

# OMPREHENSIVE

FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2020

## CITY OF POMONA, CALIFORNIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020



#### COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

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March 25, 2021

Honorable Mayor and City Council and Citizens of the City of Pomona Pomona, California



The audited Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Pomona, California (City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 is hereby submitted.

An independent certified public accounting firm audits the basic financial statements. The purpose of the audit is to ensure that the basic financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position and the results of operations of the City. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. Lance Soll & Lunghard LLP has issued an unmodified opinion of the City of Pomona's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. This means that the statements have been prepared using guidelines designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City as measured by the financial activity of its various funds. The independent auditor's report is located on page 1 of the Financial Section. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

In addition to the comprehensive audit, the City is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1996 as amended and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (the "Uniform Guidance"). Information related to this single audit, including a schedule of federal financial assistance, findings and recommendations and auditor's report on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations, is provided in a separate single audit report.

#### REPORTING ENTITY

The primary unit of the government is the City, and includes component units all of which are described below:

#### **The Primary Government**

The City was founded on January 6, 1888 and became a charter city in 1911. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of municipal government.

The accompanying Comprehensive Annual Financial Report includes the activities of the City, the primary government, and its component units, which are the Pomona Public Financing Authority, the City of Pomona Housing Authority, and the Canon Water Company. Financial information for the City and these component units is accounted for in the accompanying financial statements in accordance with principles defining the reporting entity adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The City Council serves as the governing board of the Housing Authority. The City Manager, City Attorney,

Finance Director/City Treasurer, Accounting Manager, and the Deputy City Manager serve as the governing board for the Pomona Public Financing Authority. The Water Resources Director, Water Resource Operations Manager, Water Treatment/Water Quality Supervisor, Senior Accountant, and Senior Management Analyst for the City serve as the governing board of the Canon Water Company. All of these component units are presented on a blended basis.

The former Redevelopment Agency, now Successor Agency, is a separate legal entity, which was formed to hold the assets of the former Redevelopment Agency pursuant to City Council action taken on January 9, 2012 with members of the City Council, sitting as the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency. The activity of the Successor Agency is overseen by an Oversight Board which is comprised of individuals appointed by various government agencies including the City of Pomona.

<u>The Pomona Public Financing Authority</u> (the Authority) is a joint exercise of powers agreement organized under Section 6500 of the California Government Code on October 27, 1988 between the City, the Redevelopment Agency, and the Redevelopment Agency of the City of West Covina. The purpose of the Authority is to act as a vehicle for various financing activities of the City and the Agency. The funds of the Authority have been included in the governmental activities in the financial statements. Separate audited statements are also issued for the Authority.

The Housing Authority of the City of Pomona (the Housing Authority) was organized pursuant to the State of California Health and Safety Code, Section 34242. The Housing Authority exists pursuant to adopted resolution No. 93-114 adopted June 7, 1993. Its purpose is to prepare and carry out plans to ensure sanitary and safe housing exists in the City of Pomona and that such housing is available to persons of low income at affordable rental rates. The City provides management assistance to the Housing Authority, and the members of the City Council also act as the governing body of the Housing Authority. The Housing Authority's financial data and transactions are blended with the major governmental funds. Separate audited statements are also issued for the Housing Authority.

This report includes all funds of the City of Pomona, California, and each of its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. The City provides full services to its residents including public safety, land use planning and zoning, housing and economic development, building and safety regulation and inspection, water, sewer and refuse services, maintenance of parks, streets and related infrastructure, recreational activities and library services.

#### THE CITY OF POMONA

The City is located at the southeast end of Los Angeles County and borders San Bernardino County's western boundary and is just five miles north of Orange County. The City has a population of 154,817 and covers an area of approximately 23 square miles. The City is a charter city and is governed by a mayor and six council members. Council members are elected by district with the mayor elected from the City at large. Each member of the Council is elected to a term of four years.

#### LOCAL ECONOMY

The City of Pomona continues to enjoy a broadly based diverse economy, albeit one with an emphasis upon government, healthcare, and other service-oriented industries. Among Pomona's large employers are Pomona Valley Hospital, the school district (Pomona USD), California State Polytechnic University, the City of Pomona itself, and Casa Colina Rehabilitation Center. As a regional healthcare hub, Pomona boasts a premier facility in the Pomona Valley Hospital Medical Center and the non-profit Casa Colina Centers for Rehabilitation.

Per 2020 estimates published by the Labor Market Information Division of the California Employment Development Department (the most recent such data available), the City's employed civilian labor force presently stands at approximately 67,000 workers.

Retail Sales and Use Tax remains an extremely significant source of revenue, and activity now is still on the rebound from levels depressed by the so-called "Great Recession". The City of Pomona remains central to the region's building and construction industry, while other business-to-business sales represent a notable share of local sales tax receipts.

Current assessed valuation for the City of Pomona including redevelopment areas is \$12,349,280,031 according to the Office of the Los Angeles County Auditor-Controller. Based on the City assessed valuation, overall property tax receipts (secured, unsecured, transfer tax, etc.) were 32.01% of the 2019-20 General Fund revenues, while sales tax and related line items were 25.35% of that same total.

#### LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

Pomona's vigilant ongoing review and control over expenditure growth has been, and will continue as, a critical factor in maintaining and improving the City's overall financial health. To ensure its fiscal health, on May 2, 2011, the City Council adopted resolution number 2011-49 approving the City's Fiscal Sustainability Policy. This policy established guidelines for the City's overall fiscal planning and management and is intended to foster and support continued financial strength and stability of the City. The policy is quite comprehensive and covers areas of Budget, Economic Development. Risk Management, Accounting-Auditing-Financial Reporting, Cash Management and Investments, and Debt Management. The policy also required a separate Fund Balance Policy to ensure fiscal health of the City. Part of the Fund Balance Policy adopted by the City Council on June 20, 2011, requires the General Fund to have a 'Committed Fund Balance' of 17% of operating expenditures by June 30, 2020. The policy provides a scale for reaching the 17% starting with 8% as of June 2012 and ending with the 17% in 2020. Based on 2019-20 General Fund expenditure and fund balance numbers, the General Fund has already exceeded the final goal of 17%. The City realized the importance of long term financial planning especially with increased pension costs so the City along with Urban Futures Inc. created a 10 year sustainability plan. The 10 year sustainability plan identified a long term ongoing annual structural deficit amounting to \$8-10 million along with identifying various cuts or revenue generation strategies that would cover the gap. The City passed the sales tax measure which significantly aided the City during the COVID-19 pandemic.

#### **OUTLOOK FOR THE FUTURE**

As everyone is aware, the world was struck with a Global pandemic from COVID-19 towards the second half of the fiscal year. This resulted in stay at home orders and business shut downs which in turn affects the national, state and local economies. Government entities main source of revenues are taxes with an emphasis on property tax, sales tax and other various taxes. With the various orders in place it was anticipated tax revenues and revenues as a whole would decrease. The City took measures to this anticipation in various ways to minimize overall costs. The National Government took action and passed the CARES Act (in the beginning of Fiscal Year 2020-21) which would aid businesses, individuals, States, Counties and local governments. As the City looks ahead to Fiscal Year 2020-21 and beyond, in spite of the pandemic, staff is encouraged by the General Fund reserve balance and actual results from Fiscal Year 2019-20. The Fiscal Year 2020-21 budget was adopted as a balanced budget is fully aware the City's financial structure could be challenged in the future due to the pandemic. The City of Pomona staff is continuing its efforts of identifying financial resources to address increasing retirement costs with a Net Pension Liability, continued rise in retiree health costs, debt service requirements, yearly increase for the LA County Fire contract, costs for deferred maintenance of facilities and infrastructure, and a decrease in funding for programs such as Asset Forfeiture.

#### **FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept

of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

**Single Audit.** As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the City is also responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management and the staff of the City. The City is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformance with Single Audit Act of 1996 as amended and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (the "Uniform Guidance"). The results of the City's single audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 are published under separate cover.

**Budgetary Controls.** The City maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual adopted budget approved by the City's governing body. The legal level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot exceed the appropriated amount) is at the department level in the General Fund and by fund total for all other funds. For budgeting purposes, the General Fund is composed of several departments while all other budgeted funds are each considered to be a single department. The City maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control, however all operating encumbrances lapse at year-end unless specifically approved by City Council resolution per the City Charter.

#### **OTHER INFORMATION**

**Risk Management.** The City maintains a self-insurance program to provide for the general liability, workers compensation and unemployment benefits claims.

**Independent Audit.** The accounting firm, Lance Soll & Lunghard LLP was selected to perform the annual independent audit. The annual audit is designed to meet the requirements of generally accepted auditing standards in the United States, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the Federal Single Audit Act of 1996 as amended and Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (the "Uniform Guidance"). The auditors' report on the basic financial statements is included in the financial section of this report. The auditors' report related specifically to the single audit is included in a separate Single Audit Report.

**Certificate of Achievement.** The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Pomona for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The City of Pomona has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last twenty-seven consecutive years (1993-2019). The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. The CAFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles in the United States and applicable legal requirements.

The Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA for consideration.

**Additional Information.** For additional information, please refer to the Management's Discussion and Analysis in the Introductory Section of this report. This discussion and analysis of the City's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**Acknowledgments.** The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire Finance Department staff. Special recognition is given to all the Accounting division staff and the City's audit firm for their services in the coordination and assistance in the preparation of this year's report.

In closing, without the leadership and support of the City Council, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Respectfully submitted,

alz

Andrew Mowbray
Finance Director



#### Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

#### City of Pomona California

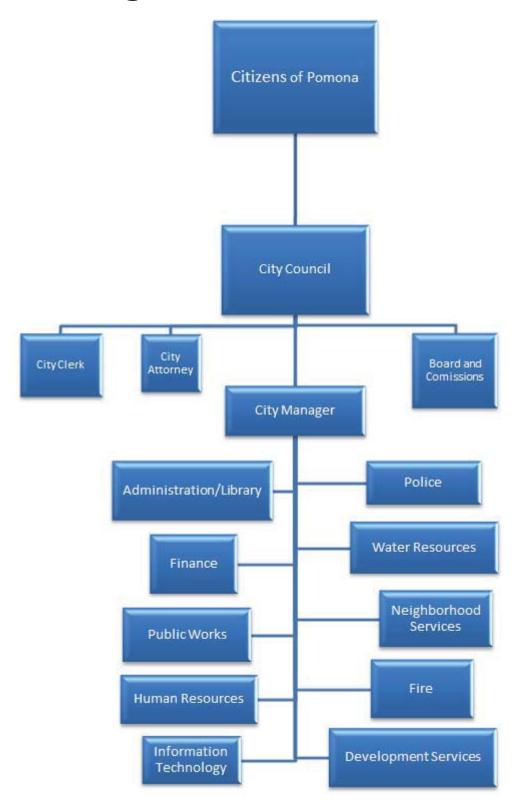
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2019

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

### Organizational Chart



#### CITY OF POMONA

#### DIRECTORY OF CITY OFFICIALS

at June 30, 2020

#### **CITY COUNCIL**

#### Tim Sandoval

Mayor

Rubio
Gonzalez
Councilmember
District 1
Elizabeth
Ontiveros-Cole
Councilmember
District 4

Victor Preciado Councilmember District 2

Steve Lustro
Councilmember
District 5

Nora Garcia Councilmember District 3

**Robert S. Torres**Councilmember
District 6

#### APPOINTED ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICIALS

City Manager	James Makshanoff
City Attorney	Sonia Carvalho
City Clerk	Rosalia Butler
City Treasurer	Andrew Mowbray

#### **DEPARTMENT DIRECTORS**

Finance	Andrew Mowbray
Fire (Los Angeles County)	Jim Robinson
Human Resources	Linda Matthews
Information Technology	John DePolis
Library	Mark Gluba
Development Services	Anita Gutierrez
Neighborhood Services	Benita DeFrank
Police Chief	Mike Olivieri
Public Works	Rene Guerrero
Water Resources	Chris Diggs



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Pomona, California

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Pomona, California, (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

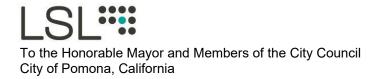
#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.





#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Pomona, California, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedules for the general fund, housing authority and miscellaneous grants fund, the schedules of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, the schedules of plan contributions, the schedule of changes in total other postemployment benefits and related ratios on pages 5-15 and 131-142 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Pomona, California

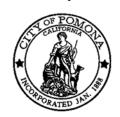
Lance, Soll & Lunghard, LLP

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 25, 2021 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the City of Pomona's financial performance provides an introduction and overview to the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This narrative discussion and analysis focuses on the fiscal year 2019-20 activities, resulting changes and current known facts; therefore, the information presented here should be considered in conjunction with additional information furnished in the transmittal letter and the accompanying basic financial statements.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$132 million. The Net Position is composed of \$302.5 million Investment in Fixed Assets, \$81.2 million Restricted and \$(251.7) Unrestricted. The negative unrestricted Net Position is mainly due to GASB 68 and GASB 75 which required the City to report the total unfunded pension and Other Post Employment Benefit liabilities in the amount of \$308.2 million combined.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$95.4 million.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, committed fund balance for fiscal sustainability in the General Fund was \$19.6 million, which is 17% of total general fund expenditures, including transfers out. The City was able to maintain a healthy fund balance in the General Fund resulting in \$2.1 million in excess of the Fiscal Sustainability requirement.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis portion of the annual financial report is intended to serve as an introduction to, and provide the reader with a fundamental understanding of, the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the City of Pomona. The CAFR is divided into four main sections. First is the Introductory Section which provides the letter of transmittal, an organizational chart, and a list of City officials. The Introductory Section is followed by the Financial Section, which contains the independent auditor's report, the management's discussion and analysis, and finally the basic financial statements. These statements contain the "core" financial information for the City of Pomona. The basic financial statements include the government-wide financial statements, followed by the fund financial statements, and finally, the notes to the financial statements. The Financial Section is followed by the Supplemental Data portion of the report, which provides individual fund and combining information that rolls up into the amounts shown in the basic financial statements. The final portion of the CAFR is the Statistical Section. This section presents selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the City of Pomona's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business. Information contained within the government-wide statements includes the entire City government (except fiduciary funds) and the City's component units. These statements use the accrual basis of accounting with the measurement focus on that of economic resources. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term, are included. All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or disbursed, are reported. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City of Pomona's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued Year Ended June 30, 2020

"net position". Increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator as to whether the financial condition of the City of Pomona is improving or deteriorating over time.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event causing the change occurs, regardless of when cash is actually received or disbursed. This means that revenues and expenses in this statement are recorded when earned or a liability is incurred. Thus, items such as the value of earned but unused vacation leave will be recorded as an expense of the current period, even though the actual use of the vacation time may not be until subsequent periods.

Both of the government-wide statements distinguish between functions of the City of Pomona that are principally supported by taxes or intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City of Pomona include general government, public safety, urban development and public works, neighborhood services and library, and interest and fiscal charges. The business-type activities of the City of Pomona include water, sewer, refuse and Canon Water Company operations.

**Fund financial statements.** A "fund" is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Pomona, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds, not the City as a whole. All of the funds of the City of Pomona can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds include activities of the City that are not proprietary or fiduciary. These funds are used to account for, essentially, the same functions reported as "governmental activities" in the government-wide financial statements. Unlike the government-wide financial statements, however, governmental fund financial statements use the modified accrual basis of accounting and focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as the balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Only assets expected to be used and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter are reported on the Balance Sheet. No capital assets are included. Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year, and expenditures for goods and services that have actually been received during the year, are included within the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds in the fund financial statements with similar information presented for "governmental activities" in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison.

The City of Pomona maintains 22 individual governmental funds. Individual fund information is presented for the "major" funds in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance. The major funds presented include the General Fund, the Housing Authority Fund, the Miscellaneous Grants Fund, the Capital Outlay Capital Projects Fund, the General Government Debt Service Fund, and the Public Financing Authority Debt Service Fund. Information for the remaining governmental funds is combined into a single "other governmental funds" column on the face of the financial statements. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of "combining statements" presented in the Supplemental Data portion of the report.

Proprietary funds are used to report two types of funds: enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds report the same functions presented as "business-type" activities in the government-wide financial statements. These include activities that the City operates similar to a private business. The City of Pomona uses enterprise funds to account for the operations of the City and Canon Water Company all of which are considered "major" funds. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City of Pomona uses internal service funds to account for its

self-insurance activities, equipment maintenance activities, information technology activities, and printing/mail service activities. Because these four services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, the activity has been included within "governmental activities" in the government-wide financial statements. All internal service funds are combined into a single aggregated column presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements presented in the Supplemental Data portion of the report. Proprietary funds use the accrual basis of accounting and focus on the accumulation and use of economic resources. Proprietary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows. All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short and long-term are included within these statements. All revenues earned and expenses incurred during the year are also included, regardless of when cash is actually received or paid.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the funds are custodial in nature, and therefore, these resources are not available to fund the City of Pomona programs.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the information contained in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds and internal service funds are presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

**Net position.** As mentioned earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Total net position has increased when compared to the prior year mainly due to a slight decrease in long term debt and an increase in Investment in Fixed Assets. Below is a summary schedule showing the components that make up the City's net position (in millions) at June 30, 2019 and 2020.

	Governi Activ		Busines Activ	• •	Tota	al
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Current and other assets	\$ 129.7	\$ 126.4	\$ 83.6	\$ 77.8	\$ 213.3	\$ 204.2
Capital assets	287.7	286.0	159.0	159.3	446.7	445.3
Total assets	\$ 417.4	\$ 412.4	\$ 242.6	\$ 237.1	\$ 660.0	\$ 649.5
Deferred outflows of resources						
Deferred charge	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.9	0.9
Deferred pension related items	23.3	24.8	2.3	2.2	25.6	27.0
Deferred OPEB related items	8.1	3.2	1.9	8.0	10.0	4.0
Total deferred outflows of resources	31.8	28.4	4.7	3.5	36.5	31.9
Current and other liabilities	\$ 31.4	\$ 30.7	\$ 11.2	\$ 11.7	\$ 42.6	\$ 42.4
Long-term liabilities outstanding	364.8	342.3	147.2	148.1	512.0	490.4
Total liabilities	\$ 396.2	\$ 373.0	\$ 158.4	\$ 159.8	\$ 554.6	\$ 532.8
Deferred inflows of resources						
Deferred charge on refunding	0.4	0.4	3.0	3.2	3.4	3.6
Deferred pension related items	2.5	3.4	0.3	0.2	2.8	3.6
Deferred OPEB related items	3.1	3.0	0.7	0.7	3.8	3.7
Total deferred inflows of resources	6.0	6.8	4.0	4.1	10.0	10.9
Net Position:						
Net Investment in capital assets	\$ 249.9	\$ 246.2	\$ 52.6	\$ 50.2	\$ 302.5	\$ 296.4
Restricted*	73.6	78.4	7.5	7.5	81.1	85.9
Unrestricted*	(276.4)	(263.6)	24.8	19.0	(251.6)	(244.6)
Total net position	\$ 47.1	\$ 61.0	\$ 84.9	\$ 76.7	\$ 132.0	\$ 137.7

For the City of Pomona, total assets and deferred outflow of resources exceeded total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$132.0 million at June 30, 2020. As the table above shows, an amount of \$302.5 million is reported as *net investment in capital assets*. This amount represents those capital assets (land, buildings, improvements, equipment, and work in progress), some of which have been acquired over time and financed by the issuance of long-term debt. The City of Pomona uses these capital assets to provide services to the citizens of the City, and the assets are therefore not available for meeting current financial obligations. Although net investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay the debt must come from other operating sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to make debt service payments.

An additional portion of net position, in the amount of \$81.1 million, reported as *restricted* net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how it may be used. Restrictions include assets that are legally set aside for future capital development, capital projects, housing-related activities, debt service reserves, and other legally restricted amounts. The remaining balance is *unrestricted* net position of \$(251.6 million). It is not uncommon in government entities to see an unrestricted net position deficit. There are many reasons why this could occur but the City of Pomona has a deficit due to the issuance of several bonds, the City's net pension liability in the amount of \$207.2 million, and the total OPEB liability in the amount of \$100.9 million.

Changes in net position. The statement of net position provides a snapshot at a given point in time of the assets and liabilities of the City. The other citywide statement provided is the *Statement of Activities*. This statement provides the reader with information regarding the revenues, expenses, and changes in net position over the fiscal year. Generally, all changes to the City's net position from one fiscal year to the next flow through the statement of activities. The City's programs for governmental activities include legislative and support services, Police, Fire, Public Works, Urban Development, Community Services, and Library. The programs for the business-type activities include water utilities, sewer, and residential refuse operations and Canon Water Company. The following is a summary schedule showing the components that make up the City's changes in net position (in millions) for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019.

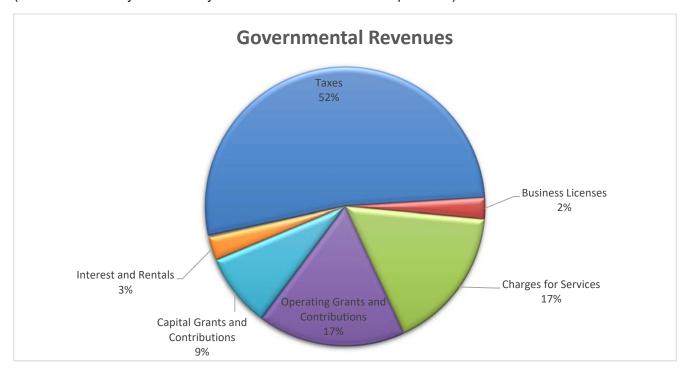
	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 33.6	\$ 18.1			\$ 33.6	\$ 18.1
Water	-	-	\$ 32.5	\$ 30.5	32.5	30.5
Sewer	-	_	5.5	4.8	5.5	4.8
Refuse	-	_	10.9	10.6	10.9	10.6
Operating contributions and grants	30.0	45.3	0.1	0.1	30.1	45.4
Capital contributions and grants	14.9	6.5	-	-	14.9	6.5
General Revenues:						
Taxes:						
Property taxes	38.6	39.2	-	-	38.6	39.2
Sales taxes	30.4	22.2	-	-	30.4	22.2
Motor vehicle licenses	-	0.1	-	-	-	0.1
Transient occupancy taxes	2.4	2.5	-	-	2.4	2.5
Property transfer taxes	-	1.8	-	-	-	1.8
Franchises taxes	4.9	4.9	-	-	4.9	4.9
Utility users taxes	15.5	15.9	-	-	15.5	15.9
Other taxes	1.8	_	-	-	1.8	-
Interest and rentals	4.8	3.1	1.6	1.7	6.4	4.8
Miscellaneous	0.3	4.0	0.3	1.5	0.6	5.5
Total revenues	\$ 177.2	\$ 163.6	\$ 50.9	\$ 49.2	\$228.1	\$212.8

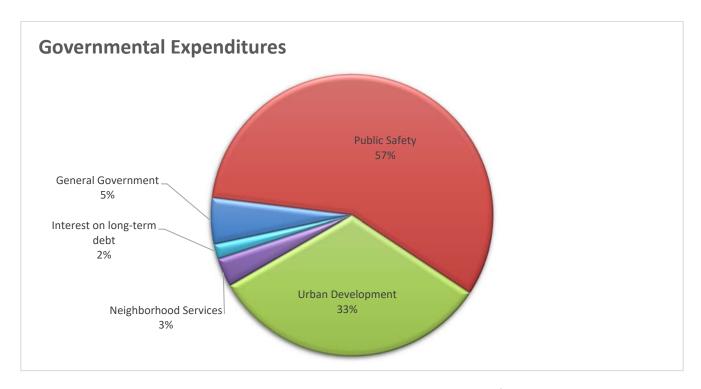
#### CITY OF POMONA

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued Year Ended June 30, 2020

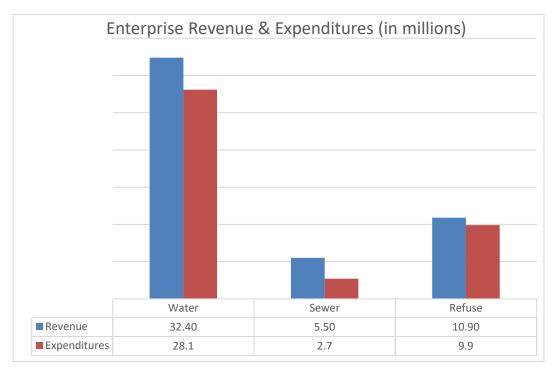
		ımental vities	Business-Type Activities	Total
	2020	2019	2020 2019	2020 2019
Expenses:				
General government	\$ 9.1	\$ 18.4	\$ - \$ -	\$ 9.1 \$ 18.4
Public safety	105.0	88.9		105.0 88.9
Urban development	58.9	46.5		58.9 46.5
Neighborhood services	5.8	7.4		5.8 7.4
Interest on long-term debt	3.2	2.9		3.2 2.9
Water	-	-	28.1 27.9	28.1 27.9
Sewer	-	_	2.7 4.4	2.7 4.4
Refuse	-	_	9.9 9.9	9.9 9.9
Pomona Choice Energy Authority	-	_	0.8 -	0.8 -
Canon Water Company	-	_		
Total expenses	\$ 182.0	\$ 164.1	\$ 41.5 \$ 42.2	\$223.5 \$206.3
Increase(decrease) in net position before transfers	\$ (4.8)	\$ (0.5)	\$ 9.4 \$ 7.0	\$ 4.6 \$ 6.5
Transfers	3.6	3.0	(3.6) (3.0	)
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$ (1.2)	\$ 2.5	\$ 5.8 \$ 4.0	\$ 4.6 \$ 6.5
Beginning Net Position as restated	48.3	66.8	79.1 71.6	127.4 138.4
Ending Net Position	\$ 47.1	\$ 69.3	\$ 84.9 \$ 75.6	\$132.0 \$144.9

Governmental Activities - The City's program revenues totaled \$78.6 million. The City paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of governmental activities with \$93.4 million in taxes (some of which is restricted for certain programs). The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$182.0 million. However, as shown above in the changes in net position, the amount taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities was \$93.4 million since some of the cost was paid by Charge for Services revenue (\$33.6 million), or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with operating contributions and grants (\$30 million), and capital contributions and grants (\$14.9 million). The City had a \$1.2 million decrease in net position from governmental activities (see Financial Analysis of the City's Funds – General Fund for explanation) in 2019-20.





Business Type Activities - The cost of all business-type activities in 2019-20 was \$41.5 million and the amount of resources received was \$50.9 million. Total business-type activities resources available at the fiscal year end is \$84.9 million. This is calculated by taking beginning restated Net Position of \$79.1 million adding revenues of \$50.9 million, subtracting expenditures of \$41.5 million and \$(3.6 million) in transfers. This equates to an increased net Position of \$5.8 million. The increase was primarily due to elevated use of water by City residents which resulted in increased water charges of services revenues and the department's efforts to keep operational costs below budget.



#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

The City uses governmental fund accounting to ensure compliance with budgetary allocations and to maintain control over resources that are legally, or otherwise, restricted for specific purposes. Following is a discussion of the individual "major" funds as shown on the Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds in the basic financial statements.

General Fund - The General Fund is used to account for the general operations of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is always reported as a "major fund". The General Fund reported \$113.2 million in revenues and \$108.2 million in expenditures resulting in revenues over expenditures in the amount of \$5.0 million before accounting for net other financing uses of \$(5.2) million, resulting in the General Fund fund balance to decrease by \$0.2 million for the fiscal year. Total fund balance at June 30, 2020 is \$21.8 million, composed of \$28 million in assets combined with \$4.3 million in liabilities and \$1.9 million in deferred inflows and resources. Total fund balance includes less than \$0.1 million in nonspendable and restricted fund balance, which represents that portion of fund balance that is not available for appropriation. Committed fund balance totals \$19.6 million for fiscal sustainability. The City has a fiscal sustainability policy that was adopted by resolution 2011-49 for the purpose of guiding the City's financial planning to meet financial obligations while providing high quality services. The policy states that 17% of the general fund operating expenditures including transfers out is to be committed for fiscal sustainability. The committed portion of fund balance can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council, and remains in-place unless removed in the same manner. The remaining portion of fund balance of \$2.1 million is considered unassigned and above the fiscal sustainability policy. General fund revenues increased \$7.3 million in the fiscal year when compared to the prior year which was due to City having a full year of the new Measure PG tax measure. General fund expenditures increased by \$7.3 million due to the various bargaining units receiving merit and Cost of Living increases as well as the increased CalPERS retirement costs. CalPERS changed their actuarial assumptions in July 2011 resulting in rate increases that took effect in FY 2012. The yearly increases have been significant and will continue for FY 2020 and beyond.

Housing Authority Fund – The Housing Authority Fund accounts for grant revenues for housing assistance program payments and acquisition, rehabilitation, and administration of properties used to provide affordable rental housing. The Housing Authority fund has historically been a "major" fund based on criterion set forth by GASB 34. For the fiscal year the Housing Authority reported \$22.4 million in revenues and \$24.6 million in expenditures and transfers, resulting in a net change in fund balance in the amount of \$(2.2) million. The Housing Authority fund is made up of \$21.2 million in assets, combined with \$1.4 million in liabilities and \$2.5 million in deferred inflows and resources resulting in \$17.3 million in fund balance. The \$17.3 million in fund balance is restricted for Urban Development. Housing Authority fund revenues increased by \$1.8 million in the fiscal year when compared to the prior year. This was due to increased grant activity. Housing Authority expenditures including transfers increased \$0.5 million when compared to the prior year. The majority of the change in fund balance was due to the transfers out of the Housing Authority. The Housing Authority is funding a large project to build a homeless shelter to help combat the homelessness the City faces and there were less transfers to the project as it is closer to being complete.

Miscellaneous Grants Fund – The Miscellaneous Grants fund accounts for the revenues received and expenditures made for federal, state and or county approved programs and projects. The Miscellaneous Grants fund has historically been a "major" fund based on criterion set forth by GASB 34. For the fiscal year, the Miscellaneous Grants fund reported \$5.9 million in revenues and \$5.2 in expenditures resulting in revenues over expenditures of \$0.7 million. After a total other financing sources of \$(0.2), the resulting net change in fund balance totals \$(0.4) million. Most grants are on the reimbursement type basis therefore the City will be reimbursed for the funds used in excess of revenue. The fund is made up of \$24.1 million in assets combined with \$0.9 million in liabilities and \$3.0 million in deferred inflows and resources resulting in \$20.2 million in fund balance. The entire fund balance is restricted for specific purposes.

Capital Project Fund – The Capital Project fund accounts for the various capital projects throughout the City. The Capital Project is a "major" fund based on criterion set forth by GASB 34. For the fiscal year, the Capital Project fund reported \$8.8 million in revenues and \$20.6 million in expenditures. See the Capital Asset section for more detailed information on the expenditures. Many of the projects are funded by other funding sources so a large

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued Year Ended June 30, 2020

transfer in helps make the fund balanced. After total other financing sources of \$11.9 million, the resulting net change in fund balance totals \$(0.1) million. The fund is made up of \$9.1 million in assets combined with \$4.2 million in liabilities and \$1.4 million in deferred inflows and resources resulting in \$3.5 million in fund balance. The entire fund balance is restricted for specific purposes.

General Government Debt Service Fund – The General Government Debt Service fund accounts for the various debts that are exclusively in the City's name. For the fiscal year, the General Government Debt Service fund reported \$0.3 million in revenues and \$4.0 million in expenditures. The expenditures are all principal and interest debt service payments. Other funds transfer in monies to help pay for the debt. After total other financing sources of \$5.2 million, the resulting net change in fund balance totals \$1.5 million. The liability is an advance from the Public Financing Authority for Series BC & BG.

Public Financing Authority Debt Service Fund – The Public Financing Authority (PFA) Debt Service fund accounts for the various City debts that are issued for the City in the name of the PFA. For the fiscal year, the PFA Debt Service fund reported \$0.3 million in revenues and \$3.0 in expenditures. The expenditures are all principal and interest debt service payments. The resulting net change in fund balance totals \$(2.7) million. The asset is an advance to the General Government Debt Service fund for Series BC & BG.

Non-Major Funds - The Non-Major Governmental Funds show a net increase of \$3.9 million in fund balance.

The following funds were reported as "major" funds on the Statement of Net Position for Proprietary Funds in the basic financial statements:

Water Fund – The Water Fund is used to account for all activities associated with the distribution and transmission of potable water as well as reclaimed water to users. The Water Fund reported \$32.5 million in operating revenues and operating expenses of \$24.9 million resulting in operating income of \$7.6 million. After consideration of non-operating revenues, expenses and transfers the total change in net position is \$2.7 million with total revenues in excess of expenses. The Water Fund is made up of \$60.4 million in current assets, \$126.4 in non-current assets, \$3.0 million in deferred outflows of resources, \$9.4 million in current liabilities, \$111.7 million in non-current liabilities and \$3.7 million in deferred inflow of resources resulting in net position of \$65 million.

Sewer Fund – The Sewer Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's sewer network. The Sewer Fund reported \$5.6 million in operating revenues and operating expenses of \$1.7 million resulting in operating income of \$3.9 million. After consideration of non-operating revenues, non-operating expenses, and transfers, the total change in net position is \$2.4 million with total revenues in excess of expenses. The Sewer Fund is made up of \$12.7 million in current assets, \$31.8 million in non-current assets, \$0.8 million in deferred outflows of resources, \$0.8 million in current liabilities, \$27.1 in non-current liabilities and less than \$0.1 million in deferred inflow of resources resulting in net position of \$17.3 million.

Refuse Fund – The Refuse Fund is used to account for all activities associated with residential refuse collection, and curbside collection of recycling materials. The Refuse Fund reported \$11.0 million in operating revenues and operating expenses of \$9.8 million resulting in operating income of \$1.2 million. After consideration of non-operating revenues, non-operating expenses and transfers the total change in net position is \$1.0 million with total revenues in excess of expenses. The Refuse Fund is made up of \$8.8 million in current assets, \$1.6 in non-current assets, \$0.9 million in deferred outflows of resources, \$0.8 million in current liabilities, \$8.6 in non-current liabilities and \$0.2 million in deferred inflow of resources resulting in net position of \$1.7 million.

Pomona Choice Energy Authority Fund – The Pomona Choice Energy Authority was established in FY 19/20 to offer the Citizens of Pomona an alternative source of energy to their homes. The Water fund loaned Pomona Choice Energy Authority (PCEA) startup costs in order to establish operations. PCEA had minimal activity in FY 19/20 and is ramping up activities in FY 20/21.

Canon Water Company – The Canon Water Company Fund is used to account for the activities of the Canon Water Company. The Canon Water Company was elected as a major fund by the City. The fund reported \$0.00 million in operating revenues and operating expenses of \$0.03 million resulting in an operating loss of \$0.03 million. After consideration of non-operating revenues the total change in net position is \$(0.03) million with

total expenses in excess of revenues. The Canon Water Company Fund is made up of \$0.448 million in assets and \$0.006 in liabilities resulting in net position of \$0.442 million. Canon Water Company will be dissolved in FY 2020-21.

#### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY INFORMATION**

The originally adopted General Fund budget contained \$103.2 million in appropriations to fund operations and services. This amount increased to \$104.8 million by the end of the fiscal year through City Council approved budget amendments. This was an increase in the amount of \$1.6 million. The increase was due to:

- Increased costs associated with the Building and Safety contract as well as various other contracted services.
- Increased costs associated with the Police Department purchasing new police vehicles.

#### CITY OF POMONA

Revenue / Expenditure Report					
	2019-2020	2019-2020	%		
	Amended	Actuals	Actuals/		
	Budget	To Date	Budget		
Total Revenue	117,128,023	115,140,065	98%		
Total Expenditures	117,388,957	115,397,876	98%		
Net	(260,934)	(257,811)			

General Fund revenues and expenditures as a whole were under budget at the completion of the fiscal year. The above chart includes transfers in and transfers out.

As adopted, the City's FY 2019-20 General Fund Revenue Budget reflected \$113 million in anticipated revenues. With approved budget adjustments the total was amended to \$115 million. To date \$113 million has been received. The total revenue came in under budget due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Revenue sources anticipated to be received were not received as result of the lockdown. In spite of the anticipated revenue loss due to the pandemic, it was not as great as predicted for the City and the fiscal year finished better than anticipated.

#### **DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

At the end of the fiscal year, the City and its component units (Pomona Public Financing Authority and Pomona Housing Authority) had total long-term debt outstanding of \$198.7 million.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt may be found in Note 10 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

#### **CASH MANAGEMENT**

To obtain flexibility in cash management, the City employs a pooled cash system (Reference Note 3 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements). Under the pooled cash concept, the City invests the cash of all funds with maturities planned to coincide with cash needs. Idle cash is invested in certain eligible securities as constrained by law and further limited by the City's Investment Policy. The goals of the City's Investment Policy are safety, liquidity and yield.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

The capital assets of the City are those assets, which are used in the performance of the City's functions including infrastructure assets. At June 30, 2020, net capital assets of the governmental activities totaled \$287.8 million and

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued Year Ended June 30, 2020

the net capital assets of the business-type activities totaled \$159.0 million. Depreciation on capital assets is recognized in the government-wide financial statements.

For Government Activities, the City had a total of 50 projects which varied in the amount of activity in FY 18/19. The largest increase in Capital Assets was in the Construction in Progress class. A total of \$20.1 million was added to Construction in Progress in FY 2019-20. The major projects were:

- Project #73369 Police Department Roof Replacement (\$4.4 million)
- Project #68560 Street Preservation City Wide (\$3.3 million)
- Project #67922 Street Rehabilitation District 6 (\$1.68 million)
- Project #71044 Year Round Emergency Shelter (\$1.67 million)
- Project #71051 Street & Alley Rehabilitation (\$1.37 million)

For Enterprise Activities, the largest increase in Capital Assets was in the Construction in Progress class. There was \$0.8 million added to Construction in Progress. The main project was:

• Project #71021 – City Lot Remediation (\$0.5 million)

Additional information on the City of Pomona's capital assets may be found in Note 8 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS**

The National and Statewide economy played a role in City's financial position at the end of FY 2019-20. As everyone is aware, the world was struck with a Global pandemic from COVID-19 towards the second half of the fiscal year. This resulted in stay at home orders and business shut downs which in turn affects the national, state and local economies. Government entities main source of revenues are taxes with an emphasis on property tax, sales tax and other various taxes. With the various orders in place it was anticipated tax revenues and revenues as a whole would decrease. The City took measures to this anticipation in various ways to minimize overall costs. The National Government took action and passed the CARES Act (in the beginning of Fiscal Year 2020-21) which would aid businesses, individuals, States, Counties and local governments.

In spite of the pandemic, the City of Pomona's total Fiscal Year 2019-20 General Fund revenues grew by \$7.2 million (approximately 6.8%) versus prior year actuals. The main reason for the increase from the prior year is due to the City's new sales tax measure increase (Measure PG) being in effect for a whole fiscal year. The increase in the sales tax alone was \$8.6 million. The \$8.6 million figure is more than the overall increase which means other revenue sources did decrease most likely due to the pandemic.

General Fund expenditures increased by \$8.5 million (approximately 7.99%) versus the prior year actuals including transfers out. The increase is mainly due to increased salary, continued reliance on the general fund and retirement costs. CalPERS changed their actuarial assumptions in July 2011 resulting in rate increases that took effect in FY 2012. The yearly increases have been significant and will continue for FY 2021 and beyond. The City contracts with LA County for Fire Services and the contract continues to increase on an annual basis.

The City has ongoing deferred maintenance and capital improvement expenditures that are essential and unavoidable costs of doing business. Over the past few years, the City has only been able to do minimal capital and maintenance projects with one time money sources. Per the City's Fiscal Sustainability policy (eff. FY 2014) staff is to dedicate at least .25% of annual General Fund revenues to the Capital Improvement program and will increase by 0.10% each year until reaching 1.0%. However, during the last four budget cycles (FY2017-FY 2021) Council suspended this provision of the policy due to lack of General Fund Revenues received each year. Going forward, the City would like to reinstate that part of the Policy but will continue to remain conservative with its future.

The City is also suffering a service deficit. The economic downturn in 2009 resulted in a reduction in service due to layoffs and regular attrition for the City. The City has cut expenditures anywhere possible to maintain the services provided yet maintain a lean operating budget. The City continues this approach going forward as the result of the pandemic has not fully hit the City.

#### CITY OF POMONA

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### **CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT**

This financial report is designed to provide Pomona residents, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. Questions about this report, separate reports of the City's component units, or any additional financial information, should be directed to the City of Pomona Finance Department at 505 S. Garey Avenue (P.O. Box 660), Pomona, California, 91769.

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**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

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**GOVERNMENT WIDE FIANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

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	Primary Government			
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	
Assets: Cash and investments	\$ 67,436,668	\$ 65,050,011	\$ 132,486,679	
Receivables (net):	Ψ 01,100,000	Ψ 00,000,011	ψ 102, 100,010	
Accounts	4,589,291	9,099,183	13,688,474	
Notes and loans	33,428,360	-	33,428,360	
Interest	228,165	192,418 582,501	420,583	
Internal balances Prepaid costs	(582,501) 806,055	9,000	815,055	
Due from other governments	13,979,453	9,000	13,979,453	
Inventories	375,424	470,258	845,682	
Land held for resale	4,490,541		4,490,541	
Restricted assets:	,,-		,,-	
Cash and investments	-	5,062,419	5,062,419	
Cash with fiscal agent	4,705,677	3,118,288	7,823,965	
Advances to Successor Agency	182,425	-	182,425	
Other investments	440.550.070	9,000	9,000	
Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets, net of depreciation	143,559,070	21,214,522	164,773,592	
	144,228,508	137,842,972	282,071,480	
Total Assets	417,427,136	242,650,572	660,077,708	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	250,000	475.000	000 540	
Deferred charges on refunding Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	352,620 23,335,681	475,896 2,354,433	828,516 25,690,114	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions  Deferred outflows of resources related to	23,333,661	2,354,433	25,690,114	
other postemployment benefits	8,145,399	1,945,880	10,091,279	
Total Deferred Outflows				
of Resources	31,833,700	4,776,209	36,609,909	
Liabilities:	7.040.740	0.040.054	0.000.004	
Accounts payable	7,649,743	2,213,951	9,863,694	
Accrued liabilities Accrued interest	683,578 531,855	4,253 643,870	687,831 1,175,725	
Unearned revenue	2,155,540	043,070	2,155,540	
Retentions payable	996,463	_	996,463	
Deposits payable	188,394	4,093,508	4,281,902	
Payroll payable	2,916,336	610,266	3,526,602	
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Due within one year				
Long-term debt, due within one year	4,632,553	2,455,000	7,087,553	
Compensated absences, due within one year Claims and judgements, due within one year	5,228,000 6,311,000	1,063,660	6,291,660 6,311,000	
Due in more than one year	0,011,000		0,011,000	
Long-term debt, due in more than one year	84,288,466	107,384,269	191,672,735	
Compensated absences, due in more than one year	2,649,001	530,129	3,179,130	
Claims and judgements, due in more than one year	9,223,779	-	9,223,779	
Total other postemployment benefits liability	81,513,142	19,472,937	100,986,079	
Net pension liability	187,245,122	19,947,529	207,192,651	
Total Liabilities	396,212,972	158,419,372	554,632,344	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Deferred charges on refunding	381,228	3,040,339	3,421,567	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	2,480,445	280,269	2,760,714	
Deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits	3,113,392	743,768	3,857,160	
Total Deferred Inflows				
of Resources	5,975,065	4,064,376	10,039,441	
Net Position:	0.10.00= 0==	50 CCC CT :	000 500 05-	
Net investment in capital assets	249,865,379	52,662,674	302,528,053	
Restricted for:	66 004 770		66 004 770	
Community development projects Capital projects	66,984,776 3,465,771	-	66,984,776 3,465,771	
Debt service	3,193,908	7,526,741	10,720,649	
Unrestricted	(276,437,035)	24,753,618	(251,683,417)	
Total Net Position	\$ 47,072,799	\$ 84,943,033	\$ 132,015,832	

			Program Revenues					
	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Contributions and Grants		_	Capital ontributions and Grants
Functions/Programs								
Primary Government:								
Governmental Activities:								
General government	\$	9,102,528	\$	17,271,071	\$	291,460	\$	-
Public safety		105,018,750		5,035,976		2,534,160		-
Urban development and public works		58,913,340		10,739,025		27,240,950		14,964,309
Neighborhood services and library		5,800,930		549,612		-		-
Interest on long-term debt		3,197,362				-		
Total Governmental Activities		182,032,910		33,595,684		30,066,570		14,964,309
Business-Type Activities:								
Water		28,007,704		32,467,193		-		-
Sewer		2,747,675		5,557,690		-		-
Refuse		9,955,161		10,889,767		41,458		-
Canon Water Company - February 29, 2020		28,741		-		· -		-
Pomona Choice Energy Authority		833,607				-		-
Total Business-Type Activities		41,572,888		48,914,650		41,458		
Total Primary Government	\$	223,605,798	\$	82,510,334	\$	30,108,028	\$	14,964,309

# **General Revenues:**

Property taxes, levied for general purpose Transient occupancy taxes

Sales taxes

Franchise taxes

Utility users tax

Other taxes

Motor vehicle in lieu - unrestricted

Use of money and properties

Other

Gain on sale of capital asset

#### **Transfers**

# **Total General Revenues and Transfers**

Change in Net Position

Net Position at Beginning of Year

Restatement of Net Position

Net Position at End of Year

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position Primary Government					
Go	overnmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total		
\$	8,460,003	\$ -	\$ 8,460,003		
	(97,448,614)	-	(97,448,614)		
	(5,969,056) (5,251,318)	-	(5,969,056) (5,251,318)		
	(3,197,362)		(3,197,362)		
	(103,406,347)		(103,406,347)		
		4,459,489	4,459,489		
	-	2,810,015	2,810,015		
	_	976,064	976,064		
	-	(28,741)	(28,741)		
	<u> </u>	(833,607)	(833,607)		
		7,383,220	7,383,220		
	(103,406,347)	7,383,220	(96,023,127)		
	38,634,967	-	38,634,967		
	2,431,755	-	2,431,755		
	30,407,998	-	30,407,998		
	4,942,288	-	4,942,288		
	15,562,762	-	15,562,762		
	1,430,182 122,129	-	1,430,182 122,129		
	4,820,983	1,625,955	6,446,938		
	256,231	303,751	559,982		
	250,251	4,650	4,650		
	3,613,692	(3,613,692)			
	102,222,987	(1,679,336)	100,543,651		
	(1,183,360)	5,703,884	4,520,524		
	54,338,754	76,689,140	131,027,894		
-	(6,082,595)	2,550,009	(3,532,586)		
\$	47,072,799	\$ 84,943,033	\$ 132,015,832		

**FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

**GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

		s			Special Revenue Funds			
		General		Housing Authority	Mi	scellaneous Grants		pital Outlay ital Projects Fund
Assets:			_		_			
Cash and investments	\$	14,956,203	\$	2,403,289	\$	1,550,801	\$	6,934,541
Receivables (net):		4.540.000				4.000		00.007
Accounts		4,519,060		-		1,629		22,227
Notes and loans		- 07 700		10,928,974		20,954,373		-
Interest		67,786		11,371		1,396		-
Prepaid items		11,795		-		4 044 740		4 440 400
Due from other governments		7,756,967		2,252,902		1,614,719		1,416,132
Due from other funds		793,228		-		-		-
Advances to other funds		-		100 105		-		-
Advances to Successor Agency Land held for resale		-		182,425 4,490,541		-		-
Restricted assets:		_		4,430,341		_		_
Cash and investments		_		954,239		_		754,959
		20 405 020			_	24 422 042	•	
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	28,105,039	\$	21,223,741	\$	24,122,918	\$	9,127,859
Liabilities, Deferred inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	1,634,192	\$	639,123	\$	710,820	\$	3,126,372
Payroll payable		2,343,399		87,676		55,863		54,307
Accrued liabilities		=		194,981		-		-
Deposits payable		85,200		32,046		-		68,814
Retention payables		-		-		-		996,463
Due to other funds		<del>-</del>		-		-		-
Advances from other funds		304,435		-		<del>-</del>		-
Unearned revenues		<del>-</del>		486,667		217,634		-
Total Liabilities		4,367,226		1,440,493		984,317		4,245,956
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Unavailable revenues		1,995,359		2,449,384		3,007,088		1,416,132
Total Deferred inflows of Resources		1,995,359		2,449,384		3,007,088		1,416,132
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Prepaid costs		11,795		-		-		-
Restricted								
Development and public works		-		17,333,864		-		-
Public safety		6,200		-		-		-
Neighborhood service		-		-		20,131,513		-
Assessment district improvement		-		-		-		-
Capital projects		-		-		-		3,465,771
Debt service		-		-		-		-
Committed								
Fiscal sustainability Unassigned (deficit)		19,621,727 2,102,732		-		-		-
Total Fund Balances		21,742,454		17,333,864		20,131,513		3,465,771
		· · ·		· · ·		· · ·		. ,
Total Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and Fund Balances	\$	28,105,039	\$	21,223,741	\$	24,122,918	\$	9,127,859
resources, and rund Dalances	Ψ	20,100,000	Ψ	-1,443,171	Ψ	<u>-</u> , : <u>-</u> 2,3 : 0	Ψ	3,121,033

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Debt Serv	vice Funds		
	General Government	Public Financing Authority	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:	<b></b>	<b></b>	Ф 00 04 <b>7</b> 4 <b>7</b> 0	Ф 50.705.707
Cash and investments Receivables (net):	\$ 440,320	\$ 103,155	\$ 30,317,478	\$ 56,705,787
Accounts	-	_	45,784	4,588,700
Notes and loans	-	-	1,545,013	33,428,360
Interest	871	302	80,964	162,690
Prepaid items	784,381	=	8,441	804,617
Due from other governments	-	-	938,733	13,979,453
Due from other funds Advances to other funds	-	71,465,000	304,435	793,228 71,769,435
Advances to Successor Agency	- -	71,405,000	304,433	182,425
Land held for resale	=	=	=	4,490,541
Restricted assets:				, ,
Cash and investments	635,554	2,357,321	3,604	4,705,677
Total Assets	\$ 1,861,126	\$ 73,925,778	\$ 33,244,452	\$ 191,610,913
Liabilities, Deferred inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 168	\$ 1,100,270	\$ 7,210,945
Payroll payable	· -	4,335	226,936	2,772,516
Accrued liabilities	488,597	-	-	683,578
Deposits payable	-	-	2,334	188,394
Retention payables	-	=	- 07 400	996,463
Due to other funds Advances from other funds	634,896 71,465,000	-	97,488	732,384 71,769,435
Unearned revenues	7 1,400,000	=	1,451,239	2,155,540
Total Liabilities	72,588,493	4,503	2,878,267	86,509,255
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Unavailable revenues			844,545	9,712,508
Total Deferred inflows of Resources	-	-	844,545	9,712,508
Fund Balances:				
Nonspendable:	704 204		0.444	004.047
Prepaid costs Restricted	784,381	-	8,441	804,617
Development and public works	_	_	26,877,301	44,211,165
Public safety	-	-	1,814,367	1,820,567
Neighborhood service	-	-	-	20,131,513
Assessment district improvement	-	=	821,531	821,531
Capital projects	-	72 024 275	=	3,465,771
Debt service Committed	=	73,921,275	-	73,921,275
Fiscal sustainability	-	-	-	19,621,727
Unassigned (deficit)	(71,511,748)	<u> </u>	<u>-</u> _	(69,409,016)
Total Fund Balances	(70,727,367)	73,921,275	29,521,640	95,389,150
Total Liabilities, deferred inflows of				
resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 1,861,126	\$ 73,925,778	\$ 33,244,452	\$ 191,610,913

# RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

Fund balances of governmental funds		\$ 95,389,150
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because	ause:	
Capital assets net of depreciation have not been included as financial resources in governmental fund activity.		287,524,715
Net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, are not reported as governmental funds' liabilities. They are reported in the Statement of Net Position.		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions  Net pension liability  Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	\$ 22,708,138 (181,928,368) (2,405,742)	(161,625,972)
Net other postemployment benefits liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, are not reported as government funds' liabilities. They are reported in the Statement of Net Position.  Deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits	7,686,738	
Net other postemployment benefits liability  Deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits	(76,923,214) (2,938,078)	(72,174,554)
Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, are not reported as government funds' liabilities. They are reported in the Statement of Net Position.  Pollution remediation Capital leases Notes payable Revenue bonds Pension obligation refunding bonds Accreted interest related to the pension obligation refunding bonds Collateralized borrowing Deferred losses on refunding Deferred gains on refunding Compensated absences	(51,786) (1,596,819) (536,036) (75,670,450) (3,492,601) (4,495,332) (3,077,995) (381,228) 352,620 (7,672,204)	(96,621,831)
Accrued interest payable for the current portion of interest due on	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Bonds has not been reported in the governmental funds.		(531,855)
Revenues reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds and recognized in the statement of activities. These are included in the intergovernmental revenues in the governmental fund activity.		9,712,508
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment management and self-insurance, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds must be added to the		
statement of net position.		 (14,599,362)
Net Position of governmental activities		\$ 47,072,799

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Revenues:         General         Housing Authority         Miscellaneous Grants         Full Revenues:           Taxes         97,773,094         -         -         -           Special assessments         97,773,044         -         -         -           Licenses, permits and fees         6,737,434         19,007,852         4,923,898         -         -           Intergovernmental         43,899,91         19,007,852         4,923,898         -			Capital Projects Funds		
Taxie	_	General	•		Capital Outlay Capital Projects Fund
Special assessments		07.770.004			
Licenses, permits and fees		97,773,094	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	·		-	-	-
Charges for services   3,303,049   871   501,914   Use of money and properties   1,799,259   573,937   362,445   Fines and forfeitures   2,292,894       Contributions from Successor Agency   - 2,817,575   - 7,2   Miscellaneous   865,019   50,117   115,544       Total Revenues   113,209,740   22,450,352   5,903,801   8,7     Expenditures:			10 007 050	4 000 000	500,303 599,858
Use of money and properties		•	, ,	, ,	
Fines and forfeitures		' '	_	,	30,861
Contributions from Successor Agency Miscellaneous  Total Revenues  113,209,740  22,450,352  5,903,801  8,7  Expenditures:  Current:  General government			5/3,93/	362,445	80,566
Miscellaneous         865,019         50,117         115,544         30,117           Total Revenues         113,209,740         22,450,352         5,903,801         8,30,112           Expenditures:         Current:           Current:         General government         6,431,278         - <td></td> <td>2,292,894</td> <td>- 0.017.575</td> <td>-</td> <td>7 00 4 40 4</td>		2,292,894	- 0.017.575	-	7 00 4 40 4
Total Revenues         113,209,740         22,450,352         5,903,801         8,7           Expenditures:         Current:         Separal government         6,431,278         - <td< td=""><td>o ,</td><td>-</td><td>· ·</td><td>-</td><td>7,234,181</td></td<>	o ,	-	· ·	-	7,234,181
Expenditures:   Current:   General government   6,431,278   - 632,039     Public safety   85,818,270   - 632,039     Urban development   11,607,931   22,039,382   3,836,619     Neighborhood services and library   3,699,280   - 414,829     Capital outlay   427,687   - 325,174   20,309     Debt service:   Principal retirement   242,392       Interest and fiscal charges   16,109       Total Expenditures   108,242,947   22,039,382   5,208,661   20,400     Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues     Over (Under) Expenditures   4,966,793   410,970   695,140   (11,800)     Other Financing Sources (Uses):   Transfers in   1,954,378   - 95,235   12,700     Transfers out   (7,178,978)   (2,617,528)   (307,806)   (2,617,528)     Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)   (5,224,600)   (2,617,528)   (212,571)   11,800     Net Change in Fund Balances   (257,807)   (2,206,558)   482,569	Miscellaneous	865,019	50,117	115,544	311,480
Current:         General government         6,431,278         -         -           Public safety         85,818,270         -         632,039           Urban development         11,607,931         22,039,382         3,836,619           Neighborhood services and library         3,699,280         -         414,829           Capital outlay         427,687         -         325,174         20,320           Debt service:         Principal retirement         242,392         -         -         -           Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges         16,109         -         -         -           Total Expenditures         108,242,947         22,039,382         5,208,661         20,9           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures         4,966,793         410,970         695,140         (11,8           Other Financing Sources (Uses):         1,954,378         -         95,235         12,7           Transfers out         (7,178,978)         (2,617,528)         (307,806)         (2           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         (5,224,600)         (2,617,528)         (212,571)         11,8           Net Change in Fund Balances         (257,807)         (2,206,558)         482,569	Total Revenues	113,209,740	22,450,352	5,903,801	8,757,249
General government         6,431,278         -         -           Public safety         85,818,270         -         632,039           Urban development         11,607,931         22,039,382         3,836,619           Neighborhood services and library         3,699,280         -         414,829           Capital outlay         427,687         -         325,174         20,3           Debt service:         -	•				
Public safety         85,818,270         -         632,039           Urban development         11,607,931         22,039,382         3,836,619           Neighborhood services and library         3,699,280         -         414,829           Capital outlay         427,687         -         325,174         20,3           Debt service:         Principal retirement         242,392         -         -         -         -           Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges         16,109         - <td></td> <td>6 /31 278</td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td>		6 /31 278	_	_	_
Urban development       11,607,931       22,039,382       3,836,619         Neighborhood services and library       3,699,280       -       414,829         Capital outlay       427,687       -       325,174       20,3         Debt service:       -       -       -       -       -         Principal retirement       242,392       -       -       -       -         Interest and fiscal charges       16,109       -       -       -       -         Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues       0ver (Under) Expenditures       4,966,793       410,970       695,140       (11,8         Other Financing Sources (Uses):       1,954,378       -       95,235       12,7         Transfers in       1,954,378       -       95,235       12,7         Transfers out       (7,178,978)       (2,617,528)       (307,806)       (2,206,558)         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (5,224,600)       (2,617,528)       (212,571)       11,8         Net Change in Fund Balances       (257,807)       (2,206,558)       482,569			_	633 030	_
Neighborhood services and library       3,699,280       -       414,829         Capital outlay       427,687       -       325,174       20,3         Debt service:       Principal retirement       242,392       -       -       -       -         Interest and fiscal charges       16,109       -       -       -       -         Total Expenditures       108,242,947       22,039,382       5,208,661       20,50         Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues       0ver (Under) Expenditures       4,966,793       410,970       695,140       (11,80         Other Financing Sources (Uses):       1,954,378       -       95,235       12,70         Transfers in       1,954,378       -       95,235       12,70         Transfers out       (7,178,978)       (2,617,528)       (307,806)       (2,206,558)         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (5,224,600)       (2,617,528)       (212,571)       11,80         Net Change in Fund Balances       (257,807)       (2,206,558)       482,569	•		22 020 282	/	-
Capital outlay       427,687       -       325,174       20,37         Debt service:       Principal retirement       242,392       -       -       -         Interest and fiscal charges       16,109       -       -       -         Total Expenditures       108,242,947       22,039,382       5,208,661       20,8         Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures       4,966,793       410,970       695,140       (11,8         Other Financing Sources (Uses):       1,954,378       -       95,235       12,7         Transfers out       (7,178,978)       (2,617,528)       (307,806)       (2         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (5,224,600)       (2,617,528)       (212,571)       11,8         Net Change in Fund Balances       (257,807)       (2,206,558)       482,569			22,039,362		-
Debt service:         Principal retirement         242,392         -	•		=	·	20 220 744
Principal retirement         242,392         - </td <td>•</td> <td>427,007</td> <td>-</td> <td>323,174</td> <td>20,338,744</td>	•	427,007	-	323,174	20,338,744
Interest and fiscal charges		242 202			100 614
Total Expenditures 108,242,947 22,039,382 5,208,661 20,5  Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 4,966,793 410,970 695,140 (11,5)  Other Financing Sources (Uses):  Transfers in 1,954,378 - 95,235 12,7  Transfers out (7,178,978) (2,617,528) (307,806) (2  Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (5,224,600) (2,617,528) (212,571) 11,5  Net Change in Fund Balances (257,807) (2,206,558) 482,569			-	-	180,614
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures  4,966,793  410,970  695,140  (11,8)  Other Financing Sources (Uses):  Transfers in 1,954,378 1,954,378 1,954,378 1,7178,978)  (7,178,978)  (2,617,528)  (307,806)  (27,178,978)  Net Change in Fund Balances  (257,807)  (2,206,558)  482,569	interest and fiscal charges	16,109	<del>-</del> _	<del>-</del>	42,502
Over (Under) Expenditures         4,966,793         410,970         695,140         (11,80)           Other Financing Sources (Uses):           Transfers in Transfers out         1,954,378         - 95,235         12,70           Transfers out         (7,178,978)         (2,617,528)         (307,806)         (2,206,558)           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         (5,224,600)         (2,617,528)         (212,571)         11,80           Net Change in Fund Balances         (257,807)         (2,206,558)         482,569	Total Expenditures	108,242,947	22,039,382	5,208,661	20,561,860
Other Financing Sources (Uses):         Transfers in       1,954,378       - 95,235       12,7         Transfers out       (7,178,978)       (2,617,528)       (307,806)       (2         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (5,224,600)       (2,617,528)       (212,571)       11,8         Net Change in Fund Balances       (257,807)       (2,206,558)       482,569	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Transfers in Transfers out       1,954,378 (2,617,528)       95,235 (307,806)       12,7 (2,617,528)       12,7 (2,617,528)       (307,806)       (2,617,528)       (2,617	Over (Under) Expenditures	4,966,793	410,970	695,140	(11,804,611)
Transfers out         (7,178,978)         (2,617,528)         (307,806)         (2           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         (5,224,600)         (2,617,528)         (212,571)         11,8           Net Change in Fund Balances         (257,807)         (2,206,558)         482,569					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         (5,224,600)         (2,617,528)         (212,571)         11,8           Net Change in Fund Balances         (257,807)         (2,206,558)         482,569	Transfers in		-	·	12,121,460
Net Change in Fund Balances (257,807) (2,206,558) 482,569	Transfers out	(7,178,978)	(2,617,528)	(307,806)	(233,611)
	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(5,224,600)	(2,617,528)	(212,571)	11,887,849
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year <u>22,000,261</u> 19,540,422 19,648,944 3,3	Net Change in Fund Balances	(257,807)	(2,206,558)	482,569	83,238
	Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	22,000,261	19,540,422	19,648,944	3,382,533
Fund Balances, End of Year <u>\$ 21,742,454</u> <u>\$ 17,333,864</u> <u>\$ 20,131,513</u> <u>\$ 3,455</u>	Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 21,742,454	\$ 17,333,864	\$ 20,131,513	\$ 3,465,771

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Licenses, permits and fees       -       -       905,771       8,144         Intergovernmental       291,460       -       20,149,120       45,41         Charges for services       -       -       607,696       4,44         Use of money and properties       7,969       332,070       1,162,440       4,318         Fines and forfeitures       -       -       -       2,29         Contributions from Successor Agency       -       -       -       10,05         Miscellaneous       -       -       -       239,344       1,58         Total Revenues       299,429       332,070       24,299,384       175,25         Expenditures:         Current:       -       -       -       640,938       7,07         Public safety       -       -       -       640,938       7,07         Public safety       -       -       -       2,197,039       88,64*         Urban development       -       -       -       11,718,323       49,20         Neighborhood services and library       -       -       -       337,171       21,420         Debt service:       Principal retirement       784,533	9,234 3,873 3,508 1,179 4,391 8,686 2,894
Revenues:         Government         Authority         Funds         Funds           Taxes         -         -         16,140         97,78           Special assessments         -         -         1,218,873         1,218           Licenses, permits and fees         -         -         905,771         8,14           Intergovernmental         291,460         -         20,149,120         45,41           Charges for services         -         -         607,696         4,44           Use of money and properties         7,969         332,070         1,162,440         4,31           Fines and forfeitures         -         -         -         607,696         4,44           Use of money and properties         7,969         332,070         1,162,440         4,31           Fines and forfeitures         -         -         -         2,29           Contributions from Successor Agency         -         -         -         2,29           Miscellaneous         299,429         332,070         24,299,384         175,25           Expenditures         2         299,429         332,070         24,299,384         7,07           Public safety         -         -         640,9	9,234 3,873 3,508 1,179 4,391 3,686 2,894 1,756
Revenues:	9,234 3,873 3,508 1,179 4,391 8,686 2,894 1,756
Taxes         -         -         16,140         97,78           Special assessments         -         -         1,218,873         1,21           Licenses, permits and fees         -         905,771         8,14           Intergovernmental         291,460         -         20,149,120         45,41           Charges for services         -         607,696         4,44           Use of money and properties         7,969         332,070         1,162,440         4,31           Fines and forfeitures         -         -         -         2,29           Contributions from Successor Agency         -         -         -         2,29           Contributions from Successor Agency         -         -         239,344         1,58           Total Revenues         299,429         332,070         24,299,384         175,25           Expenditures:           Current:         -         -         640,938         7,07           Current:         -         -         640,938         7,07           Public safety         -         -         640,938         7,07           Public safety         -         -         11,718,323         49,	3,873 3,508 1,179 4,391 3,686 2,894 1,756
Licenses, permits and fees Intergovernmental Intergovernices Intergovernmental Intergovernmental Intergovernices Intergovernmental Intergovernmental Intergovernices Intergovernmental I	3,508 1,179 4,391 3,686 2,894 1,756
Licenses, permits and fees Intergovernmental Intergovernices Intergovernmental Intergovernmental Intergovernices Intergovernmental Intergovernmental Intergovernices Intergovernmental I	1,179 4,391 8,686 2,894 1,756
Charges for services         -         -         607,696         4,44           Use of money and properties         7,969         332,070         1,162,440         4,31           Fines and forfeitures         -         -         -         -         2,29           Contributions from Successor Agency         -         -         -         10,05           Miscellaneous         -         -         -         239,344         1,58           Total Revenues         299,429         332,070         24,299,384         175,25           Expenditures:           Current:           General government         -         -         640,938         7,07           Public safety         -         -         640,938         7,07           Public safety         -         -         2,197,039         8,644           Neighborhood services and library         -         -         11,718,323         49,20           Neighborhood services         -         -         337,171         21,42           Debt service:         -         -         337,171         21,42           Principal retirement         784,533         2,860,000         85,148         4,15 <td>4,391 8,686 2,894 1,756</td>	4,391 8,686 2,894 1,756
Use of money and properties         7,969         332,070         1,162,440         4,318           Fines and forfeitures         -         -         -         -         2,29           Contributions from Successor Agency         -         -         -         -         10,05           Miscellaneous         -         -         -         239,344         1,58           Total Revenues         299,429         332,070         24,299,384         175,25           Expenditures:           Current:         General government         -         -         640,938         7,07           Public safety         -         -         2,197,039         88,64           Urban development         -         -         -         2,197,039         88,64           Urban development         -         -         -         11,718,323         49,20           Neighborhood services and library         -         -         -         337,171         21,420           Debt service:         -         -         337,171         21,420           Interest and fiscal charges         3,209,898         177,209         1,955         3,440           Total Expenditures         3,9	3,686 2,894 1,756
Fines and forfeitures         -         -         -         2,29           Contributions from Successor Agency         -         -         -         -         10,05           Miscellaneous         -         -         -         239,344         1,58           Total Revenues         299,429         332,070         24,299,384         175,25           Expenditures:           Current:         -         -         -         640,938         7,07           Public safety         -         -         2,197,039         88,64           Urban development         -         -         11,718,323         49,20           Neighborhood services and library         -         -         337,171         21,42           Capital outlay         -         -         337,171         21,42           Debt service:         -         -         3,209,898         177,209         1,955         3,44           Total Expenditures         3,994,431         3,037,209         14,980,574         178,069           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	2,894 1,756
Contributions from Successor Agency         -         -         -         -         10,05           Miscellaneous         -         -         239,344         1,58           Total Revenues         299,429         332,070         24,299,384         175,25           Expenditures:           Current:         -         -         640,938         7,07           Public safety         -         -         640,938         7,07           Public safety         -         -         2,197,039         88,64           Urban development         -         -         11,718,323         49,20           Urban development         -         -         11,718,323         49,20           Capital outlay         -         -         337,171         21,42           Debt service:         -         -         337,171         21,42           Debt service:         -         784,533         2,860,000         85,148         4,15           Interest and fiscal charges         3,209,898         177,209         1,955         3,44           Total Expenditures         3,994,431         3,037,209         14,980,574         178,06	1,756
Miscellaneous         -         -         239,344         1,58           Total Revenues         299,429         332,070         24,299,384         175,25           Expenditures:           Current:         -         -         640,938         7,07           Public safety         -         -         2,197,039         88,64           Urban development         -         -         11,718,323         49,200           Neighborhood services and library         -         -         11,718,323         49,200           Neighal outlay         -         -         337,171         21,420           Debt service:         -         3,209,898         177,209         85,148         4,15           Interest and fiscal charges         3,209,898         177,209         1,955         3,44           Total Expenditures         3,994,431         3,037,209         14,980,574         178,06	-
Total Revenues         299,429         332,070         24,299,384         175,250           Expenditures:           Current:           General government         -         -         640,938         7,070           Public safety         -         -         2,197,039         88,640           Urban development         -         -         11,718,323         49,200           Neighborhood services and library         -         -         4,110           Capital outlay         -         -         337,171         21,420           Debt service:         -         784,533         2,860,000         85,148         4,150           Interest and fiscal charges         3,209,898         177,209         1,955         3,44           Total Expenditures         3,994,431         3,037,209         14,980,574         178,069           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues         -	1,504
Expenditures:  Current:  General government 640,938 7,077  Public safety 2,197,039 88,64  Urban development 11,718,323 49,200  Neighborhood services and library 4,114  Capital outlay 337,171 21,426  Debt service:  Principal retirement 784,533 2,860,000 85,148 4,150  Interest and fiscal charges 3,209,898 177,209 1,955 3,447   Total Expenditures 3,994,431 3,037,209 14,980,574 178,068	
Current:       General government       -       -       640,938       7,073         Public safety       -       -       2,197,039       88,64         Urban development       -       -       11,718,323       49,203         Neighborhood services and library       -       -       -       4,114         Capital outlay       -       -       337,171       21,426         Debt service:         Principal retirement       784,533       2,860,000       85,148       4,153         Interest and fiscal charges       3,209,898       177,209       1,955       3,447         Total Expenditures       3,994,431       3,037,209       14,980,574       178,068         Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	2,025
Current:       General government       -       -       640,938       7,073         Public safety       -       -       2,197,039       88,64         Urban development       -       -       11,718,323       49,203         Neighborhood services and library       -       -       -       4,114         Capital outlay       -       -       337,171       21,426         Debt service:         Principal retirement       784,533       2,860,000       85,148       4,153         Interest and fiscal charges       3,209,898       177,209       1,955       3,447         Total Expenditures       3,994,431       3,037,209       14,980,574       178,068         Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	
Public safety       -       -       2,197,039       88,64         Urban development       -       -       11,718,323       49,200         Neighborhood services and library       -       -       -       4,114         Capital outlay       -       -       -       337,171       21,426         Debt service:       -       -       -       337,171       21,426         Principal retirement       784,533       2,860,000       85,148       4,150         Interest and fiscal charges       3,209,898       177,209       1,955       3,447         Total Expenditures       3,994,431       3,037,209       14,980,574       178,068         Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	
Public safety       -       -       2,197,039       88,64         Urban development       -       -       11,718,323       49,200         Neighborhood services and library       -       -       -       4,114         Capital outlay       -       -       -       337,171       21,426         Debt service:       -       -       -       337,171       21,426         Principal retirement       784,533       2,860,000       85,148       4,150         Interest and fiscal charges       3,209,898       177,209       1,955       3,447         Total Expenditures       3,994,431       3,037,209       14,980,574       178,068         Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	2,216
Urban development       -       -       -       11,718,323       49,200         Neighborhood services and library       -       -       -       -       4,114         Capital outlay       -       -       -       337,171       21,426         Debt service:       -       -       3,260,000       85,148       4,150         Interest and fiscal charges       3,209,898       177,209       1,955       3,447         Total Expenditures       3,994,431       3,037,209       14,980,574       178,068         Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	
Capital outlay       -       -       337,171       21,426         Debt service:       Principal retirement       784,533       2,860,000       85,148       4,150         Interest and fiscal charges       3,209,898       177,209       1,955       3,440         Total Expenditures       3,994,431       3,037,209       14,980,574       178,060         Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues       1,000	
Debt service:         784,533         2,860,000         85,148         4,150           Interest and fiscal charges         3,209,898         177,209         1,955         3,44           Total Expenditures         3,994,431         3,037,209         14,980,574         178,065           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	4,109
Principal retirement         784,533         2,860,000         85,148         4,15           Interest and fiscal charges         3,209,898         177,209         1,955         3,44           Total Expenditures         3,994,431         3,037,209         14,980,574         178,063           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	3,776
Interest and fiscal charges         3,209,898         177,209         1,955         3,44           Total Expenditures         3,994,431         3,037,209         14,980,574         178,069           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	
Total Expenditures         3,994,431         3,037,209         14,980,574         178,069           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	2,687
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	7,673
`	5,064
`	
(2,000,000)	3.039)
	<del>-,</del>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	
Transfers in 5,243,738 - 1,226,666 20,64	•
Transfers out	7,785)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) <u>5,243,738</u> <u>- (5,463,196)</u> <u>3,613</u>	3,692
Net Change in Fund Balances 1,548,736 (2,705,139) 3,855,614 800	0,653
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year (72,276,103) 76,626,414 25,666,026 94,586	3,497
Fund Balances, End of Year \$\\\(\frac{\\$(70,727,367)}{20}\) \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	800,653
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.			
Capital outlay Depreciation	\$ 21,358,577 (9,928,056)		
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(463,503)		10,967,018
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.  Principal repayments  Pollution remediation  Accreted interest of pension obligation refunding bonds	4,152,687 448,977 (296,467)		
Amortization of bond premium and deferred charges	166,952		4,472,149
Accrued interest for long-term liabilities. This is the net change in accrued interest for the current period.			379,826
Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			(557,383)
Other postemployment benefits expense adjustment, which is the net change in net other postemployment benefits liabilties and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources.			(2,334,542)
Pension obligation expenses are expenditures in the governmental funds, but reduce the Net Pension Liability in the statement of net position.			(15,345,599)
Revenues reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds and recognized in the statement of activities. These are included in the intergovernmental revenues in the governmental fund activity.			1,481,536
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment management and self-insurance, to individual funds. The net revenues (expenses) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.			(1,047,018)
		_	<u> </u>
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	(1,183,360)

PROPRIETARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	 Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	Mater	Sawar		Defuse	Co	mpany -
Assets:	 Water	Sewer		Refuse	Febru	ary 29, 2020
Current:						
Cash and investments	\$ 49,647,488	\$ 7,740,260	\$	6,938,479	\$	278,862
Receivables (net):						
Accounts	6,124,131	1,001,800		1,844,810		128,442
Interest	144,952	24,525		22,941		-
Prepaid items	9,000	-		-		-
Inventories	470,258	-		-		-
Restricted:	4 007 000	775 440				
Cash and investments	4,037,303	775,116		-		-
Cash with fiscal agent	 	3,118,288				
Total Current Assets	 60,433,132	12,659,989		8,806,230		407,304
Noncurrent:						
Advances to other funds	735,836	_		_		_
Other investments	9,000	_		_		_
Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation	125,632,642	31,815,099		1,568,471		41,282
Total Noncurrent Assets	 126,377,478	31,815,099		1,568,471	-	41,282
Total Notice Possis	 120,011,410	01,010,000		1,000,411	-	41,202
Total Assets	 186,810,610	44,475,088		10,374,701	-	448,586
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Deferred charges on refunding	-	475,896		-		-
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	1,692,993	188,721		472,719		-
Deferred outflows of resources related to		,		,		
other postemployment benefits	1,349,041	152,069		444,770		-
T (   D ( )	 			0.17.100		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	 3,042,034	816,686		917,489		
Liabilities:						
Current:						
Accounts payable	1,647,651	106,576		452,191		6,594
Accrued liabilities	4,253	-		-		-
Accrued interest	538,514	72,037		33,319		_
Deposits payable	4,093,508			-		_
Due to other funds	-	-		_		_
Payroll payable	438,715	40,652		130,899		-
Compensated absences, due within one year	775,000	63,660		225,000		-
Claims and judgements, due within one year	· -			-		-
Revenue bonds, due within one year	 1,875,000	580,000				
Total Current Liabilities	9,372,641	862,925		841,409		6,594
Noncurrent:						
Advances from other funds		-				-
Compensated absences, due in more than one year	418,276	-		111,853		-
Claims and judgements, due in more than one year	-			-		-
Revenue bonds, due in more than one year	83,439,030	23,945,239		4 450 000		-
Total other postemployment benefit liability	13,500,208	1,521,793		4,450,936		-
Net pension liability	 14,343,593	1,598,907		4,005,029		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	 111,701,107	27,065,939		8,567,818	-	
Total Liabilities	 121,073,748	27,928,864		9,409,227		6,594
Defermed lefterer of December						
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	2.040.000					
Deferred charges on refunding	3,040,339	20.405		F6 070		-
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to	201,532	22,465		56,272		-
other postemployment benefits	515,640	58,125		170,003		_
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 3,757,511	80,590		226,275		
	 -,,-					
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets	40,937,924	10,114,997		1,568,471		41,282
Restricted for debt service	5,292,132	2,234,609		1,000,47		41,202
Unrestricted	, ,			- 88,217		400 710
OTHESHICIEU	 18,791,329	4,932,714		00,217		400,710
Total Net Position	\$ 65,021,385	\$ 17,282,320	\$	1,656,688	\$	441,992

#### Reconciliation of Net Position to the Statement of Net Position

Net Position per Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds

Prior years' accumulated adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service funds activities related to the enterprise funds

Current years' adjustments to reflect the consolidation of internal service activities related to enterprise funds

Net Position per Statement of Net Position

JUNE 30, 2020		ctivities - Enterprise Inds	Governmental
	Pomona Choice Energy Authority	Totals	Activities- Internal Service Funds
Assets: Current:			
Cash and investments	\$ 444,922	\$ 65,050,011	\$ 10,730,881
Receivables (net): Accounts	_	9,099,183	591
Interest	-	192,418	65,475
Prepaid items	-	9,000	1,438
Inventories Restricted:	-	470,258	375,424
Cash and investments Cash with fiscal agent	250,000	5,062,419 3,118,288	-
Total Current Assets	694,922	83,001,577	11,173,809
Noncurrent: Advances to other funds	_	735,836	_
Other investments	-	9,000	-
Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation		159,057,494	262,863
Total Noncurrent Assets	-	159,802,330	262,863
Total Assets	694,922	242,803,907	11,436,672
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Deferred charges on refunding	-	475,896	-
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	-	2,354,433	627,543
Deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits	-	1,945,880	458,661
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		4,776,209	1,086,204
	<del></del>	4,770,200	1,000,204
Liabilities: Current:			
Accounts payable	939	2,213,951	438,798
Accrued liabilities	-	4,253	-
Accrued interest Deposits payable	-	643,870 4,093,508	-
Due to other funds	-	4,093,300	60,844
Payroll payable	-	610,266	143,820
Compensated absences, due within one year	-	1,063,660	204,797
Claims and judgements, due within one year Revenue bonds, due within one year		2,455,000	6,311,000
Total Current Liabilities	939	11,084,508	7,159,259
Noncurrent:			
Advances from other funds Compensated absences, due in more than one year	735,836	735,836 530,129	-
Claims and judgements, due in more than one year	-	-	9,223,779
Revenue bonds, due in more than one year	-	107,384,269	-
Total other postemployment benefit liability  Net pension liability	-	19,472,937 19,947,529	4,589,928 5,316,754
	735,836		19,130,461
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	-	148,070,700	
Total Liabilities	736,775	159,155,208	26,289,720
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		0.040.000	
Deferred charges on refunding Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	-	3,040,339 280,269	74,703
Deferred inflows of resources related to			
other postemployment benefits	-	743,768	175,314
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u> </u>	4,064,376	250,017
Net Position:		F2 662 674	262.062
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for debt service	-	52,662,674 7,526,741	262,863
Unrestricted	(41,853)	24,171,117	(14,279,724)
Total Net Position	\$ (41,853)	\$ 84,360,532	\$ (14,016,861)
Reconciliation of Net Position to the Statement of Net Position			
Net Position per Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds		\$ 84,360,532	
		ψ 04,300,332	
Prior years' accumulated adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service funds activities related to the enterprise funds		906,326	
Current years' adjustments to reflect the consolidation of internal service activities related to enterprise funds		(323,825)	
Net Position per Statement of Net Position		\$ 84,943,033	
net rosition per statement of net rosition		ψ 04,943,033	

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds								
	Water	Sewer	Refuse	Canon Water Company - February 29, 2020					
Operating Revenues: Charges for services	\$ 32,467,193	\$ 5,557,690	\$ 10,889,767	\$ -					
Miscellaneous		126,525	177,226						
Total Operating Revenues	32,467,193	5,684,215	11,066,993						
Operating Expenses:									
Personnel services	9,165,363	348,680	2,695,129	-					
Operations	11,695,042	697,810	6,353,161	22,893					
Claims expense	45,275	4,175	131,798	-					
Depreciation expense	3,399,348	657,639	522,026	5,848					
Insurance	580,633	48,051	119,252						
Total Operating Expenses	24,885,661	1,756,355	9,821,366	28,741					
Operating Income (Loss)	7,581,532	3,927,860	1,245,627	(28,741)					
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Intergovernmental Investment income Interest expense	1,308,664 (3,006,532)	241,797 (916,801)	41,458 67,152	- 16 -					
Gain on disposal of capital assets	1,300_	3,350							
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(1,696,568)	(671,654)	108,610	16_					
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	5,884,964	3,256,206	1,354,237	(28,725)					
Transfers in	399,094		85.000						
Transfers out	(3,545,909)	(886,328)	(448,977)						
Changes in Net Position	2,738,149	2,369,878	990,260	(28,725)					
	2,700,140	2,000,010		(20,720)					
Net Position:									
Beginning of Year, as									
previously reported	59,733,227	14,912,442	666,428	470,717					
Restatements	2,550,009								
Beginning of Fiscal Year, as restated	62,283,236	14,912,442	666,428	470,717					
End of Fiscal Year	\$ 65,021,385	\$ 17,282,320	\$ 1,656,688	\$ 441,992					

## Reconciliation of Changes in Net Position to the Statement of Activities:

Changes in Net Position, per the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of current fiscal year internal service funds activities related to enterprise funds

Changes in Net Position of Business-Type Activities per Statement of Activities

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020	Business-Type	Activities	s - Enterprise		
		Funds			overnmental Activities- Internal
	Pomona Choice Energy Authority		Totals	Se	ervice Funds
Operating Revenues: Charges for services	\$	- \$	48,914,650	\$	10,947,151
Miscellaneous		<u> </u>	303,751		350,492
Total Operating Revenues		<u> </u>	49,218,401		11,297,643
Operating Expenses:					
Personnel services	735,830		12,945,008		3,391,926
Operations Claims average	96,793	3	18,865,699		3,411,856
Claims expense Depreciation expense		-	181,248 4,584,861		6,239,548 37,031
Insurance		<u> </u>	747,936		90,422
Total Operating Expenses	832,629	<u> </u>	37,324,752		13,170,783
Operating Income (Loss)	(832,62	9)	11,893,649		(1,873,140)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):					
Intergovernmental		-	41,458		-
Investment income	8,320		1,625,955		502,297
Interest expense	(978	3)	(3,924,311)		-
Gain on disposal of capital assets			4,650		-
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	7,34	3	(2,252,248)		502,297
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	(825,28	1)	9,641,401		(1,370,843)
Transfers in	702.420	,	4 267 522		
Transfers out	783,42	•	1,267,522 (4,881,214)		-
Transfers out			(4,001,214)		-
Changes in Net Position	(41,85	3)	6,027,709		(1,370,843)
Net Position:					
Beginning of Year, as					
previously reported		•	75,782,814		(12,646,018)
Restatements			2,550,009		-
Beginning of Fiscal Year, as restated			78,332,823		(12,646,018)
End of Fiscal Year	\$ (41,85	3) \$	84,360,532	\$	(14,016,861)
Reconciliation of Changes in Net Position to the Statement of Activities:					
Changes in Net Position, per the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds		\$	6,027,709		
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of current fiscal year internal service funds activities related to enterprise funds			(323,825)		
·		_			
Changes in Net Position of Business-Type Activities per Statement of Activities		\$	5,703,884		

Part   Provided (Isace)   Part   Pa				Busir	ness-Type Activit	ies - E	nterprise Funds		
Cach recovered from constructions and users	Cook Flour from Opposition Assisting		Water		Sewer		Refuse	Co	ompany -
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Friending Activities: 3800.04   380.04   448.977   3	Cash received from customers and users Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	\$	(12,541,246)	\$	(629,126)	\$	(6,807,530)	\$	(51,270)
Cash transfers   389,084   885,000   1446,077   1	Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		13,004,228		3,838,913		1,525,179		(51,270)
Cash Investions of Cash Investigation of Cash Investi	•								
Cach received from other funds			399 094		_		85 000		_
Advance to rome funds Advance funds Advance to rome funds Advance	Cash transfers out				(886,328)		,		-
Net Cach Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities (1786) (1786) (188			-		-		-		-
Cash Flows from Capital Acquaints and construction of capital assets   1,550,546   1,550			(735,836)				<u> </u>		
Cash Flows from Capital   Cash Flows from Capital assets	Net Cash Provided (Used) by								
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	Non-Capital Financing Activities		(3,882,651)		(886,328)		(363,977)	-	
Principal pland on capital abeth   (1,840,000   (850,000   (828,993)   - 1									
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities							(639,003)		-
Capital and Related Financing Activities:							(628,993)		
Capital and Related Financing Activities:	Net Cash Provided (Used) by								
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities   1,335,448   237,548   130,848   16     Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year   2,848,717   1,085,168   2,37,584   3,087,08   3,087,			(6,609,411)		(1,641,653)		(628,993)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities   1,335,448   237,548   130,848   16     Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year   2,848,717   1,085,168   2,37,584   3,087,08   3,087,	Cash Flows from Investing Activities:								
Next Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year   3,847,814   1,548,516   663,093   (51,254)   (25,254)			1,335,448		237,584		130,884		16
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year   49,837,177   10,085,148   62,75,386   330,116	Net Cash Provided (Used) by								
and Cash Equivalents         3,847,614         1,548,516         663,093         (51,524)           Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year         \$ 53,684,791         10,085,148         6,275,386         330,116           Reconciliation of Operating Income (box Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:         \$ 7,581,532         \$ 3,927,860         \$ 1,245,627         \$ (28,741)           Provided (Used) by Operating activities:         \$ 7,581,532         \$ 3,927,860         \$ 1,245,627         \$ (28,741)           Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)         \$ 7,581,532         \$ 3,927,860         \$ 1,245,627         \$ (28,741)           Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)         \$ 7,581,532         \$ 3,927,860         \$ 1,245,627         \$ (28,741)           Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)         \$ 7,581,532         \$ 3,927,860         \$ 1,245,627         \$ 5,841           Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)         \$ 7,581,532         \$ 3,927,860         \$ 1,245,627         \$ (28,741)           Adjustments to reconcile operating activities:         \$ 7,581,532         \$ 3,927,860         \$ 1,245,627         \$ 5,845                Increase (decrease in decrease in deregore ments (loss)             \$ 1,542,452         \$ 5,682         \$ (1,622,432)         \$ (1,622,432)         \$ (1,622,432)         \$ (1,622,432)	Investing Activities		1,335,448		237,584		130,884		16
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year   \$ \$ \$3,884,791   \$ \$10,085,148   \$ \$6,938,479   \$ \$278,862   \$ \$ \$278,862   \$ \$ \$278,862   \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$			3.847.614		1.548.516		663.093		(51.254)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year   S. 53,684,791   S. 11,633,664   S. 6,938,479   S. 278,862									
Peconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash   Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:   \$ 7,581,532   \$ 3,927,860   \$ 1,245,627   \$ (28,741)		•		•		•		•	
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:   Properating income (loss)   \$ 7,581,532   \$ 3,927,865   \$ 1,245,627   \$ (28,741)     Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)     Increase (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable   \$ 3,399,348   \$ 667,639   \$ 52,026   \$ 5,848     Increase) decrease in accounts receivable   \$ 912,974   \$ (226,943)   \$ (131,340)   \$ 6,848     Increase) decrease in prepaid expense   \$ (82,459)   \$ (226,943)   \$ (131,340)   \$ (82,626)   \$ (101,340)   \$	·	<u> </u>	33,004,791	Ψ	11,033,004	Ψ	0,930,479	Ψ	270,002
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation 3,399,348 657,639 522,026 5,848 (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in due from other governments (Increase) decrease in inventories (Increase) decrease) inventories (Increase) de	Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	•	7.504.500	•	0.007.000	•	4.045.007	•	(00.744)
National   State   S		_ \$	7,581,532	\$	3,927,860	Ъ	1,245,627	<b>\$</b>	(28,741)
Cincrease   decrease in accounts receivable   912,974   (226,943)   (131,340)									
Cincrease   decrease in due from other governments									5,848
Company   Comp			912,974		(226,943)				
Cincrease   decrease in deferred outflows of resources related to pensions (144,320)	(Increase) decrease in prepaid expense		-		-		-		862
of resources related to pensions         (144,320)         29,036         (25,830)         -           (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows         (820,997)         (74,593)         (260,455)         -           Increase (decrease) in accounts payable         (231,394)         120,910         (203,319)         (24,117)           Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities         -         -         -         -         -         (5,122)           Increase (decrease) in payroll payable         113,454         933         35,891         -         -           Increase (decrease) in deposits payable         93,557         -			(82,459)		-		-		-
Of resources related to other postemployment benefits   (820,997)   (74,593)   (260,455)   - 1     Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities   (231,394)   120,910   (203,319)   (24,117)     Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities   (5,122)     Increase (decrease) in payroll payable   113,454   933   35,891       Increase (decrease) in claims and judgments			(144,320)		29,036		(25,830)		-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable   (231,394)   120,910   (203,319)   (24,117)     Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities   (5,122)     Increase (decrease) in payroll payable   113,454   933   35,891			(000 007)		(74.500)		(000 455)		
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities									(24.117)
Increase (decrease) in deposits payable   93,557	Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		-		-		-		
Increase (decrease) in claims and judgments   99,429   2,095   49,890   5     Increase (decrease) in compensated absences   99,429   2,095   49,890   5     Increase (decrease) in net other postemployment benefit liability   1,516,136   (236,549)   267,854   5     Increase (decrease) in net pension liability   498,743   (347,798)   9,926   5     Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows   648,373   648   11,499   5     Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows   7     Increa					933		35,891		-
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences   99,429   2,095   49,890   - 1,000   1,516,136   (236,549)   267,854   - 1,000   1,516,136   (236,549)   267,854   - 1,000   1,516,136   (236,549)   267,854   - 1,000   1,516,136   (236,549)   267,854   - 1,000   1,516,136   (236,549)   267,854   - 1,000   1,516,136   (236,549)   267,854   - 1,000   1,516,136   (236,549)   9,926   - 1,000   1,516,136   (236,549)   9,926   - 1,000   1,516,136   (236,549)   - 1,000   1,			93,337		-		-		-
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	Increase (decrease) in compensated absences								-
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources related to pensions									-
of resources related to pensions         46,373         648         11,499         -           Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows         21,852         (14,325)         (2,355)         -           Total Adjustments         5,422,696         (88,947)         279,552         (22,529)           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities         \$ 13,004,228         \$ 3,838,913         \$ 1,525,179         \$ (51,270)           Non-Cash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities:         \$ (111,207)         \$ 4,463         \$ -         \$ -			490,743		(347,798)		9,920		-
of resources related to other postemployment benefits         21,852         (14,325)         (2,355)         -           Total Adjustments         5,422,696         (88,947)         279,552         (22,529)           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities         \$ 13,004,228         \$ 3,838,913         \$ 1,525,179         \$ (51,270)           Non-Cash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: Amortization of bond premium/(discount)         \$ (111,207)         \$ 4,463         \$ -         \$ -	of resources related to pensions		46,373		648		11,499		-
Total Adjustments Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities         5,422,696         (88,947)         279,552         (22,529)           Non-Cash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: Amortization of bond premium/(discount)         \$ (111,207)         \$ 4,463         \$ -         \$ -			21,852		(14,325)		(2,355)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities \$ 13,004,228 \$ 3,838,913 \$ 1,525,179 \$ (51,270)  Non-Cash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities:  Amortization of bond premium/(discount) \$ (111,207) \$ 4,463 \$ - \$ -	Total Adjustments						279.552		(22.529)
Non-Cash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities:  Amortization of bond premium/(discount) \$ (111,207) \$ 4,463 \$ - \$ -	Net Cash Provided (Used) by	-		•		•		•	
Amortization of bond premium/(discount) \$ (111,207) \$ 4,463 \$ - \$ -	Operating Activities	<u> </u>	13,004,228	φ	3,030,913	Ψ	1,323,179	Ψ	(31,270)
		¢	(111 207)	\$	1 163	\$	_	\$	_
							-	\$	-

TEAN ENDED SONE SU, 2020		Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds		
	Pomona Choice Energy Authority	Totals	Governmenta Activities- Internal Service Fund	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from customers and users	\$ -	\$ 49,778,857	\$ 11,297,	642
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services Cash paid for general and administrative expenses	(95,854) (735,836)	(20,125,026) (12,168,471)	(7,575, (2,688,	,141)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(831,690)	17,485,360	1,033,	,981
Cash Flows from Non-Capital				
Financing Activities: Cash transfers in	783,428	1,267,522		_
Cash transfers out	· -	(4,881,214)		-
Cash received from other funds Advance from other funds	- 735,836	735,836	60,	,844
Advance to other funds  Advance to other funds		(735,836)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by  Non-Capital Financing Activities	1,519,264	(3,613,692)	60,	,844
Cash Flows from Capital				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	-	(1,734,573)	(29,	,972)
Principal paid on capital debt	- (070)	(3,033,993)		-
Interest paid on capital debt	(978)	(4,112,469)		<u> </u>
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(978)	(8,881,035)	(29,	,972)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:				
Interest received	8,326_	1,712,258	503,	,047
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	8,326	1,712,258	503,	,047
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	694,922	6,702,891	1,567,	.900
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	-	66,527,827	9,162,	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 694,922	\$ 73,230,718	\$ 10,730,	
Personalliation of Operating Income to Not Cook				
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss)	\$ (832,629)	\$ 11,893,649	\$ (1,873,	,140)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) net cash provided (used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation	-	4,584,861	37,	,031
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in due from other governments		554,691 5,765		-
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expense	-	862		-
(Increase) decrease in inventories	-	(82,459)	(41,	,054)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	-	(141,114)	(88.	,026)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows				
of resources related to other postemployment benefits Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	939	(1,156,045) (336,981)	(278, (136,	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities	-	(5,122)	(130,	.990)
Increase (decrease) in payroll payable	-	150,278	27,	,726
Increase (decrease) in deposits payable Increase (decrease) in claims and judgments	-	93,557	2,344,	- 737
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	-	- 151,414		,737
Increase (decrease) in net other postemployment benefit liability	-	1,547,441	496,	,141
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows	-	160,871	493,	,574
of resources related to pensions	-	58,520	20.	,649
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits	-	5,172		,635
Total Adjustments	939	5,591,711	2,907,	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by	<del></del>			
Operating Activities	\$ (831,690)	\$ 17,485,360	\$ 1,033,	901
Non-Cash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities:	¢.	¢ (400.744)	¢	
Amortization of bond premium/(discount)  Amortization of deferred charges on refunding	\$ - \$ -	\$ (106,744) \$ (103,682)	\$ \$	-
and the second s	<b>*</b>	, (100,002)	Ŧ	

FIDUCIARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Agency Funds	Private-Purpose Trust Fund Successor Agency of the Former RDA	
Assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ 3,462,183	\$ 12,491,134	
Receivables (net):			
Accounts	277,234	5,952	
Notes and loans	-	1,660,600	
Interest	734	11,287	
Deposits	<del>-</del>	600	
Due from other governments	280,071	700.400	
Land held for resale Restricted assets:	-	788,130	
Cash and investments	<u>_</u>	24,287,956	
Capital assets:		24,201,300	
Capital assets, not being depreciated	-	125,423	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		42,926	
Total Assets	\$ 4,020,222	39,414,008	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Deferred charge on refunding		504,329	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		504,329	
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 1,024,869	45,559	
Payroll payable	-	17,444	
Interest payable	<u>-</u>	2,018,173	
Deposits payable	2,767,160	169,040	
Due to external parties/other agencies	228,193	, -	
Noncurrent liabilities:	· ·		
Due within one year			
Long-term debt	-	7,782,425	
Compensated absences	-	71,000	
Due in more than one year			
Long-term debt	-	174,928,871	
Compensated absences	<del>-</del> _	462	
Total Liabilities	\$ 4,020,222	185,032,974	
Net Position:			
Held in trust for Successor Agency		\$ (145,114,637)	
Total Net Position		\$ (145,114,637)	

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Private-Purpose Trust Fund
	Successor
	Agency of the
	Former RDA
Additions:	<b>A.</b> 500 470
Taxes	\$ 14,528,479
Contributions from City Investment income	185,252 505,012
Gain on sale of properties	35,672
Gain on sale of properties	
Total Additions	15,254,415
Deductions:	
Personnel services	388,888
Operations	1,056,398
Interest and fiscal charges	3,118,530
Depreciation expense	1,262
Contributions to other governments	10,237,008
Total Deductions	14,802,086
Changes in Net Position	452,329
Net Position - Beginning of the Year	(145,566,966)
Net Position - End of the Year	_\$ (145,114,637)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

# Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the City of Pomona, California (the "City"), have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (the "GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

## a. Financial Reporting Entity

The City was incorporated in 1888 and became a "Charter Law" City in 1911 under the laws of the State of California. They City operates under the Council – Manager form of governments. The City principally provides general administrative services, public safety services, library, recreational services, street, highway and bridge repairs and maintenance, and water and sanitation services.

As required by U.S. GAAP, these basic financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The following blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations and data from these units are combined with the data of the City. They are reported as blended for the following reasons: (1) the governing board is substantively the same as the primary government, and there is a financial benefit or burden relationship between the primary government and the component unity; (2) the component unit provides services entirely, or almost entirely, to the primary government or otherwise exclusively, or almost exclusively, benefits the primary government even though it does not provide services directly to it; and (3) the component unit's total debt outstanding, including leases, is expected to be repaid entirely or almost entirely with the resources of the primary government.

Management determined that the following component units should be blended based on the criteria above. These component units are included in the primary government because of the fiscal dependence and financial benefit/burden relationship. Each of the blended component units in the accompanying basic financial statements of the City are described below:

#### **City of Pomona Housing Authority**

The City of Pomona Housing Authority (the "Housing Authority") was organized in 1993 under the California Health and Safety Code. The objective of the Housing Authority is to aid low-income families in obtaining decent, safe, and sanitary housing through Federal assistance programs and low/moderate income housing programs. The Housing Authority was included within the scope of the reporting entity of the City because its governing body is composed in its entirety of City staff and the City has operational responsibility for the Housing Authority. The Housing Authority is blended in as a special revenue fund based on the criteria discussed above.

## Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# **City of Pomona Public Financing Authority**

The City of Pomona Public Financing Authority (the "Authority") is a joint exercise of powers authority created by a joint powers agreement between the City, the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of Pomona (the "Agency") and the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of West Covina, dated October 27, 1988. The purpose of the Authority is to provide, through the issuance of debt, financing necessary for the construction of public improvements. The Authority is not subject to federal or state income taxes. The Authority was included within the scope of the reporting entity of the City because its governing body is composed in its entirety of City staff and the City has operational responsibility for the Authority. The Authority is blended in as a debt service fund based on the criteria discussed above.

## **Canon Water Company**

The Canon Water Company of Pomona (the "Company") was incorporated on August 6, 1897. The Company owns and maintains a pipeline which transports water to the City. The Company was included within the scope of reporting entity of the City because it provides service almost entirely to the City and its governing body is composed of City staff. The Company is blended in as an enterprise fund since the governing boards for these entities were composed of either City Council members or City employees. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the City's operations and so data from these units are reported with the interfund data of the primary government based on the criteria discussed above.

All component units had a fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, except for Canon Water Company, which had a fiscal year ended February 29, 2020.

The component units listed above issue separate financial statements which can be obtained at City Hall and online at www.ci.pomona.us.

### b. Financial Statements Presentation, Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate account entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose of which they are to be spent and means by which spending activities are controlled.

## **Government – Wide Financial Statements**

The City's government-wide financial statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These statements present summaries of governmental and business-type activities for the City accompanied by a total column. Fiduciary activities of the City are not included in these statements.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

# Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

These basic financial statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Economic resources measurement focus considers all of the assts available for the purpose of providing goods and services and reports all inflows, outflows, and balances affecting or reflecting an entity's net position. Accordingly, all of the City's assets and liabilities, including capital assets, as well as infrastructure assets and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned, and expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Certain types of transactions are reported as program revenues for the City in three categories:

- Charges for services
- Operating grants and contributions
- Capital grants and contributions

Certain eliminations have been made in regard to interfund activities. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column, if any. In the Statement of Activities, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated; however, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated. The following interfund activities have been eliminated:

- Due to and from other funds
- Advances to and from other funds
- Transfers in and out

# **Governmental Fund Financial Statements**

Governmental fund financial statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and nonmajor governmental funds aggregated. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in fund balance as presented in these statements to the net position presented in the government – wide financial statements. The City has presented all major funds that met the applicable criteria.

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the balance sheets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

# Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both "measurable" and "available." Revenues are considered to be available when it is collectible within the current period as soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if it is collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period except for grant revenue where the government considers revenue to be available if collected within 120 days of the end of current fiscal year. The primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the City, are real and personal property tax, other local taxes, franchise fees, forfeitures and penalties, rents and concessions, interest revenue, and state and federal grants. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred.

Unavailable revenue arises when potential revenues do not meet the "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenue arises when the government receives resources before it has legal claim to it, as when grant monies are received prior to incurring qualifying expenditures or when prepaid charges are received for services. In subsequent periods when both revenue recognition criteria are met or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the unavailable revenue and unearned revenue are removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

The reconciliations of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government – Wide Financial Statements are provided to explain the differences.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund** accounts for grant revenues received for the acquisition, rehabilitation and administration of properties used to provide affordable rental housing and the low and moderate income housing functions of the former Redevelopment Agency.

The **Miscellaneous Grants Special Revenue Fund** accounts for revenues received and expenditures made for Federal and/or State approved programs/projects.

The **Capital Outlay Capital Projects Fund** accounts for accumulation of the cost of capital projects.

The **General Government Debt Service Fund** accounts for the payment of interest and principal on debt incurred by the City.

The **Public Financing Authority Debt Service Fund** accounts for the payment of interest and principal on the local agency revenue bonds and other debt of the Authority.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

# Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# **Proprietary Fund Financial Statements**

Proprietary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for all proprietary funds.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents increase (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as nonoperating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as nonoperating expenses.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The **Water Enterprise Fund** accounts for activities associated with the distribution and transmission of portable water to users and recycled water.

The **Sewer Enterprise Fund** accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's sewer network.

The **Refuse Enterprise Fund** accounts for activities associated with residential refuse collection, curbside collection of recycling materials, and various related programs.

The Canon Water Company Enterprise Fund accounts for the activities of the Canon Water Company.

The **Pomona Choice Energy Authority** accounts for the activities aimed to reduce energy usage.

The **Internal Service Funds** account for the maintenance and repair of City vehicles and equipment, risk management (general liability workers' compensation and unemployment), information technology and printing/mailing service provided to other departments or agencies of the City.

### **Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements**

Fiduciary fund financial statements include a Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. The City's fiduciary funds consist of agency funds and one private purpose trust fund. Fiduciary fund types are accounted for according to the nature of the fund.

# Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal to liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The Agency Funds account for assets held by the City for governments or individuals. These funds include receipts and disbursements of funds for the debt service activity of the 1911 Act assessment districts, cash deposits collected from street and sidewalk encroachment permits, debt services activity, cash guarantees (deposits) collected by the city for various construction improvement projects, payment of various employee benefits and deductions, including, but not limited to, health and dental insurance premiums, federal and state withholding taxes, life insurance and other withholdings from regular compensation as well as monitoring of the local watershed as required by the MS4 permit as a lead agency of the East San Gabriel Valley Watershed Management Group.

The Private-purpose trust fund is accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period which the revenue is earned, which expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred. The City uses its private-purpose trust fund to account for the assets and liabilities of the former Redevelopment Agency and the receipt funds to make installment payments of enforceable obligations until the obligations of the former Redevelopment Agency are paid in full and assets have been liquidated.

### c. Cash, Cash Equivalent, and Investments

The City pools its available cash for investment purposes. The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash and cash equivalents are combined with investments and displayed as cash and investments.

Highly liquid market investments with maturities of one year or less at time of purchase are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value.

Certain disclosure requirements, if applicable, are provided for deposit and investment risk in the following areas:

- Interest Rate Risk
- Credit Risk
- Overall
- Custodial Credit Risk
- Concentration of Credit Risk
- Foreign Currency Risk

The City operated an internal cash management pool where the proprietary funds do not own specific identifiable securities in the City's pool. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary funds report the investments at the amortized cost and considered as cash equivalents.

## Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

## d. Cash and Investment with Fiscal Agents and Restricted Cash and Investments

Cash and investments with fiscal agents and restricted cash and investments are restricted due to limitations on their use by bond covenants or donor limitations. Fiscal agents acting on behalf of the City hold investment funds arising from the proceeds of long-term debt issuance. The funds may be used for specific purposes of for the payment of certain bonds and have been invested only as permitted by specific State statues, applicable City ordinance, resolution, or bond indentures.

#### e. Fair Value Measurement

U.S. GAAP defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and establishes disclosures about fair value measurement. Investments, unless otherwise specified, recorded at fair value in the financial statements, are categorized based upon the level of judgement associated with the inputs used to measure their fair value.

The three levels of the fair value measurement hierarchy are described below:

- Level 1 Inputs are unadjusted, quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Inputs, other than quoted prices included in Level 1, that are observable for the assets of liabilities through corroboration with market data at the measurement date.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that reflect management's best estimate of what market participants would use in pricing the assets or liabilities at the measurement date.

# f. Interfund Transactions

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e., current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental – wide financial statements as "internal balances."

### g. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories within the various fund types consist of materials and supplies which are valued at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. Purchase of supplies have been reported based on consumption method to recognize inventory-related expenditures.

Certain payments to vendors reflect cost applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government – wide and fund financial statements, such as prepaid bond insurance.

## Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### h. Land Held for Resale

Land purchased for resale is reported at lower of acquisition costs or net realized value.

### i. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, autos, and trucks, equipment under capitalized lease and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, traffic signals, and similar items), are reported in applicable governmental or business-type activities in the Government – Wide Financial Statements. City policy has set the capitalization threshold for reporting capital assets at \$5,000 and capital projects at \$250,000.

Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost was not available. Donated assets are valued at acquisition value on the date donated.

Depreciation is reported on a straight-line basis over estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Assets	Years
Building and building improvements	10-50
Improvements other than buildings	10-75
Machinery and equipment	5-100
Furniture and fixtures	5-10
Autos and trucks	5-10
Equipment under capitalized lease	5-15
Infrastructure	25-75

For infrastructure systems, the City elected to use the basic approach for infrastructure reporting.

The City defines infrastructure as the basic physical assets that allow the City to function. The assets include streets, bridges, sidewalks, drainage systems, and lighting systems, etc. Each major infrastructure system can be divided into subsystems. For example, the street system can be subdivided into pavement, curb and gutters, sidewalks, medians, streetlights, and landscaping and land. These subsystems were not delineated in the basic financial statements. The appropriate operating department maintains information regarding the subsystems.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

## Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The long-term principal portion of debt on non-proprietary capital assets acquired through lease purchase contracts is accounted for in the government – wide financial statements as "capital lease obligations". Capital assets acquired under capital leases are capitalized at the net present value of the total lease payments in the government – wide financial statements.

### j. Long – Term Debt

In the government – wide financial statements and propriety fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are expensed when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds types recognize bonds premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing used. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

### k. Compensated Absences

In governmental funds, compensated absences are recorded as expenditures in the years paid, as it is the City's policy to liquidate any unpaid compensated absences at June 30 from future resources, rather than currently available financial resources. In proprietary funds, compensated absences are expensed to the various funds in the period they are earned, and such fund's share of the unpaid liability is recorded as long-term liability of the fund. Vested or accumulated compensated absences in proprietary funds are recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees. The compensated absences liability will be liquidated through the General Fund for governmental activities and through the proprietary funds for the business-type activities.

### I. Claims Payable

The City records a liability to reflect an actuarial estimate of ultimate uninsured losses for both general liability claims (including property damage claims) and workers' compensation claims. The estimated liability for workers' compensation claims and general liability claims includes "incurred but not reported" (IBNR) claims. There is no fixed payment schedule to pay these liabilities.

## Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### m. Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then. The City reports deferred charges on refunding in the government – wide and proprietary fund financial statements. Deferred loss on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of life of the refunded or refunding debt. The City also reports pensions and other post-employment benefits related deferred outflows of resources in the government – wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The governmental funds report unavailable revenue for revenues not available for current spending. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period when the amounts become available. In addition, the City reports deferred charges on refunding in the government – wide and proprietary fund financial statements. Deferred gains on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The City also reports pensions related deferred inflows of resources in the government – wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

#### n. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plans and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The following timeframes are used for pension reporting:

# CalPERS

Valuation Date

Measurement Date

Measurement Period

June 30, 2018

June 30, 2019

July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019

## Collateral Benefits Plan

Valuation Date

Measurement Date

Measurement Period

June 30, 2019

June 30, 2020

July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020

## Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and inflows of sources related to pensions and are to be recognized in future pension expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized over five years. All other amounts are amortized straight-line over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period.

## o. Other Post - Employment Benefits ("OPEB")

For the purpose of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's OPEB Plan and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, the OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

The following timeframes are reported OPEB reporting:

Valuation Date December 31, 2018
Measurement Date December 31, 2019

Measurement Period January 1, 2019 to December 31, 2019

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The gains and losses are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average expected remaining service lives of all members.

## p. Net Position

In the government – wide financial statements, net position is classified in the following:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources that is attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets, net of unspent debt proceeds.

<u>Restricted</u> – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws of regulations of other governments.

<u>Unrestricted</u> – This amount is all net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position."

## Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

When expenses are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the City's policy is to apply restricted net position first, then unrestricted net position as they are needed.

### q. Fund Position

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following fund balance classification:

**Non-spendable** – This includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> – This includes amounts that are constrained on the use of resources by either (a) external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws of regulations of other governments or (b) by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – This includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest authority. The City Council, as a City's highest level of decision-making authority, may commit fund balance for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by resolution. These committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use through the same type of formal action taken to establish the commitment. City Council action to commit fund balance needs to occur within the fiscal reporting period; however, the amount can be determined subsequently.

<u>Assigned</u> – This includes amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The City Council adopted Resolution No. 2011-63A and gave the Finance Director authority to assign amounts for specific purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> – This is the residual amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. Only the General Fund can report positive unassigned fund balance. All other funds' fund balances have been restricted, committed, or assigned for the purpose of those particular funds.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the City's policy is to apply restricted fund balance first. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, the City uses the unrestricted resources in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

### r. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

## Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

## s. Property Taxes

Property taxes attach a legally enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on July 1 and are payable in two installments on December 10 and April 10. The County of Los Angeles (the "County") bills and collects the property taxes and remits it to the City in installments during the year. The City's property tax revenues are recognized when an enforceable legal lien is attached to the property. The County is permitted by State Law (Proposition 13) to levy taxes at 1% of full market value (at time of purchase) and can increase the property tax base not more than 2% per year. The City receives a share of this basic levy proportionate to the amount received prior to the passage of Proposition 13 in 1978.

## Note 2: Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

### a. Deficit Fund Balance or Net Positions

At June 30, 2020, the following funds had the deficit fund balance/net position:

### **Internal Service Funds**

Self Insurance	(6,639,975)
Equipment Maintenance	(4,675,850)
Information Technology	(2,641,506)
Printing/Mail Services	(59,530)

The General Debt Service Fund deficit is the result of the issuance of bonds, and the Self-Insurance Fund deficit is due to increasing claims. The Equipment Maintenance Fund and the Information Technology Fund deficits are due to the net pension liabilities and the net OPEB liabilities. The Printing and Mailing Service Fund deficit is due to not charging sufficient amounts from user funds. The City will eliminate the internal service deficit with future charges to user departments. The Successor Agency of Former RDA will be recovered by future Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund revenue approved in the Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule.

# b. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

Excess expenditures over appropriations were as follows:

	Expenditures	Appropriations	Excess
Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund	\$ 24,656,910	\$ 22,071,963	\$ 2,584,947

### Note 3: Cash and Investments

The City maintains a cash and investment pool, which includes cash balances and authorized investments of all funds. This pooled cash is invested by the City Treasurer to enhance earnings. The pooled interest earned is allocated to the funds based on average quarter-end cash balances of various funds.

The following is a summary of cash and investments at June 30, 2020:

	Governmental	Business-	Fiduciary	
	Activities	Type Activies	Funds	Total
Cash and Investments	\$ 67,436,668	\$ 65,050,011	\$ 15,953,317	\$ 148,439,996
Restricted Cash and Investments	4,705,677	8,180,707	24,287,956	37,174,340
Total	\$ 72,142,345	\$ 73,230,718	\$ 40,241,273	\$ 185,614,336

Cash and Investments is comprised of the following at June 30, 2020:

Petty cash and change funds	\$ 10,151
Demand deposits	32,652,012
Restricted cash held by City	412,813
Cash held in trust	41,077
Total Cash	33,116,053
	_
Investments	111,143,229
Investments with fiscal agent	41,355,054
Total Investments	152,498,283
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 185,614,336

# a. Demand Deposits

The carrying amounts of the City's cash deposits were \$32,652,012 at June 30, 2020. Bank balances at June 30, 2020, were \$34,580,307 which were fully insured or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions in the City's name as discussed below. The \$1,928,295 difference represents outstanding checks, deposits in transits, and other reconciling items.

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the City's cash deposits by pledging securities as collateral. This Code states that collateral pledged in this manner shall have the effect of perfecting a security interest in such collateral superior to those of a general creditor. Thus, collateral for cash deposits is considered to be held in the City's name. The market value of pledged securities must equal at least 110% of the City's cash deposits. California law also allows institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the City's total cash deposits. The City may waive collateral requirements for cash deposits, which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"). The City has waived the collateralization requirements.

# Note 3: Cash and Investments (Continued)

The City follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds, except for funds required to be held by fiscal agents under provisions of bond indentures. Interest income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated on an accounting period basis to the various funds based on the quarter-end cash and investment balances. Interest income from cash and investments with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related fund.

# b. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code Section 53601 (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code Section 53601 (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

	Maximum	Maximum Percentage	Maximum Investment
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Allowed	in One Issuer
City of Pomona bonds	5 years	No Limit	N/A
U.S. Treasury obligations	5 years	No Limit	N/A
U.S. Agency or U.S. government- sponsored			
enterprise obligations	5 years	No Limit	N/A
California and local agency obligations	5 years	No Limit	N/A
Other State and local agency obligations	5 years	15%	N/A
Medium-term notes	5 years	30%	surplus funds
Bankers' acceptance	180 days	40%	5%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable certificates of deposit	5 years	15%	3%*
Time deposits	5 years	10%	\$250,000
Savings accounts	5 years	10%	N/A
Money market mutual funds	N/A	15%	N/A
Repurchase agreements	92 days	20%	N/A
Local Agency Investment Fund ("LAIF")	N/A	No Limit	\$50,000,000
Supranational	5 years	30%	N/A

<sup>\*</sup>Certificate of deposit guaranteed by FDIC is limited to \$250,000 per issuer.

# Note 3: Cash and Investments (Continued)

## c. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreement

Investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's Investment policy. Investments authorized for funds held by bond trustee include, Federal securities, Federal Agency Securities, U.S. Government Sponsored Enterprise Securities, Money Market Funds, Certificate of Deposit Collateralized by Federal or Federal Agency Securities or Fully Insured by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Investment Agreements, Commercial Paper, Bonds or Notes used by any state or municipality, federal funds or bankers acceptances with maximum term of one year, repurchase agreements, pre-refunded municipal bonds rated "Aaa", Local Agency Investment Fund of the State of California, and any other investments permitted in writing by the Insurer. There were no limitations on the maximum amount that can be invested in one issuer, maximum percentage allowed or the maximum maturity of an investment, except noted otherwise.

### d. Fair Value Measurement Disclosure

At June 30, 2020, investments are reported at fair value. The following table presents the fair value measurement of investments on a recurring basis and the levels within GASB 72 fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at June 30, 2020:

	Measurement Input					
	Act	oted Prices in ive Markets for entical Assets				
Investment Type		(Level 1)	Ur	ncategorized		Total
Investments						
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$	-	\$	49,275,829	\$	49,275,829
U.S. treasury obligations		12,460,243		-		12,460,243
U.S. government sponsored enterprise securities		5,232,884		-		5,232,884
Municipal Bond		335,947		-		335,947
US Agency Securities		25,572,666		-		25,572,666
Negotiable certificates of deposit		1,719,231		-		1,719,231
Money Market Mutual Funds		69,733		-		69,733
Commercial Paper		16,476,696		-		16,476,696
Investments with Fiscal Agent:						
Money Market Mutual Funds		40,214,054		-		40,214,054
Municipal bonds		1,141,000		-		1,141,000
Total	\$	103,222,454	\$	49,275,829	\$	152,498,283

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

# Note 3: Cash and Investments (Continued)

## e. Risk Disclosures

## **Interest Rate Risk**

As means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy (Policy) limits investments to a maximum maturity of five years. The weighted average days to maturity of the total portfolio shall not exceed the City's anticipated liquidity needs for the next six (6) months. The City is in compliance with this provision of the Policy.

At June 30, 2020, the City had the following investment maturities:

	1 Year or Less 1 to 3		1 to 3 Years	1 to 3 Years 3 to 5 Years		Over 5 Years		Total	
Investments:			_		·			_	
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$	49,275,829	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	49,275,829	
U.S. treasury obligations		4,374,980	5,157,499	2,927,764		-		12,460,243	
U.S. government sponsored enterprise securities		1,022,662	1,835,055	2,375,167		-		5,232,884	
U.S. agency securities		4,973,212	12,001,519	8,597,935				25,572,666	
Municipal Bond		33,730	302,217	-		-		335,947	
Negotiable certificates of deposit		250,930	1,468,301					1,719,231	
Money Market Mutual Funds		69,733	-	-		-		69,733	
Commercial Paper		4,543,581	8,148,404	3,784,711		-		16,476,696	
Investments with Fiscal Agent:								-	
Money Market Mutual Funds		40,214,054	_	_		_		40,214,054	
Municipal bonds		1,141,000	-	-		_		1,141,000	
Total	\$	105,899,711	\$ 28,912,995	\$ 17,685,577	\$		\$	152,498,283	

# Note 3: Cash and Investments (Continued)

## **Credit Risk**

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligations to the holder of the investment. The City's investment policy provides that his risk be mitigated by investing in investment grade securities and by diversifying the investment portfolio. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. At June 30, 2020, the City's investments are rated as following:

	Fair Value at June 30, 2020	Minimum Legal Rating	AAA	AA	A	Not Rated
Investments:						
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 49,275,829	N/R	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 49,275,829
U.S. treasury obligations	12,460,243	N/R	12,460,243	-	-	-
U.S. government sponsored enterprise securities	5,232,884	N/R	1,022,662	4,210,222	-	-
U.S. agencies securities	25,572,666	Α	9,381,722	13,813,699	1,747,906	629,339
Municipal Bond	335,947	Α	-	335,947	-	-
Negotiable certificates of deposit	1,719,231	N/R				1,719,231
Money Market Mutual Funds	69,733	AAA	69,733	-	-	-
Commercial Paper	16,476,696	Α	538,615	2,097,831	13,840,250	-
Investments with Fiscal Agent:						-
Money Market Mutual Funds	40,214,054	N/R	40,214,054	-	-	-
Municipal bonds	1,141,000	AA	1,141,000	-	-	-
Total	\$ 152,498,283		\$ 64,828,029	\$ 20,457,699	\$ 15,588,156	\$ 51,624,399

N/R- Not required in California

# **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The investment policy of the City and California Government Code contains limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. The City is exposed to credit risk if it has invested more than 5% of its investments in any one issuer. Investments guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds and external investment pools are excluded from this requirement.

Investment in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of total City investment, excluding investment with fiscal agent, are as follows:

Investment Type	Issuer	Amount	Percentage
U.S. government sponsored enterprise securities	Federal Home Loan Bank	\$ 10.699.202	7.0%

# Note 3: Cash and Investments (Continued)

### **Custodial Credit Risk**

For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a deposit financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposit or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the values of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy contains requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other that the provision for deposits stated in the California Government Code. Bank balances of \$34,580,307 was held in collateralized accounts. Of the City's investments held by trustees and fiscal agents, \$41,55,054 of securities was held by the counterparty's trust department, the trustee for the bonds, not in the name of the City as of June 30, 2020.

# f. Investment in Local Agency Investment Funds

The City is a participant in LAIF which is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The City's investments with LAIF at June 30, 2020, include a portion of the pool funds invested in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities:

<u>Structured Notes</u> are debt securities (other than asset-backed securities) whose cash flow characteristics (coupon rate, redemption amount, or stated maturity) depend upon one or more indices and/or that have embedded forwards or options.

Asset-Backed Securities are generally mortgage-backed securities that entitle their purchasers to receive a share of the cash flows from a pool of assets such as principal and interest repayments from a pool of mortgages (for example, Collateralized Mortgage Obligations) or credit card receivables.

As of June 30, 2020, the City had \$49,275,829 invested in LAIF, which had invested 0.02% of the pool investment funds in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities. LAIF is overseen by the Local Agency Investment Advisory Board, which consists of five members, in accordance with State statue. LAIF determines fair value on its investment portfolio based on market quotations for those securities where market quotations are readily available and based on amortized cost or best estimate for those securities where market value is not readily available. The City valued its investments in LAIF at amortized cost.

### Note 4: Loans Receivable

At June 30, 2020, the City's net loans receivable consisted of the following:

	I	Balance at					E	Balance at
	June 30, 2019		Additions		Deletions		Ju	ne 30, 2020
Section 108 Loans	\$	150,000	\$	-	\$	(10,000)	\$	140,000
Deferred Home Improvement Loans		6,971,583		275,796		(298,533)		6,948,846
Prototype Pomona Apartment Loans		1,346,005		28,422		-		1,374,427
Rental Rehabilitation Loans		519,315		7,042		-		526,357
CHDO Loan (Shield of Faith)		1,329,333		348,633		-		1,677,966
HOPE III Loans		388,724		17,832		-		406,556
Shield of Faith		4,670,763		70,630		-		4,741,393
Manufactured Housing Rehabiliatation Loans		1,995,577		4,093		(154,680)		1,844,990
Owner Occupied Loans		2,232,737		137,994		(81,115)		2,289,616
Mortgage Assistance Programs Loans		6,893,561		837,555		(212,825)		7,518,291
Neighborhood In Progress Loans		2,657,015		46,864		(192,302)		2,511,577
Neighborhood Stabilzation Program		311,716		-		-		311,716
Multi-Unit Rental Rehabilitation Program		174,000		-		(144,000)		30,000
Holt Avenue Housing Partners LP Loans		1,982,142		19,000		-		2,001,142
Telacu Housing Pomona		980,407		36,766		-		1,017,173
Tri-City Mental Health Center HOPE III Loan		147,183		-		(58,873)		88,310
Total	\$	32,750,061	\$	1,830,627	\$	(1,152,328)	\$	33,428,360

## a. Section 108 Loans

The City used the Section 108 loan fund and entered into loan agreement with local businesses for projects that benefit low- and moderate-income persons. The principal balance outstanding at June 30, 2020 was \$140,000.

# b. Deferred Home Improvement Loans

The Housing Improvement loans funds for Health & Safety Repairs and Exterior Home Improvements. During the term of the loan, a portion of the loan shall be forgiven each full year provided that the owner is in good standing and complies with all of the covenants, conditions, and restrictions. The principal balance outstanding at June 30, 2020 was \$6,948,846.

## c. Prototype Pomona Apartment Loans

The former Redevelopment Agency entered into promissory note agreement with Prototypes Pomona Apartments, L.P. in the amount of \$947,417 on May 4, 2005 for purpose of construction and development of a 32-unit multi-family, very low-income affordable housing project. The loan bears simple interest of three percent (3%) per annum. In the event the project is sold or refinanced prior to the 30-year covenant period, the net proceeds of the sale or refinancing will be used to pay the accrued interest computed at a rate of six percent (6%) per annum from the date of default and the outstanding balance of the loan. Total outstanding principal and accrued interest at June 30, 2020 was \$1,374,427.

# Note 4: Loans Receivable (Continued)

### d. Rental Rehabilitation Loan

The City used HOME fund and entered into sixteen various loan agreements for rental unit rehabilitation. Total principal borrowed from the City was in the amount of \$313,000. The loan bears simple interest at 2.25% annum. Total outstanding principal and accrued interest at June 30, 2020 was \$526,357.

## e. Community Housing Development Organization ("CHDO") Loan (Shield of Faith)

The City used HOME funds and entered into loan agreement with Shield of Faith Economic Development Corporation in July 2009 for a development project where Shield of Faith purchased properties and developed them from Low- and Moderate-income persons and families. The term of the loan is 15 years and bears zero interest. The principal balance outstanding at June 30, 2020 was in the amount of \$1,677,966 and will be forgiven upon the fulfillment of the terms of the agreement upon maturity date.

## f. HOPE III Loans

The former Redevelopment Agency entered into two types of loans agreements through the HOPE III Program under which the former Agency provided subsidy to assist persons and families of low income to purchase residential property as the principal resident at all times throughout the term of the agreement. The 20-year loans entered into during the year ended June 30, 1995 bears compound interests at 5% per annum and began to be reduced by 1/13 of the outstanding balance on August 1, 2002 annually. The loans entered into during the year ended June 30, 2008 bears interest at 2% annum and is due upon sale of the property. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2020 was in the amount of \$406,556.

### g. Shield of Faith

The loan between the City and Shield of Faith Economic Development Corporation was for a development project where Shield of Faith purchased properties and developed them for Low- and Moderate-income persons and families. The principal balance of the loan amounts to \$3,715,000 with simple annual 3% interest rate, for a total of \$4,741,393. The loan matures 55 years from the Certificate of Occupancy date maturing on August 28, 2063.

### h. Manufactured Housing Rehabilitation Loans

The City used CalHOME funds to provide funding for manufactured housing rehabilitation loans. The loan matures between 15 to 20 years and bears zero interest. One Tenth (1/10) of the loan balance is forgiven each year starting from year 11. The unpaid balances are due upon refinancing or transfer of the titles. At June 30, 2020, total outstanding balance was in the amount of \$1,844,990.

## Note 4: Loans Receivable (Continued)

## i. Owner Occupied Loans

The City used CalHOME funds to provide two types of owner-occupied loans.

The home improvement loan bears simple interest at 1% annum and mature in 15 years or at 2% and mature in 30 years, the unpaid principal and interest are due upon (a) transfer of title, (b) refinancing of any debt secured by a lien on the property and (c) failure to occupy the property as principal residence.

The second loan program is the first-time home buyer program. The first-time home buyer can borrow up to \$60,000. The loan bears zero interest and matures in 30 years or upon sale, foreclosure, transfer of title and refinance of the property with cash out.

Total outstanding principal and accrued interest at June 30, 2020 was in the amount of \$2,289,616.

## j. Mortgage Assistance Program ("MAP") Loans

The City used HOME funds to provide mortgage assistance program loans up to \$100,000 to borrower. The MAP loan bears zero interest and matures in 45 years. The former Agency also provided first time home buyer program. The former Agency's program is a second silent mortgage loan program designed to assist qualified low-income individuals with the purchase of their first home. Program assistance is limited to \$500,000 (inclusive of applicable program fees) or the lesser amount (with zero percent interest) necessary to provide the "gap" assistance required to meet the Program's front-end ratio requirements of 25% to 35%, whichever is lower. At June 30, 2020, total outstanding balance, net allowance, was in the amount of \$7,518,291.

## k. Neighborhood In Progress ("NIP") Home Improvement Loans

The Substantial Rehabilitation Loan Program is a deferred loan up to \$60,000 and bears a 2% to 4% interest rate depending on funding and income. Repayment of the loans is due at the time of title change, resale, refinance with cash out, or non-compliance with that program requirements. (Depending on funding source, some loans must be repaid at the end of thirty (30) years from the date of execution of the loan documents). These loans are not a conventional equity loan or equity line of credit. Funding must be used to correct code violations or deferred maintenance which may cause code violations in the near future. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2020 is \$2,511,577.

### I. Neighborhood Stabilization Program

The City through use of the Neighborhood Stabilization Program funding provided loans to qualified low- and moderate- income individuals on purchase of foreclosed homes. The loan bears zero interest and matures in 45 years. At June 30, 2020, the total outstanding balance was in the amount of \$311,716.

## Note 4: Loans Receivable (Continued)

## m. Multi-Unit Rental Rehabilitation Program

The City through use of HOME fund provided multi-unit rental rehabilitation program deferred loans to owner of the multi-unit low-income rental properties. The loans bear zero interest and mature in 10 years from the date of the loan. Pursuant to the loan agreement, on the sixth anniversary date of the loan, 20% shall be forgiven each year. Total outstanding balance at June 30, 2020 was \$30,000.

# n. Holt Avenue Housing Partners LP Loans

The loan between the City of Pomona and Holt Avenue Housing Partners LP was to acquire property and construct a residential housing project consisting of 62 residential units that qualify for low-income persons and families. The principal amount of the loan was \$1,900,000 was simple interest at the rate of 1% per annum. All principal and interest shall be due in full on the date that is fifty years from the date of recordation of the certificate of completion. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2020 was \$2,001,142.

## o. Telacu Housing Pomona Loans

The City through use of HOME fund entered into a loan agreement with Telacu Housing-Pomona II, Inc. in April 2008 and provided \$612,755 for construction and development of a 70-unit multiple family apartment project comprising of 69 one bed bedroom units for very low and low income seniors and one two-bedroom manager unit. The loan bears simple interest at the rate of 6% annum. All principal and interest shall be due in full on the date that is twenty years from the date the project is first occupied. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2020 was \$1,017,173.

## p. Tri-City Mental Health Center Hope Loan

The loan between the City of Pomona and Tri-City Mental Health Center was to be used for rehabilitation of affordable rental housing, which may include properties with one or more housing units, transitional housing, group home or single room occupancies for Park Avenue Permanent Supportive Housing Project. The loan carries zero percent interest. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2020 was \$88,310.

### Note 5: Interfund Transactions

### a. Government - Wide Financial Statements

<u>Internal Balances</u> – At June 30, 2020, the City had the following internal receivable and payable to consolidate the Internal Service Funds' activities related to the Enterprise Funds.

	Internal Receivable		
	Business-Type		
Internal Payable	Activities		
Governmental Activities	\$	582,501	

# Note 5: Interfund Transactions (Continued)

<u>Transfers</u> – For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City had the following transfers. The purpose of the transfers was for debt service payments and to reimburse a construction project.

	Tr	ansfers Out
	Bu	siness-Type
Transfers In		Activities
Governmental Activities	\$	3,613,692

### b. Fund Financial Statements

<u>Due To/Due From</u> — At June 30, 2020, the City had the following short-term interfund receivables and payables to cover negative cash at the end of the fiscal year.

		Due to Other Funds									
		Governmental Funds				ietary Fund					
	(	General	No	onmajor							
	De	bt Service	Gov	ernmental	Interr	nal Service					
Due from Other Funds		Fund		Funds	I	Funds	Total				
Governmental Fund:						<u> </u>					
General Fund	\$	634,896	\$	97,488	\$	60,844	\$793,228				

<u>Advances To/Advances From</u> – At June 30, 2020, the City had the following long-term Interfund advances:

			Adv	ance	from Other F	unds		
			Governme	ntal	Funds	Propr	ietary Fund	
				G	eneral Debt	Pom	ona Choice	
<b>Advances to</b>		Ger	neral Fund	S	ervice Fund	Energ	gy Authority	Total
Governmental Fund:								
Public Financing Authority								
Debt Service Fund		\$	-	\$	71,465,000	\$	-	\$ 71,465,000
Nonmajor Governmental Funds			304,435		-		-	304,435
Proprietary Fund:								
Water Enterprise Fund			-		-		735,836	735,836
	Total	\$	304,435	\$	71,465,000	\$	735,836	\$ 72,505,271

Advances in the amount of \$71,465,000 from the Public Financing Authority Debt Service Fund to General Debt Service Fund are loan proceeds advanced (2017 Taxable Lease Revenue Bonds, Series BC, and BG).

Advance between the Nonmajor Government Funds and the General Fund was a loan from Vehicle Parking District Special Revenue Fund made on December 3, 2001. The Vehicle Parking District provided a \$600,000 loan to the City to be used by the General Fund as a loan to the former Redevelopment Agency for the acquisition of the Fox Theater at zero interest. The principal is due when rent income is generated or when the property is sold. There is no fixed payment schedule. At June 30, 2020, the outstanding balance of the advances was in the amount of \$304,435.

# Note 5: Interfund Transactions (Continued)

Advance in the amount of \$735,836 from the Water Enterprise Fund to the Pomona Choice Energy Authority are to support the energy program.

<u>Transfers</u> – For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City had the following transfers:

							Transter	rın										
				Go	overnmental Funds	S						Prop	orietary Funds					
			Miscellaneous	(	Capital Outlay		General		Nonmajor									
			Grant Special	С	apital Projects	Go	vernment Debt		Governmental	Wat	ter Enterprise	Refu	ise Enterprise	Po	mona Choice			
Transfers Out			Revenue Fund	Fund		Service Fund		Funds		Fund		Fund		Eneergy Authority		Total		
Governmental Funds:																		
General Fund	\$	-	\$ 95,235	\$	2,030,000	\$	4,134,883	\$	918,860	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 7,178,978		
Housing Authority																		
Special Revenue Fund		-	-		2,617,528		-		-		-		-		-	2,617,528		
Micellaneous Grant																		
Special Revenue Fund		-	-		-		-		307,806		-		-		-	307,806		
Capital Outlay																		
Capital Project Fund		141,756	-		-		91,855		-		-		-		-	233,611		
Nonmajor Governmental Fund		-	-		6,604,862		-		-		-		85,000		_	6,689,862		
Proprietary Funds:																		
Water Enterprise Fund		1,812,622	-		349,859		600,000		-				-		783,428	3,545,909		
Sewer Enterprise Fund		-	-		70,234		417,000		-		399,094		-		-	886,328		
Refuse Enterprise Fund		-	-		448,977		-		-		-		-		-	448,977		
Total	\$	1,954,378	\$ 95,235	\$	12,121,460	\$	5,243,738	\$	1,226,666	\$	399,094	\$	85,000	\$	783,428	\$ 21,908,999		

The transfer of \$4,134,883 between the General Fund and the General Debt Service Fund was for Series AR, BC, and BG debt service payments.

Transfers in the amount of \$12,121,460 to Capital Outlay Capital Projects Fund were to provide funding for capital projects.

The transfer of \$1,812,622 from Water Enterprise Fund to General Fund was to reimburse the City for the cost of services.

The transfer of \$783,428 from Water Enterprise Fund to Renewable Energy Program was for the Water Advance CCEA.

Water and Sewer Enterprise Funds transferred \$600,000 and \$417,000, respectively, to General Debt Service Fund to provide funding related to repayment of Series BC.

The remaining transfers are for the purpose of providing financial resources to cover expenditures.

### Note 6: Due from Other Governments

At June 30, 2020, the City's due from other governments consisted of the following:

			G	Governi	mental Activitie	s			_	
	Ge	eneral Fund	sing Authority cial Revenue Fund	Gr	scellaneous ant Special venue Fund		pital Outlay pital project Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total
Federal government	\$		\$ 377,107	\$	1,151,690	\$	1,416,132	\$	658,248	\$ 3,603,177
State of California		6,673,619	-		254,428		-		215,238	7,143,285
County of Los Angeles		1,072,101	1,875,795		208,601		-		16,953	3,173,450
Local government entities		11,247	-		-		-		48,294	59,541
Total	\$	7,756,967	\$ 2,252,902	\$	1,614,719	\$	1,416,132	\$	938,733	\$ 13,979,453

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

# Note 7: Land Held for Resale

At June 30, 2020, land held for resale in the amount of \$4,490,541 is reported at the acquisition cost in the Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund.

# Note 8: Capital Assets

# a. Government - Wide Financial Statements

At June 30, 2020, the City's capital assets consisted of the following:

	Governmental	Business-Type	<b>+</b>
	Activities	Activities	Total
Nondepreciable assets:	Φ 00 007 500	Φ 0.000.700	Φ 00 077 070
Land	\$ 80,887,590	\$ 9,089,782	\$ 89,977,372
Construction in Progress	62,671,480	12,124,740	74,796,220
Total nondepreciable assets	143,559,070	21,214,522	164,773,592
Depreciable assets:			
Building and building improvements	15,081,452	3,482,783	18,564,235
Improvements other than buildings	65,560,366	871,529	66,431,895
Machinery and Equipment	21,610,951	227,823,903	249,434,854
Furniture and fixtures	1,044,044	5,105	1,049,149
Autos and trucks	12,142,545	6,763,049	18,905,594
Equipment under capitalized leases	3,542,763	4,257,381	7,800,144
Infrastructure	388,198,759		388,198,759
Total capital assets, at cost	507,180,880	243,203,750	750,384,630
Less accumulated depreciation:			
Building and building improvements	(13,205,981)	(3,340,233)	(16,546,214)
Improvements other than buildings	(32,114,064)	(218,050)	(32, 332, 114)
Machinery and equipment	(18,541,450)	(94,638,316)	(113,179,766)
Furniture and fixtures	(970,515)	(5,105)	(975,620)
Autos and trucks	(9,732,938)	(4,178,908)	(13,911,846)
Equipment under capitalized leases	(1,369,808)	(2,980,166)	(4,349,974)
Infrastructure	(287,017,616)	-	(287,017,616)
Total accumpilated depreciation	(362,952,372)	(105,360,778)	(468,313,150)
Total depreciable assets, net	144,228,508	137,842,972	282,071,480
Total capital assets, net	\$ 287,787,578	\$ 159,057,494	\$ 446,845,072

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

# Note 8: Capital Assets (Continued)

# b. Governmental Activities

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Balance		Adjusted Beginning				Balance
	July 1, 2019	Adjustments	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	June 30, 2020
Nondepreciable assets:							
Land	\$ 80,836,521	\$ -	\$ 80,836,521	\$ 51,069	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 80,887,590
Construction in Progress	53,922,127	(6,082,595)	47,839,532	20,099,718		(5,267,770)	62,671,480
Total nondepreciable assets	134,758,648	(6,082,595)	128,676,053	20,150,787		(5,267,770)	143,559,070
Depreciable assets:							
Building and building	15,081,452	-	15,081,452	-	-	-	15,081,452
Improvements other than	64,605,613	-	64,605,613	-	-	954,753	65,560,366
Machinery and Equipment	22,185,075	-	22,185,075	329,384	(2,117,433)	1,213,925	21,610,951
Furniture and fixtures	1,044,044	-	1,044,044	-	-	-	1,044,044
Autos and trucks	11,674,847	-	11,674,847	873,761	(406,063)	-	12,142,545
Equipment under capitalized	3,557,892	-	3,557,892	34,617	(49,746)	-	3,542,763
Infrastructure	390,136,044	-	390,136,044	-	(5,036,377)	3,099,092	388,198,759
Total capital assets, at cost	508,284,967		508,284,967	1,237,762	(7,609,619)	5,267,770	507,180,880
Less accumulated depreciation:							
Building and building	(13,018,963)	-	(13,018,963)	(187,018)		-	(13,205,981)
Improvements other than	(30,585,621)	-	(30,585,621)	(1,528,443)		-	(32,114,064)
Machinery and equipment	(20,167,163)	-	(20,167,163)	(491,720)	2,117,433	-	(18,541,450)
Furniture and fixtures	(947,174)	-	(947,174)	(23,341)		-	(970,515)
Autos and trucks	(9,590,149)	-	(9,590,149)	(548,853)	406,064	-	(9,732,938)
Equipment under capitalized	(1,086,348)	-	(1,086,348)	(303,358)	19,898	-	(1,369,808)
Infrastructure	(284,737,983)		(284,737,983)	(6,882,354)	4,602,721		(287,017,616)
Total accumpilated	(360,133,401)		(360,133,401)	(9,965,087)	7,146,116		(362,952,372)
Total depreciable assets, net	148,151,566		148,151,566	(8,727,325)	(463,503)	5,267,770	144,228,508
Total capital assets, net	\$ 282,910,214	\$ (6,082,595)	\$ 276,827,619	\$ 11,423,462	\$ (463,503)	\$ -	\$ 287,787,578

Depreciation expense for capital assets of the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2020, is as follows:

General government	\$ 403,878
Public safety	1,093,861
Development services	1,038,718
Neighborhood services	7,391,599
Internal service funds	37,031
Total	\$ 9,965,087

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

# Note 8: Capital Assets (Continued)

# c. Business-Type Activities

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Balance		Adju	ısted				Balance
	July 1, 2019	Adjustments	Beginning	g Balance	Addition	s	Deletions	June 30, 2020
Nondepreciable assets:								
Land	\$ 9,089,782	\$ -	\$ 9	,089,782	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 9,089,782
Construction in Progress	8,745,774	2,550,009	11	,295,783	828,9	57_	-	12,124,740
Total nondepreciable assets	17,835,556	2,550,009	20	,385,565	828,9	57	-	21,214,522
Depreciable assets:								
Building and building improvements	3,482,783	-	3	,482,783		-	-	3,482,783
Improvements other than buildings	871,529	-		871,529		-	-	871,529
Machinery and Equipment	227,627,407	-	227	,627,407	387,7	49	(191,253)	227,823,903
Furniture and fixtures	5,105	-		5,105		-	-	5,105
Autos and trucks	6,474,435	-	6	,474,435	517,8	868	(229,254)	6,763,049
Equipment under capitalized leases	4,257,381	-	4	,257,381		-	-	4,257,381
Total capital assets, at cost	242,718,640	-	242	,718,640	905,6	17	(420,507)	243,203,750
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Building and building improvements	(3,330,584)	-	(3	,330,584)	(9,6	49)	-	(3,340,233)
Improvements other than buildings	(184,816)	-		(184,816)	(33,2	234)	-	(218,050)
Machinery and equipment	(91,152,060)	-	(91	,152,060)	(3,672,0	95)	185,839	(94,638,316)
Furniture and fixtures	(5,105)	-		(5,105)		-	-	(5,105)
Autos and trucks	(3,964,016)	-	(3	,964,016)	(444,1	45)	229,253	(4,178,908)
Equipment under capitalized leases	(2,554,428)	-	(2	,554,428)	(425,7	'38)	-	(2,980,166)
Total accumpilated depreciation	(101,191,009)	-	(101	,191,009)	(4,584,8	861)	415,092	(105,360,778)
Total depreciable assets, net	141,527,631		141	,527,631	(3,679,2	244)	(5,415)	137,842,972
Total capital assets, net	\$159,363,187	\$2,550,009	\$ 161	,913,196	\$(2,850,2	287)	\$ (5,415)	\$159,057,494

Depreciation expense for capital assets of the business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2020, is as follows:

Water	\$ 3,399,348
Sewer	657,639
Refuse	522,026
Canon Water Company	5,848
Total	\$ 4,584,861

# Note 9: Other Investments

Other Investments in Water Enterprise fund represent one-quarter of share of the San Antonio Water Company for a cost of \$9,000.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

# Note 10: Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes of long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2020:

		Balance luly 1, 2019	4	Additions	Deletions	Ju	Balance ine 30, 2020	_	oue Within One Year	_	ue in more an One Year
Governmental Activities:	<u> </u>	., 20.0			 		00, 2020		-		0
Pollution remediation obligations	\$	500,763	\$	-	\$ (448,977)	\$	51,786	\$	51,786	\$	-
Obligation under capital leases		1,973,191		-	(376,372)		1,596,819		376,370		1,220,449
Collateralized borrowing		3,131,140		-	(53,145)		3,077,995		55,249		3,022,746
Notes Payable		667,818		-	(131,782)		536,036		85,148		450,888
Revenue Bonds		79,159,819		-	(3,489,369)		75,670,450		3,429,000		72,241,450
Pension obligation refunding bonds		3,761,134		-	(268,533)		3,492,601		284,302		3,208,299
Accreted interest		4,198,865		296,467	-		4,495,332		350,698		4,144,634
Total governmental activities	\$	93,392,730	\$	296,467	\$ (4,768,178)	\$	88,921,019	\$	4,632,553	\$	84,288,466

### a. Governmental Activities

## **Pollution Remediation Obligations**

The City acquired properties which were determined to have soil and groundwater contamination. The City is responsible for the investigation, characterization and remediation of the soil and groundwater from the contamination. The City's remediation costs were initially estimated at \$1,781,262. During the current fiscal year, the City had no clean-up cost. The remaining outstanding cost to complete the clean-up is estimated at \$51,786 at June 30, 2020.

# **Obligations Under Capital Leases**

At June 30, 2020, obligations under capital lease consisted of the following:

		Balance					Balance	Di	ue Within
	Ju	ly 1, 2019	Add	litions	Deletions	Jur	ne 30, 2020	C	One Year
BBVA	\$	1.973.191	\$	_	\$ (376.372)	\$	1.596.819	\$	376.370

The City has entered into numerous equipment lease-purchase agreements with a leasing company whereby the lessor acquired certain equipment and leased it to the City with an option to purchase. The related assets have been capitalized as capital assets.

# Note 10: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

The total leased assets by major asset class consisted of the following at June 30, 2020:

Equipment under capitalized leases, at cost	\$ 4,257,381
Accumulated depreciation	(2,980,167)
Equipment under capitalized leases, net	\$ 1,277,214

The depreciation expense for equipment under capitalized leases was \$425,738 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

The rates of interest on the lease purchase agreements range from 2.19% to 3.30% per annum. Future minimum lease payments under the capital lease at June 30, 2020 is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2021	\$ 423,254
2022	211,068
2023	205,628
2024	200,189
2025	194,749
2026-2028	551,609
Subtotal	1,786,497
Less amount representing interest	(189,678)
Present value of future minimum lease payments	\$ 1,596,819

## **Collateralized Borrowing**

During 2019, the City entered into a 31-year lease agreement with Crown Castle on five cell tower sites and received a one-time payment of \$3,131,140 in exchange for future rent revenues totaling \$5,394,000. The rate of this agreement is 3.89% per annum.

## Note 10: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

The annual debt service requirement for the collateralized borrowing at June 30, 2020, is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal Interest		Total			
2021	\$ 55,249	\$	118,751	\$ 174,000		
2022	57,437		116,563	174,000		
2023	59,712		114,288	174,000		
2024	62,076		111,924	174,000		
2025	64,534		109,466	174,000		
2026-2030	363,089 506,911		870,000			
2031-2035	440,903	429,097		870,000		
2036-2040	535,394		334,606	870,000		
2041-2045	650,135		219,865	870,000		
2046-2050	789,466		80,534	870,000		
Total	\$ 3,077,995	\$	2,142,005	\$ 5,220,000		

### **Notes Payable**

At June 30, 2020, notes payable consisted of the following:

D - I - - - -

	t	salance						salance	Du	e within
	Jul	y 1, 2019	Additions		Deletions		June 30, 2020		One Year	
Hud Section 108 Loan	\$	100,000	\$	-	\$	(20,000)	\$	80,000	\$	20,000
Fire Station Roof Replacement		46,634		-		(46,634)		-		-
Southern California Edison										
On Bill Financing		521,184		-		(65, 148)		456,036		65,148
	\$	667,818	\$	-	\$	(131,782)	\$	536,036	\$	85,148

# HUD Section 108 Loan

The City has three notes guaranteed by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD") under Section 108 of the Community Development Act and are payable from future Community Development Block Grant ("CDBG") entitlements. The notes were made to Casa Herrera (\$2,375,000) on February 1, 1998; Village Car Wash (\$100,000) on September 17, 2012; and Freddie's Auto Repair (\$100,000) on August 20, 2012. On June 30, 2010, the balance of the original loan for Casa Herrera was defeased to refinance the loan at a lower interest rate. The new interest rate for Casa Herrera ranges from 4.96% to 5.77%, with new loan terms beginning on February 1, 2011 and maturing August 1, 2016. The interest rate for both Village Car Wash and Freddie's Auto Repair is variable and equal to 20 basis points (0.2%) above the applicable London Interbank Offered Rates ("LIBOR"), at 2.5%, with loan terms beginning on July 1, 2013 and maturing on August 1, 2023. Casa Herrera is responsible for the principal payment on its note and the City is responsible for the interest payment. Village Car Wash and Freddie's Auto Repair are responsible for principal and interest payments on its notes. All notes are guaranteed by CDGB funds; thus, in the event of default, the City's CDBG entitlement funds may be used to cover any outstanding debt.

# Note 10: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

The annual debt service requirement at June 30, 2020 is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Ir	terest	Total		
2021	\$ 20,000		\$	3,000	\$	23,000	
2022		20,000		3,000		23,000	
2023		20,000		-		20,000	
2024		20,000		-		20,000	
Total	\$	80,000	\$	6,000	\$	86,000	

## Fire Station Roof Replacement

On October 2, 2017, the City entered into a zero-interest repayment agreement with the County of Los Angeles for the cost for the roof repair on the City's fire station in the amount of \$139,000.

The City made the final payment, and the loan was fully paid off during the year ending June 30, 2020.

## Southern California Edison On Bill Financing

On September 26, 2017, the City entered into the on-bill financing agreement with the Southern California for the Energy Solution Incentive Applicable. The agreement provides zero-interest financing for the installation of certain energy efficient streetlights up to \$623,628.

The annual debt service requirement at June 30, 2020 as follow:

Year Ending June 30,	F	Principal	Inte	rest	Total
2021	\$	65,148	\$	-	\$ 65,148
2022		65,148		-	65,148
2023		65,148		-	65,148
2024		65,148		-	65,148
2025		65,148		-	65,148
2026-2028		130,296		-	130,296
Total	\$	456,036	\$	_	\$ 456,036

## Note 10: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

## **Revenue Bonds**

At June 30, 2020, revenue bonds consisted of the following:

July

Balance

	Dai	ance July					Dale	alice Julie	Jue Willin
		1, 2019		Additions		Deletions		30, 2020	One Year
2005 Subordinate Revenue Bonds Series AL	\$	1,845,000	\$	-	\$	(585,000)	\$	1,260,000	\$ 615,000
2005 Reassessment and Refunding									
Bonds, Series AM		1,657,000		-		(516,000)		1,141,000	549,000
2016 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds Series BC		24,455,000		-		(1,125,000)		23,330,000	1,160,000
Unamortized Bond Premium		1,917,819		-		(113,369)		1,804,450	-
2017 Taxable Lease Revenue									
Refunding Bonds, Series BG		49,285,000				(1,150,000)		48,135,000	1,105,000
Total	\$	79,159,819	\$	-	\$	(3,489,369)	\$	75,670,450	\$ 3,429,000
Unamortized Deferred Loss o	n Re	efunding							
2017 Taxable Lease Revenue									
Refunding Bonds, Series BG				\$ (376,133)	)	\$ -		23,513	\$ (352,620)
				\$ (376,133	)	\$ -	9	23,513	\$ (352,620)
Unamortized Deferred Gain o	n R	efunding							
2016 Lease Revenue Refunding	Bon	d, Series B	С	\$ 405,179		\$ -		(23,951)	\$ 381,228
				\$ 405,179		\$ -	-	(23,951)	\$ 381,228

Due Within

Balance

June

## 2005 Subordinate Revenue Bonds, Series AL- Original Issuance \$11,370,000

On February 1, 2005, the Public Financing Authority issued \$11,370,000 in 2005 Subordinate Revenue Bonds, Series AL to purchase the 2005 Reassessment and Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series AM, to finance certain capital improvements in the City and to fund a reserve account for the Bonds. Interest on the bonds in payable semiannually on each September 2 and March 2, commencing September 2, 2005. The rate of interest ranges from 2.50% to 5.10% per annum. Principal on the subordinate revenue bonds is payable in annual installments ranging from \$275,000 to \$955,000. During 2008, the bonds in the amount of \$1,975,000 were called.

# <u>2005 Reassessment and Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series AM – Original Issuance</u> \$9,524,000

On February 1, 2005, the City issued \$9,524,000 in 2005 Reassessment and Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series AM, to provide funds to refund the refunding Improvement Bonds, Assessment District No. 294. Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on each September 2 and March 2. The rate of interest is 7.22% per annum. During 2008, the bonds in the amount of \$1,920,000 were called. The annual debt service requirement for the 2005 Subordinate Revenue Bonds, Series AL outstanding at June 30, 2020, is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		l:	nterest	Total		
2021	\$	549,000	\$	62,561	\$	611,561	
2022		592,000		21,371		613,371	
Total	\$	1,141,000	\$	83,932	\$	1,224,932	

The annual debt service requirement for the 2005 Subordinate Revenue Bonds, Series AL outstanding at June 30, 2020, is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		 nterest	Total		
2021	\$	615,000	\$ 48,270	\$	663,270	
2022		645,000	 16,448		661,448	
Total	\$	1,260,000	\$ 64,718	\$	1,324,718	

## 2016 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series BC-Original Issuance \$26,645,000

On August 17, 2016, the Authority issued \$26,645,000 in 2016 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series BC, to (a) current refund the City's 2013 Certificates of Participation, Series AG and the Authority's 2005 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series AN, (b) purchase a reserve policy, and (c) pay for the cost of issuance.

The current refunding resulted in a difference between the acquisition price (Series BC) and the net carrying amount of the relinquished bonds (Series AG and AN) in the amount of \$437,040. This amount is reported as deferred gain on refunding. This deferred amount is amortized through June 1, 2034, the maturity date of the refunded debt (Series AG). The refunding also resulted in the net present value savings in the amount of \$6,224,352 and savings in debt service payments in the amount of \$9,737,668.

Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on each December 1 and June 1 and the final principal matures on June 1, 2036. The rates of interest range from 2% to 4% per annum. Principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$1,085,000 to \$1,810,000. The bonds are secured by certain revenues consisting of certain Lease Payments with respect to the leased property by the City.

The annual debt service requirement for the 2016 Lease Revenue Refunding bonds, Series BC outstanding at June 30, 2020, is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 1,160,000	\$ 794,363	\$ 1,954,363
2022	1,195,000	759,038	1,954,038
2023	1,230,000	722,663	1,952,663
2024	1,265,000	678,913	1,943,913
2025	1,320,000	627,213	1,947,213
2026-2030	7,425,000	2,295,997	9,720,997
2031-2035	8,290,000	956,216	9,246,216
2036	1,445,000	25,225	1,470,225
Total	\$ 23,330,000	\$ 6,859,628	\$ 30,189,628
. 5 (6)	<del>+ ==,===,===</del>	<del>+ 0,000,020</del>	<del>+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + </del>

## 2017 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series BG-Original Issuance \$50,475,000

On June 30, 2017, the Authority issued \$50,475,000 in 2017 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series BG, (a) to current refund the Authority's 2006 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series AU and Series AV, and a portion of the City's 2006 Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series AR and (b) to pay for the premium of municipal bond insurance policy and municipal bond debt service reserve insurance policy, and (c) to pay for the cost of issuance.

The current refunding resulted in a difference between the acquisition price (Series BG) and the net carrying amount of the relinquished bonds (Series AR, AU, and AV) in the amount of \$423,223. The amount is reported as deferred loss on refunding. The deferred amount is amortized through July 1, 2035, the maturity date of the refund debt. The refunding also resulted in net present value savings in the amount of \$7,400,589 and saving in debt service payments in the amount of \$990,384.

Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on each October 1 and April 1 and the final principal matures on April 1, 2045. The rates of interest range from 1.844% to 4.092% per annum. Principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$480,000 to \$3,470,000. The bonds are secured by certain revenues consisting of certain lease payments with respect to the leased property by the City.

The annual debt service requirement for 2017 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series BG outstanding at June 30, 2020, is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 1,105,000	\$ 1,858,148	\$ 2,963,148
2022	1,055,000	1,831,264	2,886,264
2023	990,000	1,803,715	2,793,715
2024	940,000	1,775,691	2,715,691
2025	875,000	1,748,091	2,623,091
2026-2030	3,250,000	8,363,955	11,613,955
2031-2035	10,770,000	7,066,186	17,836,186
2036-2040	13,120,000	4,662,389	17,782,389
2041-2045	16,030,000	1,692,451	17,722,451
Total	\$ 48,135,000	\$ 30,801,890	\$ 78,936,890

# **Pension Obligation Bonds**

	Balance ıly 1, 2019	А	dditions	Deletions	Jui	Balance ne 30, 2020	 ue Within One Year
2006 Pension Obligation Bonds							
Series AR	\$ 3,761,134	\$	-	\$ (268,533)	\$	3,492,601	\$ 284,302
Accreted Interest	4,198,865		296,467	-		4,495,332	350,698
Total	\$ 7,959,999	\$	296,467	\$ (268,533)	\$	7,987,933	\$ 635,000

## Note 10: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

2006 Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series AR- Original Issuance \$42,280,684

The City is a member of the California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS"), a public employees' defined benefits retirement program. In 2004, the City issued \$32,300,000 and \$5,700,000 in Pension Obligation Bonds, in order to fund the City's unamortized, unfunded actuarial accrued liability and to fund the current year General Fund contributions to CalPERS.

On February 1, 2006, the City issued \$42,280,684 in 2006 Pension Obligations Refunding Bonds, Series AR to refund the City's outstanding Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 004 AJ and its Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2004 AK, to capitalize certain interest on the Bonds and to pay the costs of issuing the Bonds. The refunding achieved net present value savings of \$868,932, or 2.3% of refunded par and changed the debt structure from variable rate to fixed rate.

The Bonds were issued as current interest bonds in the principal amount of \$36,205,000 and as capital appreciations bonds in the original issue amount of \$6,075,684.

Interest on the current interest bonds is payable semi-annually on each January 1 and July 1. The rates of interest vary and range from 5.492% to 5.832% per annum. Principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$71,302 to \$5,140,000. The current interest bonds were current refunded by the 2017 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series BG during the year ended June 30, 2017.

The capital appreciation bonds bear interest ranges from 5.24% to 5.68% and are payable only at maturity. The accreted value of each capital appreciation bond is equal to its accreted value upon the maturity thereof, being comprised of its initial purchase price and the accreted interest between the delivery date and its respective maturity date. The obligation of the City to make payments with respect to the Bonds is an absolute and unconditional obligation of the City imposed upon the City by the Retirement Law and is not limited to any special source of funds. The City's obligation for the Bonds is any money available in the City's General Fund. The Bonds are not secured or limited as to payment by any special source of funds of the City. The current interest bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity. The capital appreciation bonds are not subject to redemption prior to maturity.

July 1, 2017 principal and interest payments for the capital appreciation bonds were redeemed through the issuance of 2017 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series BG. The proceeds were deposited to the trust account on June 29, 2017.

# Note 10: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

The annual debt service requirement outstanding at June 30, 2020, is as follows:

						Accreted		
Year Ending June 30,	-	Principal		Interest		Interest		Total
2021	\$	284,302	\$	34,474	\$	316,224	\$	635,000
2022		299,726		75,246		335,028		710,000
2023		319,328		123,736		356,936		800,000
2024		332,130		176,634		371,236		880,000
2025		346,154		229,532		394,314		970,000
2026-2030		1,910,961		1,742,445		2,721,594		6,375,000
Total	\$	3,492,601	\$	2,382,067	\$	4,495,332	\$	10,370,000

# **Outstanding Principal Capital-Related Debt**

The City has acquired capital assets through the issuance of bonds and capital lease obligations. The following is the outstanding balance at June 30, 2020, of capital assets and related debt:

2016 Refunding Revenue Bond, Series BC	\$25,134,450
2017 Taxable Lease Revenue Refunding	11,744,940
Bonds, Series BG (24.4%)	36,879,390
Capital Lease Obligations	1,596,819
Total	\$38,476,209

# b. Business-Type Activities

		Balance ly 1, 2019	Α	dditions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2020	_	Oue Within One Year		e in more n One Year
Business-Type Activities:										
Obligation under capital leases	\$	628,993	\$	-	\$ (628,993)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Revenue Bonds		112,351,013		-	(2,511,744)	109,839,269		2,455,000	1	07,384,269
Total business-type activities	\$ ^	112,980,006	\$	-	\$ (3,140,737)	\$ 109,839,269	\$	2,455,000	\$ 1	07,384,269

# **Obligations Under Capital Leases**

	E	Balance				Bal	lance	Due	e Within
	Jul	y 1, 2019	Ad	ditions	Deletions	June 3	30, 2020	Or	ne Year
HCC #1	\$	628,993	\$	_	\$ (628,993)	\$	_	\$	

The City made its final payment during the current fiscal year.

Note 10: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

## **Revenue Bonds**

	J	Balance uly 1, 2019		Additions		Deletions	Ju	Balance ine 30, 2020	_	ue Within One Year
2016 Revenue Refunding Bonds,										
(Sewer Project), Series BB	\$	8,425,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,425,000	\$	-
Unamortized Bond Discount		(18,183)		-		776		(17,407)		-
2016 Taxable Revenue Refunding										
Bonds (Sewer Project), Series BD		3,535,000		-		(350,000)		3,185,000		355,000
Unamortized Bond Discount		(36,041)		-		3,687		(32,354)		-
2017 Refunding Revenue Bonds										
(Water Facilities), Series BE		32,355,000		-		-		32,355,000		-
Unamortized Bond Premium		3,095,237		-		(111,207)		2,984,030		-
2017 Taxable Refunding Revenue										
Bonds (Water Facilities), Series BF		51,815,000		-		(1,840,000)		49,975,000		1,875,000
2018 Taxable Refunding Revenue										
(Sewer Project), Series BH		13,180,000		_		(215,000)		12,965,000		225,000
Total	\$	112,351,013	\$		\$	(2,511,744)	\$	109,839,269	\$	2,455,000
Unamortized Deferred Loss on Refunding:										
2016 Revenue Refunding Bonds,										
(Sewer Project), Series BB	\$	(357,406)	\$	_	\$	5,088	\$	(352,318)		
2016 Taxable Revenue Refunding	•	(,,	·		•	,,,,,,	•	(== ,= =,		
Bonds (Sewer Project), Series BD		(128,112)				4,534		(123,578)		
Total	\$	(485,518)	\$		\$	9,622	\$	(475,896)		
Unamortized Deferred Gain on Refunding: 2017 Refunding Revenue Bonds										
(Water Facilities), Series BE	\$	1,299,014	\$	_	\$	(46,671)	\$	1,252,343		
2017 Taxable Refunding Revenue Bonds	Ψ	1,200,014	Ψ	-	Ψ	(40,071)	Ψ	1,202,040		
(Water Facilities), Series BF		1,854,629		_		(66,633)		1,787,996		
Total	\$	3,153,643	\$		\$	(113,304)	\$	3,040,339		
	_		_				_			

# <u>2016 Revenue Refunding Bonds (Sewer Projects), Series BB – Original Issuance</u> \$8,425,000

On October 12, 2016, the Authority issued \$8,425,000 in 2016 Revenue Refunding Bonds Sewer Projects, Series BB, (a) to current refund the Authority's 2002 Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series AF and (b) to fund the initial reserve, and (c) to pay for the cost of issuance.

The current refunding resulted in a difference between the acquisition price (Series BB) and the net carrying amount of the relinquished bonds (Series AF) in the amount of \$437,832. This amount is reported as deferred loss on refunding. The deferred amount is amortized through December 1, 2035, the maturity date of the refunded debt. The refunding of Series AF with Series BB/BD also resulted in net present value savings in the amount of \$1,896,844 and saving in debt service payments in the amount of \$3,022,853.

Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on each December 1 and June 1 and the final principal matures on December 1, 2042. The rates of interest range from 3.25% to 4.00% per annum. Principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$360,000 to \$710,000. The bonds are secured by an installment Sale Agreement, dated as of November 1, 2016 between the City and the Authority. The Installment Payments are a special limited obligation of the City, payable from and secured by a pledge of and first lien on all Net Revenues, subject to the parity lien securing the Authority's 2007 Installment Sale Agreement, in the Sewer Enterprise Fund held by the City in trust under the Installment Sale Agreement.

The annual debt service requirement for the 2016 Revenue Refunding Bonds (Sewer Projects), Series BB outstanding at June 30, 2020 is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total		
2021	\$ -	\$ 292,019	\$ 292,019		
2022	-	292,019	292,019		
2023	-	292,019	292,019		
2024	-	292,019	292,019		
2025	-	292,019	292,019		
2026-2030	815,000	1,445,694	2,260,694		
2031-2035	2,545,000	1,112,719	3,657,719		
2036-2040	3,010,000	655,619	3,665,619		
2041-2043	2,055,000	140,400	2,195,400		
Total	\$ 8,425,000	\$ 4,814,527	\$ 13,239,527		

# <u>2016 Taxable Revenue Refunding Bonds (Sewer Projects), Series BD – Original Issuance</u> \$4,185,000

On October 12, 2016, the Authority issued \$4,185,000 in 2016 Taxable Revenue Refunding Bonds (Sewer Projects), Series BD (a) to current refund the Authority's 2002 Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series AF and (b) to fund the initial reserve, and (c) to pay for the cost of issuance.

The current refunding resulted in a difference between the acquisition price (Series BD) and the net carrying amount of the relinquished bonds (Series AF) in the amount of \$173,992. This amount is reported as deferred loss on refunding. The deferred amount is amortized through December 1, 2028, the maturity date of the refunding debt. See disclosure of Series BB for net present value savings and saving in debt service payments.

Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on each December 1 and June 1 and the final principal matures on December 1, 2028. The rates of interest range from 1.125% to 3.000% per annum. Principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$80,000 to \$425,000. The bonds are secured by an Installment Sale Agreement, dated as of November 1, 2016 between the City and the Authority. The Installment Payments are a special limited obligation of the City, payable from and secured by a pledge of and first lien on all Net Revenues, subject to the parity lien securing the Authority's 2007 Installment Sale Agreement, in the Sewer Enterprise Fund held by the City in trust under the Installment Sale Agreement.

The annual debt service requirement for the 2016 Taxable Revenue Refunding Bonds (Sewer Projects), Series BD outstanding at June 30, 2020, is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	 Interest	 Total		
2021	\$ 355,000	\$ 80,088	\$ 435,088		
2022	365,000	72,988	437,988		
2023	370,000	65,231	435,231		
2024	380,000	56,906	436,906		
2025	390,000	47,406	437,406		
2026-2029	1,325,000	80,219	1,405,219		
Total	\$ 3,185,000	\$ 402,838	\$ 3,587,838		

<u>2017 Refunding Revenue Bonds (Water Facilities Project), Series BE – Original Issuance</u> \$32,355,000

On April 20, 2017, the City issued \$32,355,000 in 2017 Refunding Revenue Bonds (Water Facilities Project), Series BE, (a) to current refund the Authority's 2007 Revenue Bonds, Series AY and (b) to pay for the cost of issuance.

The current refunding resulted in a difference between the acquisition price (Series BE) and the net carrying amount of the relinquished bonds (Series AY) in the amount of \$1,400,135. This amount is reported as deferred gain on refunding. The deferred amount is amortized through May 1, 2047, the maturity date of the refunded and refunding debt. The refunding also resulted in net present value savings in the amount of \$5,804,889 and savings in debt service payments in the amount of \$10,341,640.

Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on each November 1 and May 1 and the final principal matures on May 1, 2047. The rates of interest range from 4.000% to 5.000% per annum. Principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$745,000 to \$2,485,000. The bonds are limited obligations of the City payable solely from net revenues, which consist of revenues of the city's water system remaining after payment of operation and maintenance costs of the City's water system, and from amounts on deposit in certain funds and accounts created under the bond indenture, including the rate stabilization fund.

The annual debt service requirement for the 2017 Taxable Refunding Revenue Bonds (Water Facility Project), Series BE outstanding at June 30, 2020, is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Principal Interest	
2021	\$ -	\$ 1,452,150	\$ 1,452,150
2022	-	1,452,150	1,452,150
2023	-	1,452,150	1,452,150
2024	-	1,452,150	1,452,150
2025	-	1,452,150	1,452,150
2026-2030	1,935,000	7,223,500	9,158,500
2031-2035	6,875,000	6,161,950	13,036,950
2036-2040	8,400,000	4,628,150	13,028,150
2041-2045	10,295,000	2,744,400	13,039,400
2046-2047	4,850,000	366,750	5,216,750
Total	\$ 32,355,000	\$ 28,385,500	\$ 60,740,500

<u>2017 Taxable Refunding Revenue Bonds (Water Facilities Project), Series BF –</u> Original Issuance \$55,555,000

On April 20, 2017, the City issued \$55,555,000 in 2017 Taxable Refunding Revenue Bonds (Water Facilities Project), Series BF, (a) to current refund the Authority's 2007 Revenue Bonds, Series AY and 2007 Taxable Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series AZ and (b) to pay for the cost of issuance.

The current refunding resulted in a difference between the acquisition price (Series BF) and the net carrying amount of the relinquished bonds (series AY and AZ) in the amount of \$1,991,001. This amount is reported as deferred gain on refunding. The deferred amount is amortized through May 1, 2047, the maturity date of the refunded and refunding debt. The refunding also resulted in a net present value savings in the amount of \$9,412,637 and savings in debt service payments in the amount of \$26,091,863.

Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on each November 1 and May 1 and the final principal matures on May 1, 2047. The rates of interest range from 1.530% to 4.050% per annum. Principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$1,510,000 to \$2,420,000. The bonds are limited obligations of the City payable solely from net revenues, which consist of revenues from the City's water system remaining after payment of operation and maintenance costs of the City's water system, and from amounts on deposit in certain funds and accounts created under the bond indenture, including the rate stabilization fund.

The annual debt service requirement for the 2017 Taxable Refunding Revenue Bonds (Water Facility Project), Series BF outstanding at June 30, 2020, is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 1,875,000	\$ 1,774,309	\$ 3,649,309
2022	1,925,000	1,727,702	3,652,702
2023	1,970,000	1,676,666	3,646,666
2024	2,025,000	1,620,975	3,645,975
2025	2,080,000	1,560,798	3,640,798
2026-2030	9,515,000	6,800,063	16,315,063
2031-2035	7,025,000	5,431,746	12,456,746
2036-2040	8,490,000	3,931,558	12,421,558
2041-2045	10,325,000	2,039,074	12,364,074
2046-2047	4,745,000	194,096	4,939,096
Total	\$ 49,975,000	\$ 26,756,987	\$ 76,731,987

### Note 10: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

<u>2018 Taxable Refunding Revenue Bonds (Sewer Project), Series BH – Original Issuance</u> \$13,390,000

On February 14, 2018, the City issued \$13,390,000 in 2018 Refunding Revenue Bonds (Sewer Project), Series BH, (a) to current refund the Authority's 2007 Revenue Bonds (Sewer Project) Series BA and (b) to pay for the cost of issuance.

The current refunding resulted in the economic gain in the amount of \$1,807,498 and the debt service payment saving in the amount of \$3,155,990. The current refunding resulted in no deferred gains or losses as the bond proceeds net of the issuance discount was sufficient to cover repayment of 2007 Revenue Bonds (Sewer Project), Series BA, the interest due, and the issuance cost of the 2018 Taxable Refunding Revenue Bonds (Sewer Project), Series BH.

Interests on the bonds is payable semiannually on each December 1 and June 1 and the final principal matures on December 1, 2046. The rates of interest range from 3.80% to 4.50% per annum.

The annual debt service requirement for the 2017 Taxable Refunding Revenue Bonds (Sewer Project), Series BH outstanding at June 30, 2020, is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 225,000	\$ 503,698	\$ 728,698
2022	225,000	497,622	722,622
2023	235,000	491,013	726,013
2024	240,000	483,793	723,793
2025	250,000	476,058	726,058
2026-2030	1,355,000	2,245,615	3,600,615
2031-2035	1,650,000	1,960,228	3,610,228
2036-2040	2,005,000	1,599,158	3,604,158
2041-2045	3,990,000	1,083,835	5,073,835
2046-2047	2,790,000	115,620	2,905,620
Total	\$ 12,965,000	\$ 9,456,640	\$ 22,421,640

# Note 10: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

# Pledged Revenue

The City has pledged certain revenue to the repayment of its Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund bonds through final maturity on May 1, 2047, or earlier. These bonds were issued to refinance Series AF, AY, AZ and BA. All net available revenues are irrevocably pledged by the City to the repayment of the bond's debt services. During the year ended June 30, 2020, the Water and Sewer Enterprise Funds have net available revenues of \$17,121,015 and total debt service paid was \$6,575,121. The sewer and Water Revenue Bonds require net revenue of 100% and 120% of debt service, respectively. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require roughly 45% of future net revenue. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid at June 30, 2020, on the Bonds is as follows:

Debt Issue	Remaining Balance
2016 Revenue Refunding Bonds, Seriws BB	\$ 13,093,515
2016 Taxable Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series BD	3,547,794
2017 Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series BE	60,740,500
2017 Taxable Refunding Revenue Binds, Series BF	77,630,282
2018 Revenue Bonds (Sewer Project), Series BH	22,421,639
Total	\$177,433,730
Revenue	2019-2020
Net available revenues, excluding debt service	\$ 17,121,015

# **Outstanding Principal on Capital-Related Debt**

The City has acquired capital assets through the issuance of bonds and capital lease obligations Following is the outstanding balance of capital assets related debt at June 30, 2020.

	Outstanding Capital Related Debt, net	
Water Enterprise Fund:		
2017 Refunding Revenue Binds, Series BE	\$	35,339,030
2017 Taxable Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series BF		49,975,000
Subtotal		85,314,030
Sewer Enterprise Fund:		
2016 Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series BB		8,407,593
2016 Taxable Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series BD		3,152,646
2018 Taxable Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series BH		12,965,000
Subtotal		24,525,239
Total	\$	109,839,269

### Note 11: Compensated Absences

The City's policies relating to compensated absences are described in Note 1. The liability will be paid in future years by the General Fund. In the business-type activities, the liability for vested and unpaid compensated absences (accrued, vacation, sick pay, executive leave, and comp time) is reported in the fund as the benefits are earned and vest. For the business-type activities, the liabilities will be liquidated in future years from the respective enterprise funds.

	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2020	(	Due in One Year
Compensated Absences			 ,			,		
Governmental activities	\$	7,294,632	\$ 5,227,522	\$ 4,645,153	\$	7,877,001	\$	5,228,000
Business-type activities		1,442,375	1,080,748	929,334		1,593,789		1,063,660
	\$	8,737,007	\$ 6,308,270	\$ 5,574,487	\$	9,470,790	\$	6,291,660

# Note 12: Non-City Obligations

The following bond issues are not reflected as City long-term debt because these debts are solely payable from and secured by specific revenue sources described in the official statements of the respective issues. Neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the City, the Successor Agency, the State of California, or any political subdivision thereof, is pledged for payment of these bonds. Accordingly, since this debt does not constitute an obligation of the City, it is not reflected as long-term debt in the accompanying basic financial statements. The City is acting only as an agent.

### **Mortgage Revenue Bonds**

Single family and multifamily housing revenue bonds were issued to provide construction and permanents financing to developers of multifamily residential projects located in the City to be partially occupied by persons of low and moderate income. These bonds are secured by first trust deeds and private mortgage insurance. The bonds, together with interest thereon, are payable solely from home mortgage and developer loans secured by first deeds of trust, irrevocable letters of credit and irrevocable surety bonds. The mortgage revenue bonds outstanding at June 30, 2020, is as follows:

Mortgage Revenue Bonds	_	lance as of ine 30, 2020
Single Family Mortgage Refunding Bonds 90A	\$	16,820,000
Single Family Mortgage Refunding Bonds 90B		7,730,000
Total	\$	24,550,000

# **CITY OF POMONA**

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

# Note 13: Defined Benefit Pension Plan

	Governmental		<b>Business-Type</b>			
		Activities		Activities		Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources:					-	
Pension contribution made after measurement date:						
Miscellaneous	\$	5,739,824	\$	2,019,192	\$	7,759,016
Safety		11,896,017		-		11,896,017
Difference between expected and actual experience:						
Miscellaneous		1,066,959		335,241		1,402,200
Safety		4,627,533		-		4,627,533
Net difference in projected and actual earings on						
pension plan investments:						
Collateral Plan		5,348		-		5,348
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	23,335,681	\$	2,354,433	\$	25,690,114
Net Pension Liabilities:						
Miscellaneous	\$	57,669,311	\$	19,947,529	\$	77,616,840
Safety	Ψ	128,944,435	Ψ	10,047,020	Ψ	128,944,435
Collateral Plan		631,376		_		631,376
Total net pension liabilities:	\$	187,245,122	\$	19,947,529	\$	207,192,651
,		,	<u> </u>	.0,0,0_0		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Changes in assumption						
Safety	\$	594,716	\$	-	\$	594,716
Net difference in projected and actual earings on						
pension plan investments:						
Miscellaneous		810,275		280,269		1,090,544
Safety		1,075,454				1,075,454
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	2,480,445	\$	280,269	\$	2,760,714
Pension Expense (Credit):						
Miscellaneous	\$	9,905,790	\$	2,072,344	\$	11,978,134
Safety		23,635,211		- -		23,635,211
Collateral Plan		(108,240)		-		(108,240)
Total pension expense	\$	33,432,761	\$	2,072,344	\$	35,505,105

### Note 13: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

#### a. CalPERS Plans

General Information about the Pension Plan

# **Plan Description**

The City contributes to the California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS"), and agent multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statue and City ordinance. A full description of the pension plan regarding number of employees covered, benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information are listed in the annual actuarial valuation report. This report and CalPERS' audited financial statements are publicly available reports that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

# **Benefit Provided**

CalPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries.

The plans' provisions and benefits in effect for the measurement period ended June 30, 2019 are summarized as follows:

# Miscellaneous Plan

	Tier 1*	Tier 2*	PEPRA
		On or After	
		August 14, 2011 to	On or after
Hire Date	Prior to August 14, 2011	January 1, 2013	January 2, 2013
Benefit formula	2.0% @ 55	2.0% @ 60	2.0% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life
Retirement age	Minimum 50 years	Minimum 50 years	Minimum 52 years
Monthly benfits, as a % of			
eligible compensation	1.426% - 2.418%,	1.092% - 2.418%,	1.000% - 2.5000%,
	50 - 63+ years,	50 - 63+ years,	52 - 67+ years,
	respectively	respectively	respectively
Required employee contribution			
rates	7.000%	7.000%	6.250%
Required employer contribution			
rates	8.226%	8.226%	8.226%

<sup>\*</sup>Plan is closed to new entrants

Note 13: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Safety	<sup>,</sup> Plan
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Calcty i laii					
	Tier 1*	Tier 2*	PEPRA		
		On or After			
	Prior to	November 21, 2010 to	On or after		
Hire Date	November 21, 2010	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013		
Benefit formula	3.0% @ 50	3.0% @ 55	2.7% @ 57		
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service		
Benefit payments	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life		
Retirement age	Minimum 50 years	Minimum 50 years	Minimum 52 years		
Monthly benfits, as a % of					
eligible compensation		2.400% - 3.000%,	2.000% - 2.700%,		
		50 - 55 years,	50 - 57+ years,		
	3.000%, 50+ years	respectively	respectively		
Required employee contribution					
rates	9.000%	9.000%	12.000%		
Required employer contribution					
rates	22.695%	22.695%	22.695%		

<sup>\*</sup>Plan is closed to new entrants

Participant is eligible for non-industrial disability retirement if becomes disabled and has at least 5 years of credited service. There is no special age requirement. The standard non-industrial disability retirement benefits are a monthly allowance equal to 1.8 percent of final compensation, multiplied by service. Industrial disability benefits are not offered.

An employee's beneficiary may receive the basic death benefit if the employee dies while actively employed. The employee must be actively employed with the City to be eligible for this benefit. An employee's survivor who is eligible for any other pre-retirement death benefit may choose to receive that death benefit instead of this basic death benefit. The basic death benefit is a lump sum in the amount of the employee's accumulated contributions, where interest is currently credited at 7.5 percent per year, plus a lump sum in the amount of one-month salary for each completed year of current service, up to a maximum of six months' salary. For purpose of this benefit, one month's salary is defined as the member's average monthly full-time rate of compensation during the 12 months preceding death.

Upon the death of a retiree, a one-time lump sum payment of \$500 will be made to the retiree's designated survivor(s), or to the retiree's estate.

Benefit terms provide for annual cost-of-living adjustments to each employee's retirement allowance. Beginning the second calendar year after the year of retirement, retirement and survivor allowances will be annually adjusted on a compound basis by 2 percent.

#### Note 13: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

### **Employees Covered by Benefit Terms**

At June 30, 2018, the valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Plans			
	Miscellaneous	Safety		
Active members	344	150		
Transferred members	320	21		
Terminated Members	188	20		
Retired members and beneficiaries	893	392		
Total	1745	583		

#### **Contributions**

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law ("PERL") requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

Net Pension Liability

#### Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2019, the total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2018 total pension liabilities. The June 30, 2019 total pension liabilities were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation Date June 30, 2018 Measurement Date June 30, 2019

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal Cost Method

Actuarial Assumptions

Discount Rate 7.00% (net of administrative expenses)

Inflation 2.50%

Projected Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

Mortality Rate Table (1)

Post Retirement Benefit
Increase

Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds
Contract COLA up to 2.0% until Purchasing Power Protection
Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies, 2.50% thereafter

<sup>(1)</sup> The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the December 2017 experience study report (based on CalPERSdemographic data from 1997 to 2015) that can be found on the CalPERS website.

### Note 13: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

### **Long-Term Expected Rate of Return**

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all of the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses. The expected real rates of return by asset class are as followed:

Asset Class (1)	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10 (2)	Real Return Years 11+ (3)
Global Equity	50.00%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.00%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.00%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.00%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Estate	13.00%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.00%	0.00%	-0.92%
Total	100.00%		

<sup>(1)</sup> In the System's CAFR, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.

<sup>(2)</sup> An expected inflation of 2.0% used for this period.

<sup>(3)</sup> An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

# Note 13: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

# **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Changes in the Net Position Liability

The following tables show the changes in net pension liability recognized over the measurement period.

	Increase (Decrease)				
Miscellaneous Plan	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (c) = (a) - (b)		
Balance at June 30, 2018 (Valuation Date)	\$ 292,300,757	\$ 219,662,512	\$ 72,638,245		
Changes Recognized from the Measurement Period					
Service Cost	3,678,697	-	3,678,697		
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	20,653,574	-	20,653,574		
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	-	-		
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience	2,804,401	-	2,804,401		
Changes of Assumptions	-	-	-		
Contribution from the Employer	-	6,340,816	(6,340,816)		
Contribution from Employees	-	1,746,619	(1,746,619)		
Net Investnent Income	-	14,226,888	(14,226,888)		
Benefit Payments including Refunds of Employee			-		
Contributions	(16, 166, 651)	(16, 166, 651)	-		
Plan to Plan Resource Movement	-	-	-		
Administrative Expense	-	(156,756)	156,756		
Other Miscellaneous Income (Expense)	-	510	(510)		
Net Change during July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019	10,970,021	5,991,426	4,978,595		
Balance at June 30, 2019 (Measurement Date)	\$ 303,270,778	\$ 225,653,938	\$ 77,616,840		

# Note 13: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

	Increase (Decrease)						
Safety Plan	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (c) = (a) - (b)				
Balance at June 30, 2018 (Valuation Date)	\$ 374,523,854	\$ 256,015,014	\$ 118,508,840				
Changes Recognized from the Measurement Period							
Service Cost	5,283,890	-	5,283,890				
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	26,641,545	-	26,641,545				
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	-	-				
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience	6,506,181	-	6,506,181				
Changes of Assumptions	-	-	-				
Contribution from the Employer	-	10,065,972	(10,065,972)				
Contribution from Employees	-	1,577,765	(1,577,765)				
Net Investvent Income	-	16,534,386	(16,534,386)				
Benefit Payments including Refunds of Employee			-				
Contributions	(22, 125, 918)	(22,125,918)	-				
Plan to Plan Resource Movement	-	-	-				
Administrative Expense	-	(182,698)	182,698				
Other Miscellaneous Income (Expense)	-	596	(596)				
Net Change during July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019	16,305,698	5,870,103	10,435,595				
Balance at June 30, 2019 (Measurement Date)	\$ 390,829,552	\$ 261,885,117	\$ 128,944,435				

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

# Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the plans as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 7.15%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount ratee that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.15%) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.15%) than the current rate:

	Plan's Net Pension Liability						
	Current						
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate				
	-1% (6.15%)	(7.15%)	+1% (8.15%)				
Miscellaneous Plan	\$ 116,186,777	\$ 77,616,840	\$ 45,680,539				
Safety Plan	\$ 179,163,518	\$ 128,944,435	\$ 87,577,130				

# Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

### Note 13: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the measurement period ending June 30, 2019, the City incurred a pension expense of \$11,978,134 and \$23,635,211 for Miscellaneous and Safety plans, respectively.

As of measurement date of June 30, 2019, the City has deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as follows:

Pension contribution after measurement date
Changes of assumptions
Differences between expected and actual experiences
Net difference between projected and actual earnings
on pension plan investments
Total

Miscellaneous Plan				Safety Plan					
Defe	erred outflows	Def	erred inflows	Def	erred outflows	Deferred inflows			
of	resources	of Resources		0	of resources		Resources		
\$	7,759,016	\$	-	\$	11,896,017	\$	-		
	-		-		-		(594,716)		
	1,402,200		-		4,627,533		-		
	-		(1,090,544)		-		(1,075,454)		
\$	9,161,216	\$	(1,090,544)	\$	16,523,550	\$	(1,670,170)		

The amounts above are net of outflows recognized in the 2018-19 measurement period expense.

The expected average remaining service lifetime ("EARSL") is calculated by dividing the total future service years by the total number of plan participants (active, inactive, and retired). The EARSL for the miscellaneous plan and safety plan for the 2018-19 measurement period in 2.0 and 2.8 years, which was obtained by dividing the total service years of 3,540 and 1,660 (the sum of remaining service lifetimes of the active employees) by 1,774 and 591 (the total number of participants: active, inactive, and retired), respectively.

The \$7,759,016 and \$11,896,017 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date during the year ended June 30, 2020 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in future pension expense as follows:

Deferred of Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources

Mi	scellaneous		Safety
\$	2,324,771	\$	3,362,059
	(1,913,645)		(332,041)
	(327,863)		(348,921)
	228,393		276,266
	-		-
\$	311,656	\$	2,957,363
		(1,913,645) (327,863) 228,393	\$ 2,324,771 \$ (1,913,645) (327,863) 228,393

# Note 13: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

#### b. Collateral Benefits Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

#### **Plan Description**

The Collateral Benefits Plan provides a supplemental retirement benefit to City employees upon resigning from the City and concurrently retiring with CalPERS. The supplemental benefit is a monthly benefit of \$100 from the first of the month following retirement from the City until the age of 65 on Tier 1 and Tier 2 employees. Tier 1 employees include Mid-Management and Confidential, Police Officers' Association, City Employees' Association, and Management Group B employees, and are required to have at least 20 years of City service upon retiring after July 1, 1987. Tier 2 employees include Executive Management Group A employees and are required to have at least one year of City service upon retiring after July 1, 1991. Employees hired after July 1, 2012, are not eligible for this plan.

# **Eligibility**

Bargaining Group	_City Service
Executive Management Group B, Mid-Management/Confidential	
Employees' Association, City Employees' Association, Police	
Officers' Association	20 Years
Executive Management Group A	1 Year
Police Management	Not Eligible

#### **Benefit Provided**

As discussed in the plan description and eligibility above, the Plan provides a monthly benefit of \$100 until the age of 65 for the eligible retirees.

#### **Employees Covered by Benefit Terms**

At June 30, 2018, the valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active employees	285
Terminated employees	0
Retired employees and beneficiaries	92
	377

# **Contributions**

The employer contributions \$167,769 toward the Plan during the year ended June 30, 2020.

# Note 13: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

#### Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determined Total Pension Liability

The June 30, 2018 valuation was used to determine the June 30, 2020 total pension liability, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Methods:

Level Percent or Level Dollar

Closed, Open, or Layered Periods

Amortization Period at June 30, 2018

Amortization Growth

Closed

7.5 years

0.00%

**Actuarial Assumption** 

Discount Rate 6.50% Inflation N/A

Salary Increases Not applicable
Cost of Living Not applicable

Investment Rate of Return 6.50% Net of Pension Plan Investment and Administrative Expenses,

Includes inflation

Mortality Rate Pre-Retirement: Consistent with the Non- Industrial rate used to value

the Miscellaneous Public Agency CalPERS Pension Plans.

Post-Retirement: Consistent with the Non-Industrial rates used to value

the Miscellaneous Plan Agency CalPERS Pension.

Post Retirement Benefit Increase Consistant with the Non- Industrial rates used to value the

Miscellaneous Public Agency CalPERS Pension Plans.

# **Change of Assumption**

There was no change in assumption during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50 percent. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

# Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The assumption for the long-term expected rate of return was selected by the City. Below is a projection of the 30-year average return derived by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation on the Plan's current asset allocation.

# Note 13: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

The table below reflects long-term expected real return adjusted for inflation by asset classes:

Asset Class  US Cash US Core Fixed Income US Equity Market Foreign Developed Equity Emerging Markets Equity US EREITs	Index  BAML 3-Mon Tbill Barclays Aggergate Russell 3000 MSCI EAFE NR MSCI EM NR FTSE NAREIT Equity REIT	Target Allocation 5.40% 46.92% 37.34% 5.94% 3.49% 0.91%	Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return -0.22% 0.92% 4.82% 6.32% 8.35% 5.32%	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return -0.20% 0.84% 3.52% 4.75% 5.53% 3.62%
Assumed Inflation - Mean Assumed Inflation - Standard Deviation Portfolio Real Mean Return Portfolio Nominal Mean Return Portfolio Standard Deviation Long-Term Expected Rate of Return		100.00%	2.21% 1.65% 2.93% 5.15% 0.00% 0.00%	2.20% 1.65% 2.58% 4.84% 8.24% 6.50%

# Changes in Net Pension Liability

The following table shows the changes in net pension liability recognized over the measurement period.

	Increase (Decrease)							
Collateral Benefit Plan		al Pension	Plar	Plan Fiduciary		t Pension Liability		
		ability (a)	Net I	Position (b)	(c)	= (a) - (b)		
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$	909,079	\$	171,508	\$	737,571		
Changes Recognized from the Measurement Period								
Service Cost		9,330		-		9,330		
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		56,133		-		56,133		
Changes of Benefit Terms		-		-		-		
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience		-		-		-		
Changes of Assumptions		-		-		-		
Contribution from the Employer		-		167,769		(167,769)		
Contribution from Employees		-		-		-		
Net Investmebt Income		-		3,889		(3,889)		
Benefit Payments including Refunds of Employee		(111,400)		(111,400)		-		
Contributions		-		-		-		
Plan to Plan Resource Movement		-		-		-		
Administrative Expense		-		-		-		
Net Change during July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020		(45,937)		60,258		(106, 195)		
Balance at June 30, 2020 (Measurement Date)	\$	863,142	\$	231,766	\$	631,376		

### Note 13: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Plan as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (5.50%) or 1 percentage-point higher (7.50%) then the current rate:

	Plan's Net Pension Liability						
Discount Rate							
-1% (5.50%) Rate (6.50%)		+19	% (7.50%)				
\$	684,028	84,028 \$ 631,376		\$	583,000		

### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available upon request.

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension</u>

For measurement period ended June 30, 2020, the City incurred a pension credit of \$108,240.

As of measurement date of June 30, 2020, the City has deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as follows:

	Collateral Benefits Plan				
	De	eferred		_	
	out	flows of	Deferred inflows		
	Res	sources	of Resources		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$ 5,348		\$	_	

The amounts above are net of outflows and inflows recognized in the 2019-2020 measurement period expense.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in the future pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Outfl	Deferred ows/(Inflows) Resources
2021	\$	1,651
2022		1,650
2023		1,307
2024		740
Thereafter		-
Total	\$	5,348

# Note 14: Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

At June 30, 2020, Total OPEB liabilities, related deferred outflows of resources and OPEB expense are as follow:

	Governmental Activities		siness-Type Activities	Total		
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
OPEB contribution made after measurement date	\$	1,559,129	\$ 372,466	\$	1,931,595	
Changes in assumption		6,586,270	1,573,414		8,159,684	
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	8,145,399	\$ 1,945,880	\$	10,091,279	
Total OPEB Liabilities:	\$	81,513,142	\$ 19,472,937	\$	100,986,079	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	1,589,675	\$ 370,888	\$	1,960,563	
Changes in assumption		1,523,717	372,880		1,896,597	
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	3,113,392	\$ 743,768	\$	3,857,160	
OPEB Expense:	\$	4,118,166	\$ 769,035	\$	4,887,201	

# a. General Information About Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Program ("PEMHCA") Plan ("OPEB")

The City has participated in the CalPERS Health Plan since 1988, a single-employer defined benefit pension plan. The City provides eligible retirees a contribution based on the "unequal method" under the Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Program (PEMHCA) contribution requirements for participating employers. Under the "unequal method," the City's contribution for the retiree is equal to 100% of the active contribution after 20 years of participation in PEMHCA. Eligibility for continuing medical coverage requires retirement from the City (on or after age 50 with at least 5 years of CalPERS service) and commencement of the CalPERS pension benefit. Retirement under disability does not have an age requirement.

Employees of the City who retire through CalPERS, their spouses, and eligible dependents, may receive health plan coverage through PEMCHA Plan (the "Plan"). The Plan is a single employer defined benefit plan which provides the retirees a monthly medical contribution that is not to exceed the cost of the plan selected, with the maximum contribution limited for individual retirees based on bargaining groups as listed below:

Bargaining Group	Be	enefit
Pomona City Council Members	\$	700
Pomona Executive Management Group		700
Pomona Mid-Management/Confidential Employees' Association		700
Pomona City Employees' Association		700
Pomona Police Managers' Association		700
Pomona Police Officers' Association		700
Firefighters (Pre-Merger with Los Angeles County Fire District)		465

# Note 14: Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

Police Management retirees with at least 22 years of service as a Police Officer, receive up to 90% contribution towards more expensive 2-party CalPERS plan premium. This benefit terminates once the retiree is eligible for Medicare (age 65). This provision has been eliminated for employees hired or promoted to the unit after July 1, 2011.

# **Eligibility**

Membership in the Plan consisted of the following December 31, 2018, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Active Employees	513
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	_
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	583
·	1,096

# **Contributions**

The City currently finances benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis.

# b. Net OPEB Liability

# **Total OPEB Liability**

The City's net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2019 and total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018. The total OPEB liability at December 31, 2019, measurement date was \$100,986,079.

#### **Note 14:** Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

**Actuarial Cost Method** Entry Age Normal

Actuarial Assumption:

Discount Rate 2.70% as of December 31, 2019

Inflation 2.75% per annum

3.0% per annum, in aggregate Salary Increases

Cost of Living Not Applicable

Investment Rate of Return N/A- As of the valuation date there are no GASB eligible plan assets.

Pre-retirement Turnover/ Mortality Rate/

Pre-Retirement: Consistent with the most recent CalPERS pension plan valuation. Disability Rate/ Retirement Age Post-Retirement: Consistent with the most recent CalPERS pension plan valuation.

Participant Rate 90% of future retirees are assumed to elect medical coverage at retirement through

> the CalPERS Health Plan and to continue coverage through the CalPERS Health Plan beyond Medicare eligability age. Actual coverage is used for current retirees. For current retirees under age 65 and currently waiving coverage, 10% are assumed

to elect coverage at age 65.

Spouse Coverage 50% of future retirees (65% for Safety) are assumed to elect coverage for the spouse.

Male spouses are assumed to be 3 years older than the female spouses. Actual

spouse age is used for current retirees.

Medical Trend Rates 6.0% (HMO) and 6.5% (PPO) is ultimate 5% in 2023 and beyond.

#### **Change of Assumption**

In 2019, the accounting discount rate changes from 3.80% to 2.70% from the measurement date December 31, 2018 to the measurement date December 31, 2019.

# **Discount Rate**

2.70% per annum. This discount rate is the average, rounded to 5 basis points of the range of 3-20-year municipal bond rate indices: S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index, Bond Byer 20-Bond GO index, Fidelity GO AA 20 Year Bond Index.

# Note 14: Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

# c. Change in the Net OPEB Liability

The following table shows the changes in the net OPEB liability recognized over the measurement period:

	Increase (Decrease)					
OPEB		Total OPEB		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Total OPEB Liability c) = (a) - (b)
Balance at January 1, 2019	\$	92,059,498	\$	-	\$	92,059,498
Changes Recognized from the Measurement Period						
Service Cost		2,391,793		-		2,391,793
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		3,459,741		-		3,459,741
Changes of Benefit Terms		-		-		-
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience		(2,406,146)		-		(2,406,146)
Changes of Assumptions		10,014,158		-		10,014,158
Contribution from the Employer		-		4,532,965		(4,532,965)
Contribution from Employees		-		-		-
Net Investment Income		-		-		-
Benefit Payments including Refunds of Employee						-
Contributions		(4,532,965)		(4,532,965)		-
Plan to Plan Resource Movement		-		-		-
Administrative Expense		-		-		-
Net Change during January 1, 2019 to December 31, 2019		8,926,581		-		8,926,581
Balance at December 31, 2019 (Measurement Date)	\$	100,986,079	\$		\$	100,986,079

# Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.80 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.80 percent) than the current discount rate:

Plan's Net OPEB Liability/ (Asset)			
Discount Rate Current Discount Discount Rate			
-1% (1.70%)	Rate (2.70%)	+1% (3.70%)	
\$ 113,419,612	\$ 100,986,079	\$ 90,611,631	

### Note 14: Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

### Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (5.00% – HMO or 5.50% - PPO decreasing to 4.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.00% - HMO or 7.50% - PPO decreasing to 6.00%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Plan's Net (	OPEB Liabilit	٧/	(Asset)	į
--------------	---------------	----	---------	---

	Healthcare Cost	
	Trend Rates	
-1% (5.00%	(6.00% HMO/	+1% (7.00%
HMO/ 5.50%	6.50% PPO	HMO/ 7.50%
PPO decreasing	decreasing to	PPO decreasing
to 4.00% HMO/	5.00% HMO/	to 6.00% HMO/
4.00% PPO)	5.00% PPO)	6.00% PPO)
\$ 94,427,596	\$ 100,986,079	\$ 108,219,115

# d. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized OPEB expenses in the amount of \$4,887,201. At June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred outflows of resources		 erred inflows Resources
Pension contribution after measurement date	\$	1,931,595	\$ -
Differences between expected and actual experience		-	(1,960,563)
Changes of assumptions		8,159,684	(1,896,597)
Total	\$	10,091,279	\$ (3,857,160)

The amounts above are net of outflows recognized in the 2019 measurement period expense.

The \$1,931,595 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date during the year ended June 30, 2020 will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in future OPEB expense as follows:

	Deferred		
Year Ending	Outflows/(Inflows)		
June 30,	of Resources		
2021	\$	(487,706)	
2022		1,408,891	
2023		1,408,891	
2024		1,408,891	
Thereafter		563,557	
Total	\$	4,302,524	

### Note 15: Joint Powers Agreements

### a. Alameda Corridor-East Construction Authority

The City approved and adopted a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement in November 2012. The Alameda Corridor East Construction Authority (ACE) is a single purpose construction authority created by the San Gabriel Council of Governments in 1998 to mitigate the impacts of significant increases in rail traffic over 70 miles of mainline railroad in the San Gabriel Valley. The ACE Project consists of multiple construction projects to improve safety at various rail crossings as well as at various grade separations in the San Gabriel Valley. There were no payments made during the year ended June 30, 2020.

### b. California State Association of Countries Excess Insurance Authority

The City became a member of California State Association of Countries Excess Insurance Authority (the "CSAC-EIA") in July 2008. The CSAC-EIA is a risk sharing pool of California public agencies dedicated to controlling losses and providing effective risk management solutions. Membership is currently comprised of various member counties and various public entity organizations. The governing board consists of one representative from each member county and seven members elected by the public entity membership. Also see Note 15.

### c. Foothill Air Support Team

The City joined Foothill Air Support Team ("FAST") in January 2011. FAST was developed in 1999 creating a joint helicopter patrol operation that could enhance member agencies ability to deter criminal activity and apprehend offenders. The governing board consists of one representative from each of the seven member agencies. There were no payments made during the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### d. Foothill Transit

The City is a member of the Foothill Transit Joint Power Agreement. The JPA is comprised of 20 cities and the County of Los Angeles. The purpose of the authority is to provide a more efficient and cost-effective local transportation service for the area. Each member city has one representative, and three members are appointed by the Board of Supervisors. There were no payments made during the year ended June 30, 2020.

### Note 15: Joint Powers Agreements (Continued)

Below are the most currently available condensed audited financial statements of the JPA as of June 30, 2020. Separate financial statements of Foothill Transit are available from its offices located in West Covina, California.

Assets Liabilities	\$344,251,168 79,112,904
Net Position	\$265,138,264
Revenues	\$ 12,513,099
Expenses	123,387,817
Operating Income	(110,874,718)
Non-Operating Revenue (expenses)	87,721,477
Net Income	(23,153,241)
Capital Contributions	26,540,207
Net Position - July 1, 2019	261,751,298
Net Position - June 30, 2020	\$265,138,264

### e. Gold Line Phase II Construction Authority

The City participates in the Gold Line Phase II Construction Authority ("GLCA") joint venture, which became effective September 3, 2003. The GLCA oversees the planning, funding, designing and construction contracts for the completion of the Los Angeles-Pasadena Metro Blue Line light rail project. The GLCA's governing Board is comprised of an appointed representative from each of the affected cities and agencies, including the cities of Azusa, Claremont, Duarte, Glendora, Arcadia, La Verne, Ontario, Montclair, Irwindale, Pomona, San Dimas, Monrovia, Pasadena, and South Pasadena, and the San Bernardino County Transportation Authority. Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Agency ("LACMTA") will have the responsibility to operate and maintain the rail after its completion. Member agencies will be paid for attending meetings, not to exceed \$1,800 per year, per member agency, plus direct expenses. Member agencies are not allowed to withdraw from the GLCA, and each member agency is required to pay \$31,445 in initial dues (first payments were due October 1, 2003) and each member will be held liable for its share of operating costs.

The City had no payments for the joint venture during the year ended June 30, 2020. Assets are divided based on the proportionate equity share at the time the joint venture dissolves, which is currently not significant to the City.

# f. Interagency Communication Interoperability System

The City participates in the Interagency Communications Interoperability System ("ICIS") joint powers authority which became effective September 2003. The intent of ICIS is to provide public safety agencies with a formalized governance structure through which the participants may share resources to construct and manage a system for wide-area communications interoperability. The governing board is comprised of one member from each of the seven member agencies. The City paid \$50,000 in annual dues for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

### Note 15: Joint Powers Agreements (Continued)

### g. Los Angeles County Disaster Management Area D

The City has participated in the Disaster Management Area D joint powers agreement (Area D JPA) since 1958. The Area D JPA is intended to promote the coordination of disaster management, training, and preparedness of the Area D member cities under the direction of the Disaster Management Area Board, the governing board includes on representative from each of the 23 member cities. Annual dues at the rate of \$0.05 per capita are paid and totaled \$7,765 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

### h. Los Angeles Interagency Metropolitan Police Apprehensive Crime Task Force

The City joined the Los Angeles Interagency Metropolitan Police Apprehensive Crime Task Force ("LA Impact") in March 2011. It is a compilation of numerous federal, state, and local law enforcement agencies in Los Angeles County, whose primary purpose is to investigate major crimes, with an emphasis on dismantling mid-to-major level drug trafficking organizations. Since its inception, LA Impact has grown to 80 officers from 35 different Los Angeles County law enforcement agencies. The City is solely responsible for the salary and benefits of one (1) Police Sergeant position, currently assigned to this program, which is fully funded within the Police Department's General Fund budget. There were no payments made during the year ended June 30, 2020.

### i. Pomona Valley Transportation Authority

The City is a member of the Pomona Valley Transportation Authority (the "PVTA"). The PVTA is comprised of four cities and is organized under a Joint Power Agreement pursuant to the California Government Code. The purpose of the PVTA is to study, implement and provide for public transportation that will best serve transit-dependent persons, including handicapped and senior adults residing in the Pomona Valley.

Each member City has two representatives on the Board of Directors. Officers of the PVTA are elected annually by the Board of Directors.

The City does not have an equity interest in the PVTA. However, the City does have an ongoing financial interest. Because the City also has an ongoing financial responsibility for continued funding of the PVTA, the City is able to influence operations. As a result, the PVTA uses its resources on behalf of the City.

### Note 15: Joint Powers Agreements (Continued)

The following are the most currently available condensed audited financial statements of the PVTA as of June 30, 2020. Separate financial statements of the PVTA are available from its offices located in La Verne, California.

Assets	\$4,568,237
Liabilities	\$1,870,118
Contributed capital	628,489
Net position	2,069,630
Total liabilities and fund equity	\$4,568,237
Operating revenues	\$ 175,882
Operating expenses	4,391,874
Operating (Income)	(4,215,992)
Non-Operating Revenue	4,622,517
Net Income	406,525
Net Position - July 1, 2019	1,663,105
Net Position - June 30, 2020	\$2,069,630

#### j. Pomona-Walnut-Rowland Joint Water Line Commission

The City participates in the Pomona-Walnut-Rowland Joint Water Line Commission (the "Commission") joint venture, which provides for the acquisition, construction, maintenance, repair, and operation of a water transmission pipeline for the benefit of the member agencies. The Pomona-Walnut-Rowland Joint Water Line Commission's governing board is comprised of an appointed representative from each of the three member agencies — the City, Walnut Valley Water District, and Rowland Water District.

The cost of providing water to the member agencies is financed through user charges. The Commission purchases water for resale to the member agencies at a price sufficient to provide reserve funds for emergencies. In addition, the member agencies are billed for the costs of maintenance and operation of the pipeline. The City paid the joint venture \$3,206,881 during the year ended June 30, 2020. Assets are divided based on the proportionate equity share at the time the joint venture dissolves. The City's share in the equity of the Commission at June 30, 2020, was \$618,832.

As of June 30, 2020, the three participants had the following approximate ownership equity interest.

Member	Percentages	igreement Balances
City of Pomona	20%	\$ 618,832
Walnut Valley Water District	35%	1,082,957
Rowland Water District	23%	711,657
Unallocated	22%	680,716
Total	100%	\$ 3,094,162

### Note 15: Joint Powers Agreements (Continued)

The Commission's condensed financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

Total Assets	\$ 6,995,837
Total Liabilities	3,901,675
Net Position	\$ 3,094,162

The Commission does not recognize income or loss. Net operating expenditures in excess of users' assessments are treated as accounts receivable on the Commission's books and charged to each user's account in the following year. Conversely, user's assessments in excess of net operating expenditures are treated as a liability and credited against each user's account, also in the following year. Under the basis, operating expenses for the Commission totaled \$18,362,831 compared to total operating revenues of \$18,368,856 for the year ended June 30, 2020. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the Pomona-Walnut-Rowland Joint Water Line Commission, P.O. Box 8460, Rowland Heights, CA 91748.

# k. San Gabriel Valley Council of Governments

The City is a member of the San Gabriel Valley Council of Governments (the "Council") which became effective March 1994. The Council provides member agencies a vehicle to voluntarily engage in regional and cooperative planning and coordination of government services and responsibilities to assist member agencies in the conduct of their affairs. The goal and intent of the Council is one of voluntary cooperation among members for the collective benefit of cities and unincorporated areas in the San Gabriel Valley. The governing board is comprised of one member from each of 31 member cities and the San Gabriel Valley Water Districts, except the County of Los Angeles. The County has three members who represent the unincorporated communities of Supervisor Districts 1, 4, and 5. All member agencies pay dues. The City paid \$35,080 in annual dues for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

# I. Tri-City Mental Health Center

The City is a member of the Tri City Mental Health Center (the "Center"). The Center is a jointly governed organization comprised of three cities and is organized under a Joint Powers Agreement pursuant to the California Government Code. The purpose of the Center is to develop mental health services and facilities to serve persons residing in the three member cities. The City's contribution to the Center was \$43,675 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

The Board of Directors is comprised of seven members, two councilmembers from Pomona, one councilmember each from the cities of Claremont and La Verne, and one non-elected member from each of the three cities.

# Note 15: Joint Powers Agreements (Continued)

Below are the most currently available condensed audited financial statements of the Center as of June 30, 2020. Separate financial statements of the Center are available from its offices located in Pomona, California.

Assets	\$ 45,720,199
Deferred outflows of resources	2,776,741
Liabilities	15,129,339
Deferred inflows of resources	6,842,355
Net position	\$ 26,525,246
Revenues	\$ 10,081,180
Expenses	24,742,913
Operating Income	(14,661,733)
Non-Operating Revenue (expenses)	16,715,868
Net Income	2,054,135
Net Position - July 1, 2019	24,471,111
Net Position - June 30, 2020	\$ 26,525,246

# Note 16: Risk Management

The Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund is part of the City's self-insurance program for general liability, workers' compensation, and unemployment insurance. The City is a member of the California State Association of Counties Excess Insurance Authority (CSAC-EIA). Through CSAC-EIA, the City has a program limit of \$25 million dollars with a self-insured retention of \$1 million for its excess liability program and its worker's compensation program. Additionally, the City purchases catastrophic excess liability coverage that provides an additional \$25 million in coverage.

CSAC-EIA is a governmental joint powers authority created by certain California counties and cities to provide a pooled approach to the members' liability and excess workers' compensation coverage as allowed under the California Government Code. The authority manages various types of pooled coverage programs for participating members.

As of June 30, 2020, estimated claims payable amounted to \$15,534,779.

The estimated claims payable is reported at June 30, 2020 if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

### Note 16: Risk Management (Continued)

During the past three fiscal years, the City did not experience settlements or judgments that exceeded pooled coverage. There are no pending claims and judgements likely to have a material adverse effect on the fiscal position due within one year of June 30, 2020. The following is a summary of changes in claims liabilities over the past three fiscal years:

		Expenses and		
	Beginning	Changes in	Claims	Ending
	Balance	Estimates	Payments	Balance
June 30, 2018	\$ 14,440,164	\$ 5,435,161	\$ (5,378,207)	\$ 14,497,118
June 30, 2019	14,497,118	4,242,404	(5,549,479)	13,190,043
June 30, 2020	13,190,043	6,309,970	(3,965,234)	15,534,779

# Note 17: Comments and Contingencies

# a. Agency Participation Agreement

On April 5, 2004, the City entered into a reclaimed water agreement with the Los Angeles County Sanitation District (LACSD). The agreement is for 20 years, beginning on July 1, 2003, and requires the City to sell its interest in the Northside Recycled Water Line, a 20" non-reinforced concrete gravity reclaimed water pipeline to the LACSD for \$441,730. Additionally, the contract provides the City with up to 2/3 of the supply of water from the plant which can then be sold by the City to other customers. The City receives discounted rates on water during the first 12 years of the agreement.

#### b. Contractual Commitments

The following schedule summarizes the major capital project contractual commitments of the City as of June 30, 2020:

	Remaining				
Vendors	Co	ommitments			
All American	\$	4,434,895			
Gentry Brothers		2,093,430			
Victorious RED		1,576,007			
Absolute International		691,951			
Ensafe Inc.	507,164				
Willdan Engineering		345,871			
HR Green Pacific Inc.		305,580			
R M A Group		254,783			
Vermont Systems Inc.		213,371			
Kabbara Engineering		197,956			
All Other Commitment	151,135				
Total	\$	10,772,143			

#### c. Lawsuits

The City is a defendant in certain other legal actions arising in normal course of operations. As of June 30, 2020, in the opinion of City management, there was no additional outstanding matters that would have a significant effect on the financial position of the City.

### Note 18: Successor Agency Trust for Assets of Former Redevelopment Agency

On June 28, 2011, Governor Jerry Brown signed into law two bills that amended California Community Redevelopment Law in order to address the state's ongoing budget deficit. ABx1 26 ("the Bill") dissolved all California redevelopment agencies ("RDAs") effective October 1, 2011. This legislation prevented RDAs from engaging in new activities and outlined a process for winding down the RDAs financial affairs. It also set forth a process for distributing funds from the former RDAs to other local taxing entities. A companion bill, ABx1 27, was also passed, which allowed individual RDAs to avoid dissolution if they agreed to make substantial annual payments into a Special District Allocation Fund and Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund.

In response, the California Redevelopment Association, the League of California Cities, and other parties filed petitions with the California Supreme Court challenging the constitutionality of both ABx1 26 and ABx1 27. On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld the constitutionality of ABX1 26, while striking down ABx1 27 as unconstitutional. The ruling in California Redevelopment Association V. Matosantos also extended some of the deadlines on February 1, 2012, with the assets and liabilities transferred to Successor Agencies and Successor Housing Agencies pursuant to ABx1 26.

The California State Legislature made additional changes to the dissolution process when Governor Jerry Brown signed AB 1484 into law on June 27, 2012. This legislation made a variety of substantive amendments to the original Dissolution Act. These actions impacted the reporting entity of the City of Pomona that previously had reported a redevelopment agency within the reporting entity of the City as a blended component unit.

The Bill provides that upon dissolution of a redevelopment agency, either the City of another unit of local government would agree to serve as the "successor agency" to hold the assets until the assets were distributed to other units of state and local government. On January 9, 2012, the City Council adopted resolution number 2012-8 electing to assume the responsibility of Successor Agency for the former Pomona Redevelopment Agency.

After enactment of the law, redevelopment agencies in the State of California could not enter into new projects, obligations or commitments. Subject to the control of an established oversight board, remaining assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence at the date of dissolution. Subsequent to the dissolution, Successor Agencies are only allocated revenue up to the amount necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligation of the former redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated.

The Bill directed the State Controller of the State of California to review the propriety of any transfers of assets between Redevelopment Agencies and other public bodies that occurred after January 1, 2011. If the public body that received such transfers was not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of those assets, the State Controller was required to order the available assets to be transferred to the public body designated as the successor agency by the Bill. The State completed its required audit and provided the Successor Agency its report on November 26, 2014.

### Note 18: Successor Agency Trust for Assets of Former Redevelopment Agency (Continued)

Management believes, in consultation with legal counsel, that the obligations of the former Redevelopment Agency due to the City are valid enforceable obligations payable by the Successor Agency trust under the requirements of the bill. The City's position on the issue is not a position of settled law and there is considerable legal uncertainty regarding this issue. It is reasonably possible that a legal determination may be made at a later date by an appropriate judicial authority that would resolve this issue unfavorably to the City.

In accordance with the timeline set forth in the Bill (as modified by the California Supreme Court on December 29, 2011) all redevelopment agencies in the State of California were dissolved and ceased to operate as a legal entity as of February 1, 2012.

#### a. Cash and Investments

The following is a summary of cash and investments of the Successor Agency at June 30, 2020:

Cash and investments	\$ 12,491,134
Restricted cash	24,287,956
Total	\$ 36,779,090

The Successor Agency's cash and investments are pooled with the City's cash and investment in order to generate optimum interest income. The share of the pooled cash account is separately accounted for, and investment income is allocated to all participating funds based on the relationship of average quarterly cash balances to the total of the pooled cash and investments. Information regarding the authorized types of deposits and investments, the type of risk (i.e., credit, interest rate, custodial, etc.) and other disclosures associated with the City's pooled cash and investments is reported in Note 2.

#### b. Loans Receivable (Net)

At June 30, 2020, the Successor Agency's net loans receivable consisted of the following:

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2019	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2020
Business Assistance Loans	\$ 1,660,600	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,660,600

#### **Business Assistance Loans**

The former Redevelopment Agency entered into business assistance loan agreements with local businesses for redevelopment purposes. The term of the loan varies, and bears interest rates ranges from 0% to 4% annum. Outstanding balance at June 30, 2020 was \$1,660.600.

In 2008, the former Redevelopment Agency appropriated \$1,150,000 from Series AD to the Pomona Fox Theater, LLC as an advance payment for public use of the Theater. The funding was used to purchase and install lighting and sound equipment at the Pomona Fox Theater. The loan was forgiven at June 30, 2020.

# Note 18: Successor Agency Trust for Assets of Former Redevelopment Agency (Continued)

# c. Land Held for Resale

At June 30, 2020, land held for resale in the amount of \$788,130 is recorded at the acquisition cost in the Successor Agency Trust Fund.

# d. Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the Successor Agency for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Balance July 1, 2019 Additions		Deletions		Balance June 30, 2020		
Nondepreciable assets:							
Land	\$	125,423	\$ -	\$	-	\$	125,423
Total nondepreciable assets		125,423	-		-		125,423
Depreciable assets:							
Building and building improvements		63,126	-		-		63,126
Improvements other than buildings		148,995	-		-		148,995
Machinery and equipment		429,179	-		-		429,179
Furniture and fixtures		8,361	_		-		8,361
Autos and trucks		19,513	-		-		19,513
Total capital assets, at cost		669,174	-		_		669,174
Less accumulated depreciation:							
Building and building improvements		(18,937)	(1,262)		-		(20, 199)
Improvements other than buildings		(148,996)	` -		-		(148,996)
Machinery and equipment		(429, 179)	-		-		(429, 179)
Furniture and fixures		(8,361)	-		-		(8,361)
Autos and trucks		(19,513)	-		-		(19,513)
Total accumulated depreciation		(624,986)	(1,262)		-		(626,248)
Total depreciable assets, net		44,188	(1,262)		-		42,926
Total capital assets, net	\$	169,611	\$ (1,262)	\$	-	\$	168,349

# e. Long - Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the Successor Agency for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	 Balance July 1, 2019	Additions	 Deletions	Jı	Balance une 30, 2020	oue Within One Year
County deferred tax loans	\$ 62,042,306	\$ 4,117,824	\$ (3,216,259)	\$	62,943,871	\$ =
Tax allocation bonds  Advances from the Housing	127,025,000	-	(7,440,000)		119,585,000	7,600,000
SERAF loan	3,000,000	-	(2,817,575)		182,425	182,425
Total	\$ 192,067,306	\$ 4,117,824	\$ (13,473,834)	\$	182,711,296	\$ 7,782,425

### Note 18: Successor Agency Trust for Assets of Former Redevelopment Agency (Continued)

# **County Deferred Tax Loans**

At June 30, 2020, the County deferred tax loans consisted of the follow:

		Balance				Balance
	J	uly 1, 2019	 Additions	 Deletions	Ju	ine 30, 2020
Southwest Pomona Project Area	\$	53,229,904	\$ 3,664,142	\$ (885,029)	\$	56,009,017
South Garey/Freeway Corridor						
Project Area		8,812,402	453,682	 (2,331,230)		6,934,854
Total	\$	62,042,306	\$ 4,117,824	\$ (3,216,259)	\$	62,943,871

The former Redevelopment Agency entered into agreements with the County of Los Angeles whereby a portion of the County's share of tax increment revenues from the Southwest Pomona Project Area and South Garey/Freeway Corridor Project Area are loaned annually to the Successor Agency. Interest on both loans accrue at 7% per year, compounded annually. The Successor Agency will commence repayment per the terms of the Agreement.

Ralance

Due Within

#### **Tax Allocation Bonds**

	Dalarice						Dalaricc		uc vvitiiiii
July 1, 2019		y 1, 2019 Additions		Deletions		June 30, 2020		One Year	
\$	365,000	\$	-	\$	(50,000)	\$	315,000	\$	55,000
	5,295,000		-		(290,000)		5,005,000		305,000
	121,365,000		-		(7,100,000)		114,265,000		7,240,000
\$ ^	127,025,000	\$	_	\$	(7,440,000)	\$	119,585,000	\$	7,600,000
	\$	July 1, 2019 \$ 365,000	July 1, 2019 A \$ 365,000 \$ 5,295,000 121,365,000	July 1, 2019     Additions       \$ 365,000     \$ -       5,295,000     -       121,365,000     -	July 1, 2019     Additions       \$ 365,000     \$ - \$       5,295,000     121,365,000	July 1, 2019         Additions         Deletions           \$ 365,000         \$ -         \$ (50,000)           5,295,000         -         (290,000)           121,365,000         -         (7,100,000)	July 1, 2019         Additions         Deletions         July 1, 2019           \$ 365,000         \$ -         \$ (50,000)         \$           5,295,000         -         (290,000)         -           121,365,000         -         (7,100,000)         -	July 1, 2019         Additions         Deletions         June 30, 2020           \$ 365,000         \$ -         \$ (50,000)         \$ 315,000           5,295,000         -         (290,000)         5,005,000           121,365,000         -         (7,100,000)         114,265,000	July 1, 2019         Additions         Deletions         June 30, 2020         C           \$ 365,000         \$ -         \$ (50,000)         \$ 315,000         \$           5,295,000         -         (290,000)         5,005,000         114,265,000         114,265,000

#### 1998 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series X – Original Issuance \$5,055,000

Ralance

On October 1, 1998, the former Redevelopment Agency issued \$5,055,000 in 1998. Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series X, for the Mountain Meadows Redevelopment Project to refund \$4,360,000 of the loan between the former Redevelopment Agency and the Public Financing Authority related to the Public Financing Authority's 1993 Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series N.

Interest is payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1 at rates varying from 3.0% to 5.1% per annum. \$3,595,000 of bond principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$95,000 to \$300,000 through December 1, 2013. Term bonds of 41,000,000 and \$460,000 mature on December 1, 2016 and December 1, 2024, respectively, and are subject to mandatory redemption from a sinking fund account in amounts ranging from \$45,000 to \$350,000, as outlined in the bonds' official statement. A municipal bond insurance policy has been issued that insures the payment of the principal and interest on the bonds when due. During 2007, the bonds in the amount of \$790,000 were refunded by the 2006 Taxable Revenue Bonds, series AT.

### Note 18: Successor Agency Trust for Assets of Former Redevelopment Agency (Continued)

The annual debt service requirements outstanding at June 30, 2020, is as follows:

Year Ending			
June 30,	Principal	 Interest	 Total
2021	\$ 55,000	\$ 15,525	\$ 70,525
2022	60,000	12,420	72,420
2023	65,000	9,045	74,045
2024	65,000	5,535	70,535
2025	70,000	1,890	71,890
Total	\$ 315,000	\$ 44,415	\$ 359,415

### 1998 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series Y – Original Issuance \$8,980,000

On October 1, 1998, the former Redevelopment Agency issued \$8,980,000 in 1998 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series Y, for the West Holt Avenue Redevelopment Project to refund \$7,130,000 of the loan between the former Redevelopment Agency and Public Financing Authority related to the Public Financing Authority's 1993 Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series N, and to finance certain redevelopment activities within the West Holt Avenue Project Area.

Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on November 1 and May 1 at rates varying from 3.0% to 5.0% per annum. \$1,770,000 of bond principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$115,000 to \$180,000 through May 1, 2011. Terms bonds of \$390,000, \$2,360,000, and \$4,380,000 mature on May 1, 2013, May 1, 2020, and May 1, 2032, respectively, and are subject to mandatory redemption from a sinking fund account in amounts ranging from \$190,000 to \$550,000 as outlined in the bonds' official statements. Bonds maturing on May 1, 2009 through May 1, 2011 are subject to redemption prior to maturity, as a whole or in part, at the option of the Agency on any date on or after May 1, 2008 at redemption prices ranging from 100% to 101% of principal. A municipal bond insurance policy has been issued that insures the payment of the principal and interest on the bonds when due. During 2007, the bonds in the amount of \$645,000 were refunded by the 2006 Taxable Revenue Bonds, Series AT.

The annual debt service requirements outstanding at June 30, 2020, is as follows:

Year Ending					
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total		
2021	\$ 305,000	\$ 274,963	\$	579,963	
2022	320,000	258,340		578,340	
2023	340,000	240,900		580,900	
2024	360,000	222,200		582,200	
2025	380,000	202,400		582,400	
2026-2030	2,230,000	675,400		2,905,400	
2031-2032	1,070,000	89,100		1,159,100	
Total	\$ 5,005,000	\$ 1,963,303	\$	6,968,303	

### Note 18: Successor Agency Trust for Assets of Former Redevelopment Agency (Continued)

2018 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series BI – Original Issuance \$128,885,000

On October 11, 2018, the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Pomona, issued 2018 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series BI in the amount of \$128,885,000 to repay the advances from the Public Financing Authority for 1998 Series W, 2001 Series AD, 2003 Series AH, 2005 Series AQ, 2006 Series AS/AT/AX and 2007 Series AW and created annual debt service savings of approximately \$1.6 million. There was no economic gain due to the unused bond proceeds paid down the principal portion of the new issuance.

Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on each August 1 and February 1. The rates of interest range from 2.65% to 4.51% per annum. Principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$690,000 to \$9,805,000. Bonds are secured by the pledged tax revenues deposited in the Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund.

The annual debt service requirement for the 2018 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series BI outstanding at June 30, 2020, is as follows:

Year Ending					
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total		
2021	\$ 7,240,000	\$ 4,546,478	\$	11,786,478	
2022	7,450,000	4,299,883		11,749,883	
2023	7,495,000	4,035,259		11,530,259	
2024	7,765,000	3,763,041		11,528,041	
2025	8,010,000	3,470,533		11,480,533	
2026-2030	44,650,000	12,372,524		57,022,524	
2031-2035	25,680,000	3,673,944		29,353,944	
2036-2040	5,285,000	882,275		6,167,275	
2041	690,000	31,091		721,091	
Total	\$ 114,265,000	\$ 37,075,028	\$	151,340,028	

#### **Advances from the Housing Authority**

Balance						E	Balance	Due Within		
	July 1, 2019 A			Additions	Deletions	June	e 30, 2020	One Year		
SERAF Loan	\$	3,000,000	\$	-	\$ (2,817,575)	\$	182,425	\$	182,425	

On July 24, 2009, Assembly Bill AB4-26 that shifts former Redevelopment Agency funds and established a Supplemental Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund (SERAF) was passed. It was a "budget trailer bill" that was part of State's legislation to balance its budget. The former Redevelopment Agency of the City of Pomona's share of SERAF obligation was \$8,264,547 in Fiscal Year 2009-10 and \$1.7 million in Fiscal Year 2010-11. Health and Safety Code Section 33690(c) provides that a redevelopment agency, which made a finding that insufficient monies were available to find its SERAF obligation in Fiscal Years 2009-10 or 2010-11, may borrow funds from its Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund to make the full SERAF payment. On May 3, 2010, the Redevelopment Agency Board authorized a loan of \$5,000,000 from the Low-Mod Fund to provide partial funding for the balance of the SERAF payment due. The Successor Agency's outstanding balance on the note as of June 30, 2020, is \$182.425.

### Note 18: Successor Agency Trust for Assets of Former Redevelopment Agency (Continued)

### **Pledged Tax Revenues**

The City has pledged, as security for bonds issued, either directly or through the Pomona Public Financing Authority, certain tax revenues to the repayment of certain Successor Agency debts (bonds, loans, and advances) through final maturity of bonded debt on February 1, 2041, or earlier retirement, whichever occurs first.

Tax revenues consist of tax increment revenues allocated to the Successor Agency to various project areas pursuant to Section 33670 of the Redevelopment Law. Such Law excludes a portion of tax increment revenues required to be paid under Tax-Sharing agreements unless the payment of such amounts has been subordinated to the payment of debt service on the Bonds. Assembly Bill 1X 26 provided that upon dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency, property taxes allocated to redevelopment agencies no longer are deemed tax increment but rather property tax revenues and will be allocated first to local agency and school entity pursuant to any pass-through agreement, then second to successor agencies to make payments on the indebtedness incurred by the dissolved redevelopment agency. For the current year, the total property tax revenue recognized by the Successor Agency was \$14,528,479 and the debt service payments on the bonds was \$11,879,145.

Remaining balance on the debt at June 30, 2020, is as follows:

Debt Issues	
County of LA Agreement	\$ 62,943,871
1998 Series X Bonds	359,415
1998 Series Y Bonds	6,968,303
2018 Series BI Bonds	151,340,028
Total	\$ 221,611,617

#### f. Compensated Absences

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The liability for vested and unpaid compensated absences (accrued, vacation, sick pay, executive leave, and comp time) is reported in the fund as the benefits are earned and vest.

		alance						alance	Due Within		
	July 1, 2019 Additions			dditions	Deletions			30, 2020	One Year		
Compensated absences	\$	74,153	\$	35,515	\$	(38,206)	\$	71,462	7	71,000	

# g. Insurance

The Successor Agency is covered under the City of Pomona's insurance policies. Therefore, the limitation and self-insured retentions applicable to the City also apply to the Successor Agency. Additional information as to coverage and self-insured retentions can be found in Note 16.

# Note 18: Successor Agency Trust for Assets of Former Redevelopment Agency (Continued)

### h. Agreement for Allocation of Tax Increment Revenues

On December 5, 1988, the former Redevelopment Agency entered into an agreement with the County whereby the County has agreed to provide sufficient allocation of tax increment revenues to allow the Successor Agency to meet its debt service agreements on dent it has incurred in connection with the Southwest Pomona Project Area. Beginning in fiscal year 1988-89, and thereafter for the life of the project, the County will provide a grant to the Successor Agency for any "deficiencies" in tax increment revenues allocated to the Successor Agency as described in the agreement. There were no intergovernmental revenues as result of the agreement for the year ended June 30, 2020.

### Note 19: Restatement

A restatement was required between the Governmental Activities and the Water Fund. During the fiscal year, the City noted construction in progress capital assets that were incorrectly capitalized in the Governmental Activities and should have been reported under the City's Water fund. This resulted in restatements of prior net position for the Governmental activities in the amount of (\$2,550,009) and for the Water Fund in the amount of \$2,550,009.

A restatement was required in the Governmental Activities as the result of the City capitalizing costs related to pollution remediation. The removal of these prior period cost incorrectly capitalized required a restatement in the amount of (\$3,532,586).

#### Note 20: Subsequent Event

On March 27, 2020, in response to the economic fallout of the Coronavirus pandemic in the United States, Congress passed the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act, also known as the CARES Act, which provided \$2.2 trillion in economic stimulus funding through a variety of channels. The State of California received a \$500 million allocation to provide cities which did not receive a direct federal allocation through the CARES Act. The City entered into an agreement with the State of California in July 2020 to receive their allocation of the CARES Act funding. The funding is to be received in six monthly installments of \$318,591, with the first installment received by the City in July 2020. The total amount of CARES Act funding to be received by the City is \$1,911,546. This funding was for the reimbursement of costs incurred by the City since the start of the pandemic.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

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#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

				Variance with Final Budget
	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$22,000,261	\$22,000,261	\$22,000,261	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Taxes	98,801,385	99,624,132	97,773,094	(1,851,038)
Licenses, permits and fees	5,565,330	6,231,050	6,737,434	506,384
Intergovernmental	205,500	396,522	438,991	42,469
Charges for services	3,597,624	3,817,640	3,303,049	(514,591)
Use of money and properties	1,606,840	1,606,840	1,799,259	192,419
Fines and forfeitures	2,514,436	2,514,436	2,292,894	(221,542)
Miscellaneous	875,600	1,120,572	865,019	(255,553)
Transfers in	1,761,536	1,816,831	1,954,378	137,547
Amounts Available for Appropriations	136,928,512	139,128,284	137,164,379	(1,963,905)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
General government	6,577,889	6,573,159	6,431,278	141,881
Public safety	86,232,639	86,893,198	85,818,270	1,074,928
Urban development	11,990,767	12,319,826	11,607,931	711,895
Neighborhood services and library	4,524,290	4,601,636	3,699,280	902,356
Capital outlay	2,400	751,667	427,687	323,980
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	258,516	258,516	242,392	16,124
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	16,109	(16,109)
Transfers out	4,227,428	6,042,615	7,178,978	(1,136,363)
Total Charges to Appropriations	113,813,929	117,440,617	115,421,925	2,018,692
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 23,114,583	\$ 21,687,667	\$ 21,742,454	\$ 54,787

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE HOUSING AUTHORITY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$19,540,422	\$19,540,422	\$19,540,422	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	17,670,596	19,402,660	19,007,852	(394,808)
Charges for services	1,500	1,500	871	(629)
Use of money and properties	390,255	390,255	573,937	183,682
Contributions from Successor Agency	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,817,575	817,575
Miscellaneous	23,500	23,500	50,117	26,617
Amounts Available for Appropriations	39,626,273	41,358,337	41,990,774	632,437
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Urban development	19,402,328	21,196,963	22,039,382	(842,419)
Transfers out	-	875,000	2,617,528	(1,742,528)
<b>Total Charges to Appropriations</b>	19,402,328	22,071,963	24,656,910	(2,584,947)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 20,223,945	\$19,286,374	\$17,333,864	\$ (1,952,510)

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MISCELLANEOUS GRANTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budget /	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$19,648,944	\$ 19,648,944	\$19,648,944	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):	<b>¥</b> 10,010,011	+ 10,010,011	+ 10,010,011	•
Intergovernmental	6,099,993	14,662,965	4,923,898	(9,739,067)
Charges for services	89,100	483,742	501,914	18,172
Use of money and properties	37,164	37,164	362,445	325,281
Miscellaneous	115,905	156,283	115,544	(40,739)
Transfers in	82,000	82,000	95,235	13,235
Amounts Available for Appropriations	26,073,106	35,071,098	25,647,980	(9,423,118)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public safety	730,038	1,483,084	632,039	851,045
Urban development	4,583,779	12,856,905	3,836,619	9,020,286
Neighborhood services and library	425,441	441,363	414,829	26,534
Capital outlay	210,000	686,649	325,174	361,475
Transfers out	315,346	315,346	307,806	7,540
Total Charges to Appropriations	6,264,604	15,783,347	5,516,467	10,266,880
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$19,808,502	\$19,287,751	\$ 20,131,513	\$ 843,762

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# NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 1: Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the fiscal statements:

- a. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for all governmental funds, except that encumbrances are shown in the year incurred for budgetary purposes.
- b. On or before the last day in January of each year, all operational units submit requests for appropriations to the City Manager for budget preparation purposes. The City Council holds public hearings, and a final budget must be adopted no later than June 30.
- c. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The City's department directors, with approval of the Finance Director and City Manager, any make transfers of appropriations within a department and between departments with a fund. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the fund level. The City Council made several supplemental budgetary appropriations throughout the year. The supplementary budgetary appropriations made in the various governmental funds are not detailed in the required supplementary information. For the year ended June 30, 2020, there were no adopted operating budgets for the Fairplex Mitigation Special Revenue Fund.
- d. Under encumbrance accounting, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for expenditures are reported to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriations. Encumbrance accounting is employed as an extension of formal budgetary accounting. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end regardless of encumbrances.

		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY												
Service Cost	\$	3,310,829	\$	3,161,189	\$	3,278,100	\$	3,757,355	\$	3,684,403	\$	3,678,697
Interest	•	18,086,982	·	18,495,828	•	19,115,591	•	19,389,644	•	19,890,698		20,653,574
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience		-		(3,363,816)		123,335		(2,724,421)		165,010		2,804,401
Changes in Assumptions		-		(4,427,183)		-		15,726,854		(1,368,646)		-
Benefit Payments, Including												
Refunds of Employee Contributions		(12,464,852)		(13,367,634)		(14,106,985)		(14,550,855)		(15,247,444)	(	(16,166,651)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		8,932,959		498,384		8,410,041		21,598,577		7,124,021		10,970,021
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		245,736,775		254,669,734		255,168,118		263,578,159		285,176,736	2	92,300,757
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$	254,669,734	\$	255,168,118	\$	263,578,159	\$	285,176,736	\$	292,300,757	\$ 3	03,270,778
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION												
Contributions - Employer	\$	3,191,964	\$	3,747,091	\$	4,508,818	\$	4,965,420	\$	5,562,823	\$	6,340,816
Contributions - Employee		1,640,223		1,622,551		1,710,782		1,824,492		1,718,844		1,746,619
Net Investment Income		31,444,609		4,578,528		1,092,440		21,714,550		17,509,262		14,226,888
Benefit Payments, Including												
Refunds of Employee Contributions		(12,464,852)		(13,367,634)		(14,106,985)		(14,550,855)		(15,247,444)	(	(16,166,651)
Administrative Expense		-		(235,754)		(124,510)		(291,464)		(328,910)		(156,756)
Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement		-		(521)		30,199		-		(510)		-
Other Miscellaneous Income/(Expense)		-				-				(624,606)		510
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position		23,811,944		(3,655,739)		(6,889,256)		13,662,143		8,589,459		5,991,426
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		184,143,961		207,955,905		204,300,166		197,410,910		211,073,053	2	19,662,512
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	207,955,905	\$	204,300,166	\$	197,410,910	\$	211,073,053	\$	219,662,512	\$ 2	25,653,938
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Assets) - Ending (a) - (b)	\$	46,713,829	\$	50,867,952	\$	66,167,249	\$	74,103,683	\$	72,638,245	\$	77,616,840
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total												
Pension Liability		81.66%		80.06%		74.90%		74.01%		75.15%		74.41%
Covered Payroll	\$	21,843,562	\$	21,768,272	\$	22,899,750	\$	23,628,194	\$	23,219,075	\$	25,342,873
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		213.86%		233.68%		288.94%		313.62%		312.84%		306.27%

<sup>(1)</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement years for which GASB 68 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only six years are shown.

#### Notes to Schedule:

#### Benefit Changes:

There were no changes to benefit terms. However, the figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after the measurement dates. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes).

Changes of Assumptions:
In 2019, there were no changes. In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in discount rate in 2018. In 2017, the accounting discount rate reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense.) In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5 percent discount rate.

		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY												
Service Cost	\$	4,880,486	\$	4,785,362	\$	4,884,739	\$	5,801,213	\$	5,447,465	\$	5,283,890
Interest	•	23,069,282	•	23,712,742	•	24,593,728	•	24,844,637	•	25,520,009	•	26,641,545
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience		-		(2,090,216)		1,506,206		(4,573,322)		1,433,848		6,506,181
Changes in Assumptions		-		(5,565,887)		-		19,952,226		(1,916,304)		· · ·
Benefit Payments, Including				, , , ,						, , ,		
Refunds of Employee Contributions		(17,510,572)		(18,221,480)		(18,854,232)		(19,795,369)		(21,286,165)	(	22,125,918)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		10,439,196		2,620,521		12,130,441		26,229,385		9,198,853		16,305,698
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		313,905,458		324,344,654		326,965,175		339,095,616		365,325,001	3	74,523,854
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$	324,344,654	\$	326,965,175	\$	339,095,616	\$	365,325,001	\$	374,523,854	\$ 3	90,829,552
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION												
Contributions - Employer	\$	5.669.824	\$	6.367.577	\$	7.278.178	\$	8.239.937	\$	8.917.280	\$	10.065.972
Contributions - Employee	•	1,402,077	•	1,554,104	•	1,534,930		1,568,799		1,611,014	•	1,577,765
Net Investment Income		37,455,889		5,342,317		1,164,032		25,441,922		20,385,914		16,534,386
Benefit Payments, Including		, ,				, ,		, ,		, ,		, ,
Refunds of Employee Contributions		(17,510,572)		(18,221,480)		(18,854,232)		(19,795,369)		(21,286,165)	(	22,125,918)
Administrative Expense		-		(271,705)		(147,131)		(343,113)		(385,682)		(182,698)
Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement		-		521		1,096		-		(596)		-
Other Miscellaneous Income/(Expense)		-		-		-		-		(732,417)		596
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position		27,017,218		(5,228,666)		(9,023,127)		15,112,176		8,509,348		5,870,103
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		219,628,065		246,645,283		241,416,617		232,393,490		247,505,666	2	56,015,014
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	246,645,283	\$	241,416,617	\$	232,393,490	\$	247,505,666	\$	256,015,014	\$ 2	61,885,117
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Assets) - Ending (a) - (b)	\$	77,699,371	\$	85,548,558	\$	106,702,126	\$	117,819,335	\$	118,508,840	\$ 1	28,944,435
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total												
Pension Liability		76.04%		73.84%		68.53%		67.75%		68.36%		67.01%
Covered Payroll	\$	15,182,720	\$	15,528,316	\$	16,122,314	\$	17,199,482	\$	16,421,383	\$	17,338,673
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		511.76%		550.92%		661.83%		685.02%		721.67%		743.68%

<sup>(1)</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement years for which GASB 68 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only six years are shown.

#### Notes to Schedule:

#### Benefit Changes:

There were no changes to benefit terms. However, the figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after the measurement dates. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes).

Changes of Assumptions:
In 2019, there were no changes. In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in discount rate in 2018. In 2017, the accounting discount rate reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense.) In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5 percent discount rate.

# COLLATERAL BENEFITS PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS AS OF JUNE 30, FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

		2018		2019		2020
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY						
Service Cost Interest	\$	8,761 61,845	\$	8,761 59,294	\$	9,330 56,133
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience		-		-		-
Changes in Assumptions		-		-		-
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions		(114,500)		(122,900)		(111,400)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	-	(43,894)		(54,845)		(45,937)
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	_	1,007,818		963,924		909,079
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	<u>\$</u>	963,924	\$	909,079	\$	863,142
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION						
Contributions - Employer	\$	-	\$	102,949	\$	167,769
Contributions - Employee  Net Investment Income		13,113		- 8,427		3,889
Benefit Payments, Including		,		-,		2,222
Refunds of Employee Contributions		(114,500)		(122,900)		(111,400)
Administrative Expense Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement		(126)		(124)		-
Other Miscellaneous Income/(Expense)		-		-		-
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position		(101,513)		(11,648)		60,258
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		284,669		183,156		171,508
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	183,156	<u>\$</u>	171,508	<u>\$</u>	231,766
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Assets) - Ending (a) - (b)	\$	780,768	\$	737,571	\$	631,376
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total						
Pension Liability		19.00%		18.87%		26.85%
Covered Payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A

<sup>(1)</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement years for which GASB 68 is applicable.

#### Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes:

There were no changes to benefit terms.

Changes of Assumptions:

There were no changes of assumptions.

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 3,191,964 (3,191,964) \$ -	\$ 3,747,091 (3,747,091) \$ -	\$ 4,508,818 (4,508,818) \$ -	\$ 4,965,420 (4,965,420) \$ -	\$ 5,562,823 (5,562,823) \$ -	\$ 7,759,016 (7,759,016) \$ -
Covered Payroll	\$ 21,843,562	\$ 21,768,272	\$ 22,899,750	\$ 23,628,194	\$ 23,219,075	25,342,873
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.61%	17.21%	19.69%	21.01%	23.96%	30.62%

<sup>(1)</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement for which GASB 68 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only six years are shown.

#### Note to Schedule:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2018

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal Cost Method
Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Asset valuation method Direct rate smoothing

Inflation 2.50% Payroll Growth 2.75%

Projected Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service Investment Rate of Return 7.00% (net of administrative expenses)

Retirement Age

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2015, including updates to salary increase, mortality and

experience study for the period from 1997 to 2015, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study report may be accessed on the CalPERS website at

www.calpers.ca.gov under Forms and Publications.

Mortality The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 15 years of

mortality improvements using 90 percent of Society of Actuaries' Scale 2016. For more details on this table,

please refer to the 2017 experience study report.

#### SAFETY PLAN - AGENT MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER SCHEDULE OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS AS OF JUNE 30, FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 5,669,824 (5,669,824) \$ -	\$ 6,367,577 (6,367,577) \$ -	\$ 7,278,178 (7,278,178) \$ -	\$ 8,239,937 (8,239,937) \$ -	\$ 8,917,280 (8,917,280) \$ -	\$ 11,896,017 (11,896,017) \$ -
Covered Payroll	\$ 15,182,720	\$ 15,528,316	\$ 16,122,314	\$ 17,199,482	\$ 16,421,383	17,338,673
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	37.34%	41.01%	45.14%	47.91%	54.30%	68.61%

<sup>(1)</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement for which GASB 68 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only six years are shown.

#### Note to Schedule:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2018

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal Cost Method
Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Asset valuation method Direct rate smoothing

Inflation 2.50% Payroll Growth 2.75%

Projected Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service Investment Rate of Return 7.00% (net of administrative expenses)

Retirement Age All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2015, including updates to salary increase, mortality and

experience study for the period from 1997 to 2015, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study report may be accessed on the CalPERS website at

www.calpers.ca.gov under Forms and Publications.

Mortality The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 15 years of

mortality improvements using 90 percent of Society of Actuaries' Scale 2016. For more details on this table,

please refer to the 2017 experience study report.

#### COLLATERAL BENEFITS PLAN SCHEDULE OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS AS OF JUNE 30, FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

	 2015	2016	 2017	 2018	2019	 2020
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 110,032 (110,032)	\$ 102,949 (102,949)	\$ 102,949 (102,949)	\$ 102,949 (114,500) (11,551)	\$ 102,949 (102,949)	\$ 167,769 (167,769)
Covered Payroll	 N/A	N/A	 N/A	 N/A	N/A	 N/A
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

<sup>(1)</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement for which GASB 68 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only six years are shown.

#### Note to Schedule:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2016

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal Cost Method Amortization method Level percentage of payroll

 Asset valuation method
 Market value

 Inflation
 N/A

 Payroll Growth
 N/A

 Projected Salary Increases
 N/A

Investment Rate of Return 6.50% (net of administrative expenses)

Retirement Age The retirement rates are consistent with those used to value the Miscellaneous Public Agency CalPERS "2.0%

at age 55" Pension Plans for retirees with 25 years of service.

Mortality Consistent with the Non-industrial rates used for value the Miscellaneous Publocic Agency CalPERS Pension

Plans.

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS AS OF JUNE 30, FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

	 2018		2019		2020
Total OPEB Liability					
Service cost	\$ 2,019,938	\$	2,322,129	\$	2,391,793
Interest on the total OPEB liability	3,382,262		3,193,265		3,459,741
Actual and expected experience difference	-		-		(2,406,146)
Changes in assumptions	5,151,873		(5,689,789)		10,014,158
Changes in benefit terms	-		-		-
Benefit payments	(4,149,518)		(4,419,147)		(4,532,965)
Net change in total OPEB liability	6,404,555		(4,593,542)		8,926,581
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 90,248,485		96,653,040		92,059,498
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	 96,653,040		92,059,498		100,986,079
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contribution - employer Net investment income	4,149,518 -		4,419,147 -		4,532,965
Benefit payments	(4,149,518)		(4,419,147)		(4,532,965)
Administrative expense	 				
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	-		-		-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 <u> </u>				
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 	_\$	<u> </u>	_\$_	
Net OPEB Liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 96,653,040	\$	92,059,498	\$	100,986,079
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 40,827,676	\$	40,570,643	\$	42,681,546
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	236.73%		226.91%		236.60%

<sup>(1)</sup> Historical information is required only for the measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2018 was the first year of implementation. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

Notes to Schedule: None

Changes in assumptions: In 2020, the accounting discount rate reduced from 3.8 percent to 2.7 percent.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

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#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CAPITAL OUTLAY CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

				Variance with Final Budget
	Budget	Amounts	Actual	Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$3,382,533	\$ 3,382,533	\$ 3,382,533	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Licenses, permits and fees	15,000	15,000	500,303	485,303
Intergovernmental	170,000	2,222,257	599,858	(1,622,399)
Charges for services	-	-	30,861	30,861
Use of money and properties	12,886	12,886	80,566	67,680
Contributions from Successor Agency	-	2,083,183	7,234,181	5,150,998
Miscellaneous	-	280,000	311,480	31,480
Transfers in	12,060,697	16,895,891	12,121,460	(4,774,431)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	15,641,116	24,891,750	24,261,242	(630,508)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Capital outlay	12,146,991	20,355,105	20,338,744	16,361
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	223,116	223,116	180,614	42,502
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	42,502	(42,502)
Transfers out	213,060	268,355	233,611	34,744
Total Charges to Appropriations	12,583,167	20,846,576	20,795,471	51,105
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 3,057,949	\$ 4,045,174	\$ 3,465,771	\$ (579,403)

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL GOVERNMENT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budget A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ (72,276,103)	\$ (72,276,103)	\$ (72,276,103)	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Taxes	673,935	673,935	-	(673,935)
Intergovernmental	291,460	291,460	291,460	· -
Use of money and properties	10,809	10,809	7,969	(2,840)
Transfers in	5,243,738	5,243,738	5,243,738	· -
Amounts Available for Appropriations	(66,056,161)	(66,056,161)	(66,732,936)	(676,775)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	784,533	784,533	784,533	-
Interest and fiscal charges	3,202,365	3,202,365	3,209,898	(7,533)
Transfers out	2,275,000	2,275,000	-	2,275,000
<b>Total Charges to Appropriations</b>	6,261,898	6,261,898	3,994,431	2,267,467
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ (72,318,059)	\$ (72,318,059)	\$ (70,727,367)	\$ 1,590,692

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PUBLIC FINANCING AUTHORITY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$76,626,414	\$76,626,414	\$76,626,414	\$ -	
Resources (Inflows):					
Use of money and properties	187,062	187,062	332,070	145,008	
Amounts Available for Appropriations	76,813,476	76,813,476	76,958,484	145,008	
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):					
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	2,860,000	2,860,000	2,860,000	-	
Interest and fiscal charges	178,717	180,941	177,209	3,732	
Total Charges to Appropriations	3,038,717	3,040,941	3,037,209	3,732	
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$73,774,759	\$73,772,535	\$73,921,275	\$ 148,740	

#### **NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

#### **Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:**

The **Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Fund** accounts for funds received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development to develop viable urban communities by providing decent housing and a suitable environment and expand economic opportunity for persons of low and moderate income.

The **State Gas Tax Fund** accounts for revenues received and expenditures made for general street improvement and maintenance. The revenue consists of the City's share of state gasoline taxes collected under Sections 2105,2106,2107.5 of the Street and Highway Code.

The **Proposition "A" Fund** accounts for the receipt and disbursement of funds derived from the one-half cent sales tax imposed by the Proposition "A" ordinance of the Los Angeles County Transportation Commission. The funds are used to finance public transportation projects.

The **Proposition "C" Fund** accounts for the receipt and disbursement of funds derived from a 1990-91 increase in County sales tax. The funds are used to finance transit and transit-related projects.

The **Vehicle Parking District Fund** accounts for operation, maintenance, capital improvements, and administration of parking lots in the downtown business area. Revenues are received from parking fees.

The **Air Quality Improvement Fund** accounts for revenues and expenditures made for air quality improvement projects. The revenues consist of funds received from the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) in accordance with AB2766.

The **Landscape Maintenance District Fund** accounts for revenues received and expenditures made for landscape and lighting maintenance in various areas of the City. Revenues consist of assessments received from property owners.

The **Asset Forfeiture Fund** accounts for the City's share of assets seized by law enforcement agencies. The monies are used for law enforcement purposes.

The **Traffic Offender Fund** accounts for the fees collected for the impoundment of vehicles and expenditures for the enforcement, education, and prosecution of drivers with a suspended or revoked license as well as unlicensed drivers operating a motor vehicle.

The **Measure** "R" Fund accounts for street maintenance, traffic signal, street light maintenance, traffic paint and sign services which are funded with one-half cent sales tax revenue.

The **Measure "M" Fund** accounts for new transit and highway projects, enhances bus and rail operations, and several other transportation improvements in Los Angeles County which is funded with one half cent sales tax revenue.

The **Special Fees Fund** accounts for fee analysis rate review and public art fees.

The **PEG Fee Fund** accounts for Public, Education, and Government (PEG) fees collected by service providers through the franchisee agreement with the City. These fees pay for capital equipment and projects that provide for continuation of PEG programming.

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

The **OATH (Officers Assisting and Homeless) Initiative Fund** accounts for providing local police officers with the proper tools based on nationally recognized best practices and trauma-informed care for interactions with the homeless population.

The **Fairplex Mitigation Fund** accounts for City revenue from Fairplex events to fund public safety measures and initiatives to those residents most impacted by Fairplex events.

#### **Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds**

The **Assessment District Improvement Fund** accounts for capital improvements through special charges levied against the properties benefited.

	Special Revenue Funds				
	Community Development Block Grant	State Gas Tax	Proposition A	Proposition C	
Assets:			<u> </u>		
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$ 3,495,690	\$ 2,632,012	\$ 9,882,207	
Receivables (net):					
Accounts		5,251	2,000	-	
Notes and loans	1,545,013	40.000	0.007	- 20.755	
Interest Prepaid items	-	10,223	8,667	32,755	
Due from other governments	653,168	192,430	22,807	- -	
Advances to other funds	-	-	-	-	
Restricted assets:					
Cash and investments	-	-	-	-	
Total Access	¢ 2400404	¢ 2.702.504	\$ 2.66E.496	£ 0.044.062	
Total Assets	\$ 2,198,181	\$ 3,703,594	\$ 2,665,486	\$ 9,914,962	
Liabilities, Deferred inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$ 187,110	\$ 266,863	\$ 43,485	\$ 300	
Payroll payable	43,321	44,149	φ 45,485 5,187	4.000	
Deposits payable	43,321	44,143 -	5,10 <i>1</i>	4,000	
Unearned revenues	-	-	-	-	
Due to other funds	97,488				
Total Liabilities	327,919	311,012	48,672	4,300	
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Unavailable revenues	821,738	<del>-</del>	22,807		
Total Deferred inflows of Resources	821,738		22,807		
Fund Balances: Nonspendable: Prepaid costs Restricted for:	-	-	-	-	
Development and public works	1,048,524	3,392,582	2,594,007	9,910,662	
Public safety	-	-	2,004,007	-	
Assessment district improvement	<del>-</del> _				
Total Fund Balances	1,048,524	3,392,582	2,594,007	9,910,662	
Total Liabilities, deferred inflows of	<b>A A A A A A A A A A</b>	A 0 700 F0:	A 0.005.405	<b>A</b> 0.044.000	
resources, and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 2,198,181</u>	\$ 3,703,594	\$ 2,665,486	\$ 9,914,962	

(CONTINUED)

	Special Revenue Funds				
	Vehicle Parking District	Air Quality Improvement	Landscape Maintenance District	Asset Forfeiture	
Assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ 2,331,814	\$ 214,213	\$ 980,462	\$ 1,466,804	
Receivables (net): Accounts	6,890				
Notes and loans	6,690	_	_	-	
Interest	7,708	762	2,798	4,440	
Prepaid items	- 1,100		_,. 55	8,441	
Due from other governments	983	48,294	15,971	5,080	
Advances to other funds	304,435	=	=	-	
Restricted assets:					
Cash and investments	<del>-</del>				
Total Assets	\$ 2,651,830	\$ 263,269	\$ 999,231	\$ 1,484,765	
Liabilities, Deferred inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:	\$ 108,063	<b>c</b>	\$ 229,340	¢ 44.026	
Accounts payable Payroll payable	\$ 108,063 11,596	\$ - 1,122	\$ 229,340 10,464	\$ 14,036	
Deposits payable	2,334	1,122	10,464	<u>-</u>	
Unearned revenues	2,334	_	_	_	
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	
Total Liabilities	121,993	1,122	239,804	14,036	
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Unavailable revenues	_	_	_	<u>-</u>	
Total Deferred inflows of Resources					
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid costs	-	-	-	8,441	
Restricted for: Development and public works	2,529,837	262,147			
Public safety	2,329,637	202,147	- -	1,462,288	
Assessment district improvement		<u> </u>	759,427	-	
Total Fund Balances	2,529,837	262,147	759,427	1,470,729	
Total Liabilities, deferred inflows of					
resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 2,651,830	\$ 263,269	\$ 999,231	\$ 1,484,765	

	Special Revenue Funds							
		Traffic offender	Measure R		Measure M		Special Fees	
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	357,736	\$	2,883,143	\$	1,403,949	\$	2,434,618
Receivables (net):								
Accounts		-		-		-		-
Notes and loans Interest		1,199		8,610		3,802		-
Prepaid items		1,199		0,010		3,002		_
Due from other governments		_		=		_		=
Advances to other funds		_		_		_		_
Restricted assets:								
Cash and investments		-		-		=		-
Total Assets	\$	358,935	\$	2,891,753	\$	1,407,751	\$	2,434,618
							-	
Liabilities, Deferred inflows of Resources,								
and Fund Balances:								
Liabilities:	Φ.	700	•	404.040	•	407.000	•	4.000
Accounts payable	\$	789	\$	124,810	\$	107,289	\$	4,928
Payroll payable		6,067		34,390		17,255		-
Deposits payable Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		-		_		-		-
Total Liabilities		6,856		159,200		124,544		4,928
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Unavailable revenues								-
Total Deferred inflows of Resources								-
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Prepaid costs		-		-		-		-
Restricted for:								
Development and public works		-		2,732,553		1,283,207		2,429,690
Public safety		352,079		=		-		-
Assessment district improvement								-
Total Fund Balances		352,079		2,732,553		1,283,207		2,429,690
Total Liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources, and Fund Balances	\$	358,935	\$	2,891,753	\$	1,407,751	\$	2,434,618

Assets:  Cash and investments \$238,549 \$ Receivables (net): Accounts \$31,643 Notes and loans - Interest - Prepaid items - Due from other governments Advances to other funds - Restricted assets: Cash and investments -	OATH Initiative  \$ 1,513,881	Fairple Mitigation Fund \$ 423,	on Im 900 \$	58,500
Cash and investments  Receivables (net):  Accounts  Notes and loans Interest  Prepaid items  Due from other governments  Advances to other funds  Restricted assets:  Cash and investments  Total Assets  Liabilities, Deferred inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities  Deposits payable  Payroll payable  Deposits payable  Total Liabilities  Total Deferred inflows of Resources  Liabilities  Total Liabilities  Total Liabilities  Total Deferred inflows of Resources  Liabilities  Total Deferred inflows of Resources  Liabilities  Total Deferred inflows of Resources  Liabilities  - Liabilities	- - - - - - - 1,513,881	\$ 423,	- - - - - - -	3,604
Receivables (net):    Accounts    Accounts    Notes and loans    Interest    Prepaid items    Due from other governments    Advances to other funds    Restricted assets:    Cash and investments    Total Assets  Liabilities, Deferred inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable    Payroll payable    Peposits payable    Deposits payable    Unearned revenues    Due to other funds    Total Liabilities  Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenues    Total Deferred inflows of Resources  - Total Deferred inflows of Resources  Fund Balances: Nonspendable:	- - - - - - - 1,513,881	\$ 423,	- - - - - - -	3,604
Accounts Notes and loans Interest Prepaid items Due from other governments Advances to other funds Restricted assets: Cash and investments Total Assets  Liabilities, Deferred inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable Payroll payable Deposits payable Unearned revenues Due to other funds Total Liabilities  Total Liabilities  Total Liabilities  Total Deferred inflows of Resources  Liabilities  Liabilities Lia			900 \$	•
Notes and loans Interest Prepaid items Due from other governments Advances to other funds Restricted assets: Cash and investments  Total Assets  Liabilities, Deferred inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable Payroll payable Deposits payable Deposits payable Unearned revenues Due to other funds  Total Liabilities  Total Liabilities  Total Deferred inflows of Resources  Liabilities  Total Deferred inflows of Resources  Fund Balances: Nonspendable:			900 \$	•
Interest - Prepaid items - Due from other governments - Advances to other funds - Restricted assets:  Cash and investments - Total Assets \$270,192 \$  Liabilities, Deferred inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ - \$Payroll payable - Deposits payable - Due to other funds - Due to other funds - Total Liabilities - Deferred inflows of Resources:  Unavailable revenues - Total Deferred inflows of Resources - Prund Balances:  Total Deferred inflows of Resources - Total Deferred inflows of Resources - Total Balances: Nonspendable:			900 \$	•
Prepaid items Due from other governments Advances to other funds Restricted assets: Cash and investments  Total Assets  \$ 270,192 \$  Liabilities, Deferred inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable Payroll payable Deposits payable Unearned revenues Due to other funds  Total Liabilities  Poeferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenues  Total Deferred inflows of Resources  Fund Balances: Nonspendable:			900 \$	•
Due from other governments Advances to other funds Restricted assets: Cash and investments  Total Assets  \$ 270,192 \$  Liabilities, Deferred inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable Payroll payable Deposits payable Due to other funds  Total Liabilities  Total Liabilities  Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenues  Total Deferred inflows of Resources  Fund Balances: Nonspendable:			900 \$	•
Advances to other funds Restricted assets: Cash and investments  Total Assets  Liabilities, Deferred inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable Payroll payable Deposits payable Unearned revenues Due to other funds  Total Liabilities  Total Liabilities  Deferred inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues  Total Deferred inflows of Resources  Fund Balances: Nonspendable:			900 \$	•
Cash and investments -  Total Assets \$ 270,192 \$  Liabilities, Deferred inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ - 9  Payroll payable - 1  Unearned revenues - 1  Due to other funds - 1  Total Liabilities  Total Liabilities  Total Deferred inflows of Resources  Unavailable revenues - 1  Total Deferred inflows of Resources - 1  Fund Balances: Nonspendable:			900 \$	•
Total Assets \$ 270,192 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$			900 \$	•
Liabilities, Deferred inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ - \$ Payroll payable - Deposits payable - Unearned revenues - Due to other funds -  Total Liabilities -  Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenues -  Total Deferred inflows of Resources -  Fund Balances: Nonspendable:			900 \$	62,104
and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ - 8 Payroll payable - Deposits payable - Unearned revenues - Due to other funds - Total Liabilities - Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenues - Fund Balances: Nonspendable:		¢		_
Accounts payable \$ - \$ Payroll payable - Deposits payable - Deposits payable - Due to other funds - Deferred inflows of resources:  Unavailable revenues - Fund Balances:  Nonspendable:		¢		_
Payroll payable       -         Deposits payable       -         Unearned revenues       -         Due to other funds       -         Total Liabilities       -         Deferred inflows of resources:         Unavailable revenues       -         Total Deferred inflows of Resources       -         Fund Balances:       Nonspendable:		Φ.		-
Deposits payable		φ	- \$	
Unearned revenues - Due to other funds -  Total Liabilities -  Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenues -  Total Deferred inflows of Resources -  Fund Balances: Nonspendable:	49,385		-	-
Due to other funds - Total Liabilities - Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenues - Total Deferred inflows of Resources - Fund Balances: Nonspendable:	- 1,451,239		-	-
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenues -  Total Deferred inflows of Resources -  Fund Balances: Nonspendable:	1,451,259		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>
Unavailable revenues -  Total Deferred inflows of Resources -  Fund Balances: Nonspendable:	1,513,881		<u>-</u>	-
Total Deferred inflows of Resources  Fund Balances: Nonspendable:				
Fund Balances: Nonspendable:	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	-
Nonspendable:	-		<u> </u>	-
Prepaid costs -				
Postrioted for:	-		-	-
Restricted for: Development and public works 270,192	_	423,	900	
Public safety -	-	423,	-	-
Assessment district improvement	_		-	62,104
Total Fund Balances 270,192		423,	900	62,104
Total Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and Fund Balances \$ 270,192	-			62,104

	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets: Cash and investments	\$ 30,317,478
Receivables (net):	Ψ 30,317,470
Accounts	45,784
Notes and loans	1,545,013
Interest	80,964
Prepaid items	8,441
Due from other governments	938,733
Advances to other funds	304,435
Restricted assets:	
Cash and investments	3,604
Total Assets	\$ 33,244,452
Liabilities, Deferred inflows of Resources,	
and Fund Balances:	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 1,100,270
Payroll payable	226,936
Deposits payable	2,334
Unearned revenues	1,451,239
Due to other funds	97,488
Total Liabilities	2,878,267_
Deferred inflows of resources:	
Unavailable revenues	844,545
Total Deferred inflows of Resources	844,545_
Fund Balances:	
Nonspendable:	
Prepaid costs	8,441
Restricted for:	
Development and public works	26,877,301
Public safety	1,814,367
Assessment district improvement	821,531
Total Fund Balances	29,521,640
Total Liabilities, deferred inflows of	
resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 33,244,452

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#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Special Revenue Funds						
	Community Development Block Grant	State Gas Tax	Proposition A	Proposition C			
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Special assessments	-	-	-	-			
Licenses, permits and fees	4 000 055	- 702.054	2 04 4 004	- 0.400.040			
Intergovernmental Charges for services	1,966,855 302,728	5,763,254 562	3,014,621	2,492,340			
Use of money and properties	1,103	79,070	69,948	255,098			
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-			
Miscellaneous	<u> </u>	237,844	1,500				
Total Revenues	2,270,686	6,080,730	3,086,069	2,747,438			
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government		-	-	-			
Public safety	78,980	-	- 0.005.704	-			
Urban development Capital outlay	1,847,442	3,563,362 22,582	2,695,721	119,339			
Debt service:	-	22,362	-	-			
Principal retirement	20.000	65,148	_	-			
Interest and fiscal charges	1,955						
Total Expenditures	1,948,377	3,651,092	2,695,721	119,339			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	322,309	2,429,638	390,348	2,628,099			
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in	307,806	881,750	-	37,110			
Transfers out	(663,826)	(2,529,879)	(820,821)	(328,914)			
Total Other Financing Sources							
(Uses)	(356,020)	(1,648,129)	(820,821)	(291,804)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(33,711)	781,509	(430,473)	2,336,295			
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	1,082,235	2,611,073	3,024,480	7,574,367			
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 1,048,524	\$ 3,392,582	\$ 2,594,007	\$ 9,910,662			

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

(CONTINUED)

	Special Revenue Funds							
Personal	Ve Pa Dis	Air Quality Improvement		Landscape Maintenance District		Asset Forfeiture		
Revenues: Taxes Special assessments	\$	16,140 -	\$	-	\$ 1,:	- 218,873	\$	- -
Licenses, permits and fees Intergovernmental Charges for services		- - 129,160	1	- 95,710 -		- - -		633,310 71
Use of money and properties Fines and forfeitures		543,557		5,952 -		20,617		39,172 -
Miscellaneous  Total Revenues		688,857	2	01,662	1,:	239,490		672,553
Expenditures: Current:								
General government Public safety		640,938 -		-		-		- 362,052
Urban development Capital outlay Debt service:		-		61,299 51,530	1,	325,471 -		-
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		- -
Total Expenditures		640,938	1	12,829	1,	325,471		362,052
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		47,919		88,833		(85,981)		310,501
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in		-		-		-		-
Transfers out		-	(	85,000)	-			(120,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			(	<u>85,000)</u>				(120,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances		47,919		3,833		(85,981)		190,501
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	2	,481,918	2	58,314		845,408		1,280,228
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 2,	,529,837	\$ 2	62,147	\$	759,427	\$	1,470,729

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Special Revenue Funds						
	Traffic Offender	Measure R	Measure M	Special Fees			
Revenues: Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Special assessments	φ - -	Ψ - -	ψ - -	Ψ - -			
Licenses, permits and fees	-	-	-	775,831			
Intergovernmental Charges for services	- 175,175	1,867,041	2,100,905	-			
Use of money and properties	9,236	74,137	30,932	25,093			
Fines and forfeitures	, -	, -	-	, -			
Miscellaneous							
Total Revenues	184,411	1,941,178	2,131,837	800,924			
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government	- 59,744	-	-	-			
Public safety Urban development	59,744 -	1,438,779	621,698	45,212			
Capital outlay	-	-	260,913	-			
Debt service:							
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-			
morest and need only goo							
Total Expenditures	59,744	1,438,779	882,611	45,212			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	124,667	502,399	1,249,226	755,712			
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in	-	-	-	-			
Transfers out		(867,541)	(1,273,881)				
Total Other Financing Sources							
(Uses)		(867,541)	(1,273,881)				
Net Change in Fund Balances	124,667	(365,142)	(24,655)	755,712			
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	227,412	3,097,695	1,307,862	1,673,978			
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 352,079	\$ 2,732,553	\$ 1,283,207	\$ 2,429,690			

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

(CONTINUED)

	Si	pecial Revenue Fur	nds	Capital Projects Funds
	PEG Fee	ОАТН		Assessment District Improvement
Revenues: Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Special assessments	Ψ - -	ψ - -	Ψ - -	φ - -
Licenses, permits and fees	129,940	-	-	-
Intergovernmental Charges for services	=	1,696,263	418,821	=
Use of money and properties	2,291	- -	5,079	1,155
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	· -	-
Miscellaneous			<u> </u>	<del>-</del>
Total Revenues	132,231	1,696,263	423,900	1,155
Expenditures:				
Current: General government	_	_	_	_
Public safety	- -	1,696,263	-	- -
Urban development	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay Debt service:	2,146	-	-	-
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges				
Total Expenditures	2,146	1,696,263		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	130,085		423,900	1,155
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	=	=	-	-
Transfers out				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Net Change in Fund Balances	130,085		423,900	1,155
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	140,107			60,949
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 270,192	\$ -	\$ 423,900	\$ 62,104

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues: Taxes Special assessments Licenses, permits and fees Intergovernmental Charges for services Use of money and properties Fines and forfeitures Miscellaneous	\$ 16,140 1,218,873 905,771 20,149,120 607,696 1,162,440 - 239,344
Total Revenues	24,299,384
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Urban development Capital outlay Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges  Total Expenditures  Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	640,938 2,197,039 11,718,323 337,171 85,148 1,955
Over (Under) Expenditures	9,318,810
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	1,226,666 (6,689,862)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(5,463,196)
Net Change in Fund Balances	3,855,614
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	25,666,026
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 29,521,640

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

				Variance with Final Budget
	Budget	Amounts	Actual	Positive
	Original	Final	<b>Amounts</b>	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$1,082,235	\$ 1,082,235	\$ 1,082,235	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	2,485,797	4,146,309	1,966,855	(2,179,454)
Charges for services	-	9,605	302,728	293,123
Use of money and properties	5,988	5,988	1,103	(4,885)
Transfers in	312,156	312,156	307,806	(4,350)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	3,886,176	5,556,293	3,660,727	(1,895,566)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public safety	128,503	131,480	78,980	52,500
Urban development	1,594,675	3,036,697	1,847,442	1,189,255
Capital outlay	-	2,800	-	2,800
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	11,000	11,000	20,000	(9,000)
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	1,955	(1,955)
Transfers out	711,901	1,158,195	663,826	494,369
Total Charges to Appropriations	2,446,079	4,340,172	2,612,203	1,727,969
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$1,440,097	\$ 1,216,121	\$ 1,048,524	\$ (167,597)

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE STATE GAS TAX YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$2,611,073	\$ 2,611,073	\$ 2,611,073	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	6,434,348	6,434,348	5,763,254	(671,094)
Charges for services	-	-	562	562
Use of money and properties	31,409	31,409	79,070	47,661
Miscellaneous	175,569	175,569	237,844	62,275
Transfers in	131,750	131,750	881,750	750,000
Amounts Available for Appropriations	9,384,149	9,384,149	9,573,553	189,404
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Urban development	4,224,470	4,251,378	3,563,362	688,016
Capital outlay	-	22,653	22,582	71
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	65,148	65,148	65,148	-
Transfers out	2,423,009	2,423,009	2,529,879	(106,870)
Total Charges to Appropriations	6,712,627	6,762,188	6,180,971	581,217
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 2,671,522	\$ 2,621,961	\$ 3,392,582	\$ 770,621

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PROPOSITION A YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$3,024,480	\$ 3,024,480	\$ 3,024,480	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	3,160,372	3,160,372	3,014,621	(145,751)
Use of money and properties	45,115	45,115	69,948	24,833
Miscellaneous	-	-	1,500	1,500
Amounts Available for Appropriations	6,229,967	6,229,967	6,110,549	(119,418)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Urban development	2,993,680	2,997,548	2,695,721	301,827
Transfers out	610,787	610,787	820,821	(210,034)
Total Charges to Appropriations	3,604,467	3,608,335	3,516,542	91,793
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 2,625,500	\$ 2,621,632	\$ 2,594,007	\$ (27,625)

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PROPOSITION C YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$7,574,367	\$ 7,574,367	\$ 7,574,367	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	2,600,709	2,600,709	2,492,340	(108,369)
Use of money and properties	91,429	91,429	255,098	163,669
Transfers in	-	-	37,110	37,110
Amounts Available for Appropriations	10,266,505	10,266,505	10,358,915	92,410
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Urban development	121,362	123,929	119,339	4,590
Transfers out	2,823,590	2,823,590	328,914	2,494,676
<b>Total Charges to Appropriations</b>	2,944,952	2,947,519	448,253	2,499,266
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$7,321,553	\$ 7,318,986	\$ 9,910,662	\$ 2,591,676

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE VEHICLE PARKING DISTRICT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$2,481,918	\$ 2,481,918	\$ 2,481,918	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Taxes	15,105	15,105	16,140	1,035
Charges for services	145,000	145,000	129,160	(15,840)
Use of money and properties	1,145,004	1,145,004	543,557	(601,447)
Transfers in	-	24,500	-	(24,500)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	3,787,027	3,811,527	3,170,775	(640,752)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
General government	917,840	946,532	640,938	305,594
Transfers out	-	24,500	-	24,500
Total Charges to Appropriations	917,840	971,032	640,938	330,094
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 2,869,187	\$ 2,840,495	\$ 2,529,837	\$ (310,658)

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE AIR QUALITY IMPROVEMENT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budget A	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 258,314	\$ 258,314	\$ 258,314	\$ -	
Resources (Inflows):					
Intergovernmental	199,000	199,000	195,710	(3,290)	
Use of money and properties	5,544	5,544	5,952	408	
Amounts Available for Appropriations	462,858	462,858	459,976	(2,882)	
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):					
Urban development	35,374	53,498	61,299	(7,801)	
Capital outlay	51,530	51,530	51,530	· -	
Transfers out	233,939	233,939	85,000	148,939	
<b>Total Charges to Appropriations</b>	320,843	338,967	197,829	141,138	
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 142,015	\$ 123,891	\$ 262,147	\$ 138,256	

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE LANDSCAPE MAINTENANCE DISTRICT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Original Final		(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 845,408	\$ 845,408	\$ 845,408	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Special assessments	1,223,878	1,223,878	1,218,873	(5,005)
Use of money and properties	14,385	14,385	20,617	6,232
Amounts Available for Appropriations	2,083,671	2,083,671	2,084,898	1,227
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Urban development	1,462,197	1,469,499	1,325,471	144,028
Total Charges to Appropriations	1,462,197	1,469,499	1,325,471	144,028
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 621,474	\$ 614,172	\$ 759,427	\$ 145,255

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ASSET FORFEITURE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)		
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$1,280,228	\$ 1,280,228	\$ 1,280,228	\$ -		
Resources (Inflows):						
Intergovernmental	775,000	775,000	633,310	(141,690)		
Charges for services	6,000	6,000	71	(5,929)		
Use of money and properties	12,740	12,740	39,172	26,432		
Miscellaneous	1,708,775	1,708,775	-	(1,708,775)		
Amounts Available for Appropriations	3,782,743	3,782,743	1,952,781	(1,829,962)		
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):						
General government	-	-	-	-		
Public safety	955,550	807,638	362,052	445,586		
Capital outlay	-	147,912	-	147,912		
Transfers out	-	120,000	120,000	-		
Total Charges to Appropriations	955,550	1,075,550	482,052	593,498		
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 2,827,193	\$ 2,707,193	\$ 1,470,729	\$ (1,236,464)		

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE TRAFFIC OFFENDER YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 227,412	\$ 227,412	\$ 227,412	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Charges for services	160,000	160,000	175,175	15,175
Use of money and properties	3,353	3,353	9,236	5,883
Amounts Available for Appropriations	390,765	390,765	411,823	21,058
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public safety	120,850	140,850	59,744	81,106
Capital outlay	65,000	45,000		45,000
Total Charges to Appropriations	185,850	185,850	59,744	126,106
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 204,915	\$ 204,915	\$ 352,079	\$ 147,164

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MEASURE R YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budget	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$3,097,695	\$ 3,097,695	\$ 3,097,695	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	1,950,742	1,950,742	1,867,041	(83,701)
Use of money and properties	47,942	47,942	74,137	26,195
Amounts Available for Appropriations	5,096,379	5,096,379	5,038,873	(57,506)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Urban development	1,532,234	1,567,507	1,438,779	128,728
Transfers out	347,925	671,591	867,541	(195,950)
Total Charges to Appropriations	1,880,159	2,239,098	2,306,320	(67,222)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$3,216,220	\$ 2,857,281	\$ 2,732,553	\$ (124,728)

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MEASURE M YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	<b>Amounts</b>	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$1,307,862	\$ 1,307,862	\$ 1,307,862	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	2,210,602	2,210,602	2,100,905	(109,697)
Use of money and properties	27,428	27,428	30,932	3,504
Amounts Available for Appropriations	3,545,892	3,545,892	3,439,699	(106,193)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Urban development	851,694	862,791	621,698	241,093
Capital outlay	214,812	261,284	260,913	371
Transfers out	973,491	1,093,491	1,273,881	(180,390)
Total Charges to Appropriations	2,039,997	2,217,566	2,156,492	61,074
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$1,505,895	\$ 1,328,326	\$ 1,283,207	\$ (45,119)

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL FEES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$1,673,978	\$ 1,673,978	\$ 1,673,978	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Special assessments	251,200	251,200	775,831	524,631
Use of money and properties	-	-	25,093	25,093
Amounts Available for Appropriations	1,925,178	1,925,178	2,474,902	549,724
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Urban development	200,000	200,000	45,212	154,788
Total Charges to Appropriations	200,000	200,000	45,212	154,788
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$1,725,178	\$ 1,725,178	\$ 2,429,690	\$ 704,512

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PEG FEE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 140,107	\$ 140,107	\$ 140,107	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Licenses, permits and fees	85,000	85,000	129,940	44,940
Use of money and properties	· -	· -	2,291	2,291
Amounts Available for Appropriations	225,107	225,107	272,338	47,231
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Capital outlay	85,000	85,000	2,146	82,854
Total Charges to Appropriations	85,000	85,000	2,146	82,854
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 140,107	\$ 140,107	\$ 270,192	\$ 130,085

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE OATH INITIATIVE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Budget /			Acti		Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive
	Orig	ınal		Final	Amounts		(Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Resources (Inflows):								
Intergovernmental		_	1	,554,726	1,696	5,263		141,537
Amounts Available for Appropriations		-	1	,554,726	1,690	5,263		141,537
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				<u> </u>				
Public safety		-	1	,572,671	1,696	5,263		(123,592)
<b>Total Charges to Appropriations</b>		-	1	,572,671	1,690	5,263		(123,592)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$		\$	(17,945)	\$	-	\$	17,945

## **INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS**

The **Internal Service Funds** account for maintenance and repair of City vehicles and equipment, risk management, general liability, workers' compensation, information technology, and printing and mail service provided to other departments or agencies of the City.

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	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds				
	Self- Insurance	Equipment Maintenance	Information Technology	Printing/Mail Services	Totals
Assets:	mourance	Mantenance	reconnected	OCI VIOCO	Totals
Current:					
Cash and investments	\$ 10,199,886	\$ 291,201	\$ 239,794	\$ -	\$ 10,730,881
Receivables:					
Accounts	591	-	-	-	591
Interest	65,475	-	-	-	65,475
Prepaid items	-	-	-	1,438	1,438
Inventories		375,424			375,424
Total Current Assets	10,265,952	666,625	239,794	1,438	11,173,809
Management					
Noncurrent: Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation		142,570	120,293		262,863
Total Noncurrent Assets		142,570	120,293		262,863
Total Assets	10,265,952	809,195	360,087	1,438	11,436,672
Deferred Outflows of Resources:					
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	99,857	316,062	211,624	_	627,543
Deferred outflows of resources related to	33,007	010,002	211,024		021,040
other postemployment benefits	51,132	268,633	138,896		458,661
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	150,989	584,695	350,520		1,086,204
Liabilities:					
Current:					
Accounts payable	108,827	285,716	44,131	124	438,798
Due to other funds	-	-	-	60,844	60,844
Payroll payable	24,167	72,865	46,788	-	143,820
Compensated absences, due within one year	-	204,797	-	-	204,797
Claims and judgements, due within one year	6,311,000				6,311,000
Total Current Liabilities	6,443,994	563,378	90,919	60,968	7,159,259
Nonecument					
Noncurrent: Claims and judgements, due in more than one year	9,223,779				9,223,779
Total other postemployment benefit liability	511,688	2,688,278	1,389,962	-	4,589,928
Net pension liability	846,024	2,677,781	1,792,949		5,316,754
Not periori liability	040,024	2,077,701	1,702,040		0,010,704
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	10,581,491	5,366,059	3,182,911		19,130,461
Total Liabilities	17,025,485	5,929,437	3,273,830	60,968	26,289,720
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	11,887	37,624	25,192	_	74,703
Deferred inflows of resources related to	,557	J.,J_ 1	20,.02		,. 50
other postemployment benefits	19,544	102,679	53,091		175,314
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	31,431	140,303	78,283		250,017
Net Pecition					
Net Position:		140 570	420.202		262.062
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	- (6 620 075)	142,570	120,293	(E0 E20)	262,863
Onesincleu	(6,639,975)	(4,818,420)	(2,761,799)	(59,530)	(14,279,724)
Total Net Position	\$ (6,639,975)	\$ (4,675,850)	\$ (2,641,506)	\$ (59,530)	\$ (14,016,861)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds				
	Self- Insurance	Equipment Maintenance	Information Technology	Printing/Mail Services	Totals
Operating Revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 4,708,750	\$ 4,253,805	\$ 1,980,550	\$ 4,046	\$ 10,947,151
Miscellaneous	350,492				350,492
Total Operating Revenues	5,059,242	4,253,805	1,980,550	4,046	11,297,643
Operating Expenses:					
Personnel services	-	2,006,261	1,385,665	-	3,391,926
Operations	-	2,535,613	859,413	16,830	3,411,856
Claims expense	6,239,071	477	-	-	6,239,548
Depreciation expense	-	13,243	23,788	-	37,031
Insurance		60,282	30,140		90,422
Total Operating Expenses	6,239,071	4,615,876	2,299,006	16,830	13,170,783
Operating Income (Loss)	(1,179,829)	(362,071)	(318,456)	(12,784)	(1,873,140)
Nonoperating Revenues:					
Investment income	497,849	2,112	2,336		502,297
Total Nonoperating Revenues	497,849	2,112	2,336		502,297
Changes in Net Position	(681,980)	(359,959)	(316,120)	(12,784)	(1,370,843)
Net Position:					
Beginning of Year	(5,957,995)	(4,315,891)	(2,325,386)	(46,746)	(12,646,018)
End of Fiscal Year	\$ (6,639,975)	\$ (4,675,850)	\$ (2,641,506)	\$ (59,530)	\$ (14,016,861)

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds				
	Self-Insurance	Equipment Maintenance	Information Technology	Printing/Mail Services	Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from customers and users Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services Cash paid for general and administrative expenses	\$ 5,059,242 (3,790,457) (51,559)	\$ 4,253,805 (2,803,482) (1,661,681)	\$ 1,980,550 (960,551)	\$ 4,046 (20,651)	\$ 11,297,643 (7,575,141) (2,688,521)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	1,217,226	(211,358)	44,718	(16,605)	1,033,981
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities: Cash received from other funds				60,844	60,844
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities				60,844	60,844
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(29,972)	<u> </u>		(29,972)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(29,972)	<u> </u>		(29,972)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest received	498,599	2,112	2,336		503,047
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	498,599	2,112	2,336	<del>-</del> _	503,047
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,715,825	(239,218)	47,054	44,239	1,567,900
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	8,484,061	530,419	192,740	(44,239)	9,162,981
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 10,199,886	\$ 291,201	\$ 239,794	\$ -	\$ 10,730,881
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss)	\$ (1,179,829)	\$ (362,071)	) \$ (318,456)	\$ (12,784)	\$ (1,873,140)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) net cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Depreciation (Increase) decrease in inventories (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows	-	13,243 (41,054)	23,788	-	37,031 (41,054)
of resources related to pensions (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows	(10,479)	(38,178)		-	(88,026)
of resources related to other postemployment benefits Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in payroll payable	(25,672) 103,877 5,053	(163,398) (166,056) 13,621		(3,821)	(278,280) (136,998) 27,726
Increase (decrease) in claims and judgments Increase (decrease) in compensated absences Increase (decrease) in net other postemployment benefit liability Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	2,344,737 - (66,132) 47,003	24,986 299,942 193,553	262,331 253,018	-	2,344,737 24,986 496,141 493,574
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources related to pensions Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows	2,932	9,783	7,934	-	20,649
of resources related to other postemployment benefits	(4,264)	4,271	6,628		6,635
Total Adjustments	2,397,055	150,713	363,174	(3,821)	2,907,121
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 1,217,226	\$ (211,358)	\$ 44,718	\$ (16,605)	\$ 1,033,981

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#### **AGENCY FUNDS**

The **Agency Funds** account for assets held by the City for other funds, governments, or individuals. These funds include receipts and disbursements of funds for the debt service activity of the 1911 Act assessment districts, cash deposits collected for street and sidewalk encroachment permits, debt services activity related to debt without government commitment for various assessment district improvements, cash guarantees (deposits) collected by the City for various construction improvement projects, deposits of miscellaneous self-supporting City Projects, payment of various employee benefits and deductions, including, but not limited to, health and dental insurance premiums, federal and state withholding taxes, life insurance and other withholdings from regular compensation as well as monitoring of the local watershed as required by the MS4 permit as a lead agency of the East San Gabriel Valley Watershed Management Group.

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION ALL AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Assessment Districts		Engineers' Revolving		Construction Guarantee		Municipal Revolving	
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	251,266	\$	433,028	\$	809,166	\$	1,358,591
Receivables (net):								
Accounts		-		-		-		202,171
Interest		622		43		-		-
Due from other governments		23,533		-		-		256,538
Total Assets		275,421		433,071	-	809,166		1,817,300
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	250	\$	401,836
Deposits payable		47,228		433,071		808,916		1,415,464
Due to external parties/other agencies		228,193		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
Total Liabilities	\$	275,421	\$	433,071	\$	809,166	\$	1,817,300

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION ALL AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

			East	San Gabriel		
	E	mployee	Val	ley Water		
	Benefit	s/Deductions	Mai	nagement		Totals
Assets:						
Cash and investments	\$	524,221	\$	85,911	\$	3,462,183
Receivables (net):						
Accounts		-		75,063		277,234
Interest		-		69		734
Due from other governments		-				280,071
Total Access		504.004		404.040		4 000 000
Total Assets		524,221		161,043		4,020,222
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	524,221	\$	98,562	\$	1,024,869
Deposits payable	•	· ,	*	62,481	•	2,767,160
Due to external parties/other agencies				<u> </u>		228,193
Total Liabilities	\$	524,221	\$	161,043	\$	4,020,222

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Balance July 1, 2019	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2020		
Assessment Districts						
Assets: Cash and investments	\$ 231,280	\$ 23,548	\$ 3,562	\$ 251,266		
Receivables (net): Interest	967	621	966	622		
Due from other governments  Total Assets	12,186 <b>\$ 244,433</b>	23,533 <b>\$ 47,702</b>	12,186 <b>\$ 16,714</b>	23,533 <b>\$ 275,421</b>		
Liabilities: Deposits payable	\$ 18,342	\$ 41,596	\$ 12,710	\$ 47,228		
Due to external parties/other agencies  Total Liabilities	226,091 <b>\$ 244,433</b>	5,485 <b>\$ 47,081</b>	3,383 <b>\$ 16,093</b>	228,193 <b>\$ 275,421</b>		
Engineers' Revolving	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	10,000	<u> </u>		
Assets:						
Cash and investments Receivables (net):	\$ 430,644	\$ 2,384	\$ -	\$ 433,028		
Interest Total Assets	\$ <b>430,856</b>	\$ <b>2,427</b>	\$ 212	43 <b>\$ 433,071</b>		
Liabilities:						
Deposits payable  Total Liabilities	\$ 430,856 <b>\$ 430,856</b>	\$ 4,641 <b>\$ 4,641</b>	\$ 2,426 <b>\$ 2,426</b>	\$ 433,071 <b>\$ 433,071</b>		
Construction Guarantee						
Assets: Cash and investments	\$ 799,582	\$ 50,516	\$ 40,932	\$ 809,166		
Total Assets	\$ 799,582	\$ 50,516	\$ 40,932	\$ 809,166		
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$ 250	\$ 40,931	\$ 40,931	\$ 250		
Deposits payable  Total Liabilities	799,332 <b>799,582</b>	50,516 \$ 91,447	40,932 \$ <b>81,863</b>	808,916 \$ 809,166		
	<del>\$ 799,562</del>	\$ 91,447	\$ 61,663	\$ 609,166		
Municipal Revolving						
Assets: Cash and investments Receivables (net):	\$ 1,495,759	\$ 1,021,806	\$ 1,158,974	\$ 1,358,591		
Accounts  Due from other governments	83,779	980,318 256,538	861,926	202,171 256,538		
Total Assets	\$ 1,579,538	\$ 2,258,662	\$ 2,020,900	\$ 1,817,300		
Liabilities:	\$ 78,061	¢ 1.450.012	¢ 1125120	\$ 401,836		
Accounts payable Deposits payable	1,501,477	\$ 1,458,913 1,507,918	\$ 1,135,138 1,593,931	1,415,464		
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,579,538	\$ 2,966,831	\$ 2,729,069	\$ 1,817,300		

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Balance July 1, 2019	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2020
Employee Benefits/Deductions	-			
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 797,291	\$35,370,231	\$35,643,301	\$ 524,221
Total Assets	\$ 797,291	\$35,370,231	\$35,643,301	\$ 524,221
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 797,291	\$37,409,493	\$37,682,563	\$ 524,221
Total Liabilities	\$ 797,291	\$37,409,493	\$37,682,563	\$ 524,221
East San Gabriel Valley Water Management				
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 61,143	\$ 429,192	\$ 404,424	\$ 85,911
Receivables (net):	,	,		,
Accounts	77,807	237,193	239,937	75,063
Interest	64	69	64	69
Total Assets	\$ 139,014	\$ 666,454	\$ 644,425	\$ 161,043
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 114,614	\$ 378,456	\$ 394,508	\$ 98,562
Deposits payable	24,400	38,081	-	62,481
Total Liabilities	\$ 139,014	\$ 416,537	\$ 394,508	\$ 161,043
Totals - All Agency Funds				
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 3,815,699	\$36,897,677	\$37,251,193	\$ 3,462,183
Receivables (net):				
Accounts	161,586	1,217,511	1,101,863	277,234
Interest	1,243	733	1,242	734
Due from other governments	12,186	280,071	12,186	280,071
Total Assets	\$ 3,990,714	\$38,395,992	\$38,366,484	\$ 4,020,222
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 990,216	\$39,287,793	\$39,253,140	\$ 1,024,869
Deposits payable	2,774,407	1,642,752	1,649,999	2,767,160
Due to external parties/other agencies	226,091	5,485	3,383	228,193
Total Liabilities	\$ 3,990,714	\$40,936,030	\$40,906,522	\$ 4,020,222

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STATISTICAL SECTION

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## **Statistical Section (Unaudited)**

This part of the City of Pomona's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Conte	<u>ents</u>	<u>Page</u>
	ncial Trends - These schedules contain information to help the reader to understand the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
1 2 3 4 5	Net Position by Component Changes in Net Position Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source	190 192 196 198 200
	nue Capacity - These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the most significant own-source revenue.	
6 7 8 9 10	Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments Principal Property Taxpayers Top 25 Sales Tax Generators Property Tax Levies and Collections	201 202 203 204 205
	<u>Capacity</u> - These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
11 12 13 14 15 16	Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Direct and Overlapping Debt Legal Debt Margin Information Pledged Revenue Coverage - Water Pledged Revenue Coverage - Sewer	206 208 209 210 212 213
	ographic and Economic Information - These schedules offer demographic and economic ators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	
17 18	Demographic and Economic Statistics Principal Employers	214 215
under	ating Information - These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader rstand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and ctivities it performs.	
19 20 21	Authorized Full-Time City Employees by Function Operating Indicators by Function Capital Asset Statistics by Function	216 217 218

			Fiscal Year		
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Governmental activities:					
Net investment in					
capital assets	\$ 257,218,882	\$ 272,949,495	\$ 266,340,326	\$ 239,862,742	\$ 232,263,791
Restricted	138,810,197	94,261,171	94,797,810	91,110,197	138,440,707
Unrestricted	(232,125,172)	(99,699,617)	(88,955,872)	(66,485,308)	(255,237,644)
Total governmental					
activates net position	\$ 163,903,907	\$ 267,511,049	\$ 272,182,264	\$ 264,487,631	\$ 115,466,854
Business-type activities:					
Net investment in					
capital assets	\$ 53,012,960	\$ 46,811,318	\$ 40,774,712	\$ 43,825,224	\$ 42,086,156
Restricted	7,660,879	13,544,047	14,805,693	32,725,153	28,900,238
Unrestricted	36,095,478	39,600,817	42,671,686	23,144,683	15,566,032
Total business-type					
activities net position	\$ 96,769,317	\$ 99,956,182	\$ 98,252,091	\$ 99,695,060	\$ 86,552,426
Primary government:					
Net investment in	•				
capital assets	\$ 310,231,842	\$ 319,760,813	\$ 307,115,038	\$ 283,687,966	\$ 274,349,947
Restricted	146,471,076	107,805,218	109,603,503	123,835,350	167,340,945
Unrestricted	(196,029,694)	(60,098,800)	(46,284,186)	(43,340,625)	(239,671,612)
Total primary					
government net position	\$ 260,673,224	\$ 367,467,231	\$ 370,434,355	\$ 364,182,691	\$ 202,019,280

			Fiscal Year		
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Governmental activities:					
Net investment in					
capital assets	\$ 224,471,223	\$ 234,174,328	\$ 239,698,525	\$ 246,211,473	\$ 249,865,379
Restricted	116,594,550	73,828,441	76,492,595	78,464,005	73,644,455
Unrestricted	(227,001,243)	(241,201,601)	(257,496,100)	(263,613,107)	(276,437,035)
Total governmental					
activates net position	\$ 114,064,530	\$ 66,801,168	\$ 58,695,020	\$ 61,062,371	\$ 47,072,799
<b>_</b>					
Business-type activities:					
Net investment in			•		
capital assets	\$ 42,988,769	\$ 47,223,963	\$ 49,968,356	\$ 50,227,346	\$ 52,662,674
Restricted	23,984,978	1,885,849	7,352,171	7,474,831	7,526,741
Unrestricted	25,022,337	22,446,812	15,446,370	18,984,171	24,753,618
Total business-type					
activities net position	\$ 91,996,084	\$ 71,556,624	\$ 72,766,897	\$ 76,686,348	\$ 84,943,033
Primary government:					
Net investment in					
capital assets	\$ 267,459,992	\$ 281,398,291	\$ 289,666,881	\$ 296,438,819	\$ 302,528,053
Restricted	140,579,528	75,714,290	83,844,766	85,938,836	81,171,196
Unrestricted	(201,978,906)	(218,754,789)	(242,049,730)	(244,628,936)	, ,
	(201,976,906)	(210,104,109)	(242,049,130)	(244,020,930)	(251,683,417)
Total primary					
government net position	\$ 206,060,614	\$ 138,357,792	\$ 131,461,917	\$ 137,748,719	\$ 132,015,832

			Fiscal Year		
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Expenses					
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 6,064,138	\$ 5,248,291	\$ 7,499,578	\$ 5,583,709	\$ 5,559,844
Public safety	63,110,539	63,470,704	62,632,820	66,570,974	67,614,853
Urban development	77,538,633	94,480,470	36,407,420	47,913,493	42,134,924
Neighborhood services	7,082,135	6,771,751	14,858,140	6,181,264	6,151,817
Interest on long-term debt	29,390,035	21,834,146	7,997,227	5,364,960	5,252,517
Total governmental activities	183,185,480	191,805,362	129,395,185	131,614,400	126,713,955
Business-type activities:					
Water	29,408,125	25,909,880	28,242,875	29,585,491	27,125,628
Sewer	5,733,464	5,192,272	8,544,029	4,164,990	3,962,091
Refuse	8,762,936	8,732,864	8,403,397	8,562,818	8,467,884
Canon Water Company	13,927	13,219	25,163	18,154	26,747
Pomona Choice Energy Authority	-	-	-	-	-
Total business-type activities	43,918,452	39,848,235	45,215,464	42,331,453	39,582,350
,,	10,010,102	00,040,200	10,210,101	42,001,400	00,002,000
Total primary government expenses	\$ 227,103,932	\$ 231,653,597	\$ 174,610,649	\$ 173,945,853	\$ 166,296,305
Program Revenues Governmental activities: Charges for services:					
Police revenues	\$ 2,053,307	\$ 2,493,299	\$ 3,066,121	\$ 3,316,768	\$ 3,488,416
Plan check fees	354,575	408,563	1,017,684	816,046	778,349
Building permits	466,567	687,783	937,070	1,107,049	1,093,143
Graffiti abatement	564,531	563,935	552,417	567,499	566,547
Street sweeping fees	473,614	472,717	462,461	475,665	474,722
Maintenance assessment fees	1,214,829	1,229,707	1,229,659	1,193,066	1,213,094
All other	7,249,221	731,866	9,066,076	6,014,243	6,708,617
Operating contributions and grants	23,115,271	18,896,518	20,548,119	19,501,511	17,564,805
Capital contributions and grants	24,908,628	18,512,640	15,442,436	12,758,089	12,627,464
Total governmental					
activities program revenues	60,400,543	43,997,028	52,322,043	45,749,936	44,515,157
Business-type activities: Charges for services:					
Water	27,898,709	29,405,992	30,633,205	31,611,142	29,888,243
Sewer	4,342,682	4,528,346	4,461,575	4,684,934	4,733,661
Refuse	9,046,619	9,273,301	9,107,603	9,561,681	9,523,134
Canon Water Company	-	-	64,221	64,221	64,221
Pomona Choice Energy Authority	-	-	-	-	-
Operating contributions and grants Capital contributions and grants	109,165	880 388,000	46,588 	42,833	42,052 
Total business-type					
activities program revenues	41,397,175	43,596,519	44,313,192	45,964,811	44,251,311
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 101,797,718	\$ 87,593,547	\$ 96,635,235	\$ 91,714,747	\$ 88,766,468

	2011	2012	Fiscal Year 2013	2014	2015
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ (122,784,937) (2,521,277)	\$ (147,808,334) 3,748,284	\$ (77,073,142) (902,272)	\$ (85,864,464) 3,633,358	\$ (82,198,798) 4,668,961
Total primary					
government net expense	\$ (125,306,214)	\$ (144,060,050)	\$ (77,975,414)	\$ (82,231,106)	\$ (77,529,837)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities: Taxes: Property taxes	\$ 58,116,765	\$ 41,754,679	\$ 32,143,878	\$ 33,630,550	\$ 36,408,806
Sales taxes Motor vehicle licenses Transient occupancy taxes Property transfer taxes Franchise taxes Utility users taxes Business licenses	9,507,105 829,147 1,266,721 987,363 5,910,791 17,718,623 2,730,397	10,804,554 83,907 1,359,064 1,111,530 5,961,105 17,374,682 3,065,405	12,354,719 69,443 1,473,662 1,475,856 5,671,708 16,941,444 3,123,120	12,040,357 - 1,560,682 1,430,195 6,029,371 17,311,594 3,171,919	13,544,946 67,079 1,568,387 1,581,039 6,563,245 17,465,816 3,346,851
Other taxes Investment earnings/(expenses) Miscellaneous Gain on sale of property Extraordinary gain/(loss) on disollution of Redevelopment Agency Transfers	4,008 23,775,050 2,547,071 - (220,346)	69,575 13,432,247 6,703,775 - 149,004,835 690,118	20,966 4,363,428 2,347,387 - 804,048 954,698	12,963 2,304,604 2,900,772 - (144,397) 538,371	59,221 2,109,521 3,461,493 - 808,340 1,011,800
Total governmental activities	123,172,695	251,415,476	81,744,357	80,786,981	87,996,544
Business-type activities: Investment earnings/(expenses) Miscellaneous Income (loss) on	133,255 3,733	126,449 2,250	41,890 31,677	125,696 117,000	92,349 121,408
sale of capital assets Transfers	- 220,346	- (690,118)	79,312 (954,698)	9,205 (538,371)	1,965 (1,011,800)
Total business-type activities	357,334	(561,419)	(801,819)	(286,470)	(796,078)
Total primary government	\$ 123,530,029	\$ 250,854,057	\$ 80,942,538	\$ 80,500,511	\$ 87,200,466
Changes in Net Position Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ 387,758 (2,163,943)	\$ 103,607,142 3,186,865	\$ 4,671,215 (1,704,091)	\$ (5,077,483) 3,346,888	\$ 5,797,746 3,872,883
Total primary government	\$ (1,776,185)	\$ 106,794,007	\$ 2,967,124	\$ (1,730,595)	\$ 9,670,629

			Fiscal Year		
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Expenses			-		
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 7,562,244	\$ 6,469,953	\$ 17,361,635	\$ 18,396,137	\$ 9,102,528
Public safety	68,882,651	80,253,767	90,198,911	88,946,880	105,018,750
Urban development	43,544,386	42,113,740	39,353,774	46,536,121	58,913,340
Neighborhood services	7,853,695	7,410,753	7,624,657	7,399,533	5,800,930
Interest on long-term debt	5,027,126	5,225,017	4,011,254	2,941,398	3,197,362
Total governmental activities	132,870,102	141,473,230	158,550,231	164,220,069	182,032,910
Business-type activities:					
Water	25,763,116	28,440,029	30,919,855	27,912,991	28,007,704
Sewer	4,026,081	3,792,538	4,067,892	4,379,232	2,747,675
Refuse	8,028,531	9,443,548	10,197,844	9,934,035	9,955,161
Canon Water Company	21,080	19,718	29,972	26,695	28,741
Pomona Choice Energy Authority		-	-	-	833,607
Total business-type activities	37,838,808	41,695,833	45,215,563	42,252,953	41,572,888
Total primary government expenses	\$ 170,708,910	\$ 183,169,063	\$ 203,765,794	\$ 206,473,022	\$ 223,605,798
Program Revenues Governmental activities: Charges for services:					
Police revenues	\$ 3,376,174	\$ 3,205,255	\$ 3,468,394	\$ 2,932,265	\$ 1,648,147
Plan check fees	1,219,738	988,963	866,034	1,110,162	1,282,955
Building permits	2,353,704	1,790,114	1,925,425	2,108,774	2,058,052
Graffiti abatement	568,757	566,597	556,879	18,721	-
Street sweeping fees	476,646	474,051	465,927	15,030	-
Maintenance assessment fees	1,176,050	1,200,732	1,191,903	1,216,193	1,218,872
All other	8,100,519	5,900,327	5,667,496	6,502,456	27,387,658
Operating contributions and grants Capital contributions and grants	16,994,223 11,413,949	29,965,692 8,071,688	35,876,846 8,191,910	45,323,992 6,477,530	30,066,570 14,964,309
	11,413,949	0,071,000	0,191,910	0,477,550	14,904,309
Total governmental activities program revenues	45,679,760	52,163,419	58,210,814	65,705,123	78,626,563
Business-type activities: Charges for services:	00.400.540	00.000.470	00.740.700		
Water	28,189,546	29,239,473	29,713,762	30,537,806	32,467,193
Sewer	4,425,247	4,291,847	4,312,373	4,795,076	5,557,690
Refuse	9,692,936	10,071,188	10,104,225	10,600,103	10,889,767
Canon Water Company Pomona Choice Energy Authority	64,221	64,221	64,221	-	-
Operating contributions and grants Capital contributions and grants	45,841 	396,147 	4,137,026	83,280 -	41,458 <u>-</u>
Total business-type					
activities program revenues	42,417,791	44,062,876	48,331,607	46,016,265	48,956,108
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 88,097,551	\$ 96,226,295	\$ 106,542,421	\$ 111,721,388	\$ 127,582,671

				Figure Vect				
	 2016	2017		Fiscal Year 2018	2019			2020
Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ (87,190,342) 4,578,983	\$ (89,309,811) 2,367,043	\$ (	(100,339,417) 3,116,044	\$	(98,514,946) 3,763,312	\$ (	(103,406,347) 7,383,220
Total primary government net expense	\$ (82,611,359)	\$ (86,942,768)	\$	(97,223,373)	\$	(94,751,634)	\$	(96,023,127)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities: Taxes: Property taxes Sales taxes Motor vehicle licenses	\$ 33,716,887 15,171,472	\$ 33,649,454 18,135,287	\$	35,564,811 18,913,339	\$	39,212,060 22,239,249 74,731	\$	38,634,967 30,407,998
Transient occupancy taxes Property transfer taxes Franchise taxes Utility users taxes Business licenses Other taxes	61,498 1,723,719 1,859,615 6,425,511 16,419,345 3,408,813 139,498	69,708 2,101,946 1,924,198 6,418,863 16,022,386 3,830,673		81,751 2,183,989 1,874,513 6,630,484 16,455,057 3,762,860 2,546		2,514,809 1,790,878 4,921,153 15,897,932 4,207,458 2,049		122,129 2,431,755 - 4,942,288 15,562,762 - -
Investment earnings/(expenses) Miscellaneous Gain on sale of property Extraordinary gain/(loss) on disollution of Redevelopment Agency Transfers	2,665,388 3,759,791 - - (482,001)	2,198,733 309,624 - - 2,710,344		1,880,240 1,735,726 3,062,886		3,077,304 1,406,014 2,576,121 - 3,047,606		4,820,983 1,686,413 - - - 3,613,692
Total governmental activities	84,869,536	87,371,216		92,148,202		100,967,364		102,222,987
Business-type activities: Investment earnings/(expenses) Miscellaneous Income (loss) on sale of capital assets Transfers	313,933 817,020 - 482,001	134,138 1,709,825 - (2,710,344)		454,394 692,721 (3,062,886)		1,672,232 1,531,513 (3,047,606)		1,625,955 308,401 (3,613,692)
Total business-type activities	 1,612,954	(866,381)		(1,915,771)		156,139		(1,679,336)
Total primary government	\$ 86,482,490	\$ 86,504,835	\$	90,232,431	\$	101,123,503	\$	100,543,651
Changes in Net Position Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ (2,320,806) 6,191,937	\$ (1,938,595) 1,500,662	\$	(8,191,215) 1,200,273	\$	2,452,418 3,919,451	\$	(1,183,360) 5,703,884
Total primary government	\$ 3,871,131	\$ (437,933)	\$	(6,990,942)	\$	6,371,869	\$	4,520,524

				Fiscal Year		
		2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
General Fund:						
Reserved	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved		-	- 	-	-	-
Non-spendable		126,089	140,834	109,949	112,436	102,280
Restricted		-	-	-	-	-
Committed		5,563,011	2,007,185	7,316,769	12,260,809	14,467,914
Assigned		-	-	-	-	- 2717 000
Unassigned		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	2,717,909
Total General Fund	\$	5,689,100	\$ 2,148,019	\$ 7,426,718	\$12,373,245	\$17,288,103
All Other Governmental Funds: Reserved	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved, designated	Ψ	_	Ψ -	Ψ -	Ψ -	Ψ -
Unreserved, reported in:						
Special revenue funds		-	-	-	-	-
Debt service funds		-	-	-	-	-
Capital projects funds		-	-	-	-	-
Non-spendable	2	259,577,717	60,310,838	13,880,356	11,996,916	84,397,170
Restricted		81,339,275	41,875,382	88,633,395	86,119,256	54,043,537
Committed		-	-	-	-	-
Assigned		-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	(2	202,261,861)	(43,208,211)	(41,655,762)	(41,134,968)	(59,893,036)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	138,655,131	\$ 58,978,009	\$60,857,989	\$56,981,204	\$78,547,671

	2016	2017	Fiscal Year 2018	2019	2020	
General Fund:	2010		2010	2010		
Reserved	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Unreserved	Ψ -	Ψ -	Ψ -	Ψ -	Ψ -	
Non-spendable	106,876	65,843	11,795	11,795	11,795	
Restricted	-	8,791	17,170	6,200	6,200	
Committed	15,664,972	16,151,859	16,635,397	18,158,901	19,621,727	
Assigned	-	-	. 0,000,001	. 5, . 55, 55 .	. 0,02 . ,. 2 .	
Unassigned	1,067,804	938,380	1,309,638	3,825,896	2,102,732	
Total General Fund	\$16,839,652	\$17,164,873	\$17,974,000	\$22,002,792	\$21,742,454	
All Other Governmental Funds: Reserved Unreserved, designated	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Unreserved, reported in:						
Special revenue funds	-	-	-	-	-	
Debt service funds	-	-	-	-	-	
Capital projects funds	-	-				
Non-spendable	9,081	900,707	864,959	829,211	792,822	
Restricted	116,479,028	144,882,213	148,814,041	145,131,994	144,365,622	
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	
Unassigned	(39,170,313)	(76,496,881)	(75,548,438)	(73,096,233)	(71,511,748)	
Total All Other						
Governmental Funds	\$77,317,796	\$69,286,039	\$74,130,562	\$72,864,972	\$73,646,696	

			Fiscal Year		
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 95,691,191	\$ 79,677,392	\$72,063,654	\$74,894,452	\$79,325,218
Special assessments	1,214,829	1,229,707	1,229,658	1,193,067	1,213,093
Licenses and permits	3,333,417	4,234,901	5,770,483	6,637,168	6,569,523
Intergovernmental	50,654,510	38,432,208	35,229,918	32,189,819	30,287,748
Charges for services	3,625,992	3,637,583	4,619,080	4,145,014	4,009,626
Interest and rentals	15,732,587	13,417,141	4,364,959	2,294,343	2,098,902
Fines and forfeitures	1,784,123	1,820,973	1,960,621	2,119,972	2,063,417
Loans repaid	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions and donations	-	-	-	-	51,581
Miscellaneous	4,663,782	5,223,877	5,040,269	2,329,091	3,175,185
Total Revenues	176,700,431	147,673,782	130,278,642	125,802,926	128,794,293
Expenditures:					
General government	3,073,323	2,385,778	4,388,871	3,569,806	4,037,452
Public safety	61,574,218	61,362,969	62,362,342	65,349,307	68,400,434
Urban development	83,925,250	59,708,273	45,707,873	43,679,402	43,859,126
Neighborhood services	5,889,207	5,577,913	5,007,798	4,748,939	4,702,795
Capital outlay	2,644,383	1,835,062	2,040,791	1,660,811	993,126
Debt service:	2,011,000	1,000,002	2,010,701	1,000,011	000,120
Principal retirement	5,480,210	8,123,605	2,437,533	2,817,951	2,916,051
Interest and fiscal charges	26,522,841	25,243,568	7,358,464	4,974,045	4,855,160
Debt issuance costs	20,022,041	-	-	-1,07-1,0-10	-,000,100
Total Expenditures	189,109,432	164,237,168	129,303,672	126,800,261	129,764,144
•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	(12,409,001)	(16,563,386)	974,970	(997,335)	(969,851)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Notes and loans issued	649,425	-	200,000	300,000	-
Bond premium	, -	-	· -	· -	-
Payments to escrow agent	-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from capital leases	-	620,860	695,000	-	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	1,764,196	271,938	4,529,370	1,047,249	35,530
Gain/Loss - sale of land held for resale	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	25,487,284	15,766,850	16,654,519	8,628,509	9,379,865
Transfers out	(29,524,748)	(15,076,732)	(15,699,821)	(7,764,284)	(8,368,065)
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	(1,623,843)	1,582,916	6,379,068	2,211,474	1,047,330
Extraordinary gain/(loss) on dissolution					
of Redevelopment Agency	-	(68,237,733)	(195,359)	-	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (14,032,844)	\$ (83,218,203)	\$ 7,158,679	\$ 1,214,139	\$ 77,479
Debt service as a percentage of					
noncapital expenditures	17.16%	20.55%	7.70%	6.23%	6.03%
Horioapital experiultures	17.10/0	20.00/0	1.10/0	0.23/0	0.03/0

			Fiscal Year		
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$77,688,810	\$78,376,705	\$81,805,282	\$87,085,055	\$97,789,234
Special assessments	1,176,050	1,200,732	1,191,903	1,216,193	1,218,873
Licenses and permits	9,416,790	11,515,855	10,739,196	10,723,301	8,143,508
Intergovernmental	27,724,855	27,086,788	34,680,502	42,419,256	44,100,666
Charges for services	4,633,898	3,709,494	5,013,473	4,543,629	4,242,129
Interest and rentals	2,605,626	3,114,537	3,012,296	4,064,868	4,012,539
Fines and forfeitures	2,055,615	2,206,305	2,295,944	2,404,584	2,292,894
Loans repaid	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions and donations	602,278	7,691,802	4,821,406	4,812,827	10,051,756
Miscellaneous	3,266,373	2,685,309	3,782,618	2,869,736	1,581,504
Total Revenues	129,170,295	137,587,527	147,342,620	160,139,449	173,433,103
Expenditures:					
General government	5,002,584	5,918,673	5,751,221	7,745,388	7,072,216
Public safety	71,798,453	74,843,810	77,756,206	81,083,093	88,647,348
Urban development	35,196,589	34,097,446	36,209,571	41,240,049	48,212,005
Neighborhood services	4,637,086	6,013,429	6,784,633	7,170,588	4,114,109
Capital outlay	6,851,535	20,296,897	16,821,629	21,428,776	
Debt service:	5,551,555		, ,	19,582,343	,,
Principal retirement	3,894,921	80,240,987	2,524,919	4,160,260	4,152,687
Interest and fiscal charges	4,627,698	5,714,773	2,788,617	3,488,941	3,447,673
Debt issuance costs	-	-	_,, _,,	2,122,211	2, 111, 212
Total Expenditures	132,008,866	227,126,015	148,636,796	164,470,662	177,074,814
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,838,571)	(89,538,488)	(1,294,176)	(4,331,213)	(3,641,711)
Over (Orider) Experialitares	(2,030,371)	(09,330,400)	(1,294,170)	(4,331,213)	(3,041,711)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Notes and loans issued	-	77,120,000	763,528	-	-
Bond premium	-	2,239,031			
Payments to escrow agent	-	-			
Proceeds from capital leases	400,408	-	2,349,563	3,152,697	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	1,640	148,124	-	-
Gain/Loss - sale of land held for resale	-	-			
Transfers in	9,899,873	21,108,888	12,822,718	20,711,781	20,641,477
Transfers out	(9,781,874)	(18,398,544)	(9,578,065)	(16,770,063)	(17,027,785)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	518,407	82,071,015	6,505,868	7,094,415	3,613,692
Extraordinary gain/(loss) on dissolution					
of Redevelopment Agency	- (2.000 to t)	-	A = 011 000	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b> (00.010)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (2,320,164)	\$ (7,467,473)	\$ 5,211,692	\$ 2,763,202	\$ (28,019)
Debt service as a percentage of					
noncapital expenditures	6.81%	41.56%	4.03%	5.28%	4.88%
nonoapital oxpoliatatos	0.0176	<del>1</del> 1.50/0	7.00/0	J.ZU/0	7.00/0

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Property Tax	Sales Tax	Motor Vehicle License	Transient Occupancy	Property Transfer Tax	Franchise	Utility Users Tax	Business Licenses	Other	Total
2011	\$ 58,117	\$ 9,507	829	1,267	987	5,911	17,719	2,730	4	97,071
2012	41,755	10,805	84	1,359	1,112	5,961	17,375	3,065	70	81,586
2013	32,144	12,355	69	1,474	1,476	5,672	16,941	3,123	20	73,274
2014	33,631	12,040	-	1,561	1,430	6,029	17,312	3,172	13	75,188
2015	36,409	13,545	68	1,568	1,581	6,563	17,466	3,347	59	80,606
2016	33,717	15,171	61	1,724	1,860	6,426	16,419	3,409	139	78,926
2017	34,581	18,135	70	2,102	1,924	6,419	15,805	3,830	-	82,866
2018	35,565	18,913	82	2,184	1,875	6,630	16,455	3,763	3	85,470
2019	39,212	22,239	74	2,514	1,790	4,921	15,897	4,207	2	90,856
2020	38,635	30,408	122	2,431	1,430	4,942	15,562	4,379	2	97,911

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	F	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Industrial Property	Other	Unitary Values	Unsecured Property	Less: x Exempt operty (1)	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate (2)	Estimated Actual Taxable Value (3)	Factor of Taxable Assessed Value (3)
2011	\$	5,441,493	1,034,597	\$1,244,142	\$ 885,973	\$ 788	\$352,403	\$ 538,120	\$ 8,421,276	0.20728	\$8,288,686	0.984255
2012		5,571,482	998,040	1,226,077	905,772	655	360,777	652,301	8,410,502	0.20375	8,637,468	1.026986
2013		5,679,812	1,019,770	1,178,211	884,418	655	350,896	678,279	8,435,483	0.21734	9,148,296	1.084502
2014		5,932,623	1,059,762	1,233,924	869,787	374	372,621	647,264	8,821,827	0.18781	11,575,340	1.312125
2015		6,396,012	1,070,267	1,261,918	942,134	-	379,640	814,565	9,235,406	0.19079	12,340,257	1.336190
2016		6,713,231	1,111,554	1,325,414	305,936	-	383,971	818,224	9,840,106	0.22197	10,658,330	1.339440
2017		7,072,432	1,194,489	1,517,293	367,221	-	368,869	811,349	10,520,304	0.22256	11,411,995	1.336080
2018		7,453,284	1,246,745	1,556,649	353,138	-	409,305	948,940	11,019,121	0.21967	11,968,061	1.384510
2019		7,892,684	1,285,252	1,690,716	373,330	-	414,091	960,220	11,656,073	0.22089	12,616,293	1.387900
2020		8,426,331	1,351,346	1,751,496	379,670	-	440,437	990,772	12,349,280	0.22824	13,340,052	1.445350

Source: Los Angeles County Assessor data, MuniServices, LLC (for years 2007 to 2015), HdL for the 2016 and 2017 years. Prior Year values have been restated for consistency and compliance with GASB No. 44 guidelines (1) Exemptions are exclusive of home owner exemptions.

(2) Total direct tax rate is the voter approved taxes over and above the 1% Proposition 13 tax for TRA 007-790.

(3) Estimated Actual Value is derived from a series of calculations comparing median assessed values from 1940 to current median sale prices. Based on these calculations a multiplier value was extrapolated and applied to current assessed values.

Schedule 7

	2014	2042	2042	204.4	2015	2046	2047	2040	2010	2020
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Basic City and County Levy:										
City of Pomona	0.233504	0.233504	0.233504	0.233504	0.233504	0.233504	0.233504	0.233504	0.233504	0.233504
Other taxing agencies	0.766496	0.766496	0.766496	0.766496	0.766496	0.766496	0.766496	0.766496	0.766496	0.766496
Total	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000
Override Assessments:										
County	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
Unified Schools	0.177212	0.173636	0.184882	0.164074	0.165993	0.297990	0.284510	0.335000	0.337670	0.372320
Community College	0.026363	0.026415	0.028957	0.020231	0.021294	0.037950	0.048060	0.046000	0.046730	0.069530
Flood Control	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
Metro Water District	0.003700	0.003700	0.003500	0.003500	0.003500	0.003500	0.003500	0.003500	0.003500	0.003500
Total	0.207275	0.203751	0.217339	0.187805	0.190787	0.339440	0.336070	0.384500	0.387900	0.445350
Total Tay Data	4.007075	4 202754	4.047000	4 40700E	4 400707	4 220440	4 220070	4.204500	4 207000	4.445050
Total Tax Rate	1.207275	1.203751	1.217339	1.187805	1.190787	1.339440	1.336070	1.384500	1.387900	1.445350

Source: Los Angeles County Auditor/Controller data, MuniServices, LLC (for years 2007 to 2015), HdL for the 16, 17, 18, and 19 years. 2007-08 and prior: prior year CAFR reports
For presentation purposes, TRA 007-790 is represented

	202	20		2011				
			Percent of				Percent of	
			<b>Total City</b>				Total City	
	Taxable		Taxable		Taxable		Taxable	
	Assessed		Assessed		Assessed		Assessed	
Taxpayer	Valuation	Rank	Value		Valuation	Rank	Value	
Crest Financing LP	\$ 90,190,274	1	0.73%	\$	64,157,453	1	0.76%	
1271 W Sunset LLC	88,588,800	2	0.72%					
Los Angeles County Fair Associates	70,356,408	3	0.57%		42,683,426	4	0.51%	
Rexford Industrial 1601 Mission LLC	50,098,698	4	0.41%					
Rexford Industrial Realty LP	43,898,267	5	0.36%					
PI Properties No. 97 Pomona LLC	40,884,868	6	0.33%					
BPP Pacific Industrial CA REIT Owner	33,785,949	7	0.27%					
Altas Pomona Energy Storage Inc.	32,803,118	8	0.27%					
CMC Dragon LP	32,037,433	9	0.26%					
Investel One LLC	31,270,147	10	0.25%					
KTR Pomona LLC					54,593,306	2	0.65%	
Realty Associates Fund VII LP					49,791,800	3	0.59%	
Western University of Heal Science					36,889,125	5	0.44%	
RIPON Congeneration LLC					36,353,562	6	0.43%	
NHP of PMB Pomona LLC					30,171,244	7	0.36%	
LBA Realty Fund III-Company LLC					28,492,311	8	0.34%	
The Coca-Cola Company					27,829,925	9	0.33%	
CH Realty III Pomona LP					27,097,715	10	0.32%	

Source: Los Angeles County Assessor data, HdL, Coren & Cone

2020 2011

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Arco AM PM Chevron dd's Discounts

Ferguson Enterprises

Food 4 Less Giant RV

Global Rental Co

**HD Supply Home Improvement Solutions** 

Home Depot

**Hub Construction Specialties** 

Huntington Hardware Marco Equipment Mike Thompsons RVs Ovations Fanfare Plug in Auto Pomona Kia

Roofline Supply & Delivery Ryder Vehicle Sales

Superior Duct Fabrication

Target
Towne Arco
USA Gas

Rohr Steel

Walmart Supercenter

Source: HdL

All Star KIA

Auto Care 76 Pomona Cardenas Markets Cornucopia Foods CVS Pharmacy Fairplex Chevron Ferguson Enterprises

Food 4 Less Garys Chevron Global Rental Co

Hd Supply Repair & Remodeling

Home Depot Lees Mobil Marco Equipment

Mega RV

Mike Thompsons RV Phenix Enterprises Resevoir Mart Rohr Steel

Superior Duct Fabrication
Tesoro Refining & Marketing

Towne Arco United Oil

Walmart Supercenter

West Coast Petroleum Services

Fiscal Year Taxes Levied			Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy			Total Collections to Date		
Ended June 30	for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Collections by levy year		Amount	Percentage of Levy	
2011	\$ 11,962,439	\$ 11,830,918	98.9%	\$	697,738	\$ 12,528,656	104.7%	
2012	12,329,907	12,113,998	98.2%		377,392	12,491,390	101.3%	
2013	12,528,234	12,434,130	99.2%		349,337	12,783,467	102.0%	
2014	13,596,705	13,442,112	98.9%		637,832	14,079,944	103.6%	
2015	14,612,641	14,510,121	99.3%		613,771	15,123,892	103.5%	
2016	13,843,856	13,691,612	98.9%		230,228	13,921,840	100.6%	
2017	14,758,820	14,939,800	101.2%		106,993	15,046,793	102.0%	
2018	15,617,055	15,448,699	98.9%		285,086	15,733,785	100.7%	
2019	15,870,148	16,259,418	102.5%		525,464	16,784,882	105.8%	
2020	17,088,316	17,287,322	101.2%		382,279	17,669,601	103.4%	

Source: Los Angeles County Auditor/Controller, City of Pomona Finance Department

				Government	al Activities	
Fiscal Year		Tax		Pension	Certificates	
Ended	A	llocation	Revenue	Obligation	of	
June 30		Bonds	Bonds	Ref Bonds	Participation	Other
2011	\$	9,460,000	222,313,564	44,114,118	12,643,679	43,497,491
2012		-	43,836,347	44,299,214	12,333,057	2,379,277
2013		-	42,446,378	44,400,752	12,012,435	1,864,337
2014		-	41,110,000	44,414,040	11,681,813	1,754,285
2015		-	39,564,000	44,333,953	11,336,191	1,241,295
2016		-	37,938,000	44,152,153	10,970,569	1,137,985
2017		-	84,782,557	7,594,276	-	564,977
2018		-	82,605,188	4,013,547	-	3,217,149
2019		-	79,159,819	3,761,134	-	2,641,009
2020		-	75,670,451	3,492,601	-	2,132,854

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>(1)</sup> These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior year.

	Bus	iness-type Activiti				
Total			Total	Total	Percentage	Debt
Governmental	Revenue		Business-type	Primary	of Personal	per
Activities	Bonds	Other	Activities	Government	Income (1)	Capita (1)
332,028,852	\$ 137,580,343	515,674	138,096,017	470,124,869	n/a	2,877
102,847,895	136,030,252	174,904	136,205,156	239,053,051	n/a	1,468
100,723,902	135,674,210	4,112,175	139,786,385	240,510,287	n/a	1,593
98,960,138	133,915,426	3,564,689	137,480,115	236,440,253	n/a	1,558
96,475,439	132,086,642	3,004,392	135,091,034	231,566,473	n/a	1,519
94,198,707	130,187,858	2,430,984	132,618,842	226,817,549	n/a	1,458
92,941,810	118,139,497	1,844,160	119,983,657	212,925,467	n/a	1,371
89,835,884	114,827,755	1,243,603	116,071,358	205,907,242	n/a	1,323
85,561,962	112,351,013	628,993	112,980,006	198,541,968	n/a	1,287
81,295,906	109,839,270	-	109,839,270	191,135,176	n/a	1,235

		General	Bonded Debt						
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Revenue Bonds	Tax Allocation Bonds	Pension Obligation Ref Bonds	Certificates of Participation	Total	Restricted for Debt Service *	Net Bonded Debt	Percentage of Actual Value of Property (1)	Per Capita (2)
0044	<b>#</b> 000 040	0.400	4444	10.044	000 504	00.445	050 440	0.40/	4 000
2011	\$222,313	9,460	44,114	12,644	288,531	29,115	259,416	3.4%	1,933
2012	43,836	-	44,299	12,333	100,468	51,855	48,613	1.2%	670
2013	42,446	-	44,401	12,012	98,859	50,439	48,420	1.2%	655
2014	41,110	-	44,414	11,682	97,206	49,229	47,977	1.1%	640
2015	39,564	-	44,334	11,336	95,234	47,845	47,389	1.0%	625
2016	37,938	-	44,152	10,971	93,061	55,810	37,251	0.9%	598
2017	84,783	-	7,594	-	92,377	65,473	26,904	0.9%	545
2018	82,605	-	4,013	-	86,618	67,771	18,847	0.8%	514
2019	79,159	-	3,761	-	82,920	65,249	17,671	0.7%	519
2020	75,670	-	3,492	-	79,162	63,465	15,697	0.6%	511

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

- (1) See Schedule 6 for property value data.
- (2) Population data can be found in Schedule 17.

<sup>\*</sup> Includes bond reserves and unspent bond proceeds.

OVERLAPPING DEBT 06/30/2020:	Total Debt 6/30/2020	% Applicable (1	City's Share of Debt 06/30/2020
Metropolitan Water District Citrus Community College District Mount San Antonio Community College District Bonita Unified School District Claremont Unified School District Pomona Unified School District	87,06 645,67 117,19	8,000 12.410% 8,880 0.204% 5,000 5.989%	1,035,511 80,128,772 238,816 4,528,308
Total Overlapping Debt	1,238,16	8,546	231,851,317 317,892,595
Obligations Under Capital Leases Notes Payable Revenue Bonds Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds Accreted Interest Total Direct Debt	53 75,67 3,49 4,49	6,818 100.000% 6,036 100.000% 0,451 100.000% 2,601 100.000% 5,331 100.000%	1,596,818 536,036 75,670,451 3,492,601 4,495,331 85,791,237
TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT	\$ 1,323,95	<u>,                                     </u>	\$ 403,683,832
OVERLAPPING DEBT 06/30/2011:	Total Debt 6/30/2011	% Applicable (1	City's Share of Debt 06/30/2011
Metropolitan Water District Citrus Community College District Mount San Antonio Community College District Bonita Unified School District Claremont Unified School District Pomona Unified School District Total Overlapping Debt	169,10 107,54	5,302       1.292%         9,985       12.252%         2,395       0.086%         0,000       6.421%         0,661       75.638%	\$ 689,652 1,052,104 20,719,951 92,739 2,301,831 162,701,122 187,557,399
TOTAL OVERLAPPING DEBT	\$ 716,28	8,219	\$ 187,557,399

Source: HdL, and prior year CAFR

<sup>1)</sup> Percentage of overlapping agency's assessed valuation located within the boundaries of the city.

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Assessed valuation Debt limit percentage	\$ 8,421,276 15.00%	\$ 8,410,502 15.00%	\$ 8,435,483 15.00%	\$8,821,827 15.00%	\$ 9,329,596 15.00%
Debt limit  Amount of debt applicable to debt limit	\$ 1,263,191 -	\$ 1,261,575 -	\$1,265,322 -	\$1,323,274 -	\$1,399,439 -
Legal debt margin	\$ 1,263,191	\$ 1,261,575	\$1,265,322	\$1,323,274	\$1,399,439
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

# Schedule 14

2016	2017	2018	2019		2020
\$ 9,840,106	\$ 10,520,304	\$ 11,019,121	\$ 11,656,073	\$ .	12,349,280
15.00%	15.00%	15.00%	15.00%		15.00%
\$1,476,016	\$ 1,578,046	\$ 1,652,868	\$ 1,748,411	\$	1,852,392
					-
\$1,476,016	\$ 1,578,046	\$ 1,652,868	\$ 1,748,411	\$	1,852,392
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%

				Water Reven	ue Bonds			
Fiscal Year	1	Less	Net	Rate				
Ended	Water	Operating	Available	Stabilization		Debt Service		Net Revenue
June 30	Revenue (1)	Expenses (2)	Revenue	Fund (3)	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2011	\$ 27,087,846	\$ 19,041,122	8,046,724	-	1,095,000	5,087,935	6,182,935	1.30
2012	27,735,841	18,961,467	8,774,374	-	1,140,000	5,041,155	6,181,155	1.42
2013*	30,638,933	20,160,007	10,478,926	-	1,190,000	5,149,571	6,339,571	1.65
2014*	31,680,312	21,494,289	10,186,023	-	1,240,000	5,098,994	6,338,994	1.61
2015*	29,925,501	19,626,529	10,298,972	-	1,295,000	5,046,289	6,341,289	1.62
2016*	28,964,078	18,073,465	10,890,613	-	1,350,000	4,991,195	6,341,195	1.72
2017*	31,404,614	21,474,204	9,930,410	-	1,415,000	4,922,961	6,337,961	1.57
2018*	34,749,625	24,423,625	10,326,000	5,130,000	1,925,000	3,197,357	5,122,357	2.02
2019*	33,379,437	21,195,818	12,183,619	5,226,026	1,815,000	3,316,618	5,131,618	2.37
2020*	33,775,857	21,486,313	12,289,544	5,290,421	1,840,000	3,285,745	5,125,745	2.40

Notes: Details regarding the City's Water Fund outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

- (1) Water Revenue consists of Charges for services, Interest Revenue, Intergovernmental, and Sale of Surplus Water
- (2) Operating expenses does not include depreciation or amortization.

<sup>\*</sup>Information has been restated for consistency and compliance with GASB No. 44 and Continued Disclosure Reporting of debt coverage

<sup>(3)</sup> During FY2018, the City estabilished a Rate Stabilization Fund (RSF) equal to annual debt service payments. Transfers from the RSF may be made to meet annual debt service expenses or to comply with debt service coverage.

				Sewer Reve	nue Bonds			
Fiscal Year		Less	Net	Rate				
Ended	Sewer	Operating	Available	Stabilization		Debt Service		Net Revenue
June 30	Revenue (1)	Expenses (2)	Revenue	Fund (3)	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2011	\$ 4,400,436	\$ 2,444,519	1,955,917	-	325,000	1,301,753	1,626,753	1.20
2012	4,570,662	2,445,349	2,125,313	-	340,000	1,290,216	1,630,216	1.30
2013	4,497,533	2,511,043	1,986,490	-	355,000	1,277,020	1,632,020	1.22
2014*	4,854,056	2,187,639	2,666,417	-	370,000	1,263,530	1,633,530	1.63
2015*	4,838,316	2,203,618	2,634,698	-	385,000	1,247,875	1,632,875	1.61
2016*	4,580,735	2,014,093	2,566,642	-	400,000	420,703	820,703	3.13
2017*	4,330,205	2,146,411	2,183,794	-	175,000	863,174	1,038,174	2.10
2018*	4,435,747	2,331,657	2,104,090	1,453,169	305,000	591,009	896,009	2.35
2019*	5,048,618	2,779,101	2,269,517	1,480,198	555,000	842,546	1,397,546	1.62
2020*	5,926,012	1,094,541	4,831,471	1,498,437	565,000	884,376	1,449,376	3.33

Notes: Details regarding the City's Sewer Fund outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

\*Information has been restated for consistency and compliance with GASB No. 44 and Continued Disclosure Reporting of debt coverage

- (1) Operating Revenues represent charges to customers for sales and services. Charges for services excludes sewer connection fees (also referred to as development impact fees), which are included in Miscellaneous
- (2) Operating Expenses include cost of sales and services and administrative expenses and excludes depreciation on capital assets.
- (3) During FY2018, the City estabilished a Rate Stabilization Fund (RSF) equal to annual debt service payments. Transfers from the RSF may be made to meet annual debt service expenses or to comply with debt service coverage.

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Personal Income (2) (in thousands)	Per Capita Personal Income (2)	Median Age	Public School Enrollment (3)	Unemployment Rate (4)
2011	149,243	\$ 2,651,969	\$ 17,769	28.6	28,298	14.7%
2012	149,950	2,533,677	16,897	28.1	27,737	13.2%
2013	150,942	2,593,902	17,185	29.5	27,186	12.2%
2014	151,713	2,392,059	15,767	30.2	26,264	11.0%
2015	152,419	2,659,712	17,450	29.9	25,311	7.9%
2016	155,604	2,575,663	16,552	30.4	24,673	7.5%
2017	155,306	2,664,317	17,155	30.9	24,314	5.9%
2018	155,687	2,722,806	17,488	31.0	23,635	5.9%
2019	154,310	2,885,143	18,697	31.5	23,806	5.1%
2020	154,817	3,290,944	21,257	32.2	22,766	14.7%

Source: 2008-09, 2009-10, 2011-12, 2012-13, 2013-14, and 2014-15: MuniServices, LLC

Source: 2010-11, 2008-09 and prior: prior year previous CAFR reports.

Source: 2015-16, 2016-17, 2017-18, 2018-19, 2019-20: HdL

<sup>(1)</sup> Population Projections are provided by California Department of Finance Projections.

<sup>(2)</sup> Income Data is provided by the United States Census Data and is adjusted for inflation.

<sup>(3)</sup> Public School Enrollment reflects the total number of students enrolled in Pomona Unified School District only, per school district data.

<sup>(4)</sup> Unemployment rates are provided by the Employment Development Department, Bureau of Labor and Statistics Department.

			2011			
	Percentage					Percentage
	Number of		of Total City	Number of		of Total City
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Pomona Unified School District	4,329	1	6.3%	3,076	1	5.1%
Pomona Valley Hospital	3,687	2	5.4%	2,875	2	4.6%
California State Polytechnic University	2,714	3	4.0%	2,150	3	3.9%
Casa Colina Rehabilitation Center	1,031	4	1.5%	705	5	1.5%
Tri City Mental Health Center	744	5	1.1%			
City of Pomona	572	6	0.8%	703	6	0.9%
Laretta LLC	395	7	0.6%			
Inland Valley Care & Rehab	350	8	0.5%	282	10	0.6%
Park Ave Healthcare & Wellness Center	335	9	0.5%			
Parkwood Landscapes Maintenance	263	10	0.4%			
Home Depot	169	11	0.2%			
Ferguson Enterprises Inc.	160	12	0.2%			
B2Sign Inc	150	13	0.2%			
Procraft Contstruction	140	14	0.2%			
Circle Wood Services Inc.	138	15	0.2%			
Lanterman Developmental Center				1,053	4	2.6%
Verizon				596	7	0.9%
County of Los Angeles Dept. of Social Services				372	8	0.8%
First Transit				320	9	0.6%
Hayward Industries				258	11	0.5%
Lloyd's Material Supply				250	12	0.4%
Walmart Stores Inc				236	13	0.4%
Hamilton Sundstrand				199	14	0.4%
Consolidated Foundries				175	15	0.4%

Total Employment Source: www.labormarketinfo.edd.ca.gov

Function	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
General Government	24	20	19	19	20	20	20	20	20	20
Support Services	33	32	32	32	31	32	33	41	46	46
Police	271	270	269	270	268	270	271	271	280	280
Public Works	184	184	170	169	170	106	106	93	96	96
Water/Wastewater	0	0	0	0	0	68	68	74	75	75
Community Development	47	40	38	40	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dev & Neighborhood Svcs	0	0	0	0	47	47	48	48	53	53
Utility Services	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Community Services and										
Library _	21	21	11	9	2	2	2	2	1.6	1.6
Total	580	567	539	539	538	545	548	549	571.6	571.6

Various departments were consolidated in 2009-2010

Source: City of Pomona Finance Department

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Police:										
Felony Arrests	2,825	2,713	3,145	3,105	2,726	2,441	2,142	2,049	2,270	1,903
Misdemeanor Arrests	5,557	5,780	5,821	5,876	6,424	7,446	6,825	6,067	6,228	4,463
Parking Citations	22,685	21,462	36,718	30,145	30,788	31,807	32,107	27,959	26,214	21,237
Moving Citations	11,554	10,452	9,179	9,791	9,153	8,898	7,157	6,714	6,884	6,282
Fire:										
Incidents	12,239	11,807	12,447	13,675	15,289	16,381	16,901	16,367	16,340	16,544
Urban development: Residential building permits										
issued	655	720	622	722	925	294	969	3,476	660	788
Inspections	5,378	5,645	4,054	6,050	5,536	6,236	7,947	11,764	11,723	10,642
Asphalt repaired (square feet)	38,842	9,222	19,400	36,068	84,879	84,649	95,104	78,765	84,516	79,420
Sidewalk repaired (square feet)	18,700	12,415	7,285	1,500	1,750	2,279	2,997	7,001	99,111	12,568
Community services:*										
Community Center participants	502,674	572,270	520,157	501,727	-	-	-	-	-	-
Senior Program participants	120,095	121,165	108,086	100,703	44,768	44,228	59,967	59,065	48,229	51,836
Youth program participants	381,280	403,617	362,217	337,180	56,728	52,075	33,579	40,917	37,696	24,769
Other program participants	36,296	42,343	49,854	66,743	32,480	26,126	18,901	16,919	30,768	21,858
Sports participants	254,989	311,201	309,795	366,978	168,034	182,529	154,670	144,680	120,002	66,685
Facility rentals	310	547	635	687	2,090	1,815	2,183	1,644	1,679	1,430
Library:										
Program attendance (all progra	8,857	8,568	1,770	2,578	2,940	3,077	3,069	3,058	2,623	2,010
Literacy instruction (hours)	709	749	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,010
Maria										
Water:	_	7	47	0	40	04	40	40	40	40
New connections	5	7	17	9	12	21	12	13	12	19
Average daily consumption (thousands of gallons)	17,719	17,865	18,670	19,615	17,905	14,450	15,084	20,243	18,471	13,502
Refuse:										
Curbside Collection (in tons)	38,068	36,472	37,246	36,593	35,474	36,682	37,934	37,257	40,793	47,251
Recycle Collection (in tons)	7,108	6,801	6,896	6,907	7,218	6,544	6,759	7,083	4,722	4,799
Greenwaste Collection (in tons)	14,280	13,234	12,510	11,934	11,904	13,480	13,699	13,143	12,618	11,824
	,	-,	,	,	,	-,	-,	-, -	,	,

Source: Various City Departments \*Due to staffing changes in Community Services, the methodology for counting service delivery was changed beginning 2015.

•	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Police: Stations Patrol Units	1 44	1 42	1 58	1 51	1 51	1 46	1 44	1 45	1 44	1 44
Fire: Fire stations	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Public works: Streets (miles) Streetlights Traffic signals	388 7,645 180	388 7,645 161	388 7,701 162	388 7,721 164	388 7,725 164	388 7,725 169	388 7,725 169	388 7,725 169	388 7,725 169	388 7,725 169
Community services: Parks Park Acreage Baseball fields Soccer fields Basketball courts Tennis courts Community centers Libraries	26 221 14 17 22 9 14	27 221 14 17 22 9 14	27 221 14 17 22 9 14	27 221 14 17 22 9 14						
Water: Water mains (miles)	467	457	457	457	457	457	457	457	457	488
Sewer: Sanitary sewers (miles) Storm drains (miles)	357 120	305 120								

Source: Various City Departments

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Pomona, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Pomona, California, (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 25, 2021.

## Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies reported as on the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be material weaknesses.

# **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Pomona, California

Lance, Soll & Lunghard, LLP

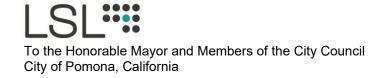
# City's Response to Findings

The City's response to the findings identified in our audit was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Brea, California March 25, 2021



## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

## **Construction in Progress Adjustment**

Reference Number: 2020-001

#### Condition:

A restatement was required in the Governmental Activities as the result of the City capitalizing costs related to pollution remediation. The removal of these prior period cost incorrectly capitalized required a restatement in the amount of (\$3,532,586).

#### Criteria:

Costs related to pollution remediations, which are returning land back to its original state should not be capitalized.

#### Cause of Condition:

Incorrect capitalization of costs for remediation.

## **Effect or Potential Effect of Condition:**

Capitalization of costs related to pollution remediation totaled \$3,532,586, which will reduce the net position in the Governmental Activities.

#### Recommendation:

The City should ensure appropriate review by management occurs with all costs identified to be capitalized. All costs should be reviewed by management to ensure they meet the City's capitalization policy and are eligible costs to be capitalized in line with generally accepted accounting principles.

#### **Management's Response and Corrective Action:**

Management reviews the capitalization of assets on an annual basis. We will ensure going forward that any costs related to pollution remediation are not capitalized.

# **Fuel Inventory Adjustment**

Reference Number: 2020-002

## Condition:

A material journal entry was required during the audit to correct fuel inventory in the Equipment Maintenance fund. This was the result of the fuel inventory not being reconciled as of June 30, 2020. An adjustment in the amount of \$850,434 was required to correct fuel inventory balance.

### Criteria:

Reconciliation of fuel inventory should be inline with City policy and generally accepted accounting principles. Inventory asset should not include fuel that has already been utilized.

#### **Cause of Condition:**

No reconciliation was performed during the year end closing process.

#### **Effect or Potential Effect of Condition:**

Inventory assets were overstated and required a material journal entry in the amount of \$850,434 to adjust to proper inventory balance at June 30, 2020.



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Pomona, California

# Recommendation:

Management should ensure all reconciliations are performed during the year end closing process. Management should review trial balance and perform analytical procedures while also maintaining an organized yearend close process with documentation to help prevent inaccurate reporting information.

# **Management's Response and Corrective Action:**

The City has mechanisms in place to ensure all necessary year-end adjustments are made. Due to the pandemic and the shutdowns, it was increasingly difficult to ensure all the mechanisms were working and being utilized.