ (26,364,665) \$ (9,095,544) \$ (35,460,209) \$ (46,526,312) - 4(6,826,312) - 4(6,826,312) - 4(6,826,312) - 4(6,826,312) - 4(6,826,6312) - (46	Deferred Outflows of Resources:							
Safety 4,512,251 - 4,512,251 Difference between expected and actual experience: Miscellaneous 98,932 34,108 133,040 Safety 1,662,256 - 1,662,256 - 1,662,256 Collateral Plan 57,098 - 57,098 - 57,098 Net difference in projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments: 25,079 - 25,079 Collateral Plan 25,079 - 25,079 - 25,079 Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 8,289,306 \$ 701,234 \$ 8,990,540 Net Pension Liabilities: \$ 494,984 \$ - \$ 494,984 Total net pension liabilities: \$ 494,984 \$ - \$ 494,984 Safety (59,293,727) \$ (11,928,070) \$ (46,503,198) (59,293,727) \$ (105,796,925) \$ (105,796,925) \$ (105,796,925) \$ (105,796,925) \$ (105,796,925) \$ (105,796,925)	Pension contributions made after measurement date:							
Difference between expected and actual experience: $98,932$ $34,108$ $133,040$ Safety $1,662,256$ $ 1,662,256$ Collateral Plan $57,098$ $ 57,098$ Net difference in projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments: $25,079$ $ 25,079$ Total deferred outflows of resources $$$$ $8,289,306$ $$$$ $701,234$ $$$$ $8,990,540$ Net Pension Liabilities: Collateral Plan $$$$ $494,984$ $$$$ $$$$ $$$$ $$$$ Collateral Plan $$$$	Miscellaneous	\$	1,933,690	\$	667,126	\$	2,600,816	
Difference between expected and actual experience: $98,932$ $34,108$ $133,040$ Safety $1,662,256$ $ 1,662,256$ Collateral Plan $57,098$ $ 57,098$ Net difference in projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments: $25,079$ $ 25,079$ Collateral Plan $25,079$ $ 25,079$ $ 25,079$ Total deferred outflows of resources $\$$ $8,289,306$ $\$$ $701,234$ $\$$ $8,990,540$ Net Pension Liabilities: Collateral Plan $$$ 494,984 $$ $$ $ $<$	Safety		4,512,251		-			
Miscellaneous 98,932 34,108 133,040 Safety 1,662,256 - 1,662,256 Collateral Plan 57,098 - 57,098 Net difference in projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments: 25,079 - 25,079 Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 8,289,306 \$ 701,234 \$ 8,990,540 Net Pension Liabilities: Collateral Plan \$ 5,079 - 25,079 Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 8,289,306 \$ 701,234 \$ 8,990,540 Net Pension Liabilities: \$ 494,984 \$ - \$ 494,984 Total net pension liabilities: \$ (34,575,128) \$ (11,928,070) \$ (46,503,198) Miscellaneous \$ (93,868,855) \$ (11,928,070) \$ (46,503,198) (59,293,727) Total net pension liabilities/(asset): \$ (93,868,855) \$ (11,928,070) \$ (46,503,198) (59,293,727) Deferred Inflows of Resources: \$ (26,364,665) \$ (9,095,544) \$ (35,460,209) (46,826,312) - (46,826,312) - (46,826,312) - (46,826,312) - (46,826,6312) 5 (9,095,544) \$ (82,286,521) (46,826,512) </td <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	-							
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pension plan investments: Collateral Plan $25,079$ - $25,079$ Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 8,289,306 \$ 701,234 \$ 8,990,540 Net Pension Liabilities: \$ 494,984 \$ - \$ 494,984 Total net pension liabilities: \$ 494,984 \$ - \$ 494,984 Total net pension liability/(Assets): \$ (34,575,128) \$ (11,928,070) \$ (46,6503,198) Miscellaneous \$ (34,575,128) \$ (11,928,070) \$ (46,6503,198) Safety (59,293,727) - (59,293,727) Total net pension liabilities/(asset): \$ (93,868,855) \$ (11,928,070) \$ (105,796,925) Deferred Inflows of Resources: Net difference in projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments: \$ (26,364,665) \$ (9,095,544) \$ (35,460,209) Safety (46,826,312) - (46,826,312) - (46,826,312) Total deferred inflows of resources \$ (73,190,977) \$ (82,286,521) \$ (82,286,521) Pension Expense (Credit): Miscellaneous \$ (4,636,694) \$ (1,599,612) \$ (6,236,306) Safety (6,995,047					-			
pension plan investments: $25,079$ $ 25,079$ Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 8,289,306 \$ 701,234 \$ 8,990,540 Net Pension Liabilities: $$ 494,984$ \$ $-$ \$ 494,984 Total net pension liabilities: \$ 494,984 \$ - \$ 494,984 Net Pension Liability/(Assets): \$ (34,575,128) \$ (11,928,070) \$ (46,503,198) Miscellaneous \$ (34,575,128) \$ (11,928,070) \$ (46,503,198) Safety (59,293,727) - (59,293,727) Total net pension liabilities/(asset): \$ (93,868,855) \$ (11,928,070) \$ (105,796,925) Deferred Inflows of Resources: \$ (93,868,855) \$ (11,928,070) \$ (105,796,925) Deferred Inflows of Resources: \$ (26,364,665) \$ (9,095,544) \$ (35,460,209) Safety (46,826,312) - (46,826,312) - Total deferred inflows of resources \$ (73,190,977) \$ (82,286,521) \$ (82,286,521) Pension Expense (Credit): \$ (4,636,694) \$ (1,599,612) \$ (62,236,306) \$ (6,995,047) \$ (6,995,047) \$ (6,995,047) \$ (6,995,047) \$ (6,995,047) \$ (6,995,047)	Net difference in projected and actual earnings on		,				,	
Collateral Plan $25,079$ $ 25,079$ Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 8,289,306 \$ 701,234 \$ 8,990,540 Net Pension Liabilities: $$$ $494,984$ $$$ $ $$ $494,984$ Total net pension liabilities: $$$ $$494,984$ $$$ $ $$ $$494,984$ Net Pension Liability/(Assets): $$$ $$494,984$ $$$ $ $$ $$494,984$ Net Pension Liability/(Assets): $$$ $$(34,575,128)$ $$$ $$(11,928,070)$ $$$ $$(46,503,198)$ Safety $$$ $$(33,688,855)$ $$$ $$(11,928,070)$ $$$ $$(46,503,198)$ Deferred Inflows of Resources: $$$ $$$ $$(35,460,209)$ $$$ $$(15,796,925)$ Deferred Inflows of Resources: $$$ <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>								
Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 8,289,306 \$ 701,234 \$ 8,990,540 Net Pension Liabilities: \$ 494,984 \$ - \$ 494,984 Total net pension liabilities: \$ 494,984 \$ - \$ 494,984 Net Pension Liability/(Assets): \$ (34,575,128) \$ (11,928,070) \$ (46,503,198) Miscellaneous \$ (34,575,128) \$ (11,928,070) \$ (46,503,198) Safety $(59,293,727)$ $ (59,293,727)$ $ (59,293,727)$ Total net pension liabilities/(asset): \$ (93,868,855) \$ (11,928,070) \$ (105,796,925) Deferred Inflows of Resources: \$ (26,364,665) \$ (9,095,544) \$ (35,460,209) Net difference in projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments: \$ (26,364,665) \$ (9,095,544) \$ (35,460,209) Safety $(46,826,312)$ $-$ \$ (46,826,312) $-$ \$ (46,826,312) $-$ Pension Expense (Credit): \$ (4,636,694) \$ (1,599,612) \$ (6,236,306) \$ (6,995,047) $ (6,995,047)$ $ (6,995,047)$ Collateral Plan $(379,046)$ $ (379,046)$ $ (379,046)$ $-$			25.079		-		25.079	
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Total net pension liabilities: \$ 494,984 \$ - \$ 494,984 Net Pension Liability/(Assets): Miscellaneous \$ (34,575,128) \$ (11,928,070) \$ (46,503,198) Safety (59,293,727) - (59,293,727) - (59,293,727) Total net pension liabilities/(asset): \$ (93,868,855) \$ (11,928,070) \$ (46,503,198) Deferred Inflows of Resources: Net difference in projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments: \$ (26,364,665) \$ (9,095,544) \$ (35,460,209) Safety (46,826,312) - (46,826,312) - (46,826,312) Total deferred inflows of resources \$ (73,190,977) \$ (9,095,544) \$ (82,286,521) Pension Expense (Credit): \$ (4,636,694) \$ (1,599,612) \$ (6,236,306) Miscellaneous \$ (4,636,694) \$ (1,599,612) \$ (6,236,306) Safety (6,995,047) - (6,995,047) - Collateral Plan \$ (379,046) - \$ (379,046) -	Net Pension Liabilities:							
Net Pension Liability/(Assets): \$ (34,575,128) \$ (11,928,070) \$ (46,503,198) Safety (59,293,727) - (59,293,727) Total net pension liabilities/(asset): \$ (93,868,855) \$ (11,928,070) \$ (105,796,925) Deferred Inflows of Resources: Net difference in projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments: \$ (26,364,665) \$ (9,095,544) \$ (35,460,209) Safety (46,826,312) - (46,826,312) - (46,826,312) Total deferred inflows of resources \$ (73,190,977) \$ (9,095,544) \$ (82,286,521) Pension Expense (Credit): \$ (4,636,694) \$ (1,599,612) \$ (6,236,306) Safety (6,995,047) - (6,995,047) (6,995,047) Collateral Plan (379,046) - (379,046) - (379,046)	Collateral Plan	\$	494,984	\$	-	\$	494,984	
Miscellaneous \$ (34,575,128) \$ (11,928,070) \$ (46,503,198) Safety (59,293,727) - (59,293,727) Total net pension liabilities/(asset): \$ (93,868,855) \$ (11,928,070) \$ (105,796,925) Deferred Inflows of Resources: Net difference in projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments: \$ (26,364,665) \$ (9,095,544) \$ (35,460,209) Safety (46,826,312) - (46,826,312) - (46,826,312) Total deferred inflows of resources \$ (73,190,977) \$ (9,095,544) \$ (82,286,521) Pension Expense (Credit): \$ (4,636,694) \$ (1,599,612) \$ (6,236,306) Safety (6,995,047) - (6,995,047) Collateral Plan (379,046) - (379,046)	Total net pension liabilities:	\$	494,984	\$	-	\$	494,984	
Miscellaneous \$ (34,575,128) \$ (11,928,070) \$ (46,503,198) Safety (59,293,727) - (59,293,727) Total net pension liabilities/(asset): \$ (93,868,855) \$ (11,928,070) \$ (105,796,925) Deferred Inflows of Resources: Net difference in projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments: \$ (26,364,665) \$ (9,095,544) \$ (35,460,209) Safety (46,826,312) - (46,826,312) - (46,826,312) Total deferred inflows of resources \$ (73,190,977) \$ (9,095,544) \$ (82,286,521) Pension Expense (Credit): \$ (4,636,694) \$ (1,599,612) \$ (6,236,306) Safety (6,995,047) - (6,995,047) Collateral Plan (379,046) - (379,046)								
Safety (59,293,727) - (59,293,727) Total net pension liabilities/(asset): $$$ (93,868,855)$ $$$ (11,928,070)$ $$$ (105,796,925)$ Deferred Inflows of Resources: Net difference in projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments: $$$ (26,364,665)$ $$$ (9,095,544)$ $$$ (35,460,209)$ Safety (46,826,312) - (46,826,312) - (46,826,312) Total deferred inflows of resources $$$ (73,190,977)$ $$$ (9,095,544)$ $$$ (82,286,521)$ Pension Expense (Credit): * (4,636,694) \$ (1,599,612) \$ (6,236,306) Safety (6,995,047) - (6,995,047) - (6,995,047) Collateral Plan (379,046) - (379,046) - (379,046)	Net Pension Liability/(Assets):							
Total net pension liabilities/(asset): \$ (93,868,855) \$ (11,928,070) \$ (105,796,925) Deferred Inflows of Resources: Net difference in projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments: \$ (26,364,665) \$ (9,095,544) \$ (35,460,209) Safety (46,826,312) - (46,826,312) - (46,826,312) - Pension Expense (Credit): \$ (1,599,612) \$ (6,236,306) \$ (6,995,047) - (6,995,047) - (6,995,047) Collateral Plan (379,046) - (379,046) - (379,046) - (379,046)	Miscellaneous	\$	(34,575,128)	\$	(11,928,070)	\$	(46,503,198)	
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Net difference in projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments: Miscellaneous \$ (26,364,665) \$ (9,095,544) \$ (35,460,209) Safety (46,826,312) - (46,826,312) Total deferred inflows of resources \$ (73,190,977) \$ (9,095,544) \$ (82,286,521) Pension Expense (Credit): \$ (4,636,694) \$ (1,599,612) \$ (6,236,306) Safety \$ (4,636,694) \$ (1,599,612) \$ (6,995,047) Collateral Plan \$ (379,046) - (379,046)	Safety		(59,293,727)		-		(59,293,727)	
Net difference in projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments: Miscellaneous Safety Total deferred inflows of resources (46,826,312) (9,095,544) (35,460,209) (46,826,312) (9,095,544) (35,460,209) (46,826,312) (9,095,544) (82,286,521) Pension Expense (Credit): Miscellaneous Safety (4,636,694) (1,599,612) (6,995,047) (6,995,047) (379,046) (379,046) 	Total net pension liabilities/(asset):	\$	(93,868,855)	\$	(11,928,070)	\$	(105,796,925)	
Net difference in projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments: Miscellaneous Safety Total deferred inflows of resources (46,826,312) (9,095,544) (35,460,209) (46,826,312) (9,095,544) (35,460,209) (46,826,312) (9,095,544) (82,286,521) Pension Expense (Credit): Miscellaneous (4,636,694) (1,599,612) (6,236,306) (6,995,047) (6,995,047) (379,046) (379,046) 	Deferred Inflows of Pessuress							
pension plan investments: Miscellaneous \$ (26,364,665) \$ (9,095,544) \$ (35,460,209) Safety (46,826,312) - (46,826,312) - (46,826,312) Total deferred inflows of resources \$ (73,190,977) \$ (9,095,544) \$ (35,460,209) (46,826,312) Pension Expense (Credit): \$ (73,190,977) \$ (9,095,544) \$ (82,286,521) Miscellaneous \$ (4,636,694) \$ (1,599,612) \$ (6,236,306) Safety (6,995,047) - (6,995,047) Collateral Plan (379,046) - (379,046)								
Miscellaneous \$ (26,364,665) \$ (9,095,544) \$ (35,460,209) Safety (46,826,312) - (46,826,312) - (46,826,312) Total deferred inflows of resources \$ (73,190,977) \$ (9,095,544) \$ (82,286,521) Pension Expense (Credit):								
Safety Total deferred inflows of resources $(46,826,312)$ \$ (73,190,977)- $(46,826,312)$ \$ (9,095,544)Pension Expense (Credit): Miscellaneous Safety Collateral Plan\$ (4,636,694) (6,995,047)\$ (1,599,612) - (6,995,047)\$ (6,236,306) (6,995,047)		¢	(26 364 665)	¢	(0,005,544)	¢	(35 460 200)	
Total deferred inflows of resources \$ (73,190,977) \$ (9,095,544) \$ (82,286,521) Pension Expense (Credit): Miscellaneous \$ (4,636,694) \$ (1,599,612) \$ (6,236,306) Safety (6,995,047) - (6,995,047) - (6,995,047) Collateral Plan (379,046) - (379,046)		φ		φ	(9,095,544)	φ		
Pension Expense (Credit): \$ (4,636,694) \$ (1,599,612) \$ (6,236,306) Safety (6,995,047) - (6,995,047) Collateral Plan (379,046) - (379,046)	5	¢		¢	(0.005.544)	¢		
Miscellaneous \$ (4,636,694) \$ (1,599,612) \$ (6,236,306) Safety (6,995,047) - (6,995,047) Collateral Plan (379,046) - (379,046)	Total deletted filliows of resources	φ	(73,190,977)	φ	(9,095,544)	φ	(02,200,321)	
Miscellaneous \$ (4,636,694) \$ (1,599,612) \$ (6,236,306) Safety (6,995,047) - (6,995,047) Collateral Plan (379,046) - (379,046)	Pension Expense (Credit):							
Safety (6,995,047) - (6,995,047) Collateral Plan (379,046) - (379,046)		\$	(4,636,694)	\$	(1,599,612)	\$	(6,236,306)	
Collateral Plan (379,046) - (379,046)	Safety				-			
	-		,		-		,	
	Total pension expense	\$	(12,010,787)	\$	(1,599,612)	\$	(13,610,399)	

CITY OF POMONA

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Note 14: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

a. CalPERS Plans

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

The City contributes to the California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS"), and agent multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statue and City ordinance. A full description of the pension plan regarding number of employees covered, benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information are listed in the annual actuarial valuation report. This report and CalPERS' audited financial statements are publicly available reports that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

Benefit Provided

CalPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries.

The plans' provisions and benefits in effect for the measurement period ended June 30, 2021 are summarized as follows:

Miscellaneous Plan								
	Tier 1*	Tier 2*	PEPRA					
		On or After August 14, 2011 to	On or after					
Hire Date	Prior to August 14, 2011	January 1, 2013	January 2, 2013					
Benefit formula	2.0% @ 55	2.0% @ 60	2.0% @ 62					
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service					
Benefit payments	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life					
Retirement age	Minimum 50 years	Minimum 50 years	Minimum 52 years					
Monthly benefits, as a % of								
eligible compensation	1.426% - 2.418%, 50 - 63+ years, respectively	1.092% - 2.418%, 50 - 63+ years, respectively	1.000% - 2.5000%, 52 - 67+ years, respectively					
Required employee contribution rates Required employer contribution	6.920%	6.920%	6.250%					
rates	8.920%	8.920%	8.226%					

*Plan is closed to new entrants

Note 14: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Safety Plan								
	Tier 1*	Tier 2*	PEPRA					
		On or After						
	Prior to	November 21, 2010 to	On or after					
Hire Date	November 21, 2010	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013					
Benefit formula	3.0% @ 50	3.0% @ 55	2.7% @ 57					
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service					
Benefit payments	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life					
Retirement age	Minimum 50 years	Minimum 50 years	Minimum 52 years					
Monthly benefits, as a % of								
eligible compensation		2.400% - 3.000%,	2.000% - 2.700%,					
		50 - 55 years,	50 - 57+ years,					
	3.000%, 50+ years	respectively	respectively					
Required employee contribution	-							
rates	9.880%	9.880%	12.000%					
Required employer contribution								
rates	24.270%	24.270%	22.695%					

*Plan is closed to new entrants

Participant is eligible for non-industrial disability retirement if becomes disabled and has at least 5 years of credited service. There is no special age requirement. The standard non-industrial disability retirement benefits are a monthly allowance equal to 1.8 percent of final compensation, multiplied by service. Industrial disability benefits are not offered.

An employee's beneficiary may receive the basic death benefit if the employee dies while actively employed. The employee must be actively employed with the City to be eligible for this benefit. An employee's survivor who is eligible for any other pre-retirement death benefit may choose to receive that death benefit instead of this basic death benefit. The basic death benefit is a lump sum in the amount of the employee's accumulated contributions, where interest is currently credited at 7.5 percent per year, plus a lump sum in the amount of one-month salary for each completed year of current service, up to a maximum of six months' salary. For purpose of this benefit, one month's salary is defined as the member's average monthly full-time rate of compensation during the 12 months preceding death.

Upon the death of a retiree, a one-time lump sum payment of \$500 will be made to the retiree's designated survivor(s), or to the retiree's estate.

Benefit terms provide for annual cost-of-living adjustments to each employee's retirement allowance. Beginning the second calendar year after the year of retirement, retirement and survivor allowances will be annually adjusted on a compound basis by 2 percent.

Note 14: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2021, the valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Plans				
	Miscellaneous	Safety			
Active members	352	150			
Transferred members	329	30			
Terminated Members	193	19			
Retired members and beneficiaries	944	394			
Total	1,818	593			

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law ("PERL") requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

Note 14: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Net Pension Liability/(Asset)

<u>Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension</u> <u>Liability/(Asset)</u>

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2021, the total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2020 total pension liability. The June 30, 2021 total pension liabilities were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation Date Measurement Date	June 30, 2020 June 30, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method Actuarial Assumptions	Entry Age Normal Cost Method
Discount Rate Inflation Projected Salary Increases Mortality Rate Table (1) Post Retirement Benefit Increase	 7.15% (net of administrative expenses) 2.50% Varies by Entry Age and Service Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds Contract COLA up to 2.0% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies, 2.50% thereafter

(1) The mortality table used was developed based on CaIPERS-specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the December 2017 experience study report (based on CaIPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015) that can be found on the CaIPERS website.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

Note 14: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all of the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses. The expected real rates of return by asset class are as followed:

Asset Class (1)	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10 (2)	Real Return Years 11+ (3)
Global Equity	50.00%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.00%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.00%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.00%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Estate	13.00%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.00%	0.00%	-0.92%
Total	100.00%		

(1) In the System's CAFR, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.

(2) An expected inflation of 2.0% used for this period.

(3) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note 14: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Changes in the Net Position Liability/(Asset)

The following tables show the changes in net pension liability recognized over the measurement period.

	Increase (Decrease)						
						Net Pension	
	Т	otal Pension	PI	an Fiduciary	Lia	ability/(Asset)	
Miscellaneous Plan	I	Liability (a)	Ne	t Position (b)	((c) = (a) - (b)	
Balance at June 30, 2021 (Valuation Date)	\$	309,686,563	\$	229,095,350	\$	80,591,213	
Changes Recognized from the Measurement Period							
Service Cost		3,917,757		-		3,917,757	
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		21,667,103		-		21,667,103	
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience		253,986		-		253,986	
Contribution from the Employer		-		84,587,763		(84,587,763)	
Contribution from Employees		-		1,946,908		(1,946,908)	
Net Investment Income		-		66,627,438		(66,627,438)	
Benefit Payments including Refunds of Employee						-	
Contributions		(17,726,053)		(17,726,053)		-	
Administrative Expense		-		(228,852)		228,852	
Net Change during July 1, 202 to June 30, 2021		8,112,793		135,207,204		(127,094,411)	
Balance at June 30, 2021 (Measurement Date)	\$	317,799,356	\$	364,302,554	\$	(46,503,198)	

	Increase (Decrease)								
	-	otal Pension		an Fiduciary	L	Net Pension iability/(Asset)			
Safety Plan		Liability (a)	Ne	et Position (b)		(c) = (a) - (b)			
Balance at June 30, 2021 (Valuation Date)	\$	402,024,655	\$	265,323,218	\$	136,701,437			
Changes Recognized from the Measurement Period									
Service Cost		5,666,577		-		5,666,577			
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		28,253,540		-		28,253,540			
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience		2,054,460		-		2,054,460			
Contribution from the Employer		-		144,351,077		(144,351,077)			
Contribution from Employees		-		1,854,431		(1,854,431)			
Net Investment Income		-		86,029,275		(86,029,275)			
Benefit Payments including Refunds of Employee						-			
Contributions		(23,515,991)		(23,515,991)		-			
Administrative Expense		-		(265,042)		265,042			
Net Change during July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021		12,458,586		208,453,750		(195,995,164)			
Balance at June 30, 2021 (Measurement Date)	\$	414,483,241	\$	473,776,968	\$	(59,293,727)			

Note 14: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability(asset) of the plans as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 7.15%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.15%) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.15%) than the current rate:

	Plan's Net Pension Liability (Asset)							
	Current							
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate					
	-1% (6.15%)	(7.15%)	+1% (8.15%)					
Miscellaneous Plan	\$ (6,919,862)	\$ (46,503,198)	\$ (79,331,168)					
Safety Plan	\$ (6,395,021)	\$ (59,293,727)	\$(102,921,924)					

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the measurement period ending June 30, 2021, the City incurred a pension expense of \$6,552,498 and \$2,482,796 for Miscellaneous and Safety plans, respectively.

As of measurement date of June 30, 2021, the City has deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as follows:

	Miscellaneous Plan					Safety Plan			
	Deferred outflows		Deferred inflows		lows Deferred outflows		De	ferred inflows	
	of	resources	0	f Resources	of	resources	0	f Resources	
Pension contribution after measurement date	\$	2,600,816	\$	-	\$	4,512,251	\$	-	
Differences between expected and actual experiences		133,040		-		1,662,256		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings									
on pension plan investments				(35,460,209)				(46,826,312)	
Total	\$	2,733,856	\$	(35,460,209)	\$	6,174,507	\$	(46,826,312)	

The amounts above are net of outflows recognized in the 2020-21 measurement period expense.

The expected average remaining service lifetime ("EARSL") is calculated by dividing the total future service years by the total number of plan participants (active, inactive, and retired). The EARSL for the miscellaneous plan and safety plan for the 2020-21 measurement period in 2.0 and 2.9 years, which was obtained by dividing the total service years of 3,671 and 1,707 (the sum of remaining service lifetimes of the active employees) by 1,815 and 593 (the total number of participants: active, inactive, and retired), respectively.

Note 14: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

The \$4,512,251 and \$2,600,816 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date during the year ended June 30, 2022 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in future pension expense as follows:

	Deferred of Outflows/(Inflows) of							
	Resources							
Year Ending								
June 30,	M	iscellaneous		Safety				
2023	\$	(8,804,674)	\$	(10,678,436)				
2024		(8,357,270)		(10,541,529)				
2025		(8,597,757)		(11,404,781)				
2026		(9,567,468)		(12,539,310)				
Total	\$	(35,327,169)	\$	(45,164,056)				

b. Collateral Benefits Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Collateral Benefits Plan provides a supplemental retirement benefit to City employees upon resigning from the City and concurrently retiring with CalPERS. The supplemental benefit is a monthly benefit of \$100 from the first of the month following retirement from the City until the age of 65 on Tier 1 and Tier 2 employees. Tier 1 employees include Mid-Management and Confidential, Police Officers' Association, City Employees' Association, and Management Group B employees, and are required to have at least 20 years of City service upon retiring after July 1, 1987. Tier 2 employees include Executive Management Group A employees and are required to have at least one year of City service upon retiring after July 1, 2012, are not eligible for this plan.

Eligibility

Bargaining Group	City Service
Executive Management Group B, Mid-Management/Confidential	
Employees' Association, City Employees' Association, Police	
Officers' Association	20 Years
Executive Management Group A	1 Year
Police Management	Not Eligible

Note 14: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefit Provided

As discussed in the plan description and eligibility above, the Plan provides a monthly benefit of \$100 until the age of 65 for the eligible retirees.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2022, the valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active employees	267
Terminated employees	0
Retired employees and beneficiaries	88
	355

Contributions

There was no contribution to the Plan during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Net Pension Liability

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determined Total Pension Liability

The June 30, 2022 valuation was used to determine the June 30, 2022 total pension liability, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Methods:	Entry Age Normal
Level Percent or Level Dollar	Level Dollar
Closed, Open, or Layered Periods	Closed
Amortization Period at June 30, 2021	4.5 years
Amortization Growth	0.00%
Actuarial Assumption	
Discount Rate	6.50%
Inflation	N/A
Salary Increases	Not applicable
Cost of Living	Not applicable
Investment Rate of Return	6.50% Net of Pension Plan Investment and Administrative Expenses,
	Includes inflation
Mortality Rate	Pre-Retirement: Consistent with the Non- Industrial rate used to value
	the Miscellaneous Public Agency CalPERS Pension Plans.
	Post-Retirement: Consistent with the Non-Industrial rates used to value
	the Miscellaneous Plan Agency CalPERS Pension.
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	Consistant with the Non- Industrial rates used to value the
	Miscellaneous Public Agency CalPERS Pension Plans.

Note 14: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50 percent. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The assumption for the long-term expected rate of return was selected by the City. Below is a projection of the 30-year average return derived by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation on the Plan's current asset allocation.

The table below reflects long-term expected real return adjusted for inflation by asset classes:

			Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real
Asset Class	Index	Target Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
US Cash	BAML 3-Mon Tbill	2.92%	-0.32%	-0.32%
US Core Fixed Income	Barclays Aggregate	45.46%	1.37%	1.26%
US Equity Market	Russell 3000	38.64%	5.33%	3.70%
Foreign Developed Equity	MSCI EAFE NR	6.72%	6.27%	4.52%
Emerging Markets Equity	MSCI EM NR	4.53%	8.64%	4.95%
US EREITs	FTSE NAREIT Equity REIT	1.73%	5.75%	3.57%
		100.00%		
Assumed Inflation - Mean			2.30%	2.30%
Assumed Inflation - Standard Deviation			1.16%	1.16%
Portfolio Real Mean Return			3.58%	3.11%
Portfolio Nominal Mean Return			5.88%	5.48%
Portfolio Standard Deviation				9.20%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return				6.50%

Note 14: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability

The following table shows the changes in net pension liability recognized over the measurement period.

	Increase (Decrease)						
Collateral Benefit Plan		Total Pension Plan Fiducia Liability (a) Net Position			, ,		
Balance at June 30, 2021 (Measurement Date)	\$	886.001	\$	148.009	\$	737.992	
Changes Recognized from the Measurement Period	,	,	,	-,	,	- ,	
Service Cost		8,023		-		8,023	
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		54,678		-		54,678	
Contribution from the Employer		-		333,578		(333,578)	
Net investment Income		-		(27,669)		27,669	
Benefit Payments including Refunds of Employee							
Contributions		(107,360)		(107,360)		-	
Administrative Expense		-		(200)		200	
Net Change during July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022		(44,659)		198,349		(243,008)	
Balance at June 30, 2022 (Measurement Date)	\$	841,342	\$	346,358	\$	494,984	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Plan as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (5.50%) or 1 percentage-point higher (7.50%) then the current rate:

Plan's Net Pension Liability					
Discount Rate Current Discount Discount Rate					
-1%	-1% (5.50%)		Rate (6.50%)		% (7.50%)
\$	545,058	\$	494,984	\$	448,812

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available upon request.

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to</u> <u>Pension</u>

For measurement period ended June 30, 2022, the City incurred a pension expense of \$6,995,047.

Note 14: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

As of measurement date of June 30, 2022, the City has deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as follows:

	Collateral Benefits Plan			an
	D	Deferred		erred
	outflows of		inflows of	
	Resources		Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	57,098	\$	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		25,079		
Total	\$	82,177	\$	_

The amounts above are net of outflows and inflows recognized in the 2021-2022 measurement period expense.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in the future pension expense as follows:

		Deferred
Year Ending	Outflows/(Inflows)	
June 30,	o	Resources
2023	\$	15,861
2024		15,294
2025		14,552
2026		18,748
Thereafter		17,722
Total	\$	82,177

Note 15: Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

At June 30, 2022, Total OPEB liabilities, related deferred outflows of resources and OPEB expense are as follow:

	Governmental Activities				ə Total	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
OPEB contribution made after measurement date	\$	1,662,976	\$	398,622	\$	2,061,598
Changes in assumption		7,773,852		1,863,421		9,637,273
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	9,436,828	\$	2,262,043	\$	11,698,871
Total OPEB Liabilities:	\$	85,653,700	\$	20,531,503	\$	106,185,203
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	3,148,688	\$	754,753	\$	3,903,441
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	3,148,688	\$	754,753	\$	3,903,441
OPEB Expense(Revenue)	\$	4,847,138	\$	326,714	\$	5,173,852

Note 15: Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

a. General Information About Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Program ("PEMHCA") Plan ("OPEB")

The City has participated in the CalPERS Health Plan since 1988, a single-employer defined benefit pension plan. The City provides eligible retirees a contribution based on the "unequal method" under the Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Program (PEMHCA) contribution requirements for participating employers. Under the "unequal method," the City's contribution for the retiree is equal to 100% of the active contribution after 20 years of participation in PEMHCA. Eligibility for continuing medical coverage requires retirement from the City (on or after age 50 with at least 5 years of CalPERS service) and commencement of the CalPERS pension benefit. Retirement under disability does not have an age requirement.

Employees of the City who retire through CalPERS, their spouses, and eligible dependents, may receive health plan coverage through PEMCHA Plan (the "Plan"). The Plan is a single employer defined benefit plan which provides the retirees a monthly medical contribution that is not to exceed the cost of the plan selected, with the maximum contribution limited for individual retirees based on bargaining groups as listed below:

Bargaining Group	Be	nefit
Pomona City Council Members	\$	700
Pomona Executive Management Group		700
Pomona Mid-Management/Confidential Employees' Association		700
Pomona City Employees' Association		700
Pomona Police Managers' Association		700
Pomona Police Officers' Association		700
Firefighters (Pre-Merger with Los Angeles County Fire District)		465

Police Management retirees with at least 22 years of service as a Police Officer, receive up to 90% contribution towards more expensive 2-party CalPERS plan premium. This benefit terminates once the retiree is eligible for Medicare (age 65). This provision has been eliminated for employees hired or promoted to the unit after July 1, 2011.

Eligibility

Membership in the Plan consisted of the following December 31, 2020, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Active employees	586
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet received benefits	0
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	523
	1,109

Contributions

The City currently finances benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Note 15: Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

b. Total OPEB Liability

Total OPEB Liability

The City's net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2021 and total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. The total OPEB liability at December 31, 2021, measurement date was \$106,185,203.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Cost Method Actuarial Assumption:	Entry Age Normal
Discount Rate	2.06% as of December 31, 2020
Inflation	2.5% per annum
Salary Increases	2.75% per annum, in aggregate
Cost of Living	Not Applicable
Investment Rate of Return	N/A- As of the valuation date there are no GASB eligible plan assets.
Pre-retirement Turnover/ Mortality Rate/ Disability Rate/ Retirement Age	Pre-Retirement: Consistent with the most recent CalPERS pension plan valuation. Post-Retirement: Consistent with the most recent CalPERS pension plan valuation.
Participant Rate	90% of future retirees are assumed to elect medical coverage at retirement through the CalPERS Health Plan and to continue coverage through the CalPERS Health Plan beyond Medicare eligibility age. Actual coverage is used for current retirees. For current retirees under age 65 and currently waiving coverage, 10% are assumed to elect coverage at age 65.
Spouse Coverage	50% of future retirees (65% for Safety) are assumed to elect coverage for the spouse. Male spouses are assumed to be 3 years older than the female spouses. Actual spouse age is used for current retirees.
Medical Trend Rates	6.0% (HMO) and 6.5% (PPO) is ultimate 5% in 2023 and beyond.

Change of Assumption

In 2022, the interest assumption changed from 2.12% to 2.06% from the measurement date December 31, 2020 to the measurement date December 31, 2021.

Discount Rate

2.50% per annum. This discount rate is the average, rounded to 5 basis points of the range of 3–20-year municipal bond rate indices: S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index, Bond Byer 20-Bond GO index, Fidelity GO AA 20 Year Bond Index.

Note 15: Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

c. Change in the Total OPEB Liability

The following table shows the changes in the net OPEB liability recognized over the measurement period:

	Increase (Decrease)					
ОРЕВ	Total OPEB Liability (a)				Total OPEB Liability (c) = (a) - (b)	
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$	108,528,732	\$	-	\$	108,528,732
Changes Recognized from the Measurement Period						
Service Cost		2,859,647		-		2,859,647
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		2,280,032		-		2,280,032
Changes of Assumptions		726,306		-		726,306
Experience (Gains)/Losses		(3,389,740)		4,819,774		(8,209,514)
Benefit Payments including Refunds of Employee		(4,819,774)		(4,819,774)		-
Net Change during January 1, 2021 to December 31, 2021		(2,343,529)		-		(2,343,529)
Balance at December 31, 2021 (Measurement Date)	\$	106,185,203	\$	-	\$	106,185,203

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.80 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.80 percent) than the current discount rate:

Plan's Total OPEB Liability/ (Asset)

Discount Rate Current Discount		Discount Rate	
-1% (1.50%)	Rate (2.50%)	+1% (3.50%)	
\$ 119,581,470	\$ 106,185,203	\$ 95,055,977	

Note 15: Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (5.00% - HMO or 5.50% - PPO decreasing to 4.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.00% - HMO or 7.50% - PPO decreasing to 6.00%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Plan's Net OPEB Liability/ (Asset)				
	Current			
	Healthcare Cost			
	Trend Rates			
-1% (5.00%	(6.00% HMO/	+1% (7.00%		
HMO/ 5.50%	6.50% PPO	HMO/ 7.50%		
PPO decreasing decreasing to PPO decreasing				
to 4.00% HMO/ 5.00% HMO/ to 6.00% HMO/				
4.00% PPO) 5.00% PPO) 6.00% PPO)				
\$ 99,797,101	\$ 106,185,203	\$ 113,367,319		

d. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expenses in the amount of \$4,741,407. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred outflows		Def	erred inflows
	of resources		of Resources	
Pension contribution after measurement date	\$	2,061,598	\$	-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		(3,903,441)
Changes of assumptions		9,637,273		-
Total	\$	11,698,871	\$	(3,903,441)

The amounts above are net of outflows recognized in the 2021 measurement period expense.

Note 15: Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

The \$2,061,598 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date during the year ended June 30, 2022 will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in future OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending	Deferred Outflows
June 30,	of Resources
2023	2,319,115
2024	2,319,115
2025	1,473,781
2026	102,110
2027	(436,629)
Thereafter	(43,660)
Total	\$ 5,733,832

Note 16: Joint Powers Agreements

a. Alameda Corridor-East Construction Authority

The City approved and adopted a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement in November 2012. The Alameda Corridor East Construction Authority (ACE) is a single purpose construction authority created by the San Gabriel Council of Governments in 1998 to mitigate the impacts of significant increases in rail traffic over 70 miles of mainline railroad in the San Gabriel Valley. The ACE Project consists of multiple construction projects to improve safety at various rail crossings as well as at various grade separations in the San Gabriel Valley. There were no payments made during the year ended June 30, 2022.

b. California State Association of Countries Excess Insurance Authority

The City became a member of California State Association of Countries Excess Insurance Authority (the "CSAC-EIA") in July 2008. The CSAC-EIA is a risk sharing pool of California public agencies dedicated to controlling losses and providing effective risk management solutions. Membership is currently comprised of various member counties and various public entity organizations. The governing board consists of one representative from each member county and seven members elected by the public entity membership. Also see Note 16.

c. Foothill Air Support Team

The City joined Foothill Air Support Team ("FAST") in January 2011. FAST was developed in 1999 creating a joint helicopter patrol operation that could enhance member agencies ability to deter criminal activity and apprehend offenders. The governing board consists of one representative from each of the seven member agencies. There were no payments made during the year ended June 30, 2022.

Note 16: Joint Powers Agreements (Continued)

d. Foothill Transit

The City is a member of the Foothill Transit Joint Power Agreement. The JPA is comprised of 20 cities and the County of Los Angeles. The purpose of the authority is to provide a more efficient and cost-effective local transportation service for the area. Each member city has one representative, and three members are appointed by the Board of Supervisors. There were no payments made during the year ended June 30, 2022.

Below are the most currently available condensed audited financial statements of the JPA as of June 30, 2021. Separate financial statements of Foothill Transit are available from its offices located in West Covina, California.

Assets Liabilities Net Position	\$ 377,243,275 96,254,439 \$ 280,988,836
Revenues Expenses	\$ 4,585,570 136,286,087
Operating Income	(131,700,517)
Non-Operating Revenue (expenses)	100,196,493
Net Income	(31,504,024)
Capital Contributions	47,354,596
Net Position - July 1, 2020	265,138,264
Net Position - June 30, 2021	\$ 280,988,836

e. Gold Line Phase II Construction Authority

The City participates in the Gold Line Phase II Construction Authority ("GLCA") joint venture, which became effective September 3, 2003. The GLCA oversees the planning, funding, designing and construction contracts for the completion of the Los Angeles-Pasadena Metro Blue Line light rail project. The GLCA's governing Board is comprised of an appointed representative from each of the affected cities and agencies, including the cities of Azusa, Claremont, Duarte, Glendora, Arcadia, La Verne, Ontario, Montclair, Irwindale, Pomona, San Dimas, Monrovia, Pasadena, and South Pasadena, and the San Bernardino County Transportation Authority. Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Agency ("LACMTA") will have the responsibility to operate and maintain the rail after its completion. Member agencies will be paid for attending meetings, not to exceed \$1,800 per year, per member agency, plus direct expenses. Member agencies are not allowed to withdraw from the GLCA, and each member agency is required to pay \$31,445 in initial dues (first payments were due October 1, 2003) and each member will be held liable for its share of operating costs.

The City had no payments for the joint venture during the year ended June 30, 2022. Assets are divided based on the proportionate equity share at the time the joint venture dissolves, which is currently not significant to the City.

Note 16: Joint Powers Agreements (Continued)

f. Interagency Communication Interoperability System

The City participates in the Interagency Communications Interoperability System ("ICIS") joint powers authority which became effective September 2003. The intent of ICIS is to provide public safety agencies with a formalized governance structure through which the participants may share resources to construct and manage a system for wide-area communications interoperability. The governing board is comprised of one member from each of the seven member agencies. The City paid \$50,000 in annual dues for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

g. Los Angeles County Disaster Management Area D

The City has participated in the Disaster Management Area D joint powers agreement (Area D JPA) since 1958. The Area D JPA is intended to promote the coordination of disaster management, training, and preparedness of the Area D member cities under the direction of the Disaster Management Area Board, the governing board includes on representative from each of the 23 member cities. Annual dues at the rate of \$0.05 per capita are paid and totaled \$7,765 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

h. Los Angeles Interagency Metropolitan Police Apprehensive Crime Task Force

The City joined the Los Angeles Interagency Metropolitan Police Apprehensive Crime Task Force ("LA Impact") in March 2011. It is a compilation of numerous federal, state, and local law enforcement agencies in Los Angeles County, whose primary purpose is to investigate major crimes, with an emphasis on dismantling mid-to-major level drug trafficking organizations. Since its inception, LA Impact has grown to 80 officers from 35 different Los Angeles County law enforcement agencies. The City is solely responsible for the salary and benefits of one (1) Police Sergeant position, currently assigned to this program, which is fully funded within the Police Department's General Fund budget. There were no payments made during the year ended June 30, 2022.

i. Pomona Valley Transportation Authority

The City is a member of the Pomona Valley Transportation Authority (the "PVTA"). The PVTA is comprised of four cities and is organized under a Joint Power Agreement pursuant to the California Government Code. The purpose of the PVTA is to study, implement and provide for public transportation that will best serve transit-dependent persons, including handicapped and senior adults residing in the Pomona Valley.

Each member City has two representatives on the Board of Directors. Officers of the PVTA are elected annually by the Board of Directors.

The City does not have an equity interest in the PVTA. However, the City does have an ongoing financial interest. Because the City also has an ongoing financial responsibility for continued funding of the PVTA, the City is able to influence operations. As a result, the PVTA uses its resources on behalf of the City.

Note 16: Joint Powers Agreements (Continued)

The following are the most currently available condensed audited financial statements of the PVTA as of June 30, 2022. Separate financial statements of the PVTA are available from its offices located in La Verne, California.

Assets	\$ 5,067,797
Deferred outflows	122,294
Total assets	\$ 5,190,091
Liabilities	\$ 1,083,572
Deferred inflows	263,070
Net position	3,843,449
Total liabilities and fund equity	\$ 5,190,091
Operating revenues	\$ 124,191
Operating expenses	4,088,086
Operating (Income)	(3,963,895)
Non-Operating Revenue	3,716,917
Net Income	(246,978)
Net Position - July 1, 2021	4,090,427
Net Position - June 30, 2022	\$ 3,843,449

j. Pomona-Walnut-Rowland Joint Water Line Commission

The City participates in the Pomona-Walnut-Rowland Joint Water Line Commission (the "Commission") joint venture, which provides for the acquisition, construction, maintenance, repair, and operation of a water transmission pipeline for the benefit of the member agencies. The Pomona-Walnut-Rowland Joint Water Line Commission's governing board is comprised of an appointed representative from each of the three member agencies – the City, Walnut Valley Water District, and Rowland Water District.

The cost of providing water to the member agencies is financed through user charges. The Commission purchases water for resale to the member agencies at a price sufficient to provide reserve funds for emergencies. In addition, the member agencies are billed for the costs of maintenance and operation of the pipeline. The City paid the joint venture \$5,114,699 during the year ended June 30, 2022. Assets are divided based on the proportionate equity share at the time the joint venture dissolves. The City's share in the equity of the Commission at June 30, 2022, was \$624,786.

As of June 30, 2022, the three participants had the following approximate ownership equity interest.

		Α	greement
Member	Percentages		Balances
City of Pomona	20%	\$	624,786
Walnut Valley Water District	35%		1,093,375
Rowland Water District	23%		718,504
Unallocated	22%		687,265
Total	100%	\$	3,123,930

Note 16: Joint Powers Agreements (Continued)

The Commission's condensed financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Total Assets	\$ 6,515,509
Total Liabilities	3,391,579
Net Position	\$ 3,123,930

The Commission does not recognize income or loss. Net operating expenditures in excess of users' assessments are treated as accounts receivable on the Commission's books and charged to each user's account in the following year. Conversely, user's assessments in excess of net operating expenditures are treated as a liability and credited against each user's account, also in the following year. Under the basis, operating expenses for the Commission totaled \$18,362,831 compared to total operating revenues of \$18,368,856 for the year ended June 30, 2021. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the Pomona-Walnut-Rowland Joint Water Line Commission, P.O. Box 8460, Rowland Heights, CA 91748.

k. San Gabriel Valley Council of Governments

The City is a member of the San Gabriel Valley Council of Governments (the "Council") which became effective March 1994. The Council provides member agencies a vehicle to voluntarily engage in regional and cooperative planning and coordination of government services and responsibilities to assist member agencies in the conduct of their affairs. The goal and intent of the Council is one of voluntary cooperation among members for the collective benefit of cities and unincorporated areas in the San Gabriel Valley. The governing board is comprised of one member from each of 31 member cities and the San Gabriel Valley Water Districts, except the County of Los Angeles. The County has three members who represent the unincorporated communities of Supervisor Districts 1, 4, and 5. All member agencies pay dues. The City paid \$30,493 in annual dues for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

I. Tri-City Mental Health Center

The City is a member of the Tri City Mental Health Center (the "Center"). The Center is a jointly governed organization comprised of three cities and is organized under a Joint Powers Agreement pursuant to the California Government Code. The purpose of the Center is to develop mental health services and facilities to serve persons residing in the three member cities. The City's contribution to the Center was \$43,675 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

The Board of Directors is comprised of seven members, two councilmembers from Pomona, one councilmember each from the cities of Claremont and La Verne, and one non-elected member from each of the three cities.

Note 16: Joint Powers Agreements (Continued)

Below are the most currently available condensed audited financial statements of the Center as of June 30, 2022. Separate financial statements of the Center are available from its offices located in Pomona, California.

Assets Deferred outflows of resources Liabilities Deferred inflows of resources Net position	<pre>\$ 57,742,688 2,857,667 27,139,522 2,010,157 \$ 31,450,676</pre>
Revenues Expenses	\$ 8,175,654 23,348,242
Operating Income	(15,172,588)
Non-Operating Revenue (expenses)	16,967,147
Net Income	1,794,559
Net Position - July 1, 2021	29,656,117
Net Position - June 30, 2022	\$ 31,450,676

Note 17: Risk Management

The Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund is part of the City's self-insurance program for general liability, workers' compensation, and unemployment insurance. The City is a member of the California State Association of Counties Excess Insurance Authority (CSAC-EIA). Through CSAC-EIA, the City has a program limit of \$25 million dollars with a self-insured retention of \$1 million for its excess liability program and its worker's compensation program. Additionally, the City purchases catastrophic excess liability coverage that provides an additional \$25 million in coverage.

CSAC-EIA is a governmental joint powers authority created by certain California counties and cities to provide a pooled approach to the members' liability and excess workers' compensation coverage as allowed under the California Government Code. The authority manages various types of pooled coverage programs for participating members.

As of June 30, 2022, estimated claims payable amounted to \$39,262,949.

The estimated claims payable is reported at June 30, 2022 if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

Note 17: Risk Management (Continued)

During the past three fiscal years, the City did not experience settlements or judgments that exceeded pooled coverage. There are no pending claims and judgements likely to have a material adverse effect on the fiscal position due within one year of June 30, 2022. The following is a summary of changes in claims liabilities over the past three fiscal years:

	Claims Payable			
		Expenses and		
	Beginning	Changes in	Claims	Ending
	Balance	Estimates	Payments	Balance
June 30, 2020	\$ 13,190,043	\$ 6,309,970	\$ (3,965,234)	\$ 15,534,779
June 30, 2021	15,534,779	20,786,191	(5,214,802)	31,106,168
June 30, 2022	31,106,168	14,591,208	(6,434,427)	39,262,949

Note 18: Commitments and Contingencies

a. Agency Participation Agreement

On April 5, 2004, the City entered into a reclaimed water agreement with the Los Angeles County Sanitation District (LACSD). The agreement is for 20 years, beginning on July 1, 2003, and requires the City to sell its interest in the Northside Recycled Water Line, a 20" non-reinforced concrete gravity reclaimed water pipeline to the LACSD for \$441,730. Additionally, the contract provides the City with up to 2/3 of the supply of water from the plant which can then be sold by the City to other customers. The City receives discounted rates on water during the first 12 years of the agreement.

b. Contractual Commitments

The following schedule summarizes the major capital project contractual commitments of the City as of June 30, 2022:

Vendors	Remaining ommitments
Kemp Brothers Construction	\$ 23,109,461
Gentry Brothers, Inc.	2,464,706
Towo Enterprise, Inc.	645,104
NV5	387,378
HR Green Pacific	304,782
Miracle Recreation Equipment	295,105
Cumming Construction Management	266,155
All Other Commitments	2,512,142
Total	\$ 29,984,833

Note 18: Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

c. Lawsuits

The City is a defendant in certain other legal actions arising in normal course of operations. As of June 30, 2022, in the opinion of City management, there was no additional outstanding matters that would have a significant effect on the financial position of the City.

Note 19: Successor Agency Trust for Assets of Former Redevelopment Agency

On June 28, 2011, Governor Jerry Brown signed into law two bills that amended California Community Redevelopment Law in order to address the state's ongoing budget deficit. ABx1 26 ("the Bill") dissolved all California redevelopment agencies ("RDAs") effective October 1, 2011. This legislation prevented RDAs from engaging in new activities and outlined a process for winding down the RDAs financial affairs. It also set forth a process for distributing funds from the former RDAs to other local taxing entities. A companion bill, ABx1 27, was also passed, which allowed individual RDAs to avoid dissolution if they agreed to make substantial annual payments into a Special District Allocation Fund and Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund.

In response, the California Redevelopment Association, the League of California Cities, and other parties filed petitions with the California Supreme Court challenging the constitutionality of both ABx1 26 and ABx1 27. On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld the constitutionality of ABX1 26, while striking down ABx1 27 as unconstitutional. The ruling in California Redevelopment Association V. Matosantos also extended some of the deadlines on February 1, 2012, with the assets and liabilities transferred to Successor Agencies and Successor Housing Agencies pursuant to ABx1 26.

The California State Legislature made additional changes to the dissolution process when Governor Jerry Brown signed AB 1484 into law on June 27, 2012. This legislation made a variety of substantive amendments to the original Dissolution Act. These actions impacted the reporting entity of the City of Pomona that previously had reported a redevelopment agency within the reporting entity of the City as a blended component unit.

The Bill provides that upon dissolution of a redevelopment agency, either the City of another unit of local government would agree to serve as the "successor agency" to hold the assets until the assets were distributed to other units of state and local government. On January 9, 2012, the City Council adopted resolution number 2012-8 electing to assume the responsibility of Successor Agency for the former Pomona Redevelopment Agency.

After enactment of the law, redevelopment agencies in the State of California could not enter into new projects, obligations or commitments. Subject to the control of an established oversight board, remaining assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence at the date of dissolution. Subsequent to the dissolution, Successor Agencies are only allocated revenue up to the amount necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligation of the former redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated.

Note 19: Successor Agency Trust for Assets of Former Redevelopment Agency (Continued)

The Bill directed the State Controller of the State of California to review the propriety of any transfers of assets between Redevelopment Agencies and other public bodies that occurred after January 1, 2011. If the public body that received such transfers was not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of those assets, the State Controller was required to order the available assets to be transferred to the public body designated as the successor agency by the Bill. The State completed its required audit and provided the Successor Agency its report on November 26, 2014.

Management believes, in consultation with legal counsel, that the obligations of the former Redevelopment Agency due to the City are valid enforceable obligations payable by the Successor Agency trust under the requirements of the bill. The City's position on the issue is not a position of settled law and there is considerable legal uncertainty regarding this issue. It is reasonably possible that a legal determination may be made at a later date by an appropriate judicial authority that would resolve this issue unfavorably to the City.

In accordance with the timeline set forth in the Bill (as modified by the California Supreme Court on December 29, 2011) all redevelopment agencies in the State of California were dissolved and ceased to operate as a legal entity as of February 1, 2012.

a. Cash and Investments

The following is a summary of cash and investments of the Successor Agency at June 30, 2022:

Cash and investments	\$ 9,959,163
Restricted cash	20,244,935
Total	\$ 30,204,098

The Successor Agency's cash and investments are pooled with the City's cash and investment in order to generate optimum interest income. The share of the pooled cash account is separately accounted for, and investment income is allocated to all participating funds based on the relationship of average quarterly cash balances to the total of the pooled cash and investments. Information regarding the authorized types of deposits and investments, the type of risk (i.e., credit, interest rate, custodial, etc.) and other disclosures associated with the City's pooled cash and investments is reported in Note 2.

b. Loans Receivable (Net)

At June 30, 2022, the Successor Agency's net loans receivable consisted of the following:

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2021	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2022
Business Assistance Loans	\$ 1,660,600	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,660,600

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Note 19: Successor Agency Trust for Assets of Former Redevelopment Agency (Continued)

Business Assistance Loans

The former Redevelopment Agency entered into business assistance loan agreements with local businesses for redevelopment purposes. The term of the loan varies, and bears interest rates ranges from 0% to 4% annum. Outstanding balance at June 30, 2022 was \$1,660,600.

c. Land Held for Resale

At June 30, 2022, land held for resale in the amount of \$788,130 is recorded at the acquisition cost in the Successor Agency Trust Fund.

d. Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the Successor Agency for the year ended June 30, 2022:

		Balance					Balance	
	July 1, 2021		Ac	lditions	Deletions		June 30, 2022	
Nondepreciable assets:								
Land	\$	125,423	\$	-	\$	-	\$	125,423
Total nondepreciable assets		125,423		-		-		125,423
Depreciable assets:								
Building and building improvements		63,126		-		-		63,126
Improvements other than buildings		148,995		-		-		148,995
Machinery and equipment		429,179		-		-		429,179
Furniture and fixtures		8,361		-		-		8,361
Autos and trucks		19,513		-		-		19,513
Total capital assets, at cost		669,174		-		-		669,174
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Building and building improvements		(21,463)		(1,262)		-		(22,725)
Improvements other than buildings		(148,995)		-		-		(148,995)
Machinery and equipment		(429,179)		-		-		(429,179)
Furniture and fixtures		(8,361)		-		-		(8,361)
Autos and trucks		(19,513)		-		-		(19,513)
Total accumulated depreciation		(627,511)		(1,262)		-		(628,773)
Total depreciable assets, net		41,663		(1,262)		-		40,401
Total capital assets, net	\$	167,086	\$	(1,262)	\$	-	\$	165,824

e. Long – Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the Successor Agency for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions	Deletions	Ju	Balance une 30, 2022	ue Within One Year
County deferred tax loans	\$ 63,219,182	\$ 4,108,294	\$ (4,529,271)	\$	62,798,205	\$ -
Tax allocation bonds	111,985,000	-	(7,830,000)		104,155,000	7,900,000
Total	\$ 175,204,182	\$ 4,108,294	\$ (12,359,271)	\$	166,953,205	\$ 7,900,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Note 19: Successor Agency Trust for Assets of Former Redevelopment Agency (Continued)

County Deferred Tax Loans

At June 30, 2022, the County deferred tax loans consisted of the follow:

	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2022
Southwest Pomona Project Area South Garey/Freeway Corridor	\$ 58,503,367	\$ 3,960,348	\$ (1,926,965)	\$ 60,536,750
Project Area	4,715,815	147,946	(2,602,306)	2,261,455
Total	\$ 63,219,182	\$ 4,108,294	\$ (4,529,271)	\$ 62,798,205

The former Redevelopment Agency entered into agreements with the County of Los Angeles whereby a portion of the County's share of tax increment revenues from the Southwest Pomona Project Area and South Garey/Freeway Corridor Project Area are loaned annually to the Successor Agency. Interest on both loans accrue at 7% per year, compounded annually. The Successor Agency will commence repayment per the terms of the Agreement.

Tax Allocation Bonds

	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions		Deletions		Balance June 30, 2022		Due Within One Year	
1998 Tax Allocation Bonds, Series X	\$ 260,000	\$	-	\$	(60,000)	\$	200,000	\$	65,000
1998 Tax Allocation Bonds, Series Y	4,700,000		-		(320,000)		4,380,000		340,000
2018 Tax Allocation Bonds, Series BI	107,025,000		-		(7,450,000)		99,575,000		7,495,000
Total	\$ 111,985,000	\$	-	\$	(7,830,000)	\$	104,155,000	\$	7,900,000

1998 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series X – Original Issuance \$5,055,000

On October 1, 1998, the former Redevelopment Agency issued \$5,055,000 in 1998. Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series X, for the Mountain Meadows Redevelopment Project to refund \$4,360,000 of the Ioan between the former Redevelopment Agency and the Public Financing Authority related to the Public Financing Authority's 1993 Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series N.

Interest is payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1 at rates varying from 3.0% to 5.1% per annum. \$3,595,000 of bond principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$95,000 to \$300,000 through December 1, 2013. Term bonds of \$41,000,000 and \$460,000 mature on December 1, 2016 and December 1, 2024, respectively, and are subject to mandatory redemption from a sinking fund account in amounts ranging from \$45,000 to \$350,000, as outlined in the bonds' official statement. A municipal bond insurance policy has been issued that insures the payment of the principal and interest on the bonds when due. During 2007, the bonds in the amount of \$790,000 were refunded by the 2006 Taxable Revenue Bonds, series AT.

Note 19: Successor Agency Trust for Assets of Former Redevelopment Agency (Continued)

The annual debt service requirements outstanding at June 30, 2022, is as follows:

Year Ending							
June 30,	F	Principal		Interest		Total	
2023	\$	65,000	\$	9,045	\$	74,045	
2024		65,000		5,535		70,535	
2025		70,000		1,890		71,890	
Total	\$	200,000	\$	16,470	\$	216,470	

1998 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series Y – Original Issuance \$8,980,000

On October 1, 1998, the former Redevelopment Agency issued \$8,980,000 in 1998 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series Y, for the West Holt Avenue Redevelopment Project to refund \$7,130,000 of the loan between the former Redevelopment Agency and Public Financing Authority related to the Public Financing Authority's 1993 Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series N, and to finance certain redevelopment activities within the West Holt Avenue Project Area.

Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on November 1 and May 1 at rates varying from 3.0% to 5.0% per annum. \$1,770,000 of bond principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$115,000 to \$180,000 through May 1, 2011. Terms bonds of \$390,000, \$2,360,000, and \$4,380,000 mature on May 1, 2013, May 1, 2020, and May 1, 2032, respectively, and are subject to mandatory redemption from a sinking fund account in amounts ranging from \$190,000 to \$550,000 as outlined in the bonds' official statements. Bonds maturing on May 1, 2009 through May 1, 2011 are subject to redemption prior to maturity, as a whole or in part, at the option of the Agency on any date on or after May 1, 2008 at redemption prices ranging from 100% to 101% of principal. A municipal bond insurance policy has been issued that insures the payment of the principal and interest on the bonds when due. During 2007, the bonds in the amount of \$645,000 were refunded by the 2006 Taxable Revenue Bonds, Series AT.

Year Ending						
June 30,	Principal		Interest	Total		
2023	\$ 340,000	\$	231,550	\$	571,550	
2024	360,000		212,300		572,300	
2025	380,000		191,950		571,950	
2026	400,000		170,500		570,500	
2027	420,000		147,950		567,950	
2028-2032	2,480,000		355,300		2,835,300	
Total	\$ 4,380,000	\$	1,309,550	\$	5,689,550	

The annual debt service requirements outstanding at June 30, 2022, is as follows:

2018 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series BI – Original Issuance \$128,885,000

On October 11, 2018, the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Pomona, issued 2018 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series BI in the amount of \$128,885,000 to repay the advances from the Public Financing Authority for 1998 Series W, 2001 Series AD, 2003 Series AH, 2005 Series AQ, 2006 Series AS/AT/AX and 2007 Series AW and created annual debt service savings of approximately \$1.6 million.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Note 19: Successor Agency Trust for Assets of Former Redevelopment Agency (Continued)

There was no economic gain due to the unused bond proceeds paid down the principal portion of the new issuance.

Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on each August 1 and February 1. The rates of interest range from 2.65% to 4.51% per annum. Principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$690,000 to \$9,805,000. Bonds are secured by the pledged tax revenues deposited in the Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund.

The annual debt service requirement for the 2018 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series BI outstanding at June 30, 2022, is as follows:

Year Ending					
June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total
2023	\$ 7,495,000	\$	4,035,259	\$	11,530,259
2024	7,765,000		3,763,041		11,528,041
2025	8,010,000		3,470,533		11,480,533
2026	8,345,000		3,163,190		11,508,190
2027	8,655,000		2,835,231		11,490,231
2028-2032	45,390,000		8,689,024		54,079,024
2033-2037	9,975,000		1,850,853		11,825,853
2038-2042	3,940,000		421,536		4,361,536
Total	\$ 99,575,000	\$	28,228,667	\$	127,803,667

Pledged Tax Revenues

The City has pledged, as security for bonds issued, either directly or through the Pomona Public Financing Authority, certain tax revenues to the repayment of certain Successor Agency debts (bonds, loans, and advances) through final maturity of bonded debt on February 1, 2041, or earlier retirement, whichever occurs first.

Tax revenues consist of tax increment revenues allocated to the Successor Agency to various project areas pursuant to Section 33670 of the Redevelopment Law. Such Law excludes a portion of tax increment revenues required to be paid under Tax-Sharing agreements unless the payment of such amounts has been subordinated to the payment of debt service on the Bonds. Assembly Bill 1X 26 provided that upon dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency, property taxes allocated to redevelopment agencies no longer are deemed tax increment but rather property tax revenues and will be allocated first to local agency and school entity pursuant to any pass-through agreement, then second to successor agencies to make payments on the indebtedness incurred by the dissolved redevelopment agency. For the current year, the total property tax revenue recognized by the Successor Agency was \$12,545,857 and the debt service payments on the bonds was \$12,359,272.

Remaining balance on the debt at June 30, 2022, is as follows:

Debt Issues	
County of LA Agreement	\$ 62,798,205
1998 Series X Bonds	216,470
1998 Series Y Bonds	5,689,550
2018 Series BI Bonds	127,803,667
Total	\$196,507,892

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Note 19: Successor Agency Trust for Assets of Former Redevelopment Agency (Continued)

f. Compensated Absences

The liability for vested and unpaid compensated absences (accrued, vacation, sick pay, executive leave, and comp time) is reported in the fund as the benefits are earned and vest.

Balance							В	alance	Du	e Within
	July	1, 2021	Additions		Deletions		June 30, 2022		One Year	
Compensated absences	\$	79,628	\$	37,868	\$	24,714	\$	92,782	\$	92,000

g. Insurance

The Successor Agency is covered under the City of Pomona's insurance policies. Therefore, the limitation and self-insured retentions applicable to the City also apply to the Successor Agency. Additional information as to coverage and self-insured retentions can be found in Note 17.

h. Agreement for Allocation of Tax Increment Revenues

On December 5, 1988, the former Redevelopment Agency entered into an agreement with the County whereby the County has agreed to provide sufficient allocation of tax increment revenues to allow the Successor Agency to meet its debt service agreements on dent it has incurred in connection with the Southwest Pomona Project Area. Beginning in fiscal year 1988-89, and thereafter for the life of the project, the County will provide a grant to the Successor Agency for any "deficiencies" in tax increment revenues allocated to the Successor Agency as described in the agreement. There were no intergovernmental revenues as result of the agreement for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Note 20: Subsequent Event

On January 6, 2020, an agreement was awarded to R3 Consulting Group, Inc. for a Solid Waste Rate and Cost of Service Study. On November 1, 2021, the City Council approved a Request for Proposals (RFP) process for a franchise agreement for exclusive collection, processing, recycling, and disposal of residential and commercial solid waste, recyclable material, and organic waste collection and adopted Resolution No. 2021-155 establishing process integrity standards. On December 6, 2021, the City Council reaffirmed their approval of the RFP process. On January 10, 2022, the City Council approved an amendment to the agreement between the City and R3 Consulting Group, Inc. to allow for additional work associated with preparing and administering the City's RFP process. On October 17, 2022, City Council moved to approve the adoption of Resolution No. 2022-194 declaring its intent to award an exclusive franchise agreement to Arakelian Enterprises, Inc. dba Athens Services for the residential and commercial solid waste, recyclable materials, and organic waste collection services. Ordinance No. 4323 was first introduced at the November 21, 2022 City Council meeting. On December 5, 2022, Adoption of Ordinance No. 4323 awarded an exclusive franchise agreement to Athens Services for residential and commercial solid waste, recyclable materials, and organic waste collection services for an initial 10-year term beginning July 1, 2023, with two optional 5-year renewals.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$36,339,488	\$36,339,488	\$36,339,488	\$-
Resources (Inflows):				
Taxes	104,284,316	104,284,316	119,961,900	15,677,584
Licenses, permits and fees	7,160,003	7,289,598	9,441,593	2,151,995
Intergovernmental	402,211	402,211	620,658	218,447
Charges for services	3,103,432	3,103,432	2,873,972	(229,460)
Use of money and properties	1,442,742	1,442,742	(557,019)	(1,999,761)
Fines and forfeitures	1,719,245	1,719,245	2,283,651	564,406
Miscellaneous	740,000	740,000	1,636,312	896,312
Transfers in	10,145,847	10,145,847	1,444,374	(8,701,473)
Proceeds from sale of capital asset	-	-	19,604	19,604
Amounts Available for Appropriations	165,337,284	165,466,879	174,064,533	8,597,654
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
General government	9,530,624	9,507,524	5,821,962	3,685,562
Public safety	91,663,726	91,662,525	92,604,367	(941,842)
Urban development	14,358,909	14,404,363	13,900,224	504,139
Neighborhood services and library	5,685,372	5,319,782	4,314,437	1,005,345
Capital outlay	750,217	760,857	576,698	184,159
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	211,069	211,069	174,358	36,711
Transfers out	5,976,417	6,344,767	6,937,945	(593,178)
Total Charges to Appropriations	128,176,334	128,210,887	124,366,701	3,844,186
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 37,160,950	\$ 37,255,992	\$ 49,697,832	\$ 12,441,840

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE HOUSING AUTHORITY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$18,601,941	\$18,601,941	\$18,601,941	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	26,323,338	26,323,338	20,918,746	(5,404,592)
Charges for services	1,000	1,000	1,099	99
Use of money and properties	422,890	422,890	785,713	362,823
Contributions from Successor Agency	182,000	182,000	-	(182,000)
Miscellaneous	-	-	1,900	1,900
Transfers in	71,500	71,500	71,500	-
Proceeds from sale of capital asset	-	-	3,271,237	3,271,237
Amounts Available for Appropriations	45,602,669	45,602,669	43,652,136	(1,950,533)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Development services	27,198,848	27,197,173	21,095,025	6,102,148
Transfers out	-	-	755,988	(755,988)
Total Charges to Appropriations	27,198,848	27,197,173	21,851,013	5,346,160
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$18,403,821	\$18,405,496	\$21,801,123	\$ 3,395,627

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MISCELLANEOUS GRANTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget /	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$20,877,879	\$20.877.879	\$20,877,879	<u>(1094110)</u>
Resources (Inflows):	φ20,011,010	φ20,011,010	φ20,011,010	Ψ
Intergovernmental	31.411.369	30.690.741	9,107,867	(21,582,874)
Charges for services	134.015	134.015	275.299	141.284
Use of money and properties	19.565	19.565	935.224	915.659
Miscellaneous	659,958	659,958	368,193	(291,765)
Transfers in	152,328	152,328	126,936	(25,392)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	53,255,114	52,534,486	31,691,398	(20,843,088)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public safety	1,330,823	1,330,823	570.219	760.604
Development services	28.846.721	28,735,321	8,898,658	19,836,663
Neighborhood services and library	1,299,548	1,344,548	906,465	438,083
Capital outlay	473,800	473,800	178,616	295,184
Total Charges to Appropriations	31,950,892	31,884,492	10,553,958	21,330,534
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$21,304,222	\$ 20,649,994	\$21,137,440	\$ 487,446

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	17,071,367	17,177,367	2,298,894	(14,878,473)
Amounts Available for Appropriation	17,071,367	17,177,367	2,298,894	(14,878,473)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public safety	-	106,000	6,750	99,250
Transfers out	17,071,367	17,071,367	2,292,144	14,779,223
Total Charges to Appropriations	17,071,367	17,177,367	2,298,894	14,878,473
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	<u>\$ -</u>	\$-	<u>\$-</u>	\$ -

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NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Note 1: Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the fiscal statements:

- a. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for all governmental funds, except that encumbrances are shown in the year incurred for budgetary purposes.
- b. On or before the last day in January of each year, all operational units submit requests for appropriations to the City Manager for budget preparation purposes. The City Council holds public hearings, and a final budget must be adopted no later than June 30.
- c. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The City's department directors, with approval of the Finance Director and City Manager, may make transfers of appropriations within a department and between departments with a fund. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the fund level. The City Council made several supplemental budgetary appropriations throughout the year. The supplementary budgetary appropriation. For the year ended June 30, 2022, there were no adopted operating budgets for the Fairplex Mitigation Special Revenue Fund or Cannabis Community Benefit Fund.
- d. Under encumbrance accounting, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for expenditures are reported to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriations. Encumbrance accounting is employed as an extension of formal budgetary accounting. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end regardless of encumbrances.

MISCELLANEOUS PLAN - AGENT MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY/(ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS AS OF JUNE 30, FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

		2015		2016		2017		2018
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY								
Service Cost	\$	3,310,829	\$	3,161,189	\$	3,278,100	\$	3,757,355
Interest	,	18,086,982		18,495,828	•	19,115,591	•	19,389,644
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience		-		(3,363,816)		123,335		(2,724,421)
Benefit Payments, Including								
Refunds of Employee Contributions		(12,464,852)		(13,367,634)		(14,106,985)		(14,550,855)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		8,932,959		498,384		8,410,041		21,598,577
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		245,736,775		254,669,734		255,168,118		263,578,159
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$	254,669,734	\$	255,168,118	\$	263,578,159	\$	285,176,736
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION								
Contributions - Employer	\$	3,191,964	\$	3,747,091	\$	4,508,818	\$	4,965,420
Contributions - Employee		1,640,223		1,622,551		1,710,782		1,824,492
Net Investment Income		31,444,609		4,578,528		1,092,440		21,714,550
Benefit Payments, Including								
Refunds of Employee Contributions		(12,464,852)		(13,367,634)		(14,106,985)		(14,550,855)
Administrative Expense		-		(235,754)		(124,510)		(291,464)
Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement		-		(521)		30,199		-
Other Miscellaneous Income/(Expense)		-		-		-		-
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position		23,811,944		(3,655,739)		(6,889,256)		13,662,143
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	_	184,143,961	_	207,955,905	_	204,300,166	_	197,410,910
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	207,955,905	\$	204,300,166	\$	197,410,910	\$	211,073,053
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Assets) - Ending (a) - (b)	\$	46,713,829	\$	50,867,952	\$	66,167,249	\$	74,103,683
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total								
Pension Liability		81.66%		80.06%		74.90%		74.01%
Covered Payroll	\$	21,768,272	\$	21,843,562	\$	21,768,272	\$	22,899,750
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of								
Covered Payroll		214.60%		232.87%		303.96%		323.60%

(1) Historical information is required only for measurement years for which GASB 68 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only eight years are shown.

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes:

The figures above include any liability impact that may have resulted from voluntary benefit changes that occurred after the June 30, 2019 valuation. However, offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes) that occurred after the June 30, 2019 valuation date are not included in the figures above, unless the liability impact is deemed to be material by the plan actuary.

Changes of Assumptions:

None in 2019 or 2020. In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CaIPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in discount rate in 2018. In 2017, the accounting discount rate reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense.) In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5 percent discount rate.

2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ 3,684,403	\$ 3,678,697	\$ 3,689,145	\$ 3,917,757
19,890,698	20,653,574	21,100,019	21,667,103
165,010	2,804,401	(1,647,018)	253,986
(15,247,444)	(16,166,651)	(16,726,361)	(17,726,053)
7,124,021	10,970,021	6,415,785	8,112,793
285,176,736	292,300,757	303,270,778	309,686,563
\$ 292,300,757	\$ 303,270,778	\$ 309,686,563	\$ 317,799,356
\$ 5,562,823	\$ 6,340,816	\$ 7,644,926	\$ 84,587,763
1,718,844	1,746,619	1,868,202	1,946,908
17,509,262	14,226,888	10,972,762	66,627,438
	(40,400,054)	(10 700 00 ()	
(15,247,444)	(16,166,651)	(16,726,361)	(17,726,053)
(328,910)	(156,756)	(318,117)	(228,852)
(510) (624,606)	- 510	-	-
8,589,459	5,991,426	3,441,412	135,207,204
211,073,053	219,662,512	225,653,938	229,095,350
\$ 219,662,512	\$ 225,653,938	\$ 229,095,350	\$ 364,302,554
		<u> </u>	
\$ 72,638,245	\$ 77,616,840	\$ 80,591,213	\$ (46,503,198)
75.15%	74.41%	73.98%	114.63%
\$ 23,628,194	\$ 23,219,075	\$ 25,342,873	\$ 26,144,350
007 (0%)	004.000/	040.000/	477.070/
307.42%	334.28%	318.00%	-177.87%

SAFETY PLAN - AGENT MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY/(ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS AS OF JUNE 30, FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

		2015		2016		2017		2018
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY								
Service Cost	\$	4,880,486	\$	4,785,362	\$	4,884,739	\$	5,801,213
Interest	Ŧ	23,069,282	Ŧ	23,712,742	Ŧ	24,593,728	Ŧ	24,844,637
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience		,,		(2,090,216)		1,506,206		(4,573,322)
Changes in Assumptions		-		(5,565,887)		-		19,952,226
Benefit Payments, Including								
Refunds of Employee Contributions		(17,510,572)		(18,221,480)		(18,854,232)		(19,795,369)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		10,439,196		2,620,521		12,130,441		26,229,385
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		313,905,458		324,344,654		326,965,175		339,095,616
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$	324,344,654	\$	326,965,175	\$	339,095,616	\$	365,325,001
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION								
Contributions - Employer	\$	5.669.824	\$	6.367.577	\$	7,278,178	\$	8,239,937
Contributions - Employee	Ψ	1,402,077	Ψ	1,554,104	Ψ	1,534,930	Ψ	1,568,799
Net Investment Income		37,455,889		5,342,317		1,164,032		25,441,922
Benefit Payments, Including		01,400,000		0,042,011		1,104,002		20,441,022
Refunds of Employee Contributions		(17,510,572)		(18,221,480)		(18,854,232)		(19,795,369)
Administrative Expense		(,0.10,0.1_)		(271,705)		(147,131)		(343,113)
Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement		-		521		1,096		-
Other Miscellaneous Income/(Expense)		-		-		-		-
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position		27,017,218		(5,228,666)		(9,023,127)		15,112,176
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		219,628,065		246,645,283		241,416,617		232,393,490
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	246,645,283	\$	241,416,617	\$	232,393,490	\$	247,505,666
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Assets) - Ending (a) - (b)	\$	77,699,371	\$	85,548,558	\$	106,702,126	\$	117,819,335
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total								
Pension Liability		76.04%		73.84%		68.53%		67.75%
Covered Payroll	\$	14,837,124	\$	15,182,720	\$	15,528,316	\$	16,122,314
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		523.68%		563.46%		687.15%		730.78%

(1) Historical information is required only for measurement years for which GASB 68 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only eight years are shown.

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes:

The figures above include any liability impact that may have resulted from voluntary benefit changes that occurred after the June 30, 2019 valuation. However, offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes) that occurred after the June 30, 2019 valuation date are not included in the figures above, unless the liability impact is deemed to be material by the plan actuary.

Changes of Assumptions:

None in 2019 or 2020. In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CaIPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in discount rate in 2018. In 2017, the accounting discount rate reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense.) In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5 percent discount rate.

2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ 5,447,465	\$ 5,283,890	\$ 5,538,692	\$ 5,666,577
25,520,009	26,641,545	27,404,181	28,253,540
1,433,848	6,506,181	1,100,494	2,054,460
(1,916,304)	-	-	-
(21,286,165)	(22,125,918)	(22,848,264)	(23,515,991)
9,198,853	16,305,698	11,195,103	12,458,586
365,325,001	374,523,854	390,829,552	402,024,655
\$ 374,523,854	\$ 390,829,552	\$ 402,024,655	\$ 414,483,241
\$ 8,917,280	\$ 10,065,972	\$ 12,010,910	\$ 144,351,077
1,611,014	1,577,765	1,935,321	1,854,431
20,385,914	16,534,386	12,709,328	86,029,275
(04,000,405)	(00.405.040)	(00.040.004)	(00 545 004)
(21,286,165)	(22,125,918)	(22,848,264)	(23,515,991)
(385,682)	(182,698)	(369,194)	(265,042)
(596)	- 596	-	-
(732,417) 8,509,348	5,870,103	3,438,101	208,453,750
247,505,666	256,015,014	261,885,117	265,323,218
\$ 256,015,014	\$ 261,885,117	\$ 265,323,218	\$ 473,776,968
+ 200,010,011	+ _0.,000,1.11	+ _00,020,210	÷
\$ 118,508,840	\$ 128,944,435	\$ 136,701,437	\$ (59,293,727)
68.36%	67.01%	66.00%	114.31%
\$ 17,199,482	\$ 16,421,383	\$ 17,338,673	\$ 18,391,390
689.03%	785.22%	788.42%	-322.40%

CITY OF POMONA

COLLATERAL BENEFITS PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS AS OF JUNE 30, FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY										
Service Cost	\$	8,761	\$	8,761	\$	9,330	\$	8,023	\$	8,023
Interest		61,845		59,294		56,133		52,950		54,678
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience		-		-		-		76,786		-
Refunds of Employee Contributions		(114,500)		(122,900)		(111,400)		(114,900)		(107,360)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability Total Pension Liability - Beginning		(43,894) 1.007.818		(54,845) 963,924		(45,937) 909.079		22,859 863,142		(44,659) 886,001
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$	963,924	\$	909,079	\$	863,142	\$	886,001	\$	841,342
	<u> </u>	000,024	<u> </u>	000,010	<u> </u>	000,142	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	041,042
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION										
Contributions - Employer	\$	-	\$	102,949	\$	167,769	\$		\$	333,578
Net Investment Income		13,113		8,427		3,889		32,324		(27,669)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions		(114,500)		(122,900)		(111,400)		(114,900)		(107,360)
Administrative Expense		(114,300)		(122,900)		(111,400)		(114,900)		(107,300) (200)
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position		(101,513)		(11,648)		60.258		(83,757)		198,349
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		284,669		183,156		171,508		231,766		148,009
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	183,156	\$	171,508	\$	231,766	\$	148,009	\$	346,358
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Assets) - Ending (a) - (b)	\$	780,768	\$	737,571	\$	631,376	\$	737,992	\$	494,984
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total										
Pension Liability		19.00%		18.87%		26.85%		16.71%		41.17%
Covered Payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of		NI/A		N1/A		NI /A		NI /A		N1/A
Covered Payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A

(1) Historical information is required only for measurement years for which GASB 68 is applicable.

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes: There were no changes to benefit terms.

Changes of Assumptions:

There were no changes of assumptions.

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MISCELLANEOUS PLAN - AGENT MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER SCHEDULE OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS AS OF JUNE 30, FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

	2015 2016		2017	2018
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 3,191,964 (3,191,964) \$ -	\$ 3,747,091 (3,747,091) \$ -	\$ 4,508,818 (4,508,818) \$ -	\$ 4,965,420 (4,965,420) \$ -
Covered Payroll	\$ 21,843,562	\$ 21,768,272	\$ 22,899,750	\$ 23,628,194
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.61%	17.21%	19.69%	21.01%

(1) Historical information is required only for measurement for which GASB 68 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only eight years are shown.

Note to Schedule:

Valuation Date:	June 30, 2020
Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:	
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal Cost Method
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Asset valuation method	Direct rate smoothing
Inflation	2.500%
Payroll Growth	2.750%
Projected Salary Increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Investment Rate of Return	7.00% (net of administrative expenses)
Retirement Age	All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were
-	based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from
	1997 to 2015, including updates to salary increase, mortality and
	retirement rates. The Experience Study report may be accessed on the
	CalPERS website at www.calpers.ca.gov under Forms and Publications.
Mortality	The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data.
	The table includes AF common of constality inclusions at a constality inclusion of the second s

The mortality table used was developed based on CaIPERS' specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using 90 percent of Society of Actuaries' Scale 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the 2017 experience study report.

 2019	2020		2021	 2022
\$ 5,562,823 (5,562,823)	\$ 7,759,016 (7,759,016)		4,202,532 4,202,532)	\$ 2,600,816 (2,600,816)
\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
\$ 23,219,075	25,342,873	26	6,144,350	28,750,624
23.96%	30.62%		322.07%	9.05%

SAFETY PLAN - AGENT MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER SCHEDULE OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS AS OF JUNE 30, FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

	2015 2016		2017	2018
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 5,669,824 (5,669,824) \$ -	\$ 6,367,577 (6,367,577) \$ -	\$ 7,278,178 (7,278,178) \$ -	\$ 8,239,937 (8,239,937) \$ -
Covered Payroll	\$ 15,182,720	\$ 15,528,316	\$ 16,122,314	\$ 17,199,482
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	37.34%	41.01%	45.14%	47.91%

(1) Historical information is required only for measurement for which GASB 68 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only eight years are shown.

Note to Schedule:

Valuation Date:	June 30, 2020
Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates: Actuarial Cost Method Amortization method Asset valuation method Inflation Payroll Growth Projected Salary Increases Investment Rate of Return Retirement Age	
Mortality	CalPERS website at www.calpers.ca.gov under Forms and Publications. The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using 90 percent of Society of Actuaries' Scale 2016. For more details on this

table, please refer to the 2017 experience study report.

 2019	2020		2021	 2022
\$ 8,917,280 (8,917,280)	\$ 11,896,017 (11,896,017)	\$ 143,493,881 (143,493,881)		\$ 4,512,251 (4,512,251)
\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
\$ 16,421,383	\$ 17,338,673	\$	18,391,390	\$ 19,483,535
54.30%	68.61%		780.22%	23.16%

COLLATERAL BENEFITS PLAN SCHEDULE OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS AS OF JUNE 30, FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

	2015	2016	2017	2018
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 110,032 (110,032) \$ -	\$ 102,949 (102,949) \$ -	\$ 102,949 (102,949) \$ -	\$ 102,949 (114,500) \$ (11,551)
Covered Payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

(1) Historical information is required only for measurement for which GASB 68 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only eight years are shown.

Note to Schedule:

Valuation Date:	June 30, 2021					
Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution	rates:					
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal Cost Method					
Amortization method	Level dollar of payroll					
Asset valuation method	Market value					
Inflation	N/A					
Payroll Growth	N/A					
Projected Salary Increases	N/A					
Investment Rate of Return	6.50% (net of administrative expenses)					
Retirement Age	The retirement rates are consistent with those used to value the Miscellaneous Public Agency CalPERS "2.0% at age 55" Pension Plans for retirees with 25 years of service.					
Mortality	Consistent with the Non-industrial rates used for the value of Miscellaneous Public Agency CalPERS Pension Plans.					

 2019	 2020	 2021	2022
\$ 102,949 (102,949)	\$ 167,769 (167,769)	\$ - (166,789)	\$ 166,789 (333,578)
\$ -	\$ -	\$ (166,789)	\$ (166,789)
 N/A	 N/A	 N/A	 N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

CITY OF POMONA

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS AS OF JUNE 30, FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

	 2018	 2019	 2020		2021	 2022
Total OPEB Liability						
Service cost	\$ 2,019,938	\$ 2,322,129	\$ 2,391,793	\$	2,438,598	\$ 2,859,647
Interest on the total OPEB liability	3,382,262	3,193,265	3,459,741		2,693,897	2,280,032
Actual and expected experience difference	-	-	(2,406,146)		-	(3,389,740)
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-		-	-
Benefit payments	 (4,149,518)	 (4,419,147)	 (4,532,965)		(4,862,846)	 (4,819,774)
Net change in total OPEB liability	6,404,555	(4,593,542)	8,926,581		7,542,653	(2,343,529)
Total OPEB liability - beginning Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	 90,248,485 96,653,040	 96,653,040 92,059,498	 92,059,498 100,986,079		100,986,079 108,528,732	 108,528,732 106,185,203
Total OPEB hability - ending (a)	 90,055,040	 52,055,450	 100,980,079		100,520,752	 100,105,205
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contribution - employer	4,149,518	4,419,147	4,532,965		4,862,846	4,819,774
Benefit payments	 (4,149,518)	 (4,419,147)	 (4,532,965)	_	(4,862,846)	 (4,819,774)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	-	-	-		-	-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 -	 -	 -		-	 -
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
Net OPEB Liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 96,653,040	\$ 92,059,498	\$ 100,986,079	\$	108,528,732	\$ 106,185,203
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%	0.00%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 40,827,676	\$ 40,570,643	\$ 42,681,546	\$	44,535,741	\$ 47,515,353
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	236.73%	226.91%	236.60%		243.69%	223.48%

(1) Historical information is required only for the measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2018 was the first year of implementation. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

Notes to Schedule: None

Changes in assumptions: In 2021, the accounting discount rate reduced from 2.7 percent to 2.12 percent. In 2020, the accounting discount rate reduced from 3.8 percent to 2.7 percent.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:

The **Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Fund** accounts for funds received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development to develop viable urban communities by providing decent housing and a suitable environment and expand economic opportunity for persons of low and moderate income.

The **State Gas Tax Fund** accounts for revenues received and expenditures made for general street improvement and maintenance. The revenue consists of the City's share of state gasoline taxes collected under Sections 2105,2106,2107.5 of the Street and Highway Code.

The **Proposition "A" Fund** accounts for the receipt and disbursement of funds derived from the one-half cent sales tax imposed by the Proposition "A" ordinance of the Los Angeles County Transportation Commission. The funds are used to finance public transportation projects.

The **Proposition** "**C**" **Fund** accounts for the receipt and disbursement of funds derived from a 1990-91 increase in County sales tax. The funds are used to finance transit and transit-related projects.

The **Vehicle Parking District Fund** accounts for operation, maintenance, capital improvements, and administration of parking lots in the downtown business area. Revenues are received from parking fees.

The **Air Quality Improvement Fund** accounts for revenues and expenditures made for air quality improvement projects. The revenues consist of funds received from the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) in accordance with AB2766.

The **Landscape Maintenance District Fund** accounts for revenues received and expenditures made for landscape and lighting maintenance in various areas of the City. Revenues consist of assessments received from property owners.

The **Asset Forfeiture Fund** accounts for the City's share of assets seized by law enforcement agencies. The monies are used for law enforcement purposes.

The **Traffic Offender Fund** accounts for the fees collected for the impoundment of vehicles and expenditures for the enforcement, education, and prosecution of drivers with a suspended or revoked license as well as unlicensed drivers operating a motor vehicle.

The **Measure** "**R**" **Fund** accounts for street maintenance, traffic signal, street light maintenance, traffic paint and sign services which are funded with one-half cent sales tax revenue.

The **Measure** "**M**" **Fund** accounts for new transit and highway projects, enhances bus and rail operations, and several other transportation improvements in Los Angeles County which is funded with one half cent sales tax revenue.

The **Special Fees Fund** accounts for fee analysis rate review and public art fees.

The **PEG Fee Fund** accounts for Public, Education, and Government (PEG) fees collected by service providers through the franchisee agreement with the City. These fees pay for capital equipment and projects that provide for continuation of PEG programming.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

The **OATH** (Officers Assisting the Homeless) Initiative Fund accounts for providing local police officers with the proper tools based on nationally recognized best practices and trauma-informed care for interactions with the homeless population.

The **Fairplex Mitigation Fund** accounts for City revenue from Fairplex events to fund public safety measures and initiatives to those residents most impacted by Fairplex events.

The **Measure "W" Fund** accounts for City revenue approved by Los Angeles County voters with funds to capture, treat and recycle stormwater.

The **Cannabis Community Benefit Fund** accounts for City revenue for permitted commercial cannabis businesses within City limits.

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

The **Assessment District Improvement Fund** accounts for capital improvements through special charges levied against the properties benefited.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CAPITAL OUTLAY CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$3,583,453	\$ 3,583,453	\$ 3,583,453	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Licenses, permits and fees	13,000	13,000	220,804	207,804
Intergovernmental	6,290,402	6,562,696	3,308,639	(3,254,057)
Charges for services	-	-	783,578	783,578
Use of money and properties	1,873	1,873	1,558	(315)
Contributions from Successor Agency	382,835	382,835	295,941	(86,894)
Miscellaneous	1,975,950	1,975,950	1,908,129	(67,821)
Transfers in	23,932,182	24,580,532	12,598,067	(11,982,465)
Proceeds from sale of capital asset	-	-	3,724	3,724
Amounts Available for Appropriations	36,179,695	37,100,339	22,703,893	(14,396,446)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Capital outlay	30,476,852	31,397,496	14,713,268	16,684,228
Transfers out	1,118,825	1,097,125	819,017	278,108
Total Charges to Appropriations	31,595,677	32,494,621	15,532,285	16,962,336
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 4,584,018	\$ 4,605,718	\$ 7,171,608	\$ 2,565,890

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ASSESSMENT DISTRICT IMPROVEMENT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 Budget . Driginal	Αmoι	ints Final	 Actual mounts	Fina	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 44,233	\$	44,233	\$ 44,233	\$	-
Resources (Inflows):						
Use of money and property	557		557	7,557		7,000
Amounts Available for Appropriations	 44,790		44,790	51,790		7,000
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):						
Transfers out	-		-	37,929		(37,929)
Total Charges to Appropriations	 -		-	 37,929	_	(37,929)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 44,790	\$	44,790	\$ 13,861	\$	(30,929)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL GOVERNMENT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget / Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ (69,113,379)	\$ (69,113,379)	\$ (69,113,379)	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):	¢ (00,1.0,010)	¢ (00,110,010)	¢ (00,1.0,0.0)	Ŷ
Taxes	613,760	613,760	-	(613,760)
Intergovernmental	315,397	315.397	291.002	(24,395)
Use of money and properties	3,562	3,562	641	(2,921)
Transfers in	5,312,000	5,312,000	12,961,567	7,649,567
Amounts Available for Appropriations	(62,868,660)	(62,868,660)	(55,860,169)	7,008,491
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,</u>			i
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	891,726	891,726	891,727	(1)
Interest and fiscal charges	3,116,491	3,116,491	10,759,397	(7,642,906)
Transfers out	2,250,000	2,250,000	-	2,250,000
Total Charges to Appropriations	6,258,217	6,258,217	11,651,124	(5,392,907)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ (69,126,877)	\$ (69,126,877)	\$ (67,511,293)	\$ 1,615,584

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PUBLIC FINANCING AUTHORITY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$71,103,881	\$71,103,881	\$71,103,881	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Use of money and properties	72,283	72,283	126,402	54,119
Transfers in	2,250	2,250	2,250	-
Amounts Available for Appropriations	71,178,414	71,178,414	71,232,533	54,119
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	2,895,000	2,895,000	2,895,000	-
Interest and fiscal charges	118,264	118,264	117,462	802
Total Charges to Appropriations	3,013,264	3,013,264	3,012,462	802
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$68,165,150	\$ 68,165,150	\$ 68,220,071	\$ 54,921

		Special Rev	enue Funds	ıds			
	Community Development Block Grant	State Gas Tax	Proposition A	Proposition C			
Assets: Cash and investments Receivables (net):	\$ -	\$ 4,073,545	\$ 4,995,667	\$ 8,283,703			
Accounts Notes and loans	- 1,552,699	-	3,000	-			
Interest Due from other governments Advances to other funds	933,493	15,252 811,384	16,050 18,754	25,987 -			
Total Assets	\$ 2,486,192	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ 8,309,690			
Liabilities, Deferred inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ 78,391	\$ 198,746	\$ 61,597	\$ 555			
Payroll payable Deposits payable	20,338	24,711	2,554	1,844			
Unearned revenues							
Total Liabilities	613,226	223,457	64,151	2,399			
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenues	866,019						
Total Deferred inflows of Resources	866,019						
Fund Balances: Restricted for:							
Development and public works Public safety	1,006,947	4,676,724	4,969,320	8,307,291			
Parks and recreation	-	-	-	-			
Assessment district improvement Unassigned	-	-	-				
Total Fund Balances	1,006,947	4,676,724	4,969,320	8,307,291			
Total Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 2,486,192	\$ 4,900,181	\$ 5,033,471	\$ 8,309,690			

	Special Revenue Funds						
	Vehicle Parking District	Air Quality Improvement	Landscape Maintenance District	Asset Forfeiture			
Assets: Cash and investments	\$ 1,791,777	\$ 482,923	\$ 585,453	\$ 1,592,533			
Receivables (net):	ψ 1,751,777	φ 402,920	φ 505,455	ψ 1,592,555			
Accounts	1,840	-	-	-			
Notes and loans	-	- 1.726	-	-			
Interest Due from other governments	5,975 1,907	49,768	2,253 42,805	5,342			
Advances to other funds	304,435						
Total Assets	\$ 2,105,934	\$ 534,417	\$ 630,511	\$ 1,597,875			
Liabilities, Deferred inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ 39,477	\$-	\$ 114,826	\$ 25,586			
Payroll payable	4,943	129	5,439	-			
Deposits payable Unearned revenues	17,334	-	-	-			
Unearned revenues							
Total Liabilities	61,754	129	120,265	25,586			
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenues							
Total Deferred inflows of Resources							
Fund Balances: Restricted for:							
Development and public works	2,044,180	534,288	-	-			
Public safety Parks and recreation	-	-	-	1,572,289			
Assessment district improvement	-	-	- 510,246	-			
Unassigned							
Total Fund Balances	2,044,180	534,288	510,246	1,572,289			
Total Liabilities, deferred inflows of	¢ 0405004	¢ 524.447	¢ 620 644	¢ 1 507 975			
resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 2,105,934	\$ 534,417	\$ 630,511	\$ 1,597,875			

	Special Revenue Funds							
		Traffic Offender Measure R			Measure M		Special Fees	
Assets: Cash and investments Receivables (net):	\$	618,336	\$	3,924,368	\$	3,423,453	\$	3,025,860
Accounts Notes and loans Interest		- - 1,999		- - 13,576		- - 11,007		-
Due from other governments Advances to other funds		-		-		-		-
Total Assets	\$	620,335	\$	3,937,944	\$	3,434,460	\$	3,025,860
Liabilities, Deferred inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	777	\$	21,175	\$	28,604	\$	3
Payroll payable Deposits payable		1,085		19,142		13,291		-
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-
Total Liabilities		1,862		40,317		41,895		3
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenues								
Total Deferred inflows of Resources		-		-		-		-
Fund Balances: Restricted for:				0 007 007		2 202 505		2 025 057
Development and public works Public safety		- 618,473		3,897,627		3,392,565 -		3,025,857
Parks and recreation		-		-		-		-
Assessment district improvement Unassigned		-		-		-		-
Total Fund Balances		618,473		3,897,627		3,392,565		3,025,857
Total Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and Fund Balances	_\$	620,335	\$	3,937,944	\$	3,434,460	\$	3,025,860

	Special Revenue Funds							
A	F	PEG Fee	OATH Initiative		Fairplex Mitigation Fund		N	leasure W
Assets: Cash and investments	\$	463,475	\$	3,880,047	\$	473,638	\$	5,870,322
Receivables (net): Accounts		34,242				130,956		
Notes and loans		- 34,242		-		- 130,930		-
Interest		-		-		-		21,229
Due from other governments Advances to other funds		-		-		114,216 -		-
Total Assets	\$	497,717	\$	3,880,047	\$	718,810	\$	5,891,551
Liabilities, Deferred inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	89,039	\$	-	\$	51,170
Payroll payable Deposits payable		-		9,745		-		2,373
Unearned revenues				3,781,263				5,977,836
Total Liabilities		-		3,880,047		-		6,031,379
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenues								
Total Deferred inflows of Resources		-		-		-		-
Fund Balances: Restricted for:								
Development and public works		497,717		-		718,810		-
Public safety Parks and recreation		-		-		-		-
Assessment district improvement		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-		-		-		(139,828)
Total Fund Balances		497,717		-		718,810		(139,828)
Total Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and Fund Balances	\$	497,717	\$	3,880,047	\$	718,810	\$	5,891,551

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds	Сар	Capital Projects Funds		
	Cannabis Community Benefit Fund	Assessment District		Total Nonmajo Governmental Funds	
Assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$	240,152	\$	43,725,252
Receivables (net): Accounts	216,240				206 270
Notes and loans	210,240		-		386,278 1,552,699
Interest			_		120,396
Due from other governments	-		_		1,972,327
Advances to other funds			-		304,435
Total Assets	\$ 216,240	\$	240,152	\$	48,061,387
Liabilities, Deferred inflows of Resources,					
and Fund Balances:					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	-	\$	709,946
Payroll payable	-		-		105,594
Deposits payable	-		226,291		243,625
Unearned revenues			-		9,759,099
Total Liabilities			226,291		11,332,761
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Unavailable revenues			-		866,019
Total Deferred inflows of Resources			-		866,019
Fund Balances:					
Restricted for:					
Development and public works	-		-		33,071,326
Public safety	-		-		2,190,762
Parks and recreation	216,240		- 13,861		216,240
Assessment district improvement Unassigned	-		13,001		524,107 (139,828)
งและราฐแซน					(159,020)
Total Fund Balances	216,240		13,861		35,862,607
Total Liabilities, deferred inflows of	6 6 1 6 1 1 1	•	040 450	¢	40.004.007
resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 216,240	\$	240,152	\$	48,061,387

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		Special Rev	enue Funds	
	Community Development Block Grant	State Gas Tax	Proposition A	Proposition C
Revenues: Taxes	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Special assessments	φ -	φ = -	φ = -	φ -
Licenses, permits and fees	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental Charges for services	2,547,581	6,831,047	3,917,096	3,242,929
Use of money and properties	- 29,245	- (80,287)	- (89,487)	- (165,985)
Miscellaneous		32,189	-	
Total Revenues	2,576,826	6,782,949	3,827,609	3,076,944
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government Public safety	-	-	-	-
Development services	1,310,020	3,707,806	2,036,886	101,077
Capital outlay	-	17,143	-	-
Debt service:	20,000	65 025		
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	20,000 214	65,035	-	-
-				
Total Expenditures	1,330,234	3,789,984	2,036,886	101,077
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,246,592	2,992,965	1,790,723	2,975,867
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	31,220	173,250	3,250	2,750
Transfers out	(1,292,361)	(1,357,630)	(133,492)	(5,809,473)
Total Other Financing Sources				
(Uses)	(1,261,141)	(1,184,380)	(130,242)	(5,806,723)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(14,549)	1,808,585	1,660,481	(2,830,856)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	1,021,496	2,868,139	3,308,839	11,138,147
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 1,006,947	\$ 4,676,724	\$ 4,969,320	\$ 8,307,291

(CONTINUED)

	Special Revenue Funds				
	Vehicle Parking District	Air Quality Improvement	Landscape Maintenance District	Asset Forfeiture	
Revenues: Taxes Special assessments Licenses, permits and fees	\$ 18,254 -	\$ - -	\$ - 1,254,821	\$ - -	
Intergovernmental Charges for services	- - 78,210	- 195,556 -	-	- 690,948 -	
Use of money and properties Miscellaneous	425,610	(8,419)	4,104 1,600	15,376 12,237	
Total Revenues	522,074	187,137	1,260,525	718,561	
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Development services Capital outlay Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	622,802 - - - - - - 622,802 (100,728)	- 58,559 - - - - 58,559 128,578	- 1,445,358 - - - - 1,445,358 (184,833)	443,212 97,512 - - - - 540,724	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	4,250	500 (73,939)	8,750		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	4,250	(73,439)	8,750		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(96,478)	55,139	(176,083)	177,837	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	2,140,658	479,149	686,329	1,394,452	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 2,044,180	\$ 534,288	\$ 510,246	\$ 1,572,289	

	Special Revenue Funds					
	Traffic Offender	Measure R	Measure M	Special Fees		
Revenues: Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Special assessments	Ψ -	φ -	φ -	φ -		
Licenses, permits and fees	-	-	-	569,399		
Intergovernmental Charges for services	- 174,825	2,431,805	2,751,867	-		
Use of money and properties	4,309	(69,630)	(61,185)	(76,301)		
Miscellaneous	8,105					
Total Revenues	187,239	2,362,175	2,690,682	493,098		
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government Public safety	- 61,665	-	-	-		
Development services	-	1,441,951	1,239,957	12,376		
Capital outlay	13,852	-	18,528	-		
Debt service: Principal retirement	_	_	-	-		
Interest and fiscal charges	-					
Total Expenditures	75,517	1,441,951	1,258,485	12,376		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	111,722	920,224	1,432,197	480,722		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in	-	39,250	39,500	-		
Transfers out	-	(307,286)	(205,203)			
Total Other Financing Sources						
(Uses)	-	(268,036)	(165,703)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	111,722	652,188	1,266,494	480,722		
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	506,751	3,245,439	2,126,071	2,545,135		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 618,473	\$ 3,897,627	\$ 3,392,565	\$ 3,025,857		

(CONTINUED)

	Special Revenue Funds				
	PEG Fee	OATH Initiative	Fairplex Mitigation Fund	Measure W	
Revenues: Taxes	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$ 993,404	
Special assessments	φ -	φ -	φ -	\$ 993,404	
Licenses, permits and fees	135,047	-	-	-	
Intergovernmental Charges for services	-	238,645	299,989	-	
Use of money and properties	- (11,660)	-	- (1,493)	- (116,639)	
Miscellaneous			-	-	
Total Revenues	123,387	238,645	298,496	876,765	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government Public safety	-	- 239,245	-	-	
Development services	-	-	-	246,933	
Capital outlay	12,219	-	-	-	
Debt service: Principal retirement					
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	
Total Expenditures	12,219	239,245		246,933	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	111,168	(600)	298,496	629,832	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	-	600	-	-	
Transfers out				(769,660)	
Total Other Financing Sources					
(Uses)		600		(769,660)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	111,168	-	298,496	(139,828)	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	386,549		420,314		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 497,717	\$ -	\$ 718,810	\$ (139,828)	

	Special Revenue Funds Cannabis Community Benefit Fund	Capital Projects Funds Assessment Total Nonmaj District Government Improvement Funds		
Revenues: Taxes Special assessments Licenses, permits and fees Intergovernmental Charges for services Use of money and properties Miscellaneous	\$ 216,240 - - - - - -	\$ - - - - 7,557	\$ 1,227,898 1,254,821 704,446 23,147,463 253,035 (194,885) 54,131	
Total Revenues	216,240	7,557	26,446,909	
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Development services Capital outlay Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	- - - -	- - - -	622,802 744,122 11,600,923 159,254 85,035 214	
Total Expenditures			13,212,350	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	216,240	7,557	13,234,559	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out		- (37,929)	303,320 (9,986,973)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u> </u>	(37,929)	(9,683,653)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	216,240	(30,372)	3,550,906	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		44,233	32,311,701	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 216,240	\$ 13,861	\$ 35,862,607	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$1,021,496	\$ 1,021,496	\$ 1,021,496	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	4,637,539	4,517,539	2,547,581	(1,969,958)
Charges for services	15,472	15,472	-	(15,472)
Use of money and properties	875	875	29,245	28,370
Transfers in	31,220	31,220	31,220	-
Amounts Available for Appropriations	5,706,602	5,586,602	3,629,542	(1,957,060)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				<u>.</u>
Development services	3,477,018	3,407,795	1,310,020	2,097,775
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	10,000	10,000	20,000	(10,000)
Interest and fiscal charges	3,000	3,000	214	2,786
Transfers out	1,146,763	1,146,763	1,292,361	(145,598)
Total Charges to Appropriations	4,636,781	4,567,558	2,622,595	1,944,963
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 1,069,821	\$ 1,019,044	\$ 1,006,947	\$ (12,097)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE STATE GAS TAX YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$2,868,139	\$ 2,868,139	\$ 2,868,139	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	6,661,621	6,661,621	6,831,047	169,426
Use of money and properties	31,779	31,779	(80,287)	(112,066)
Miscellaneous	36,600	36,600	32,189	(4,411)
Transfers in	222,960	222,960	173,250	(49,710)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	9,821,099	9,821,099	9,824,338	3,239
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):			i	
Development services	4,076,282	4,076,282	3,707,806	368,476
Capital outlay	20,000	20,000	17,143	2,857
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	68,400	68,400	65,035	3,365
Transfers out	3,317,239	3,317,239	1,357,630	1,959,609
Total Charges to Appropriations	7,481,921	7,481,921	5,147,614	2,334,307
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 2,339,178	\$ 2,339,178	\$ 4,676,724	\$ 2,337,546

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PROPOSITION A YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$3,308,839	\$ 3,308,839	\$ 3,308,839	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	3,010,000	3,010,000	3,917,096	907,096
Use of money and properties	26,083	26,083	(89,487)	(115,570)
Transfers in	3,250	3,250	3,250	-
Amounts Available for Appropriations	6,348,172	6,348,172	7,139,698	791,526
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Development services	3,285,300	3,285,300	2,036,886	1,248,414
Transfers out	-	-	133,492	(133,492)
Total Charges to Appropriations	3,285,300	3,285,300	2,170,378	1,114,922
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 3,062,872	\$ 3,062,872	\$ 4,969,320	\$ 1,906,448

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PROPOSITION C YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	U	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 11,138,147	\$ 11,138,147	\$ 11,138,147	\$-
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	2,400,000	2,400,000	3,242,929	842,929
Use of money and properties	92,179	92,179	(165,985)	(258,164)
Transfers in	2,750	2,750	2,750	-
Amounts Available for Appropriations	13,633,076	13,633,076	14,217,841	584,765
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Development services	122,789	122,789	101,077	21,712
Transfers out	2,610,667	2,610,667	5,809,473	(3,198,806)
Total Charges to Appropriations	2,733,456	2,733,456	5,910,550	(3,177,094)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 10,899,620	\$ 10,899,620	\$ 8,307,291	\$ (2,592,329)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE VEHICLE PARKING DISTRICT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$2,140,658	\$ 2,140,658	\$ 2,140,658	\$-
Resources (Inflows):				
Taxes	15,105	15,105	18,254	3,149
Charges for services	117,000	117,000	78,210	(38,790)
Use of money and properties	405,599	405,599	425,610	20,011
Transfers in	4,250	4,250	4,250	-
Amounts Available for Appropriations	2,682,612	2,682,612	2,666,982	(15,630)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
General government	236,894	221,894	622,802	(400,908)
Transfers out	571,195	571,195	-	571,195
Total Charges to Appropriations	808,089	793,089	622,802	170,287
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$1,874,523	\$ 1,889,523	\$ 2,044,180	\$ 154,657

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE AIR QUALITY IMPROVEMENT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget /	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 479,149	\$ 479,149	\$ 479,149	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	199,000	199,000	195,556	(3,444)
Use of money and properties	2,251	2,251	(8,419)	(10,670)
Transfers in	50,500	50,500	500	(50,000)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	730,900	730,900	666,786	(64,114)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Development services	113,284	113,284	58,559	54,725
Capital outlay	131,763	131,763	-	131,763
Transfers out	-	-	73,939	(73,939)
Total Charges to Appropriations	245,047	245,047	132,498	112,549
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 485,853	\$ 485,853	\$ 534,288	\$ 48,435

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE LANDSCAPE MAINTENANCE DISTRICT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget / Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 686.329	\$ 686.329	\$ 686.329	(Negative)
Resources (Inflows):	φ 000,020	φ 000,020	φ 000,020	Ψ
Special assessments	1,216,250	1,216,250	1,254,821	38,571
Use of money and properties	6,908	6,908	4,104	(2,804)
Miscellaneous	-	-	1,600	1,600
Transfers in	8,750	8,750	8,750	-
Amounts Available for Appropriations	1,918,237	1,918,237	1,955,604	37,367
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Development services	1,533,179	1,533,179	1,445,358	87,821
Total Charges to Appropriations	1,533,179	1,533,179	1,445,358	87,821
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 385,058	\$ 385,058	\$ 510,246	\$ 125,188

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ASSET FORFEITURE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 1,394,452	\$ 1,394,452	\$ 1,394,452	\$-
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	652,000	652,000	690,948	38,948
Charges for services	6,000	6,000	-	(6,000)
Use of money and properties	16,065	16,065	15,376	(689)
Miscellaneous	-	-	12,237	12,237
Amounts Available for Appropriations	2,068,517	2,068,517	2,113,013	44,496
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public safety	719,863	712,863	443,212	269,651
Capital outlay	101,053	108,053	97,512	10,541
Total Charges to Appropriations	820,916	820,916	540,724	280,192
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$1,247,601	\$ 1,247,601	\$ 1,572,289	\$ 324,688

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE TRAFFIC OFFENDER YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 506,751	\$ 506,751	\$ 506,751	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Charges for services	265,777	265,777	174,825	(90,952)
Use of money and properties	3,527	3,527	4,309	782
Miscellaneous	-	-	8,105	8,105
Amounts Available for Appropriations	776,055	776,055	693,990	(82,065)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				· · · · · ·
Public safety	179,550	179,550	61,665	117,885
Capital outlay	85,000	85,000	13,852	71,148
Total Charges to Appropriations	264,550	264,550	75,517	189,033
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 511,505	\$ 511,505	\$ 618,473	\$ 106,968

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MEASURE R YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$3,245,439	\$ 3,245,439	\$ 3,245,439	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	1,900,000	1,900,000	2,431,805	531,805
Use of money and properties	27,770	27,770	(69,630)	(97,400)
Transfers in	39,250	39,250	39,250	-
Amounts Available for Appropriations	5,212,459	5,212,459	5,646,864	434,405
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Development services	1,616,374	1,616,374	1,441,951	174,423
Transfers out	1,152,093	1,152,093	307,286	844,807
Total Charges to Appropriations	2,768,467	2,768,467	1,749,237	1,019,230
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 2,443,992	\$ 2,443,992	\$ 3,897,627	\$ 1,453,635

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MEASURE M YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$2,126,071	\$ 2,126,071	\$ 2,126,071	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	2,200,000	2,200,000	2,751,867	551,867
Use of money and properties	12,684	12,684	(61,185)	(73,869)
Transfers in	39,500	39,500	39,500	-
Amounts Available for Appropriations	4,378,255	4,378,255	4,856,253	477,998
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Development services	1,543,226	1,542,855	1,239,957	302,898
Capital outlay	224,458	224,458	18,528	205,930
Transfers out	1,707,620	1,707,620	205,203	1,502,417
Total Charges to Appropriations	3,475,304	3,474,933	1,463,688	2,011,245
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 902,951	\$ 903,322	\$ 3,392,565	\$ 2,489,243

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL FEES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$2,545,135	\$ 2,545,135	\$ 2,545,135	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Special assessments	301,200	301,200	569,399	268,199
Use of money and properties	-	-	(76,301)	(76,301)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	2,846,335	2,846,335	3,038,233	191,898
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Development services	700,000	700,000	12,376	687,624
Total Charges to Appropriations	700,000	700,000	12,376	687,624
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 2,146,335	\$ 2,146,335	\$ 3,025,857	\$ 879,522

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PEG FEE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget /	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 386,549	\$ 386,549	\$ 386,549	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Licenses, permits and fees	100,000	100,000	135,047	35,047
Use of money and properties	-	-	(11,660)	(11,660)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	486,549	486,549	509,936	23,387
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):		i		
Capital outlay	48,600	48,600	12,219	36,381
Total Charges to Appropriations	48,600	48,600	12,219	36,381
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 437,949	\$ 437,949	\$ 497,717	\$ 59,768

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE OATH INITIATIVE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget / Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$-
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	1,008,600	1,008,600	238,645	(769,955)
Transfers in	600	600	600	-
Amounts Available for Appropriations	1,009,200	1,009,200	239,245	(769,955)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):	i			, <u> </u>
Public safety	1,009,200	1,009,200	239,245	769,955
Total Charges to Appropriations	1,009,200	1,009,200	239,245	769,955
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ -

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MEASURE W YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Taxes	5,274,745	5,274,745	993,404	(4,281,341)
Use of money and property	-	-	(116,639)	(116,639)
Amounts Available for Appropriation	5,274,745	5,274,745	876,765	(4,397,980)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Community development	318,261	318,261	246,933	71,328
Transfers out	4,281,355	4,561,355	769,660	3,791,695
Total Charges to Appropriations	4,599,616	4,879,616	1,016,593	3,863,023
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 675,129	\$ 395,129	\$ (139,828)	\$ (534,957)

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INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

The **Internal Service Funds** account for maintenance and repair of City vehicles and equipment, risk management, general liability, workers' compensation, information technology, and printing and mail service provided to other departments or agencies of the City.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds			
	Self- Insurance	Equipment Maintenance	Information Technology	Printing/Mail Services
Assets:				
Current: Cash and investments	\$ 10,603,335	\$ 924,062	\$ 524,309	\$ -
Receivables:	φ 10,000,000	φ 024,002	φ 024,000	Ψ
Interest	69,372	-	-	-
Inventories		479,615		
Total Current Assets	10,672,707	1,403,677	524,309	
Noncurrent:				
Net pension asset	599,891	1,478,802	1,078,874	-
Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation	6,094	110,087	133,532	
Total Noncurrent Assets	605,985	1,588,889	1,212,406	
Total Assets	11,278,692	2,992,566	1,736,715	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:				
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	35,267	86,937	63,425	-
Deferred outflows of resources related to	70 450	200.074	457 540	
other postemployment benefits	70,153	290,971	157,540	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	105,420	377,908	220,965	
Liabilities:				
Current:	00.050	007.000	00,400	1 500
Accounts payable Due to other funds	89,850	327,022	80,420	1,503 58,027
Payroll payable	13,824	31,320	- 22,251	- 50,027
Compensated absences, due within one year		208,129	,0 :	-
Claims and judgements, due within one year	14,592,000	-	-	-
Long-term debt, due in one year	29,583	93,635	62,695	
Total Current Liabilities	14,725,257	660,106	165,366	59,530
Noncurrent:				
Claims and judgements, due in more than one year	24,670,949	-	-	-
Long-term debt, due in more than one year	865,367	2,739,003	1,833,941	-
Total other postemployment benefit liability	636,750	2,641,007	1,429,918	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	26,173,066	5,380,010	3,263,859	
Total Liabilities	40,898,323	6,040,116	3,429,225	59,530
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	457,437	1,127,635	822,677	-
Deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits	23,407	97,085	52,565	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	480,844	1,224,720	875,242	
Net Position:				
Investment in capital assets	6,094	110,087	133,532	-
Unrestricted	(30,001,149)	(4,004,449)	(2,480,319)	(59,530)
Total Net Position	\$ (29,995,055)	\$ (3,894,362)	\$ (2,346,787)	\$ (59,530)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fundamental		
	Payroll	Pension Obligation	Totals	
Assets: Current:				
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,051,706	
Receivables:	Ψ =	Ψ -	φ 12,001,700	
Interest	-	-	69,372	
Inventories	-	-	479,615	
			<u> </u>	
Total Current Assets	<u> </u>		12,600,693	
Noncurrent:				
Net pension asset	-	-	3,157,567	
Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation			249,713	
Total Noncurrent Assets	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	3,407,280	
Total Assets	<u> </u>		16,007,973	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:				
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	-	-	185,629	
Deferred outflows of resources related to				
other postemployment benefits			518,664	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u> </u>		704,293	
Liabilities:				
Current:				
Accounts payable	61,828	-	560,623	
Due to other funds	396,035	-	454,062	
Payroll payable	-	-	67,395	
Compensated absences, due within one year	-	-	208,129	
Claims and judgements, due within one year	-	-	14,592,000	
Long-term debt, due in one year			185,913	
Total Current Liabilities	457,863		16,068,122	
Noncurrent:				
Claims and judgements, due in more than one year	-	-	24,670,949	
Long-term debt, due in more than one year	-	-	5,438,311	
Total other postemployment benefit liability			4,707,675	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	<u> </u>		34,816,935	
Total Liabilities	457,863		50,885,057	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	-	-	2,407,749	
Deferred inflows of resources related to				
other postemployment benefits			173,057	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u> </u>		2,580,806	
Net Position:				
Investment in capital assets	-	-	249,713	
Unrestricted	(457,863)		(37,003,310)	
Total Net Position	\$ (457,863)	<u>\$-</u>	\$ (36,753,597)	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds			Funds
	Self- Insurance	Equipment Maintenance	Information Technology	Printing/Mail Services
Operating Revenues: Interdepartmental charges Miscellaneous	\$ 5,234,057 1,080,238	\$ 4,356,128 	\$ 1,877,302 	\$ 33,807
Total Operating Revenues	6,314,295	4,356,128	1,877,302	33,807
Operating Expenses: Personnel services Operations Claims expense	262 (6,094) 14,402,840	1,199,793 2,612,198 -	885,793 801,451 	131 33,676 -
Depreciation expense	14,397,008	16,242	23,789	
Total Operating Expenses Operating Income (Loss)	(8,082,713)	3,828,233 527,895	1,711,033 166,269	33,807
Nonoperating Revenues: Investment income Interest expense Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	(60,565) 326	1,032 4,000	- 691 	- - -
Total Nonoperating Revenues	(60,239)	5,032	691	
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	(8,142,952)	532,927	166,960	-
Transfers in Transfers out	8,250	349,279	226,632	-
Changes in Net Position	(8,134,702)	882,206	393,592	-
Net Position:				
Beginning of Year	(21,860,353)	(4,776,568)	(2,740,379)	(59,530)
End of Fiscal Year	\$ (29,995,055)	\$ (3,894,362)	\$ (2,346,787)	\$ (59,530)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental	Activities - Interna	I Service Funds
	Payroll	Pension Obligation	Totals
Operating Revenues: Interdepartmental charges Miscellaneous	\$ 37,317,454 -	\$ 7,649,567 	\$ 56,468,315 1,080,238
Total Operating Revenues	37,317,454	7,649,567	57,548,553
Operating Expenses: Personnel services Operations Claims expense Depreciation expense	38,167,608 - -	- - -	40,253,587 3,441,231 14,402,840 40,031
Total Operating Expenses	38,167,608		58,137,689
Operating Income (Loss)	(850,154)	7,649,567	(589,136)
Nonoperating Revenues: Investment income Interest expense Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	- - -	-	(60,565) 2,049 4,000
Total Nonoperating Revenues			(54,516)
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	(850,154)	7,649,567	(643,652)
Transfers in Transfers out	-	(7,649,567)	584,161 (7,649,567)
Changes in Net Position	(850,154)	-	(7,709,058)
Net Position:			
Beginning of Year	392,291		(29,044,539)
End of Fiscal Year	\$ (457,863)	<u>\$-</u>	\$ (36,753,597)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Gover	mmental Activities	- Internal Service	Funds
	Self- Insurance	Equipment Maintenance	Information Technology	Printing/Mail Services
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:				
Cash received from customers and users	\$ 6,314,886	\$ 4,356,128	\$ 1,883,439	\$ 33,807
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(6,196,649)	(2,675,319)	(761,586)	(36,119)
Cash paid for general and administrative expenses	(78,382)	(1,598,309)	(1,109,586)	(131)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	39,855	82,500	12,267	(2,443)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:				
Cash transfers out	-	-	-	-
Cash transfers in	8,250	349,279	226,632	-
Repayment made to other funds				2,443
Net Cash Provided (Used) by				
Non-Capital Financing Activities	8,250	349,279	226,632	2,443
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets Proceeds from sales of capital assets	(6,094)	4,000	(60,817)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by				
Capital and Related Financing Activities	(6,094)	4,000	(60,817)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest received	(83,644)			
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	(83,644)			
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash				
and Cash Equivalents	(41,633)	435,779	178,082	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	10,644,968	488,283	346,227	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 10,603,335	\$ 924,062	\$ 524,309	\$-
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash				
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$ (8,082,713)	\$ 527,895	\$ 166,269	\$ -
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) net cash provided (used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation	-	16,242	23,789	-
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	591	-	6,137	-
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items	-	-	-	1,438
(Increase) decrease in inventories	-	(106,323)	-	-
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows	4 0 4 0 5 0 0	0.004.050	4 004 000	
of resources related to pensions	1,040,586	2,934,059	1,984,999	-
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits	11,560	92,732	41,814	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	43,316	43,202	39,865	(3,881)
Increase (decrease) in payroll payable	(2,951)	(8,788)	(8,734)	(3,001)
Increase (decrease) in claims and judgments	8,156,781	(0,700)	(0,734)	-
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	-	(6)	-	_
Increase (decrease) in net other postemployment benefit liability	18,053	(264,218)	(79,499)	-
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	(1,607,281)	(4,307,554)	(2,996,945)	-
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows				
of resources related to pensions	447,143	1,098,730	803,077	-
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows				
of resources related to other postemployment benefits	14,770	56,529	31,495	
Total Adjustments	8,122,568	(445,395)	(154,002)	(2,443)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 39,855	\$ 82,500	\$ 12,267	\$ (2,443)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	·	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental A	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund		
	Payroll	Pension Obligation	Totals	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from customers and users Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	\$ 37,317,454 51,874 (28,467,609)	\$ 7,649,567 -	\$ 57,555,281 (9,617,799)	
Cash paid for general and administrative expenses	(38,167,608)		(40,954,016)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(798,280)	7,649,567	6,983,466	
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:				
Cash transfers out	-	(7,649,567)	(7,649,567)	
Cash transfers in Repayment made to other funds	- 396,035	-	584,161 398,478	
	000,000			
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities	396,035	(7,649,567)	(6,666,928)	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets Proceeds from sales of capital assets	<u> </u>		(66,911) 4,000	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities			(62,911)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest received			(83,644)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	<u> </u>		(83,644)	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(402,245)	-	169,983	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	402,245		11,881,723	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	<u>\$</u>	\$-	\$ 12,051,706	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$ (850,154)	\$ 7,649,567	\$ (589,136)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) net cash provided (used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation	-	-	40,031	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	-	-	6,728	
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items (Increase) decrease in inventories	-	-	1,438 (106,323)	
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows				
of resources related to pensions (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows	-	-	5,959,644	
of resources related to other postemployment benefits	-	-	146,106	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	51,874	-	174,376	
Increase (decrease) in payroll payable	-	-	(20,473)	
Increase (decrease) in claims and judgments Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	-	-	8,156,781 (6)	
Increase (decrease) in net other postemployment benefit liability	-	-	(325,664)	
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	-	-	(8,911,780)	
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources related to pensions			2,348,950	
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows	-	-	2,040,900	
of resources related to other postemployment benefits			102,794	
Total Adjustments	51,874		7,572,602	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (798,280)	\$ 7,649,567	\$ 6,983,466	

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STATISTICAL SECTION

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STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

This part of the City of Pomona's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

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<u>Financial Trends</u> – These schedules contain information to help the reader to understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

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<u>Demographic and Economic Information</u> – These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

Demographic and Economic Statistics	
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<u>Operating Information</u> – These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

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Capital Asset Statistics by Function	

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City of Pomona Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years		2013	
		2014	
		20	

				Fiscal Year						
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Governmental activities: Net investment in										
capital assets Restricted	\$ 266,340,326 94 797 810	\$ 266,340,326 \$ 239,862,742 94 797 810 91 110 197	\$ 232,263,791 138,440,707	\$ 224,471,223 116,594,550	\$ 234,174,328 73,828,441	76 492 595	\$ 246,211,473 78 464 005	\$ 249,865,379 73,644,455	\$ 266,039,124 78,568,882	\$ 225,279,591 154.307.326
Unrestricted	(88,955,872)		(255,237,644)	(227,001,243)	(2	(257,496,100)	(263,613,107)	(276,437,035)	(306,914,581)	(316,498,645)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 272,182,264	\$ 272,182,264 \$ 264,487,631	\$ 115,466,854	\$ 114,064,530	\$ 66,801,168	\$ 58,695,020	\$ 61,062,371	\$ 47,072,799	\$ 37,693,425	\$ 63,088,272
Business-type activities: Net investment in										
capital assets	\$ 40,774,712	\$ 43,825,224	\$ 42,086,156	\$ 42,988,769	\$ 47,223,963	\$ 49,968,356	\$ 50,227,346	\$ 52,662,674	\$ 59,159,108	\$ 58,873,617
Kestricted Unrestricted	14,805,693 42,671,686	32,725,153 23,144,683	28,900,238 15,566,032	23,984,978 25,022,337	1,885,849 22,446,812	7,352,171 15,446,370	7,474,831 18,984,171	7,526,741 24,753,618	29,670,621	- 42,862,852
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 98,252,091	\$ 99,695,060	\$ 86,552,426	\$ 91,996,084	\$ 71,556,624	\$ 72,766,897	\$ 76,686,348	\$ 84,943,033	\$ 88,829,729	\$ 101,736,469
Primary government: Net investment in										
capital assets	\$ 307,115,038	ŝ	\$ 274,349,947	\$ 267,459,992	\$ 281,398,291	\$ 289,666,881	\$ 296,438,819	\$ 302,528,053	\$ 325,198,232	\$ 284,153,208
Kestricted Unrestricted	109,603,503 (46,284,186)	123,835,350 (43,340,625)	167,340,945 (239,671,612)	140,579,528 (201,978,906)	/5,/14,290 (218,754,789)	83,844,766 (242,049,730)	85,938,836 (244,628,936)	81,1/1,196 (251,683,417)	/8,568,882 (277,243,960)	154,307,326 (276,635,793)
Total primary government net position	\$ 370,434,355 \$ 364,182,691	\$ 364,182,691	\$ 202,019,280	\$ 206,060,614	\$ 138,357,792	\$ 131,461,917	\$ 137,748,719	\$ 132,015,832	\$ 126,523,154	\$ 161,824,741

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unanges in ver Position Last Ten Fiscal Years											
							Fiscal Year	al ∢	aar		
	2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018
Expenses											
Governmental activities:											
General government	\$ 7,499,578	θ	5,583,709	¢	5,559,844	4	7,562,244	θ	6,469,953	θ	17,361
Public safety	62,632,820		66,570,974	Ű	67,614,853	Ű	68,882,651		80,253,767		90,198
Urban development	36,407,420		47,913,493	1	42,134,924	1	43,544,386		42,113,740		39,353
Neighborhood services	14,858,140		6,181,264		6,151,817		7,853,695		7,410,753		7,624
Interest on long-term debt	7,997,227		5,364,960		5,252,517		5,027,126		5,225,017		4,011

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7,499,578	\$ 5,583,709	\$ 5,559,844	4 \$ 7,562,244	4 \$	6,469,953	θ	17,361,635	ф	18,396,137	ь	9,102,528	ф	55,348,138	ф	4,356,429
62,632,820	66,570,974	67,614,853	3 68,882,651	-	80,253,767		90,198,911		88,946,880		105,018,750		84,002,230		91,066,227
36,407,420	47,913,493	42,134,924	4 43,544,386	ço	42,113,740		39,353,774		46,536,121		58,913,340		44,459,455		61,937,835
14,858,140	6,181,264	6,151,817	7 7,853,695	5	7,410,753		7,624,657		7,399,533		5,800,930		2,052,663		5,713,662
7,997,227	5,364,960	5,252,517	7 5,027,126	9	5,225,017		4,011,254		2,941,398		3,197,362		6,985,609		12,583,888
129,395,185	131,614,400	126,713,955	5 132,870,102		141,473,230		158,550,231		164,220,069	, -	182,032,910		192,848,095		175,658,041
28,242,875	29,585,491	27,125,628	8 25,763,116	ŝ	28,440,029		30,919,855		27,912,991		28,007,704		33,815,407		33,122,484
8,544,029	4,164,990	3,962,091	1 4,026,081	<del>-</del>	3,792,538		4,067,892		4,379,232		2,747,675		4,077,798		3,548,204
8,403,397	8,562,818	8,467,884	4 8,028,531	-	9,443,548		10,197,844		9,934,035		9,955,161		11,274,763		9,905,436
25,163	18,154	26,747	7 21,080	0	19,718		29,972		26,695		28,741		12,213		15,334
		'			'						833,607		9,999,345		35,805,533
45,215,464	42,331,453	39,582,350	0 37,838,808	8	41,695,833		45,215,563		42,252,953		41,572,888		59,179,526		82,396,991
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Refuse Canon Water Company Pomona Choice Energy Authority

Total governmental activities

Business-type activities:

Water Sewer Total business-type activities

Total primary government expenses

Program Revenues Governmental activities: Charges for services:

178,755,059	¢	138,396,499	ф	127,582,671	Ь	\$ 111,721,388		\$ 106,542,421	ф	96,226,295	ф	\$ 88,097,551	1	88,766,468	φ	\$ 96,635,235 \$ 91,714,747	Ś	96,635,235
95,952,670		65,973,064		48,956,108		46,016,265		48,331,607		44,062,876		42,417,791	5	44,251,311		45,964,811		44,313,192
'																		
873,544		17,006		41,458		83,280		4,137,026		396,147		45,841	22	42,052		42,833		46,588
34,839,553		10,578,321		•		'		'		'				'				•
'		•		•		'		64,221		64,221		64,221	2	64,221		64,221		64,221
11,552,713		11,089,435		10,889,767		10,600,103		10,104,225		10,071,188		9,692,936	34	9,523,134		9,561,681		9,107,603
7,220,461		6,575,382		5,557,690		4,795,076		4,312,373		4,291,847		4,425,247	5	4,733,661		4,684,934		4,461,575
41,466,399		37,712,920		32,467,193		30,537,806		29,713,762		29,239,473		28,189,546	13	29,888,243		31,611,142		30,633,205
82,802,389		72,423,435		78,626,563		65,705,123		58,210,814		52,163,419		45,679,760	22	44,515,157		45,749,936		52,322,043
20,129,121		14,909,220		14,964,309		6,477,530		8,191,910	ļ	8,071,688	ļ	11,413,949	24	12,627,464	ļ	12,758,089		15,442,436
34,109,034		33,900,809		30,066,570		45,323,992		35,876,846		29,965,692		16,994,223	<b>)</b> 5	17,564,805		19,501,511		20,548,119
20,313,269		17,540,264		27,387,658		6,502,456		5,667,496		5,900,327		8,100,519	17	6,708,617		6,014,243		9,066,076
1,254,821		1,252,382		1,218,872		1,216,193		1,191,903		1,200,732		1,176,050	94	1,213,094		1,193,066		1,229,659
'		'		'		15,030		465,927		474,051		476,646	22	474,722		475,665		462,461
		'		'		18,721	-	556,879		566,597		568,757	47	566,547		567,499		552,417
2,118,063		1,541,953		2,058,052		2,108,774		1,925,425		1,790,114		2,353,704	13	1,093,143		1,107,049		937,070
2,367,716		1,339,362		1,282,955		1,110,162		866,034		988,963		1,219,738	6†	778,349		816,046		1,017,684
2,510,365	Ь						+		÷		•		م 0	0,400,410	A	0,010,00	÷	3,000,121

Total business-type activities program revenues	
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Pomona Choice Energy Authority Operating contributions and grants Capital contributions and grants

Canon Water Company

Refuse

## Total primary government program revenues

Operating contributions and grants Capital contributions and grants

Maintenance assessment fees

All other

Street sweeping fees

Building permits Graffiti abatement

Police revenues Plan check fees activities program revenues

Business-type activities: Charges for services:

Water Sewer

Total governmental

### City of Pomona Changes in Net Position, Continued Last Ten Fiscal Years

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	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ (77,073,142) (902,272)	<pre>\$ (85,864,464) 3,633,358</pre>	\$ (82,198,798) 4,668,961	\$ (87,190,342) 4,578,983	\$ (89,309,811) 2,367,043	\$ (100,339,417) 3,116,044	\$ (98,514,946) \$ 3,763,312	<pre>\$ (103,406,347) \$ 7,383,220</pre>	(120,424,660) \$ 6,793,538	(92,855,652) 13,555,679
Total primary government net expense	\$ (77,975,414)	\$ (82,231,106)	\$ (77,529,837)	\$ (82,611,359)	\$ (86,942,768)	\$ (97,223,373)	\$ (94,751,634) \$	\$ (96,023,127) \$	(113,631,122) \$	(79,299,973)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities: Tayes.										
Property taxes Sales taxes	\$ 32,143,878 12.354.719	\$ 33,630,550 12.040.357	\$ 36,408,806 13,544,946	\$ 33,716,887 15,171,472	\$ 33,649,454 18,135,287	\$ 35,564,811 18.913.339	\$ 39,212,060 \$ 22,239,249	\$ 38,634,967 \$ 30,407,998	44,131,198 \$ 34,340,732	44,838,946 42,229,675
Motor vehicle licenses	69,443	1	67,079	61,498	69,708	81,751	74,731	122,129	113,548	174,812
Transient occupancy taxes Property transfer taxes	1,473,662 1 475 856	1,560,682	1,568,387 1,581,039	1,723,719 1 859 615	2,101,946 1 924 198	2,183,989 1 874 513	2,514,809 1 790 878	2,431,755 -	2,181,603 -	2,593,896 -
Franchise taxes	5,671,708	6,029,371	6,563,245	6,425,511	6,418,863	6,630,484	4,921,153	4,942,288	5,134,724	5,632,845
Utility users taxes	16,941,444	17,311,594	17,465,816	16,419,345	16,022,386	16,455,057	15,897,932	15,562,762	16,542,842	18,407,292
Business licenses Other taxes	3,123,120 20.966	3,171,919	3,340,851 59,221	3,408,813 139,498	3,830,673 -	3,702,800 2.546	4,2U1,458 2.049			
Investment earnings/(expenses)	4,363,428	2,304,604	2,109,521	2,665,388	2,198,733	1,880,240	3,077,304	4,820,983	3,256,265	1,043,118
Miscellaneous Gain on sale of property	2,347,387	2,900,772	3,461,493 -	3,759,791	309,624	1,735,726	1,406,014 2.576,121	1,686,413 -	2,248,768	3,012,452 -
Extraordinary gain/(loss) on disollution of Redevelopment Agency Transfers	804,048 954,698	(144,397) 538,371	808,340 1,011,800	- (482,001)	2.710.344	3.062.886	3.047,606	3.613.692	- 3.092.248	- (349,459)
Total governmental activities	81,744,357	80,786,981	87,996,544	84,869,536	87,371,216	92,148,202	100,967,364	102,222,987	111,041,928	117,583,577
Business-type activities: Investment earnings/(expenses) Miscellaneous	41,890 31,677	125,696 117,000	92,349 121,408	313,933 817,020	134,138 1,709,825	454,394 692,721	1,672,232 1,531,513	1,625,955 308,401	(20,541) 191,297	(1,083,110) 66,107
Income (loss) on sale of capital assets Transfers	79,312 (954,698)	9,205 (538,371)	1,965 (1,011,800)	- 482,001	_ (2,710,344)	- (3,062,886)	- (3,047,606)	- (3,613,692)	14,650 (3,092,248)	18,605 349,459
Total business-type activities	(801,819)	(286,470)	(796,078)	1,612,954	(866,381)	(1,915,771)	156,139	(1,679,336)	(2,906,842)	(648,939)
Total primary government	\$ 80,942,538	\$ 80,500,511	\$ 87,200,466	\$ 86,482,490	\$ 86,504,835	\$ 90,232,431	\$ 101,123,503 \$	\$ 100,543,651 \$	108,135,086 \$	116,934,638
Changes in Net Position Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ 4,671,215 (1,704,091)	\$ (5,077,483) 3,346,888	\$ 5,797,746 3,872,883	\$ (2,320,806) 6,191,937	\$ (1,938,595) 1,500,662	\$ (8,191,215) 1,200,273	\$  2,452,418 \$ 3,919,451	<pre>\$ (1,183,360) \$ 5,703,884</pre>	(9,382,732) \$ 3,886,696	24,727,925 12,906,740
Total primary government	\$ 2,967,124	\$ (1,730,595)	\$ 9,670,629	\$ 3,871,131	\$ (437,933)	\$ (6,990,942)	\$ 6,371,869 \$	\$ 4,520,524 \$	(5,496,036) \$	37,634,665

			Fiscal Year	Year							
1	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	21	2022
General Fund:											
Non-spendable	109,949	112,436	102,280	106,876	65,843	11,795	11,795	11,795		11,795	118,624
Restricted		'	'		8,791	17,170	6,200	6,200			•
Committed	7,316,769	12,260,809	14,467,914	15,664,972	16,151,859	16,635,397	18,158,901	19,621,727	18,4	18,472,905	21,142,339
Assigned		'	'	'							
Unassigned			2,717,909	1,067,804	938,380	1,309,638	3,825,896	2,102,732	17,8	17,854,788	28,436,869
Total General Fund	\$ 7,426,718	7,426,718 \$ 12,373,245	\$ 17,288,103	\$ 16,839,652	\$ 17,164,873	\$ 17,974,000	\$ 22,002,792	\$ 21,742,454	\$ 36,3	36,339,488 \$	49,697,832
All Other Governmental Funds:											
Non-spendable	13,880,356	11,996,916	84,397,170	9,081	900,707	864,959	829,211	792,822		748,633	738,235
Restricted	88,633,395	86,119,256	54,043,537	116,479,028	144,882,213	148,814,041	145,131,994	144,365,622	146,4	146,478,855	154,307,326
Committed	'	'	'	'			'			,	
Assigned		'	'			•	•	•			•
Unassigned	(41,655,762)	(41,134,968)	(59,893,036)	(39,170,313)	(76,496,881)	(75,548,438)	(73,096,233)	(71,511,748)	(69,	(69,862,012)	(68,364,005)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 60 857 989	\$ 60 857 989 \$ 56 981 204	\$ 78 547 671	\$ 77.317.796	\$ 69 286 039	\$ 74 130 562	\$ 72 864 972	\$ 73.646.696	\$ 77	77 365 476 \$	86 681 556
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I				Fiscal Year						
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Revenues:										
Taxes	\$ 72,063,654	\$ 74,894,452	\$ 79,325,218	\$ 77,688,810	\$ 78,376,705	\$ 81,805,282	\$ 87,085,055	\$ 97,789,234	\$ 108,435,988	121,189,798
Special assessments	1,229,658	1,193,067	1,213,093	1,176,050	1,200,732	1,191,903	1,216,193	1,218,873	1,252,382	1,254,821
Licenses and permits	5,770,483	6,637,168	6,569,523	9,416,790	11,515,855	10,739,196	10,723,301	8,143,508	5,823,609	10,366,843
Intergovernmental	35,229,918	32,189,819	30,287,748	27,724,855	27,086,788	34,680,502	42,419,256	44,100,666	52,180,078	59,693,269
Charges for services	4,619,080	4,145,014	4,009,626	4,633,898	3,709,494	5,013,473	4,543,629	4,242,129	2,819,216	4,186,983
Interest and rentals	4,364,959	2,294,343	2,098,902	2,605,626	3,114,537	3,012,296	4,064,868	4,012,539	3,302,464	1,097,634
Fines and forfeitures	1,960,621	2,119,972	2,063,417	2,055,615	2,206,305	2,295,944	2,404,584	2,292,894	1,531,634	2,283,651
Loans repaid		'	'	'	'		'	'		
Contributions and donations		'	51,581	602,278	7,691,802	4,821,406	4,812,827	10,051,756	3,838,477	295,941
Miscellaneous	5,040,269	2,329,091	3,175,185	3,266,373	2,685,309	3,782,618	2,869,736	1,581,504	1,706,153	3,968,665
Total Revenues	130,278,642	125,802,926	128,794,293	129,170,295	137,587,527	147,342,620	160,139,449	173,433,103	180,890,001	204,337,605
Expenditures:										
General dovernment	4.388.871	3.569.806	4.037.452	5.002.584	5.918.673	5.751.221	7.745.388	7.072.216	61.904.991	6.444.764
Public safety	62,362,342	65,349,307	68,400,434	71,798,453	74,843,810	77,756,206	81,083,093	88,647,348	224,302,230	93,925,458
Urban development	45,707,873	43,679,402	43,859,126	35, 196, 589	34,097,446	36,209,571	41,240,049	48,212,005	48,790,918	55,494,830
Neighborhood services	5.007.798	4.748.939	4.702.795	4.637.086	6.013.429	6.784.633	7.170.588	4.114.109	3,864.972	5.220.902
Canital outlav	2 040 791	1 660 811	993 126	6 851 535	20 296 897	16 821 629	19 582 343	21 428 776	13 315 340	15,627,836
Debt service:		))))	- - -				0.000			000
Principal retirement	2,437,533	2,817,951	2,916,051	3,894,921	80,240,987	2,524,919	4,160,260	4,152,687	4,174,820	4,046,120
Interest and fiscal charges Debt issuance costs	7,358,464	4,974,045	4,855,160	4,627,698	5,714,773	2,788,617	3,488,941 -	3,447,673	6,813,470 1,141.091	10,913,783 -
Total Expenditures	129,303,672	126,800,261	129,764,144	132,008,866	227,126,015	148,636,796	164,470,662	177,074,814	364,307,832	191,673,693
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	974,970	(997,335)	(969,851)	(2,838,571)	(89,538,488)	(1,294,176)	(4,331,213)	(3,641,711)	(183,417,831)	12,663,912
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Notes and loans issued	200,000	300,000			77,120,000	763,528			195,304,996	
Bond premium	'	'	'	'	2,239,031	'		'	'	
Payments to escrow agent Proceeds from capital leases	- 695,000			- 400,408	•••	- 2,349,563	- 3,152,697			
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	4,529,370	1,047,249	35,530	•	1,640	148,124		I	7,563	3,294,565
dani/Loss - sale or land herd for resa Transfers in	- 16,654,519	- 8,628,509	- 9,379,865	- 9,899,873	- 21,108,888	- 12,822,718	- 20,711,781	- 20,641,477	- 18,417,488	- 27,508,014
Transfers out	(15,699,821)	(7,764,284)	(8,368,065)	(9,781,874)	(18,398,544)	(9,578,065)	(16,770,063)	(17,027,785)	(11,999,760)	(20,792,067)
Total Other Financing Sources (	6,379,068	2,211,474	1,047,330	518,407	82,071,015	6,505,868	7,094,415	3,613,692	201,730,287	10,010,512
Extraordinary gain/(loss) on dissolution										
or Redevelopment Agency Net Change in Fund Balances	(195,359) \$ 7,158,679	- \$ 1,214,139	- \$ 77,479	- \$ (2,320,164)	<u>+</u> (7,467,473)	- \$ 5,211,692	- \$ 2,763,202	<u>-</u> \$ (28,019)	- \$ 18,312,456	- \$ 22,674,424
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	7.58%	6.15%	5.99%	6.46%	37.84%	3.57%	4.65%	4.29%	3.33%	7.80%

City of Pomona Governmental Activities Tax Revenue by Source Last Fiscal Ten Years (in thousands of dollars)

Total	73,274	75,188	80,606	78,926	82,866	85,470	90,856	97,911	108,684	118,433
Other	20	13	59	139	ı	ო	2	2	5	5
Business Licenses	3,123	3,172	3,347	3,409	3,830	3,763	4,207	4,379	4,173	4,591
Utility Users Tax	16,941	17,312	17,466	16,419	15,805	16,455	15,897	15,562	16,543	18,407
Franchise	5,672	6,029	6,563	6,426	6,419	6,630	4,921	4,942	5,135	5,632
Property Transfer Tax	1,476	1,430	1,581	1,860	1,924	1,875	1,790	1,430	2,060	174
Transient Occupancy	1,474	1,561	1,568	1,724	2,102	2,184	2,514	2,431	2,182	2,594
Motor Vehicle License	69	•	68	61	20	82	74	122	114	(39)
Sales Tax	12,355	12,040	13,545	15,171	18,135	18,913	22,239	30,408	34,341	42,230
	32,144									
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022

Source: Numbers from the Statement of Activities

City of Pomona
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property
Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands of dollars)

Factor of Taxable Assessed Value (3)	1.084502	1.312125	1.336190	1.339440	1.336080	1.384510	1.387900	1.445350	1.374350	1.390120
Estimated Actual Taxable Value (3)	9,148,296	11,575,340	12,340,257	10,658,330	11,411,995	11,968,061	12,616,293	13,340,052	14,088,783	14,577,990
Total Direct Tax Rate (2)	0.21734	0.18781	0.19079	0.22197	0.22256	0.21967	0.22089	0.22824	0.22818	0.22614
Total Taxable Assessed Value	8,435,483	8,821,827	9,235,406	9,840,106	10,520,304	11,019,121	11,656,073	12,349,280	13,046,852	13,551,741
Less: Tax Exempt Property (1)	678,279	647,264	814,565	818,224	811,349	948,940	960,220	990,772	1,041,931	1,026,249
Unsecured Property	350,896	372,621	379,640	383,971	368,869	409,305	414,091	440,437	463,116	503,221
Unitary Values	655	374	'				'	'	ı	'
Unitary Other Values	884,418 655		942,134 -	305,936 -	367,221 -	353,138 -	373,330 -	379,670 -	398,369 -	414,006 -
	-	869,787			1,517,293 367,221 -				(,)	1,960,984 414,006 -
Other	1,178,211 884,418	1,233,924 869,787	1,261,918	1,325,414		1,556,649	1,690,716	1,751,496	1,862,189 3	1,960,984 4
Industrial Property Other	1,019,770 1,178,211 884,418	1,059,762 1,233,924 869,787	1,070,267 1,261,918	1,111,554 1,325,414	1,194,489 1,517,293	1,246,745 1,556,649	1,285,252 1,690,716	1,351,346 1,751,496	1,442,903 1,862,189 3	1,960,984 4

Source: Los Angeles County Assessor data, MuniServices, LLC (for years 2007 to 2015), HdL for the 2016 to 2021 years. Prior Year values have been restated for consistency and compliance with GASB No. 44 guidelines

Exemptions are exclusive of home owner exemptions.
 Total direct tax rate is the voter approved taxes over and above the 1% Proposition 13 tax for TRA 007-790.
 Estimated Actual Value is derived from a series of calculations comparing median assessed values from 1940 to current median sale prices. Based on these calculations a multiplier value was extrapolated and applied to current assessed values.

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments (Rate per \$100 of assessed value) Last Ten Fiscal Years	ct and Over ∋d value)	lapping Go	vernments	(0					)	
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Basic City and County Levy: City of Pomona Other taxing agencies Total		0.233504 0.766496 1.000000	0.233504 0.766496 1.000000	0.233504 0.766496 1.000000	0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504         0.233504	0.233504 0.766496 1.000000	0.233504 0.766496 1.000000	0.233504 0.766496 1.000000	0.233504 0.766496 1.000000	0.233504 0.766496 1.000000
Override Assessments: County Unified Schools Community College Flood Control Metro Water District Total	0.000000 0.184882 0.028957 0.000000 0.003500 0.003500	0.000000 0.000000 0.184882 0.164074 0.028957 0.020231 0.000000 0.000000 0.003500 0.003500 0.217339 0.187805	0.000000 0.165993 0.021294 0.000000 0.003500 0.190787	0.000000 0.297990 0.037950 0.000000 0.003500 0.339440	0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.046000         0.028957         0.022231         0.021294         0.037950         0.048060         0.046000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000	0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000         0.000000	0.000000 0.337670 0.046730 0.000000 0.003500 0.387900	0.000000 0.372320 0.069530 0.000000 0.003500 0.445350	0.000000 0.304690 0.066160 0.003500 0.003500	0.000000 0.292220 0.094400 0.000000 0.003500 0.390120
Total Tax Rate	1.217339	1.217339 1.187805	1.190787	1.339440		1.336070 1.384500	1.387900	1.445350	1.374350	1.390120

Source: Los Angeles County Auditor/Controller data, MuniServices, LLC (for years 2007 to 2015), HdL for the 2016 to 2021 years. 2007-08 and prior: prior year ACFR reports For presentation purposes, TRA 007-790 is represented

Schedule 7

**City of Pomona** 

Percent of Total City         Percent of Total City         Percent of Total City         Percent of Total City           nity Improvement         \$			2022	5			20	2013	
Taxable         Total City         Total City         Total City           Taxable         Taxable         Taxable         Taxable         Taxable         Taxable           Assessed         Ass         Ass					Percent of				Percent of
Taxable         Assessed         Assessed         Assessed         Assessed         Assessed         Ass         Assessed         Ass         Assessed         Ass         Ass         Ass         Assessed         Ass         A					Total City				Total City
Assessed         Assessed         Assessed         Assessed         Ass         Ass           \$\$ 108,753,448         1         0.80%         Valuation         Rank         Valuation         Rank         Valuation         Rank         V           \$\$ 108,753,448         1         0.80%         \$\$ 80,157,130         1         Vi         Vi           \$\$ 93,135,595         2         0.65%         \$\$ 80,157,130         1         Vi         Vi           \$\$ 93,135,595         2         0.65%         \$\$ 80,157,130         1         Vi         Vi           \$\$ 93,135,595         2         0.65%         \$\$ 80,157,130         1         Vi         Vi           \$\$ 93,135,595         2         0.65%         \$\$ 80,157,130         1         Vi         Vi           \$\$ 70,614,619         4         0.52%         42,460,640         2         2         2,450,640         2         2         2,450,640         2         2         2,450,640         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2			Taxable		Taxable	Тах	able		Taxable
Valuation         Rank         Valuation         Rank         Valuation         Rank         V           \$ 108,753,448         1         0.80%         \$ 80,157,130         1         2         2         0.69%         \$ 80,157,130         1         2         2         2         0.69%         \$ 80,157,130         1         2         2         2         0.65%         \$ 80,157,130         1         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2 <td< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td>Assessed</td><td></td><td>Assessed</td><td>Asse</td><td>ssed</td><td></td><td>Assessed</td></td<>		-	Assessed		Assessed	Asse	ssed		Assessed
\$ 108,753,448       1       0.80%       \$ 80,157,130       1         C       88,689,400       3       0.65%       \$ 80,157,130       1         ss       70,614,619       4       0.65%       \$ 42,460,640       2         ss       70,614,619       4       0.52%       \$ 42,460,640       2         47,401,980       5       0.35%       \$ 42,460,640       2         45,240,109       6       0.33%       \$ 35,578,940       7         36,578,940       7       0.25%       \$ 42,460,640       2         34,818,687       8       0.26%       \$ 33,711,951       3         nc       34,225,132       9       0.26%       38,711,951       3         nc       33,980,100       10       0.25%       32,519,352       5         nc       33,980,100       10       0.25%       23,594,110       8         23,569,700       9       23,569,700       9       23,569,700       9	xpayer		Valuation	Rank	Value	Valu	ation	Rank	Value
C       93,135,595       2       0.69%       \$       80,157,130       1         SS       70,614,619       4       0.55%       42,460,640       2         SS       70,614,619       4       0.52%       42,460,640       2         47,401,980       5       0.35%       42,460,640       2         45,240,109       6       0.33%       33,55%       42,460,640       2         36,578,940       7       0.25%       42,460,640       2         34,818,687       8       0.26%       38,711,951       3         34,225,132       9       0.25%       38,711,951       3         7       33,980,100       10       0.25%       38,711,951       3         7       33,980,100       10       0.25%       32,509,700       4         7       29,319,352       5       29,115,176       6       27,613,095       7         8       23,569,700       9       23,569,700       9       23,569,700       9         8       23,569,700       9       22,600,000       10       10	SCDA Community Improvement	φ	108,753,448	-	0.80%				
n LLC 88,689,400 3 0.65% 42,460,640 2 iates 70,614,619 4 0.52% 42,460,640 2 47,401,980 5 0.35% 42,460,640 2 45,240,109 6 0.33% 35,578,940 7 0.27% 33,578,940 7 0.27% 33,578,940 7 0.25% 33,980,100 10 0.25% 33,980,100 10 0.25% 33,500,000 4 je Inc 33,980,100 10 0.25% 33,711,951 3 37,500,000 4 29,115,176 6 22,613,095 7 23,569,710 8 23,569,710 9 23,569,700 9	est Financial		93,135,595	2			157,130	-	0.95%
ciates 70,614,619 4 0.52% 42,460,640 2 47,401,980 5 0.35% 42,460,640 2 45,240,109 6 0.33% 36,578,940 7 0.27% 34,818,687 8 0.26% 34,225,132 9 0.25% 37,500,000 4 37,500,000 4 29,115,176 6 22,613,095 7 23,569,700 9 22,000,000 10	exford Industrial 1601 Mission LLC		88,689,400	ო	0.65%				
47,401,980 5 0.35% 45,240,109 6 0.33% 36,578,940 7 0.27% 34,818,687 8 0.26% 34,225,132 9 0.25% 37,500,000 4 37,500,000 4 29,115,176 6 29,115,176 6 22,594,110 8 23,569,700 9 22,000,000 10	s Angeles County Fair Associates		70,614,619	4	0.52%	42,	460,640	2	0.50%
45,240,109 6 0.33% 36,578,940 7 0.27% 36,578,940 7 0.27% 34,818,687 8 0.26% 34,225,132 9 0.25% 37,500,000 4 37,500,000 4 29,115,176 6 29,115,176 6 27,613,095 7 23,569,700 9 22,000,000 10	ve Ridge Gardens		47,401,980	2	0.35%				
a REIT 36,578,940 7 0.27% a REIT 34,818,687 8 0.26% 34,225,132 9 0.25% 38,711,951 3 37,500,000 4 29,115,176 6 29,115,176 6 23,594,110 8 23,569,700 9 23,569,700 9 22,000,000 10	xford Industrial Realty LP		45,240,109	9	0.33%				
a REIT 34,818,687 8 0.26% 34,225,132 9 0.25% 38,711,951 3 37,500,000 4 29,115,176 6 29,115,176 6 22,594,110 8 23,569,700 9 22,000,000 10	bron Dental Specialties Inc.		36,578,940	7	0.27%				
34,225,132       9       0.25%         33,980,100       10       0.25%       38,711,951       3         37,500,000       4       37,500,000       4       29,319,352       5         29,115,176       6       29,115,176       6       29,115,176       6         20,115,176       7       29,115,176       6       23,569,110       8         23,569,700       9       23,569,700       9       23,569,700       9	P Pacific Industrial California REIT		34,818,687	ø	0.26%				
ge Inc 33,980,100 10 0.25% 38,711,951 3 37,500,000 4 37,500,000 4 229,319,352 5 29,115,176 6 227,613,095 7 23,569,710 8 23,569,700 9 22,000,000 10	T PSA Pomona LLC		34,225,132	6	0.25%				
38,711,951 3 37,500,000 4 29,319,352 5 29,115,176 6 27,613,095 7 23,594,110 8 23,569,700 9 22,000,000 10	agas Pomona Energy Storage Inc		33,980,100	10	0.25%				
37,500,000 4 29,319,352 5 29,115,176 6 27,613,095 7 23,594,110 8 23,569,700 9 22,000,000 10	alty Associates Fund VII LP					38,	711,951	ო	0.46%
29,319,352 5 29,115,176 6 27,613,095 7 23,594,110 8 23,569,700 9 22,000,000 10	R Pomona LLC					37,	500,000	4	0.44%
29,115,176 6 27,613,095 7 23,594,110 8 23,569,700 9 22,000,000 10	A Realty Fund III					29,	319,352	2	0.35%
27,613,095 7 23,594,110 8 23,569,700 9 22,000,000 10	oon Cogeneration LLC					29,	115,176	9	0.35%
23,594,110 8 23,569,700 9 22,000,000 10	alty Associates Iowa Corp					27,	613,095	7	0.33%
23,569,700 9 22,000,000 10	D S Mfg Co					23,	594,110	ω	0.28%
22,000,000 10	ne Club Apts LLC					23,	569,700	6	0.28%
	CMC Dragon LP					22,	000'000	10	0.26%

Source: Los Angeles County Assessor data, HdL, Coren & Cone

2013	A C S Distributors	Allstar KIA	Cornucopia Foods	CVS Pharmacy	Dawson Company	Envirokinetics	Fairplex Chevron	Ferguson Enterprises	Food 4 Less	Garys Chevron	Global Rental Co	Gte Supply	HD Supply Home Improvement Solutions	Home Depot	Marco Equipment	Mega RV	Mike Thompsons RVs	Phenix Enterprises	Rohr Steel	Superior Duct Fabrication	Tesoro Refining & Marketing	Towne Arco	United Oil	USA Gas	Walmart Supercenter
2022	76	Arco AM PM	Arco AM PM	Chevron Extra Mile	dd's Discounts	Ferguson Enterprises	Food 4 Less	Global Rental Co	Grannys Alliance Holdings	Home Depot	Huntington Hardware	Jb Wholesale Roofing & Building Supplies	Marco Equipment	Ovations Fanfare	Phenix Enterprises	Pomona Kia	Rohr Steel	Ryder Vehicle Sales	Shell	STIIZY Pomona	Superior Duct Fabrication	Target	Tesla Motors	Towne Arco	Walmart Supercenter

Source: HdL

I

ons to Date	Percentage of Levy	102.0%	103.6%	103.5%	100.6%	102.0%	100.7%	105.8%	103.4%	102.0%	102.6%
Total Collections to Date	Amount	12,783,467	14,079,944	15,123,892	13,921,840	15,046,793	15,733,785	16,784,882	17,669,601	19,477,921	19,574,753
Delinquent Tax	Collections by levy year	349,337	637,832	613,771	230,228	106,993	285,086	525,464	382,279	747,742	822,395
ithin the f the Levy	Percentage of Levy	99.2%	98.9%	99.3%	98.9%	101.2%	98.9%	102.5%	101.2%	98.1%	98.3%
Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy	Amount	12,434,130	13,442,112	14,510,121	13,691,612	14,939,800	15,448,699	16,259,418	17,287,322	18,730,179	18,752,358
Taxes Levied	for the Fiscal Year	12,528,234	13,596,705	14,612,641	13,843,856	14,758,820	15,617,055	15,870,148	17,088,316	19,095,038	19,078,334
Fiscal Year	Ended June 30	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022

Source: Los Angeles County Auditor/Controller, City of Pomona Finance Department

		Governmental Activitie:	tal Activities			Busi	Business-type Activities	les			
		Pension	Certificates		Total			Total	Total	Percentage	Debt
ш.	Revenue	Obligation	of		Governmental	Revenue		Business-type	Primary	of Personal	per
	Bonds	Ref Bonds	Participation	Other	Activities	Bonds	Other	Activities	Government	Income (1)	Capita (1)
	42,446,378	44,400,752	12,012,435	1,864,337	100,723,902	135,674,210	4,112,175	139,786,385	240,510,287	n/a	1,593
	41,110,000	44,414,040	11,681,813	1,754,285	98,960,138	133,915,426	3,564,689	137,480,115	236,440,253	n/a	1,558
	39,564,000	44,333,953	11,336,191	1,241,295	96,475,439	132,086,642	3,004,392	135,091,034	231,566,473	n/a	1,519
	37,938,000	44,152,153	10,970,569	1,137,985	94,198,707	130, 187,858	2,430,984	132,618,842	226,817,549	n/a	1,458
	84,782,557	7,594,276		564,977	92,941,810	118,139,497	1,844,160	119,983,657	212,925,467	n/a	1,371
	82,605,188	4,013,547		3,217,149	89,835,884	114,827,755	1,243,603	116,071,358	205,907,242	n/a	1,323
	79,159,819	3,761,134		2,641,009	85,561,962	112,351,013	628,993	112,980,006	198,541,968	n/a	1,287
	75,670,451	3,492,601		2,132,854	81,295,906	109,839,270		109,839,270	191,135,176	n/a	1,235
	72,128,082	223,098,299		1,671,335	296,897,716	107,277,528		107,277,528	404,175,244	n/a	2,671
	68,527,713	198,142,441		2,951,048	269,621,202	104,655,785	'	104,655,785	374,276,987	n/a	2,499

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. (1) These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior year.

	Per Capita (2)	655	640	625	598	545	514	519	511	1,951	1,781
	Percentage of Actual Value of Property (1)	1.2%	1.1%	1.0%	0.9%	0.9%	0.8%	0.7%	0.6%	2.3%	2.0%
	Net Bonded Debt	48,420	47,977	47,389	37,251	26,904	18,847	17,671	15,697	258,630	198,450
	Restricted for Debt Service *	50,439	49,229	47,845	55,810	65,473	67,771	65,249	63,465	36,596	68,220
	Total	98,859	97,206	95,234	93,061	92,377	86,618	82,920	79,162	295,226	266,670
utstanding	Certificates of Participation	12,012	11,682	11,336	10,971		ı	ı	ı	ı	ı
General Bonded Debt Outstanding	Pension Obligation Ref Bonds	44,401	44,414	44,334	44,152	7,594	4,013	3,761	3,492	223,098	198,142
General	Tax Allocation Bonds	ı	'	·	'	'	'	'	'	'	·
	Revenue Bonds	42,446	41,110	39,564	37,938	84,783	82,605	79,159	75,670	72,128	68,528
	Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022

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Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.(1) See Schedule 6 for property value data.(2) Population data can be found in Schedule 17.

Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands, except per capita)

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding

**City of Pomona** 

City's Share of Debt 06/30/2022	80,653 1,674,460 117,444,432 222,152 4,000,950 318,258,016 441,680,663 1,046,097 1,904,951 68,527,713 198,142,441 6,116,427 6,116,427 275,737,629 \$ 717,418,292	Uty s share of Debt 06/30/2013 972,661 25,262,582 138,157 2,075,970 159,720,555 4,087,000 1,107,243 194,189,726 \$ 194,189,726
% Applicable (1)	0.820% 1.163% 1.163% 5.848% 77.388% 100.000% 100.000% 100.000%	% Applicable (1) 0.819% 0.402% 1.260% 11.912% 0.133% 6.222% 75.116% 0.775%
Total Debt 6/30/2022	9,835,780 144,011,454 930,361,452 116,674,790 68,415,000 411,249,505 1,904,951 1,904,951 68,527,713 198,142,441 6,116,427 1,956,285,610	10(al Debt 6/30/2013 19,770,000 77,195,302 212,076,742 103,877,395 33,365,000 212,631,870 4,087,000 142,870,000 970,958,309 970,958,309
	↔	φ φ
OVERLAPPING DEBT 06/30/2022:	Metropolitan Water District Citrus Community College District Mount San Antonio Community College District Bonita Unified School District Claremont Unified School District Pomona Unified School District Total Overlapping Debt Obligations Under Capital Leases Notes Payable Revenue Bonds Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds Accreted Interest Total Direct Debt TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT	OVERLAPPING DEBT 06/30/2013: Los Angeles County Flood Control District Metropolitan Water District Citrus Community College District Mount San Antonio Community College District Bonita Unified School District Claremont Unified School District Total Overlapping Debt TOTAL OVERLAPPING DEBT

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2022	13,551,741 15.00%	2,032,761		2,032,761	0.00%
2021	\$12,349,280 \$13,046,852 \$13,551,741 15.00% 15.00% 15.00%	1,399,439 \$1,476,016 \$ 1,578,046 \$ 1,652,868 \$ 1,748,411 \$ 1,852,392 \$ 1,957,028 \$ 2,032,761		\$1,265,322 \$1,323,274 \$1,399,439 \$1,476,016 \$ 1,578,046 \$ 1,652,868 \$ 1,748,411 \$ 1,852,392 \$ 1,957,028 \$ 2,032,761	0.00%
2020	\$12,349,280 \$ 15.00%	\$ 1,852,392		\$ 1,852,392	0.00%
2019		\$ 1,748,411		\$ 1,748,411	%00.0
2018	\$10,520,304 \$11,019,121 \$11,656,073 15.00% 15.00% 15.00%	\$ 1,652,868		\$ 1,652,868	%00.0
2017	\$10,520,304 15.00%	\$ 1,578,046		\$ 1,578,046	0.00%
2016	\$9,840,106 15.00%	\$1,476,016		\$1,476,016	0.00%
2015	\$9,329,596 15.00%	\$1,399,439	'	\$1,399,439	0.00%
2014	\$8,821,827 15.00%	\$1,265,322 \$1,323,274 \$	'	\$1,323,274	0.00%
2013	\$8,435,483 \$8,821,82 15.00% 15.00	\$1,265,322	'	\$ 1,265,322	0.00%
	Assessed valuation Debt limit percentage	Debt limit	Amount of debt applicable to debt limit	Legal debt margin	Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit

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	Net Revenue	Coverage	1.65	1.61	1.62	1.72	1.57	2.02	2.37	2.40	5.14	2.80
		Total	6,339,571	6,338,994	6,341,289	6,341,195	6,337,961	5,122,357	5,131,618	5,125,745	5,123,743	5,129,174
	Debt Service	Interest	5,149,571	5,098,994	5,046,289	4,991,195	4,922,961	3,197,357	3,316,618	3,285,745	3,248,743	3,204,174
iue Bonds		Principal	1,190,000	1,240,000	1,295,000	1,350,000	1,415,000	1,925,000	1,815,000	1,840,000	1,875,000	1,925,000
Water Kevenue Bonds	Stabilization	Fund (3)		ı	ı	ı	ı	5,130,000	5,226,026	5,290,421	5,291,593	5,294,798
Not	Available	Revenue	10,478,926	10,186,023	10,298,972	10,890,613	9,930,410	10,326,000	12,183,619	12,289,544	26,323,687	14,342,027
000	Operating	Expenses (2)	20,160,007	21,494,289	19,626,529	18,073,465	21,474,204	24,423,625	21,195,818	21,486,313	11,401,857	27,850,168
	Water	Revenue (1)	30,638,933	31,680,312	29,925,501	28,964,078	31,404,614	34,749,625	33,379,437	33,775,857	37,725,544	42,192,195
Eicol Voor	Ended	June 30	2013*	2014*	2015*	2016*	2017*	2018*	2019*	2020*	2021	2022

Notes: Details regarding the City's Water Fund outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

*Information has been restated for consistency and compliance with GASB No. 44 and Continued Disclosure Reporting of debt coverage

- During FY2018, the City estabilished a Rate Stabilization Fund (RSF) equal to annual debt service payments. Transfers from the RSF may be made to meet annual debt service expenses or to comply with debt service coverage. Water Revenue consists of Charges for services, Interest Revenue, Intergovernmental, and Sale of Surplus Water
   Operating expenses does not include depreciation or amortization.
   During FY2018, the City estabilished a Rate Stabilization Fund (RSF) equal to annual debt service payments.

City of Pomona Pledged Revenue Coverage - Sewer Last Ten Fiscal Years

Schedule 16

		Net Revenue	Coverage	1.22	1.63	1.61	3.13	2.10	2.35	1.62	3.33	4.40	3.68
			Total	1,632,020	1,633,530	1,632,875	820,703	1,038,174	896,009	1,397,546	1,449,376	1,452,254	1,448,751
		Debt Service	Interest	1,277,020	1,263,530	1,247,875	420,703	863,174	591,009	842,546	884,376	872,254	858,751
ue Bonds			Principal	355,000	370,000	385,000	400,000	175,000	305,000	555,000	565,000	580,000	590,000
Sewer Revenue Bonds	Rate	Stabilization	Fund (3)	·	'	'	'	'	1,453,169	1,480,198	1,498,437	1,498,768	1,499,673
	Net	Available	Revenue	1,986,490	2,666,417	2,634,698	2,566,642	2,183,794	2,104,090	2,269,517	4,831,471	6,383,008	5,325,658
	Less	Operating	Expenses (2)	2,511,043	2,187,639	2,203,618	2,014,093	2,146,411	2,331,657	2,779,101	1,094,541	262,044	1,895,703
		Sewer	Revenue (1)	4,497,533	4,854,056	4,838,316	4,580,735	4,330,205	4,435,747	5,048,618	5,926,012	6,645,052	7,221,361
	Fiscal Year	Ended	June 30	2013	2014*	2015*	2016*	2017*	2018*	2019*	2020*	2021	2022

Notes: Details regarding the City's Sewer Fund outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

*Information has been restated for consistency and compliance with GASB No. 44 and Continued Disclosure Reporting of debt coverage

- (1) Operating Revenues represent charges to customers for sales and services. Charges for services excludes sewer connection fees (also referred to as development impact fees), which are included in Miscellaneous
- Operating Expenses include cost of sales and services and administrative expenses and excludes depreciation on capital assets. 5
- Transfers from the RSF may be made to meet annual debt service expenses or to comply with debt service coverage. During FY2018, the City estabilished a Rate Stabilization Fund (RSF) equal to annual debt service payments. 3

		Unemployment	Rate (4)	12.2%	11.0%	7.9%	7.5%	5.9%	5.9%	5.1%	14.7%	13.4%	10.0%
		Public School	Enrollment (3)	27,186	26,264	25,311	24,673	24,314	23,635	23,806	22,766	21,810	22,607
		Median	Age	29.5	30.2	29.9	30.4	30.9	31.0	31.5	32.2	32.2	33.3
Per	Capita	Personal	Income (2)	17,185	15,767	17,450	16,552	17,155	17,488	18,697	21,257	21,382	22,240
	Personal	Income (2)	(in thousands)	2,593,902	2,392,059	2,659,712	2,575,663	2,664,317	2,722,806	2,885,143	3,290,944	3,235,579	3,330,808
			Population (1)	150,942	151,713	152,419	155,604	155,306	155,687	154,310	154,817	151,319	149,766
		Fiscal	Year	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022

Source: 2008-09, 2009-10, 2011-12, 2012-13, 2013-14, and 2014-15: MuniServices, LLC Source: 2010-11, 2008-09 and prior: prior year previous ACFR reports.

Source: 2015-16, 2016-17, 2017-18, 2018-19, 2019-20, 2020-21 : HdL

(1) Population Projections are provided by California Department of Finance Projections.

Income Data is provided by the United States Census Data and is adjusted for inflation.
 Public School Enrollment reflects the total number of students enrolled in Pomona Unified School District only, per scl
 Unemployment rates are provided by the Employment Development Department, Bureau of Labor and Statistics Depart

		2022			2013	с С
	Number of		Percentage	Number of		Percentage
Employer	Employees	Rank	ULL I ULAL CILY Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Pomona Valley Hospital	3,976	~	6.5%	3,089	2	4.7%
Pomona Unified School District	3,879	2	6.3%	3,406	~	5.1%
California State Polytechnic University	2,659	ო	4.3%	2,154	ო	3.7%
City of Pomona	598	4	1.0%	711	5	1.2%
Lereta, LLC	395	5	0.6%			
Inland Valley Care & Rehab	350	9	0.6%	282	10	0.5%
Mount San Antonio Gardens	348	7	0.6%			
Park Ave Healthcare & Wellness Center LLC	335	ω	0.5%			
Fairplex - LA County Fair	200	o	0.3%			
Tri City Mental Health Center	186	10	0.3%			
Home Depot	169	11	0.3%			
Ferguson Enterprises, LLC	160	12	0.3%			
B2Sign, Inc.	150	13	0.2%			
Dow Hydraulic Systems	110	14	0.2%			
Parktree Community Health Center	106	15	0.2%			
McDonald's				976	4	1.7%
Casa Colina Rehabilitation Center				710	9	1.2%
Lanterman Developmental Center				596	7	1.0%
Verizon				376	ω	0.6%
County of Los Angeles Dept. of Social Services				320	0	0.5%
First Transit				250	11	0.4%
Lloyd's Material Supply				236	12	0.4%
Walmart Stores Inc				235	13	0.4%
Hayward Industries Inc.				199	14	0.3%
Hamilton Sundstrand				175	15	0.3%
Consolidated Foundries						

# City of Pomona Authorized Full-Time City Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
General Government	19	19	20	20	20	20	20	20	18	18
Support Services	32	32	31	32	33	41	46	46	49	49
Police	269	270	268	270	271	271	280	280	282	284
Public Works	170	169	170	106	106	93	96	96	96	103
Water/Wastewater	0	0	0	68	68	74	75	75	75	80
Community Development	38	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dev & Neighborhood Svcs	0	0	47	47	48	48	53	53	54	61
Utility Services	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Community Services and										
Library	11	6	2	2	2	2	1.6	1.6	1.6	3
1										
Total	539	539	538	545	548	549	571.6	571.6	575.6	598

Various departments were consolidated in 2009-2010

Source: City of Pomona Finance Department

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City of Pomona Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years									Sch	Schedule 20
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Police: Felony Arrests Misdemeanor Arrests Parking Citations Moving Citations	3,145 5,821 36,718 9,179	3,105 5,876 30,145 9,791	2,726 6,424 30,788 9,153	2,441 7,446 31,807 8,898	2,142 6,825 32,107 7,157	2,049 6,067 27,959 6,714	2,270 6,228 26,214 6,884	1,903 4,463 21,237 6,282	1,123 2,907 14,510 38,505	1,041 3,098 22,781 5,462
Fire: Incidents	12,447	13,675	15,289	16,381	16,901	16,367	16,340	16,544	17,025	17,538
Urban development: Residential building permits issued Inspections Asphalt repaired (square feet) Sidewalk repaired (square feet)	622 4,054 19,400 7,285	722 6,050 36,068 1,500	925 5,536 84,879 1,750	294 6,236 84,649 2,279	969 7,947 95,104 2,997	3,476 11,764 78,765 7,001	660 11,723 84,516 99,111	788 10,642 79,420 12,568	1,765 7,028 79,005 18,743	4,263 15,759 106,721 13,330
Community services:* Community Center participants Senior Program participants Youth program participants Other program participants Sports participants Facility rentals	520,157 108,086 362,217 49,854 309,795 635	501,727 501,727 100,703 337,180 66,743 366,978 687	- 44,768 56,728 32,480 168,034 2,090	- 44,228 52,075 26,126 182,529 1,815	- 59,967 33,579 18,901 154,670 2,183	- 59,065 40,917 16,919 144,680 1,644	- 48,229 37,696 30,768 120,002 1,679	51,836 24,769 21,858 66,685 1,430	- 98,517 2,451 3,408 339	- 96,189 6,722 16,189 38,991 753
Library: Program attendance (all programs) Literacy instruction (hours)	1,770 -	2,578 -	2,940 -	3,077 -	3,069 -	3,058 -	2,623 -	2,010 -	147 -	2,773 -
Water: New connections Average daily consumption (thousands of gallons)	17 18,670	9 19,615	12 17,905	21 14,450	12 15,084	13 20,243	12 18,471	19 13,502	3 16,740	249 16,064
Refuse: Curbside Collection (in tons) Recycle Collection (in tons) Greenwaste Collection (in tons)	37,246 6,896 12,510	36,593 6,907 11,934	35,474 7,218 11,904	36,682 6,544 13,480	37,934 6,759 13,699	37,257 7,083 13,143	40,793 4,722 12,618	47,251 4,799 11,824	52,206 7,216 11,844	50,875 9,296 11,338
Source: Various City Departments					:	:				

source: various City Departments *Due to staffing changes in Community Services, the methodology for counting service delivery was changed beginning 2015.

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Police: Stations Patrol Units	58	1 51	1 51	1 46	44	1 45	44	44	44	44
Fire: Fire stations	ω	ω	ω	ω	ω	ω	ω	Ø	Ø	ω
Public works: Streets (miles) Streetlights Traffic signals	388 7,701 162	388 7,721 164	388 7,725 164	388 7,725 169	388 7,725 169	388 7,725 169	388 7,725 169	388 7,725 169	388 7,725 169	388 7,725 169
Community services: Parks Park Acreage Baseball fields Soccer fields Basketball courts Tennis courts Community centers Libraries	22 14 22 14 14 14 14 14	26 14 17 14 14	26 14 17 14 14	22 14 22 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14	22 14 14 14 14 14 14 14	221 14 14 14 14 14 14	27 14 17 22 9 14	27 14 17 14 14 14	28 14 14 14 14 14	28 28 14 24 13 9 7
Water: Water mains (miles)	457	457	457	457	457	457	457	488	428	428
Sewer: Sanitary sewers (miles) Storm drains (miles)	305 120	305 120	305 120	305 120	305 120	305 120	305 120	305 120	300 70	300 33

Source: Various City Departments



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Pomona, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Pomona, California, (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 14, 2022.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.





To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Pomona, California

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Lance, Soll & Lunghard, LLP

Brea, California December 14, 2022